Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Much



Red River Gorge

Commonwealth of Kentucky Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Andy Beshear, Governor



Prepared by: Finance and Administration Cabinet Holly M. Johnson, Secretary

> Office of the Controller Edgar C. Ross, Controller

The cost of printing was paid from state funds pursuant to KRS 57.375 Printed on recycled paper



Andy Beshear Governor



COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY

_

CONTENTS INTRODUCTORY SECTION

Controller's Letter
Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting
Organizational Chart and List of Principal Officials
FINANCIAL SECTION
Report of the Auditor of Public Accounts
Management's Discussion and Analysis17
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
Government-Wide Financial Statements
Statement of Net Position
Statement of Activities
Governmental Funds Financial Statements
Balance Sheet-Governmental Funds
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances-
Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
Proprietary Funds Financial Statements
Statement of Fund Net Position
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position40
Statement of Cash Flows
Fiduciary Funds Financial Statements
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position-All Fiduciary Funds
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position-All Fiduciary Funds
Component Units Financial Statements
Statement of Net Position
Statement of Activities
Notes to Financial Statements
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OTHER THAN MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis)-General Fund 154 Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis)-Budgeted Special Revenue Funds 158
Duuget and Actual (Duugetary Dasis)-Duugeted Special Revenue Funds
Notes to Required Supplementary Information
Budgetary Reporting
Budgetary Basis vs. GAAP 169 Infrastructure Assets Reported Using the Modified Approach 170
Entity Risk Pools-Claims Development Information
Schedule of Contributions-Pensions

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios	
Schedule of Commonwealth's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	
Schedule of Contributions-OPEB	
Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	
Schedule of the Commonwealth's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	
OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules – Non-Major Funds	
Non-Major Governmental Funds	
Combining Balance Sheet	
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	
Schedule of Fund Activities	
Schedule of Revenues by Source-General Fund	
Schedule of Expenditures by Function, Cabinet, and Object-General Fund	
Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures by Type-Transportation Fund	
Internal Service Funds	
Combining Statement of Fund Net Position	
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position	
Combining Statement of Cash Flows	
Capital Assets	
Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds by Source	
Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds	
Schedule by Function	
Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds	222
Schedule of Changes by Function	
Pension (and Other Post Employment Benefit) Trust Funds	
Combined Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	
Combined Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position-Pension Funds	
Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position-Pension	
Funds	
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position-Insurance Funds	
Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position-Insurance Funds	
Agency Funds	
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	
Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities	
Non-Major Component Units-Combining	
Combining Statement of Net Position-Non-Major Component Units	
Combining Statement of Activities-Non-Major Component Units	
Non-Major Component Units-Authorities	
Combining Statement of Net Position-Authorities	
Combining Statement of Activities-Authorities	
Combining Statement of Cash Flows-Authorities	
Non-Major Component Units-Universities, Colleges, and Related Entities	
Combining Statement of Net Position-Universities, Colleges, and Related Entities	
Combining Statement of Activities-Universities, Colleges, and Related Entities	

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY

STATISTICAL SECTION

Fund Balances – Governmental Funds-	
For the Last Ten Fiscal Years	258
Changes in Fund Balance-Governmental Funds-	
For the Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Net Position by Component	
For the Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Government-Wide Expenses, Program Revenues, and Net (Expense)/Revenue	
For the Last Ten Fiscal Years	264
Personal Income Tax Information-Calendar Years 2008 and 2017	
Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	
For Calendar Years 2009-2018	271
Property Tax Levies and Collections	
For Calendar Years 2009-2018	271
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type for the Last Ten Fiscal Years	272
University and College Revenue Bond Coverage for the Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Top Ten Manufacturers/Supportive Service Firms	
Demographic Statistics for the Calendar Years 2009-2018	274
Sources of Personal Income-For Calendar Years 2009-2018	275
Operating Indicators By Function for the Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Capital Asset Statistics By Function for the Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Operating Information State Government Employees by Function for the Last Ten Fiscal Years	278

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

÷



Commonwealth of Kentucky Finance and Administration Cabinet **OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY** Room 383, Capitol Annex 702 Capital Avenue Frankfort, KY 40601-3462 (502) 564-4240 Fax (502) 564-6785

Holly M. Johnson Secretary

December 12, 2019

Andy Beshear

Governor

The Honorable Andy Beshear, Governor Members of the Kentucky General Assembly Citizens of Kentucky

INTRODUCTION

Section 48.800 (3) of the <u>Kentucky Revised Statutes</u> (KRS) requires the Finance and Administration Cabinet to submit a complete report of the financial transactions of the preceding year and of the financial condition of the Commonwealth as of the end of that fiscal year. In accordance with this statute, it is my pleasure to transmit to you the <u>Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the Commonwealth of Kentucky for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019</u>. This report is prepared by the Finance and Administration Cabinet, Office of the Controller, Office of Statewide Accounting Services, which assumes responsibility for the accurate, complete, and fair presentation of the data contained herein. The information presented fully describes the Commonwealth's financial condition and results of operations of the primary government and component units for which it is financially accountable. All appropriate disclosures necessary for the reader to gain the maximum understanding of Kentucky's financial affairs are included.

The accompanying financial statements have been audited by the Office of the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. Their audit was conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. The independent auditor concluded that the Commonwealth of Kentucky's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2019, are fairly presented in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The report of the independent auditor appears elsewhere in this report.

PROFILE OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY

The Reporting Entity and Its Services

This report includes all funds and component units for which the Commonwealth is financially accountable, based on criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) Statement 14 as amended by GASB 39 and GASB 61. The component units which are blended into the Commonwealth's primary government and function as actual parts of the Commonwealth are: the State Property and Buildings Commission, Kentucky Asset/Liability Commission, Turnpike Authority of Kentucky, Board of Agriculture, Kentucky Retirement System, Judicial Form Retirement System, Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority, Kentucky Tobacco Settlement Trust Corporation, Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System, Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission, Kentucky Gas Pipeline Authority, and KentuckyWired Infrastructure Company, Inc.



The Commonwealth's discretely presented component units are: the Bluegrass State Skills Corporation, Kentucky Lottery Corporation, Kentucky River Authority, Kentucky State Fair Board, Kentucky Center for the Arts Corporation, Kentucky Educational Television Authority, Kentucky Economic Development Finance Authority, Kentucky Higher Education Assistance Authority, Kentucky Higher Education Student Loan Corporation, Kentucky Housing Corporation, Kentucky Public Transportation Infrastructure Authority, Kentucky Infrastructure Authority, Kentucky Artisan Center, Kentucky Agricultural Finance Corporation, Kentucky Grain Insurance Corporation, Kentucky Local Correctional Facilities Construction Authority, Louisville Arena Authority, Kentucky Horse Park Foundation, Kentucky Council on Postsecondary Education, Kentucky Community Technical College System, and the eight state-supported universities.

Additional detailed information pertaining to the Commonwealth's component units is located within the Financial Section (particularly Note 1) of this report.

The Commonwealth and Its Services

Located in south central United States along the west side of the Appalachian Mountains, Kentucky was once a part of Virginia. Kentucky retained its "commonwealth" (meaning government based on the consent of the people) status and adopted its Constitution in 1792. The Commonwealth provides the full range of services contemplated by statute, including economic development, educational and human services, energy and natural resources management, law enforcement, correctional and public protection services, transportation, public improvements, and general legislative, administrative, and judicial services. The Commonwealth's chief executive is the Governor who is popularly elected every four years and may serve for two terms. Policies are directed through the various Cabinets. The General Assembly, or state Legislature, has two components: the Senate and the House of Representatives. The Senate has 38 members who are elected to four-year terms and the House has 100 members who are elected to two-year terms. The Legislature meets annually and has the power to enact all laws, subject to limits imposed by the state constitution. Revenue-raising issues must be initiated in the House. All other bills may be introduced by either the House or the Senate.

Budgetary Controls

The Commonwealth uses a biennial budget to assist with planning and control duties. Budgetary control is maintained at the budget unit level and is described in the notes to the Required Supplementary Information. Encumbrance accounting is utilized to ensure the availability of funding before contracts are finalized. Contracts which result in overruns of available balances are not released until budget revisions are approved. Outstanding encumbrances for long-term construction projects in the Transportation Fund and the Capital Projects Fund are included in assigned fund balance. Encumbrances in all other funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

National Economy

According to key economic indicators, the US economy continues to stand on relatively firm ground as we enter the second quarter of fiscal year 2020. The national outlook over the next three fiscal quarters includes GDP growth converging to 2.1 percent. The forecast expects a slowing of real GDP growth in the second, third, and fourth quarters of fiscal year 2020. The notable slowdown is largely due to the lagged effects of the newly announced tariffs on China's exports to the US.

Effective October 1, an increase from 25 percent to 30 percent tariff rate on the imports from China that are currently subject to Section 301 tariffs. In addition, the US imposed a 15 percent tariff effective September 1 and December 1 on the majority of all remaining imports from China. The new policy includes tariffs on solar panels, metals, and a 30 percent tariff on 44 percent of the goods imported from China. Lastly, the new policy includes a 15 percent tariff on most of the remaining goods imported, of which implementation will occur in a two-phased approach.

Real investment is expected to decline 1.2 percent in the final three quarters of fiscal year 2020 compared to the same periods in the prior fiscal year. Real investment has weakened amid the persistent trade disputes due to softening businesses investments. In contrast, the forecast for real consumption calls for growth of 3.0 percent over the next three fiscal quarters. The continued growth in consumer expenditures is a result of household income gains and consumer confidence. The forecast

supports solid consumer spending for the remaining quarters of fiscal year 2020, reinforced by modest increases in personal income and low interest rates.

However, the three-quarter forecast of the national economy contains risks that limit the upside potential of the economy. Waning fiscal stimulus and a reversal of monetary easing beginning in late fiscal year 2020 limit the ability of the US government to apply aggressive countercyclical fiscal and monetary policy if a downturn materializes. As long-term interest rates drift upward, the strength of the consumer sector will likely soften. Also, as the US economy nears full employment, growth in labor income will be limited, thus curtailing consumer spending as a means to provide economic stimulus.

Inflation for items other than food and energy has remained stable, running slightly above two percent on a year-to-year basis. The absence of volatility in part is due to relatively flat oil prices and a continued strong dollar. Trade tension is expected to temporarily boost inflation for the remainder of the fiscal year. Core Personal Consumption Expenditures inflation is projected to rise 0.4 percentage points to 2.7 percent by the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2020.

The unemployment rate has hit a fifty-year low, declining 0.2 percentage point to a cyclical low of 3.5 percent in September. The last time the unemployment rate was reported at a 3.5 percent low dates back to December 1969. As employment gains continue to slow and GDP drops below trend, the forecast calls for an upward drift in unemployment for the later part of fiscal year 2021. Overall, moderate deceleration in the pace of employment gains suggest the labor market could be heading towards it peak.

Kentucky Economy

The Kentucky economic outlook is a mixture of projected weak employment growth coupled with relatively strong growth in personal income and wages. Statistically, our General Fund taxes are linked more closely with the income-side variables (especially wages and salaries) rather than the employment trends. Despite the lackluster employment performance detailed below, personal income is faring slightly better primarily due to the tight labor markets. Stated differently, as the unemployment rate trends toward full employment, the supply of qualified workers becomes more scarce. When that occurs, it puts upward pressure on wages and the income statistics show better growth patterns.

The Commonwealth entered the first quarter of fiscal year 2020 with an employment gain, increasing by an additional 19,800 jobs or a 1.0 percent change compared to the first quarter of fiscal year 2019. In terms of adjacent-quarter growth, the employment gain in the first quarter of fiscal year 2020 marked the ninth consecutive quarter of growth in total nonfarm employment. During this span, Kentucky witnessed an aggregate net increase of 33,200 Kentucky jobs in fiscal year 2018, fiscal year 2019, and first quarter of fiscal year 2020. While positive, total employment has continued to experience lackluster growth since the end of the last recession.

The correct slowdown in employment growth is partly due to a tightened labor market as employment reaches maximum capacity across the US. A downward trend in Kentucky unemployment has been observed since January 2010. Most recently, Kentucky's seasonally adjusted preliminary August 2019 unemployment rate was 4.4 percent, up from 4.3 percent reported for July 2019. The preliminary August 2019 jobless rate was unchanged from the 4.4 percent recorded for the Commonwealth in August 2018.

Looking ahead, state-level employment gains should slightly lag the national average for the remaining quarters of the fiscal year. While a subtle uptick in non-farm employment is expected, lethargic Kentucky employment growth will persist well into the outlook periods. Total non-farm employment is anticipated to gain 14,500 non-seasonally adjusted jobs, a 0.7 percent increase. The 0.7 percent average growth forecasted over the second, third and fourth quarters is a slight slowdown from the 0.9 percent growth averaged over the same periods one year prior.

Growth in the goods producing sector is expected to be weakest of overall non-farm employment, netting a 0.2 percent job loss across the outlook span. More specifically, the construction supersector forecast calls for tepid yet somewhat volatile growth throughout the last three quarters of the fiscal year. The adjacent-quarter growth rate for the first quarter of FY20 was (0.2) percent, with adjacent quarter growth rates of 0.4, (0.1), and 0.2 percent forecasted for the three quarters of the fiscal year, respectively.

The 0.7 percent change reflected in the outlook forecast represents a total gain of 500 construction jobs compared to the second, third and fourth quarters of fiscal year 2019. To further compound an already volatile market, current international trade disputes have the potential to hike construction and material costs, which could negatively influence Kentucky's market demand and economic conditions.

Another challenge presented in the economic outlook is the anticipated reduction to manufacturing employment. Of the 4,500 manufacturing-related facilities located within the state, roughly 254,000 Kentuckians hold employment, representing roughly 13 percent of the total non-farm workforce. The forecast anticipates a loss of approximately 1,200 of these manufacturing sector plays a key role in Kentucky's economy, making up 18.5 percent of state gross domestic product. Any turbulence experienced within the manufacturing industry has the potential to slow economic growth within the Commonwealth.

Shifting focus to the rosier portion of the sectoral analysis, both the service-providing and government employment sectors are on track to gain 12,200 and 2,800 jobs, respectively. These prospective increases represent a 0.9 percent change for each of the employment sectors. In percentage and absolute terms, business services employment grew the quickest, making it the bright spot of the economic outlook. Drilling down a bit further, of the 12,200 additional jobs in the service-providing sector, approximately eighty percent of the forecasted growth is expected to occur within the business services supersector and the leisure and hospitality service supersector.

In contrast to the overall stagnant employment gain, the momentum in personal income growth is projected to continue through the end of the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2020. Kentuckians' personal income is poised to grow 4.8 percent over the forecast horizon. In fact, personal income growth is expected to outpace the national personal income growth projections by 0.1 percentage points. Holding pace with personal income, the wages and salaries component of personal income is expected to grow 4.4 percent in the second, third and fourth quarters of fiscal year 2020 compared to the same periods in the prior year. The expected increase in wages and salaries ties directly to the tightened labor market. In effort to attract skilled workers, hiring firms must competitively bid wages

Long-Term Financial Planning

Debt financing of the Commonwealth is classified as either appropriation supported debt or non-appropriation supported debt. Appropriation supported debt carries the name of the Commonwealth and is either a general obligation of the state or a lease revenue obligation of an issuing agency created by the Kentucky General Assembly to finance various projects subject to state appropriation for all or a portion of the debt service on the bonds. Non-appropriation or moral obligation debt carries the name of the Commonwealth for the benefit and convenience of other entities within the state. This type of indebtedness is a special obligation of the issuer, secured and payable solely from the sources pledged for the payment thereof and does not constitute a debt, liability, obligation, or pledge of the faith and credit of the Commonwealth.

Debt Administration

The amount of net bonded debt, the ratio of this amount to governmental fund revenues, and the amount of net bonded debt per capita are useful indicators to citizens, investors, and management regarding the Commonwealth's debt position. The data for fiscal year 2019 are:

Net Bonded	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to		
Debt	Governmental Funds	Net E	onded Debt
(thousands)	Revenues	Р	er Capita
\$ 6,130,054	22.63%	\$	1,371.87

No general obligation bonds were authorized or outstanding at June 30, 2019.

A detailed analysis of the Commonwealth's debt issuance during the fiscal year ended 2019 is presented in Note 16.

Major Initiatives

Fiscal year 2019 was the second fiscal year of the Commonwealth's 2018-20 biennial budget period. The Commonwealth of Kentucky is one of three states that enact a biennial budget in an even-numbered year; meaning that the fiscal year 2019 and 2020 budgets were enacted in the 2018 Regular Session of the Kentucky General Assembly. General Fund revenue exceeded the officially revised estimate by 1.7 percent, or \$194.5 million, in fiscal year 2019. With a combination of other lapses and uses, the Commonwealth of Kentucky ended fiscal year 2019 with a General Fund surplus of \$130.1 million with \$70 million designated to the Medical Insurance Fund of the Teacher's Retirement System and the remaining \$60.1 million designated to the Nonhazardous Pension Fund of the Kentucky Employees Retirement System. Road Fund revenues exceeded the official revenue estimate by 4 percent, or \$59.5 million. The combination of excess revenues and other spending lapses resulted in a Road Fund surplus of \$75.2 million, which was appropriated to the State Road Construction Account to support projects in the 2018-2020 Biennial Highway Construction Program. In fiscal year 2019, General Fund spending increased by 2.9% and Road Fund spending increased by 6.9%.

The General Fund spending growth was focused in Medicaid (80% of spending growth) and criminal justice (8% of spending growth). Outside of those areas, spending in most other areas declined for the tenth consecutive fiscal year. Many areas of the government have incurred significant budget reductions since fiscal year 2008. The Road Fund spending growth was result of increased spending for programs including County Road Aid, Rural Secondary Aid, Municipal Road Aid, and Energy Recovery Road.

Fiscal year 2019 marked the fifth year since changes were made to pension benefits provided by the Kentucky Employees Retirement System. In fiscal year 2019, the actuarially defined contribution for state employees was fully funded and 98% of the actuarially defined contribution for the Teachers' Retirement System was funded.

In spite of the additional funding provided in FY 2019, the overall status of the pension plans has continued to be a concern. To address this crisis, in fiscal year 2017 the Commonwealth began consideration of additional pension reforms. The Administration and the Legislature will continue to consider various proposals that would improve the status and affordability of the plans.

In an effort to control costs in fiscal year 2019, the Commonwealth continued the managed care arrangements in the Medicaid program. The increases in Medicaid costs, increased funding for criminal justice, and increased pension funding required significant spending restraint in other areas of government.

Other policy initiatives during fiscal year 2019 included reduced spending in many areas of government, continued implementation of workforce development grants for capital projects, increased funding for student education assistance, continuation of the "Cut the Red Tape" regulatory reform initiative, implementation of the legislation adopting the recommendations of the Kentucky Council on Criminal Justice Reform, passing legislation that further clarifies the rules for the Commonwealth to enter into financial arrangements with private businesses (Public Private Partnerships), and continued implementation of performance funding formula for the Commonwealths nine Postsecondary institutions.

The Commonwealth's capital program for the 2018-2020 biennial period included \$1,047.7 million in bond-funded projects. That amount is about 25% below the average for the previous eight biennial budgets. Capital expenditures during fiscal year 2019 were about \$681 million from all fund sources, up from \$938 million in the previous fiscal year. Those figures exclude capital expenditures on roads and bridges that are separate from the capital budget. Approximately 42% of the \$1,047.7 million of new debt authorized in the 2018-2020 biennial period is General Fund supported, and the rest is Agency Fund supported. The Commonwealth's public postsecondary institutions share of newly authorized debt is just over half at 56%, consisting mostly of agency fund supported bonds. State support of local K-12 school construction projects and deferred maintenance and renovation projects for various Executive Branch agencies made up approximately 7-8% of total General Fund supported bond projects respectively.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The Accounting System

The Commonwealth's financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Additional discussions of the various funds and how they are reported are located in the Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) section of this report.

In developing and operating the Commonwealth's accounting system, management of the Commonwealth placed emphasis on the adequacy of internal accounting controls. The comprehensive internal control framework is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that financial records are reliable for preparing GAAP financial statements that are free from material misstatement and maintaining accountability for assets. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of internal controls should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived from their use, and that such cost-benefit evaluation requires estimates and judgments by management. All internal control evaluations occur within this framework.

OTHER INFORMATION

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Commonwealth of Kentucky for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. This is the 32nd consecutive year the Commonwealth has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgments

The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the cooperation of all branches and agencies of the Commonwealth. The professionalism demonstrated by the staff of the Finance and Administration Cabinet's Office of Statewide Accounting Services, the Kentucky Transportation Cabinet's Division of Graphic Design and Printing, as well as the Office of the Auditor of Public Accounts, is especially noteworthy. Their combined dedication made the publication of this report possible.

Respectfully submitted

ellyn. Johns

Holly M. Johnson, Secretary Finance and Administration Cabinet



Commonwealth of Kentucky FINANCE AND ADMINISTRATION CABINET OFFICE OF THE CONTROLLER

Room 484, Capitol Annex 702 Capital Avenue Frankfort, Kentucky 40601 (502) 564-2210 (502) 564-6597 Facsimile Holly M. Johnson Secretary

> Edgar C. Ross Controller

December 12, 2019

Andy Beshear

Governor

The Honorable Holly M. Johnson, Secretary Finance and Administration Cabinet 383 New Capitol Annex Frankfort, Kentucky 40601

Dear Secretary Johnson:

Pursuant to Section 48.800 (3) of the <u>Kentucky Revised Statutes</u>, the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the Commonwealth of Kentucky for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, is submitted herewith. It contains all funds of the primary government and component units for which it is financially accountable, based on the criteria developed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

The basis of accounting upon which the report has been prepared complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for state governments as prescribed by both GASB and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants' (AICPA) publication Audits of State and Local Governments.

The information presents fairly and fully discloses the financial position and results of financial operations of the Commonwealth for the reporting period as measured by the financial activity of the various funds. All appropriate disclosures necessary to assist readers in their understanding and evaluation of Kentucky's financial condition have been included in this report.

Respectfully submitted,

Hos

Edgar C. Ross, Controller





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Commonwealth of Kentucky

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2018

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



FINANCIAL SECTION



MIKE HARMON AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

To the People of Kentucky The Honorable Andy Beshear, Governor Holly M. Johnson, Secretary Finance and Administration Cabinet

Independent Auditor's Report

Report on the Financial Statements

ė

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Commonwealth's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Commonwealth's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of some component units and funds that comprise the Commonwealth of Kentucky. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for those component units and funds is based solely on the reports of the other auditors. Those component units and funds were:

Certain portions of the Governmental Funds including:

- Debt Service Fund Turnpike Authority of Kentucky
- Special Revenue Fund Kentucky Wired Infrastructure Company, Inc.
- Special Revenue Fund Turnpike Authority of Kentucky

Certain portions of the Proprietary Funds including:

- Within the Insurance Administration Fund:
 - Kentucky Special Fund and Uninsured Employers' Fund
 - o Petroleum Storage Tank Environmental Assurance Program
- Kentucky Public Employees' Health Plan

Certain portions of the Internal Service Funds within the Risk Management Fund including:

 Kentucky Transportation Cabinet's Self-Insured Workers' Compensation Trust Program

209 St. Clair Street Frankfort, KY 40601-1817 TELEPHONE 502.564.5841 Facsimile 502.564.2912 www.auditor.ky.gov

AN EQUAL OPPORTUNITY EMPLOYER M/F/D

ĞÐ

To the People of Kentucky The Honorable Andy Beshear, Governor Holly M. Johnson, Secretary Finance and Administration Cabinet Page 2

Certain Fiduciary Funds including:

- Kentucky Employees' Retirement System
- Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority

Component Units:

- Bluegrass State Skills Corporation
- Kentucky Center for the Arts Corporation
- Kentucky Economic Development Finance Authority
- Kentucky Higher Education Assistance Authority
- Kentucky Higher Education Student Loan Corporation
- Kentucky Educational Television Authority
- Kentucky Public Transportation Infrastructure Authority

Component Units - Colleges and Universities and related entities:

University of Kentucky
Eastern Kentucky University
Morehead State University
Northern Kentucky University
Kentucky Community and Technical College System
University of Louisville
Murray State University
Western Kentucky University
Kentucky Council on Postsecondary Education
Kentucky State University

Those financial statements reflect total assets and revenues of the government-wide financial statements and total assets and revenues or additions of the fund financial statements as follows:

Government-Wide Financial Statements:	Percent of Assets	Percent of Revenues
Primary Government - Governmental Activities	0.93%	0.15%
Primary Government - Business-Type Activities	46.46%	81.65%
Component Units	99.49%	99.83%
Fund Financial Statements:		
Governmental Funds - Non-Major Funds	30.86%	4.38%
Proprietary Funds - Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds	46.17%	81.44%
Proprietary Funds - Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds	.07%	1.23%
Fiduciary Funds - Pension and Insurance Trust Funds	51.21%	55.99%
Fiduciary Funds - Agency Funds	0.92%	0.30%

The financial reporting framework used by the Turnpike Authority of Kentucky is different than the financial reporting framework used for the group financial statements. As the auditor of the group financial statements, we have applied audit procedures on the conversion adjustments to the financial statements of the Turnpike Authority of Kentucky, which conform those financial statements to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Turnpike Authority of Kentucky prior to these conversion adjustments, is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

- Kentucky Judicial Form Retirement System
- Kentucky Coal Workers' Pneumoconiosis Fund
- Kentucky Horse Park Foundation, Incorporated
- Kentucky Housing Corporation
- Kentucky Infrastructure Authority
- Kentucky Lottery Corporation
- Kentucky State Fair Board
- Louisville Arena Authority

To the People of Kentucky The Honorable Andy Beshear, Governor Holly M. Johnson, Secretary Finance and Administration Cabinet Page 3

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 17 through 25, budgetary comparison schedules and corresponding notes on pages 154 through 169, and information about infrastructure assets reported using the modified approach on pages 170 through 173, claims development information for entity risk pools on pages 174 and 175, Schedule of Contributions-Pensions on page 176 through 184, Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios on page 186 and 187, the Schedule of Commonwealth's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability on page 188 and 189, the Schedule of Contributions-OPEB on page 190 through 195, the Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios on page 196 and 197, and the Schedule of Commonwealth's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability on page 198 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures did not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Commonwealth of Kentucky's basic financial statements. The combining financial statements, presented in this report on pages 202 through 255 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and the other auditors. In our opinion, the combining financial statements are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

To the People of Kentucky The Honorable Andy Beshear, Governor Holly M. Johnson, Secretary Finance and Administration Cabinet Page 4

Other Information

The Introductory and Statistical sections presented in this report on pages 2 through 10 and pages 258 through 279 have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we will also issue our report on our consideration of the Commonwealth of Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Commonwealth's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully submitted,

ks

Mike Harmon Auditor of Public Accounts

December 12, 2019

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The Management's Discussion and Analysis of the Commonwealth of Kentucky's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) presents a discussion and analysis of the State's financial performance during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. It is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and is intended to provide an easily readable explanation of the information in the basic financial statements. It should be read in conjunction with the additional information that is furnished in the letter of transmittal, which can be found preceding this narrative, and with the Commonwealth's financial statements, which follow.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS - PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

Government-Wide Highlights:

The liabilities and deferred inflows of the Commonwealth's governmental activities exceeded its assets and deferred outflows at fiscal year ending June 30, 2019, by \$15.13 billion, an increase in net position of \$2.6 billion related to current year activity. Assets of the Commonwealth's business-type activities exceeded liabilities by \$907.4 million, an increase in net position of \$63.6 million related to current year activity. Total net position increased by \$2.6 billion to (\$14.2) billion.

The assets of component units exceeded liabilities at fiscal year ending June 30, 2019, by \$9.8 billion, an increase of \$625 million related to current year activity.

There were fluctuations in Governmental Activities; these fluctuations will be discussed by fund under the section titled **Financial Analysis of the Commonwealth's Individual Funds**.

Fund Highlights:

As of the close of fiscal year 2019, the Commonwealth's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$2.4 billion, a net increase of \$10 million in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 79.4 percent or \$1.9 billion of the ending fund balance is restricted. There is unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) fund balance of \$427.4 million available for spending either at the government's discretion or upon legislative approval.

Enterprise funds reported net position of \$907.4 million, of which \$1 billion was restricted or invested in capital assets and the balance of (\$131) million was unrestricted.

Long-Term Debt:

The Commonwealth's total long-term debt obligations (bonds and notes payable) decreased by \$654 million to \$7.1 billion during the current fiscal year.

There were fluctuations in Primary Governmental Activities, these fluctuations will be discussed by fund under the section titled **Financial Analysis of the Commonwealth's Individual Funds**.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Commonwealth's basic financial statements include: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also includes other required supplementary information (General and Special Revenue Fund budgetary schedules; condition and maintenance data regarding infrastructure; claims development information; and pension related schedules) and other supplementary information (combining financial statements). Each of these components is described below.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Government-Wide Financial Statements provide a broad view of the Commonwealth's operations in a manner similar to a private-sector business. These statements report financial information about the entire government except fiduciary activities. The statements provide both short-term and long-term information about the Commonwealth's financial position, which assists in assessing the Commonwealth's economic condition at the end of the fiscal year. These are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. They take into account all revenues and expenses of the fiscal year even if no cash has been received or paid. The government-wide financial statements include two statements: The Statement of Net Position shows the financial position of the Commonwealth at the end of the fiscal year. The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's financial position has changed since the beginning of the fiscal year.

Both of the above financial statements have separate sections for three different types of state programs or activities.

These three types of activities are:

Governmental Activities – The activities in this section are mostly supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (federal grants). Most services normally associated with State government fall into this category. Internal Service Fund balances are reported as a part of governmental activities.

Business-Type Activities – These functions normally are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges to external users of goods and services provided by the State. The business-type activities of the Commonwealth include the operations of various Enterprise Funds as listed later in the text.

Discretely Presented Component Units – These are operations for which the Commonwealth has financial accountability but which possess certain independent qualities as well. More information on the Commonwealth's discretely presented component units can be found in Note 1 beginning on Page 55.

The government-wide financial statements can be found immediately following this discussion and analysis.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Some funds are required to be established by state law or bond covenants and additional funds are established for management and fiscal control of resources.

The fund financial statements focus on activities of state government. All of the funds of the Commonwealth can be divided into three categories: Governmental Funds, Proprietary Funds, and Fiduciary Funds. It is important to note that these fund categories use different accounting approaches and should be interpreted differently.

Table 1. Maj	Table 1. Major Features of the Commonwealth of Kentucky's Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements								
	Government-Wide Financial Statements	Fund Financial Statements							
		Governmental	Proprietary	Fiduciary					
Scope	Entire government (except fiduciary funds) and the Commonwealth's component units	The activities of the Commonwealth that are not proprietary or fiduciary	Activities of the Commonwealth that are similar to private businesses	Instances where the Commonwealth is the trustee for someone else's resources					
Required Financial Statements	Statement of Net Position	Balance Sheet	Statement of Fund Net Position	Statements of Fiduciary Net Position					
	Statement of Activities	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Statement of Cash Flows	Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position					
Accounting Basis and Measurement Focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources measurement focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources measurement focus					
Type of Asset/Liability	All assets and liabilities,	Only assets expected to be	All assets and liabilities,	All assets and liabilities,					
Information	both financial and capital, and short-term and long- term	used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter, no capital assets included	both financial, and capital, and short-term and long- term	both short-term and long- term					
Type of Inflow –	All revenues and expenses	Revenues for which cash is	All revenues and expenses	All revenues and expenses					
Outflow Information	during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	received during or soon after the end of the year and expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	of when cash is received or paid	during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid					

Table 1, below, summarizes the major features of the basic financial statements and how the relate to one another.

Notes to the Financial Statements - Notes to the financial statements provide information necessary to fully understand the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. They are an integral part of the financial statements and focus on the primary government and its activities.

Required Supplementary Information - In addition to Management's Discussion and Analysis, which is required supplementary information, the basic financial statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information contained in the financial statements.

Other Supplementary Information - Supplementary information includes the introductory section, combining financial statements for non-major governmental funds, non-major discretely presented component units, the individual internal service funds and fiduciary funds, and the statistical section.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net Position

Net position may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The Commonwealth's combined net position (governmental and business-type activities) totaled (\$14.2) billion at the end of fiscal year 2019, as compared to (\$16.8) billion at the end of the previous year.

The largest portion of the Commonwealth's net position, \$23.6 billion, is net investment in capital assets (e.g. land, infrastructures, buildings and improvements and machinery and equipment), minus any related debt, which is still outstanding and used to acquire those assets. The Commonwealth uses these capital assets to provide services to its citizens; therefore, these assets are not available for future spending.

The second largest portion of the Commonwealth's net position, totaling \$2.2 billion, is restricted and represents resources that are subject to either external restrictions or legislative restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance is unrestricted net position. The unrestricted net position, if they have a positive value, could be used at the Commonwealth's discretion. However, the unrestricted balance is (\$40.1) billion; therefore, funds are not available for discretionary purposes. A contributing factor to the negative balance is that liabilities are recognized on the government-wide statement of net position when the obligation is incurred. Accordingly, the Commonwealth recognizes long-term liabilities (such as general bonded debt, compensated absences, unfunded employer pension cost, and contingent liabilities-shown in Note 16 to the financial statements) on the statement of net position.

Table 2 below presents the Commonwealth's condensed statement of net position as of June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018, derived from the government-wide Statement of Net Position.

	Governmental Activities				Business-Type Activities					Total			
	-	2019		2018		2019		2018		2019		2018	
Current Assets	\$	5,374,027	\$	5,119,826	\$	1,945,316	\$	2,048,210	\$	7,319,343	\$	7,168,036	
Capital Assets		25,434,520		24,993,076		282,877		298,404		25,717,397		25,291,480	
Other Assets		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Total Assets		30,808,547		30,112,902		2,228,193		2,346,614		33,036,740		32,459,516	
Deferred outflows of resources		6,314,476		7,884,961		64,988		90,016		6,379,464		7,974,977	
Non Current Liabilities		35,382,892		49,927,264		1,060,763		1,165,461		36,443,655		51,092,725	
Other Liabilities		3,353,900		2,997,427		309,665		411,872		3,663,565		3,409,299	
Total Liabilities		38,736,792		52,924,691		1,370,428		1,577,333		40,107,220		54,502,024	
Deferred inflows of resources		13,516,015		2,767,760		15,304		13,490		13,531,319		2,781,250	
Net investment in capital assets		23,433,119		23,354,312		261,109		274,521		23,694,228		23,628,833	
Restricted		1,487,313		1,208,350		779,736		688,144		2,267,049		1,896,494	
Unrestricted		(40,050,216)		(42,257,250)		(133,396)		(116,858)		(40,183,612)		(42,374,108)	
Total Net Position	\$	(15,129,784)	\$	(17,694,588)	\$	907,449	\$	845,807	\$	(14,222,335)	\$	(16,848,781)	

Table 2: Condensed Statement of Net Position (Expressed in Thousands)

Changes in Net Position

The revenues and expenses information, as shown in Table 3, was derived from the government-wide Statement of Activities and reflects how the Commonwealth's net position changed during fiscal year 2019. The Commonwealth received program revenues of \$15.7 billion and general revenues (including transfers) of \$13.4 billion for total revenues of \$29.1 billion during fiscal year 2019. Expenses for the Commonwealth during fiscal year 2019 were \$26.5 billion, which resulted in a total increase of the Commonwealth's net position in the amount of \$2.6 billion, net of contributions, transfers and special items.

	Table 3: Condensed Statement	of Activities	(<i>Expressed in Thousands</i>)
--	------------------------------	---------------	-----------------------------------

	2019 Governmental	2018 Governmental	2019 Business-Type	2018 Business-Type	2019	2018
_	Activities	Activities	Activities	Activities	Total	Total
Revenues:						
Program Revenues:						
0	\$ 1,638,299	\$ 1,640,937	\$ 2,363,556	\$ 2,370,383	\$ 4,001,855	\$ 4,011,320
Operating Grants and						
Contributions	10,704,976	10,211,396	13,106	9,946	10,718,082	10,221,342
Capital Grants and	044.005	005 700			044.005	005 700
Contributions	914,965	825,730			914,965	825,730
General Revenues:	E 4 4 4 000	E 40E 00E			E 4 4 4 000	E 40E 00E
Income Taxes	5,141,688	5,105,025			5,141,688	5,105,025
Sales Taxes	6,543,315	6,062,029			6,543,315	6,062,029
Property Taxes Other Taxes	648,739	628,810			648,739	628,810
	441,271	438,533	54.000	00.000	441,271	438,533
Investment Earnings		== (===	54,938	20,086	54,938	20,086
Other	582,795	531,603	1,751	6,943	584,546	538,546
Total Revenues	26,616,048	25,444,063	2,433,351	2,407,358	29,049,399	27,851,421
Expenses:						
Governmental Activities:						
General Government	363,782	3,112,212			363,782	3,112,212
Legislative and Judicial	468,775	489,661			468,775	489,661
Commerce	152.031	151.184			152.031	151.184
Education and Humanities	6,213,059	7,138,207			6,213,059	7,138,207
Human Resources	12,938,155	12,488,174			12,938,155	12,488,174
Justice	1,426,465	1,360,214			1,426,465	1,360,214
Natural Resources and	1,420,403	1,300,214			1,420,403	1,300,214
Environmental Protection	229,066	232,219			229,066	232,219
Public Protection and	229,000	232,219			229,000	232,219
Regulation	155,311	148,967			155,311	148,967
Transportation	1,932,570	1,864,030			1,932,570	1,864,030
Interest Expense	287,577	306,124			287,577	306,124
	201,511	500,124			207,377	500,124
Business-type Activities:			440.007	450.040	440.007	450.040
State Parks			140,307	153,913	140,307	153,913
Kentucky Horse Park			19,538	20,310	19,538	20,310
Kentucky Public Employees						
Health Plan			1,812,826	1,614,792	1,812,826	1,614,792
Insurance Administration			(6,593)	(85,034)	(6,593)	(85,034)
Unemployment Compensation			288,755	282,583	288,755	282,583
Total Expenses	24,166,791	27,290,992	2,254,833	1,986,564	26,421,624	29,277,556
Increase (Decrease) in Net						
Position Before Transfers	2,449,257	(1.846,929)	178,518	420,794	2,627,775	(1,426,135)
Transfers	114,562	271,843	(115,891)	(271,848)	(1,329)	(, . , , ,
Change in Net Position	2,563,819	(1,575,086)	62,627	148,946	2,626,446	(1,426,135)
Net Position, July 1, as restated	(17,693,603)	(16,119,502)	844,822	696,861	(16,848,781)	(15,422,641)
	(, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	\$ (17,694,588)	1-	/		

Governmental Activities:

During the fiscal year, the change in net position resulted in an increase from the previous year. The increase in net position of governmental activities was \$2.6 billion. Approximately 47.8 percent of the governmental activities' total revenue came from taxes, while 43.5 percent resulted from grants and contributions (including federal aid). Table 4 below presents program expenses and revenues for governmental activities. Overall, program revenues were insufficient to cover program expenses for governmental activities. Therefore, the net program expenses of these governmental activities were supported by general revenues, mainly taxes.

State Programs	Proc	aram Expenses	Prog	ram Revenues	Net P	rogram (Expenses) Revenue
General Government	\$	363.782	\$	981.174	\$	617.392
Legislative and Judicial	Ŧ	468.775	Ŧ	50,999	Ŧ	(417,776)
Commerce		152,031		113,890		(38,141)
Education and Humanities		6,213,059		1,143,441		(5,069,618)
Human Resources		12,938,155		9,429,022		(3,509,133)
Justice		1,426,465		81,716		(1,344,749)
Natural Resources and Environmental						
Protection		229,066		127,444		(101,622)
Public Protection and Regulation		155,311		102,646		(52,665)
Transportation		1,932,570		1,227,908		(704,662)
Interest Expense		287,577				(287,577)
Totals	\$	24,166,791	\$	13,258,240	\$	(10,908,551)

Business-Type Activities:

Table 5 below presents program expenses and revenues for business-type activities. The business-type activities increased the Commonwealth's net position by \$62.6 million. Program revenues generated by the operations of the State Parks and the Kentucky Horse Park were not sufficient to cover program expenses. General revenues were needed to support expenses of these programs. Program revenues generated by the operations of the Kentucky Public Employees Health Plan, Insurance Administration and Unemployment Compensation were sufficient to cover program expenses.

			N	let Program (Expenses)
State Programs	Program Expenses	Program Revenues		Revenue
State Parks	\$ 140,307	\$ 52,503	\$	(87,804)
Kentucky Horse Park	19,538	11,488		(8,050)
Kentucky Public Employees Health Plan	1,812,826	1,822,296		9,470
Insurance Administration	(6,593)	118,189		124,782
Unemployment Compensation	288,755	372,186		83,431
Totals	\$ 2,254,833	\$ 2,376,662	\$	121,829

Overall Analysis

Financial highlights for the State as a whole during fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, include the following:

- The liabilities of the State's governmental activities exceed assets (net position) at the close of the fiscal year. Liabilities exceeded assets by \$15.13 billion and the State's business-type activities now have assets that exceed liabilities (net position) by \$909.4 million.
- The State's total net position increased during the year by \$2.6 billion. Net position of governmental activities increased by \$2.6 billion, while net position of business-type activities increased by \$62.6 million.
- The net position of the governmental activities continues to be a negative because of the implementation of GASB 68, 71 and 75.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COMMONWEALTH'S INDIVIDUAL FUNDS

At June 30, 2019, the Commonwealth's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$2.4 billion, a net increase of \$10 million in comparison with the prior year. \$72 million is non-spendable and is comprised of inventories, notes receivables, cash with fiscal agents, and restricted cash that must remain intact. The \$1.9 billion is restricted for certain purposes and is not available to fund current operations. The \$427 million is considered unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned). When the unrestricted balance is positive it is available for spending either at the government's discretion or upon legislative approval.

General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Commonwealth. The fund balance at June 30, 2019, was \$233 million. The balance reported reflects an increase of \$289 million from the previously reported amount. The major factor for the increase in fund balance was increased tax revenue and the reduction of KTRS Pension and Other Post Employment Liabilities.

The fund balance is segregated into non-spendable and spendable amounts with the spendable amounts further segregated as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Inventory of \$7.4 million represents the non-spendable amount.

Major Special Revenue Funds

The major special revenue funds experienced normal cyclical changes in revenues and expenditures. The revenues increased by \$739 million from the previous year, a change of 5.2 percent. Expenditures increased by \$636 million from the previous year, a change of 4.6 percent. The Transportation Fund experienced a slight increase in revenues and an increase in expenditures, resulting in a decrease in fund balance of \$25.3 million.

Proprietary Funds

The Commonwealth's proprietary funds reported net position of \$747 million, which included \$909.4 million in the enterprise funds and (\$162.2) million in the internal service funds. This is a total increase in net position of \$17 million from the previous year. This change in net position involved mainly from one fund, the Insurance Administration Fund which had an increase of \$130.7 million for the 2019 fiscal year. This change is due to a decrease in the short and long-term claims liability.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, the official revenue forecast for the General Fund increased. General Fund revenues, for the year, were more than the final budgetary estimates by approximately \$196 million. Actual expenditures for the year were approximately \$124 million less than the final budgeted amount.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets - The Commonwealth's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2019, amounts to \$27.3 billion, with accumulated depreciation of \$1.6 billion, leaving a net book value of \$25.7 billion. This investment in capital assets includes land, improvements, buildings, equipment, and construction in progress, infrastructure and intangibles. Infrastructure assets are normally immovable and of value only to the Commonwealth, such as roads, bridges, streets and sidewalks, drainage systems, lighting systems, and similar items.

The total increase in the Commonwealth's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was about 1.9 percent in terms of net book value. However, actual expenditures to purchase or construct capital assets were \$1.4 billion for the year. Most of this amount was used to construct or reconstruct roads and bridges. Depreciation charges for the year totaled \$123.2 million. Additional information on the Commonwealth's capital assets can be found in Note 6 of the "Notes to the Financial Statements" of this report.

Infrastructure Assets – The Commonwealth has elected to utilize the "Modified Approach" as it relates to guidelines set forth in GASB Statement Number 34. Under this alternative method the Commonwealth expenses certain maintenance and preservation costs and does not report depreciation expense. Assets accounted for under the modified approach include nearly 63,836 lane miles of roads and approximately 9,033 bridges that the Commonwealth has responsibility for maintaining.

- There have been no significant changes in the condition level of infrastructure assets.
- The asset condition level established by the Commonwealth has approximately been met and exceeded for the past ten years.

A more in-depth discussion of the Commonwealth's infrastructure assets is located in the "Required Supplemental Information" section of this report.

Debt Administration - The Office of Financial Management as established in KRS 42.4201, is responsible for the oversight of the Commonwealth's debt. The Office develops a long-term debt plan including criteria for the issuance of debt and an evaluation of the total state debt to be incurred. Debt is issued through the State Property and Buildings Commission and the Kentucky Asset/Liability Commission.

The Commonwealth of Kentucky's bonded debt decreased by \$484 million to \$6.3 billion, a 7.1 percent decrease during the current fiscal year. The major factors in this decrease is a result of the refunding of old issues by the FY19 new issues. The remaining liability on the retired bonds plus the FY19 principle payments on the remaining bonds outstanding were greater than the FY19 issues for new projects. No general obligation bonds were authorized or outstanding at June 30, 2019. Additional information on the Commonwealth's long-term debt obligations can be found in Note 16 of the notes to the financial statements of this report.

During the fiscal year there were no changes in credit ratings by Moody's Investors Service, Standard & Poor's Rating Services, Fitch Ratings, Inc., or Kroll Bond Rating Agency. The current ratings on Kentucky's General Obligation debt (though none is outstanding) are Aa3 by Moody's; AA- by Fitch; A by Standard and Poor's; and AA- by Kroll. The current ratings by debt service on Kentucky's General Fund appropriation supported debt are as follows: A1 by Moody's; A+ by Fitch; A- by Standard and Poor's; and A+ by Kroll. The Kroll rating dated September 26, 2019, was the first rating sought by the Commonwealth from this rating agency.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The US Economy continues to stand on relatively firm ground. The forecast expects a slowing of real GDP growth. This slowdown is largely due to the lagged effects of the newly announced tariffs on China's exports to the U.S. Also, as the US economy nears full employment, growth in labor income will be limited, thus curtailing consumer spending as a means to provide economic stimulus.

The Kentucky economic outlook is a mixture of projected weak employment growth coupled with relatively strong growth in personal income and wages. Statistically, our General Fund taxes are linked more closely with the incomeside variables (especially wages and salaries) rather than the employment trends. Despite the lackluster employment performance detailed below, personal income is faring slightly better primarily due to the tight labor markets. Stated differently, as the unemployment rate trends toward full employment, the supply of qualified workers becomes more scarce. When that occurs, it puts upward pressure on wages and the income statistics show better growth patterns.

In terms of adjacent-quarter growth, the employment gain in the first quarter of FY20 marked the ninth consecutive quarter of growth in total nonfarm employment. During this span, Kentucky witnessed an aggregate net increase of 33,200 Kentucky jobs in FY18, FY19, and the first quarter of FY20. While positive, total employment has continued to experience lackluster growth since the end of the last recession. In contrast to the overall stagnant employment gain, the momentum in personal income growth is projected to continue. Personal income growth is expected to outpace the national personal income growth projections by 0.1 percentage points. Holding pace with personal income, the wages and salaries component of personal income is expected to grow 4.4 percent in the second, third and fourth quarters of FY20 compared to the same periods in the prior year. The expected increase in wages and salaries ties directly to the tightened labor market. In effort to attract skilled workers, hiring firms must competitively bid wages.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Commonwealth of Kentucky's finances for all of Kentucky's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors. This financial report seeks to demonstrate the Commonwealth's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to: Commonwealth of Kentucky, Finance and Administration Cabinet, Office of the Controller, 702 Capital Avenue, Frankfort, KY 40601.



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019 (Expressed in Thousands)

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Component Units
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 5)	\$ 954,818	\$ 567,597	\$ 1,522,415	\$ 1,643,673
Cash on deposit with the federal				
Government (Note 5)		645,915	645,915	
Cash with fiscal agents (Note 5)	39,386		39,386	
Restricted cash (Note 5)	5,075		5,075	
nvestments, net of amortization (Note 5)	1,458,490	343,401	1,801,891	2,037,396
nvested security collateral (Note 5)	518,614		518,614	
Receivables, net (Note 4)	2,210,299	296,678	2,506,977	3,933,51
Notes receivable	5,399	151	5,550	
Capital lease receivable (Note 4)	163.749		163,749	
Internal balances (Note 7)	(57,536)	57,488	(48)	
Inventories	70,483	17,256	87,739	72,893
Prepaid expenses	4,006	3,487	7,493	42,84
Unamortized cost of issuance	1,244	3,407	1,244	72,07
Restricted assets:	1,244		1,244	
Temporarily restricted:				676.00
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 5)				676,202
Investments (Note 5)				2,246,657
Capital assets (Note 6):				
Land	244,217	23,540	267,757	425,904
Improvements other than buildings	31,551	171,307	202,858	692,322
Buildings	1,590,411	355,944	1,946,355	10,256,665
Machinery and equipment	784,888	23,235	808,123	1,731,757
Other capital assets				673,817
Easements and other intangibles	201,129	4,638	205,767	297,639
Less: Accumulated depreciation				
and amortization	(1,284,349)	(304,639)	(1,588,988)	(5,892,551
Construction in progress	2,609,744	8,852	2,618,596	356,580
Infrastructure	21,256,929	-,	21,256,929	1,043,390
Total Capital Assets	25,434,520	282,877	25,717,397	9,585,523
•	23,434,320	202,011	23,111,001	
Other assets				466,379
Total Assets	30,808,547	2,214,850	33,023,397	20,705,079
Deferred outflows of resources (Note 16)	6,314,476	64,988	6,379,464	413,426
Liabilities				
Accounts payable (Note 4)	1,350,267	38,986	1,389,253	602,867
Tax refunds payable	412,157		412,157	
Unearned revenue	5,868	3,248	9,116	273,264
Other liabilities				25,02
Liabilities from restricted assets				3,784
Obligations under securities lending	518,613		518,613	
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Due within one year (Note 16)	1,066,995	254,088	1,321,083	765,163
Due in more than one year (Note 16)	35,382,892	1,060,763	36,443,655	8,097,555
Total Liabilities	38,736,792	1,357,085	40,093,877	9,767,654
Deferred inflows of resources (Note 16)	13,516,015	15,304	13,531,319	1,533,386
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	23,433,119	261,109	23,694,228	5,578,291
Restricted for:				
Debt service	156,295		156,295	388,680
Capital projects	786,641		786,641	247,26
Highways	544,377		544,377	,
Unemployment benefits	011,011	779,736	779,736	
Other purposes (Note 1)		113,130	113,100	3,869,378
Unrestricted	(40,050,216)	(133,396)	(40,183,612)	(266,144
Total Net Position	\$ (15,129,784)	\$ 907,449	\$ (14,222,335)	\$ 9,817,466

THE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS STATEMENT.
COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (Expressed in Thousands)

					Progr	am Revenues		
Functions/Programs	Expenses			Charges for Services	G	Dperating rants and ontributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	
Primary Government:		•						
Governmental Activities:								
General government	\$	363,782	\$	770,183	\$	200,260	\$	10,731
Legislative and judicial		468,775		46,607		4,392		,
Commerce		152,031		83,983		29,907		
Education and humanities		6,213,059		53,789		1,089,652		
Human resources		12,938,155		199,566		9,226,371		3,085
Justice		1.426.465		28,603		53.113		0,000
Natural resources and		1,120,100		20,000		00,110		
environmental protection		229,066		44,249		83,195		
Public protection and regulation		155,311		97,604		5,042		
Transportation		1,932,570		313,715		13,044		901,149
Interest expense		287,577		515,715		10,044		301,143
•				1 000 000		40 704 070		044.005
Total Governmental Activities		24,166,791		1,638,299		10,704,976		914,965
Business-Type Activities:								
State Parks		140,307		52,503				
Kentucky Horse Park		19,538		11,488				
Kentucky Public Employees Health Plan		1,812,826		1,822,296				
Insurance Administration		(6,593)		118,189				
Unemployment Compensation		288,755		359,080		13,106		
Total Business-Type Activities		2,254,833		2,363,556		13,106		
Total Primary Government	\$	26,421,624	\$	4,001,855	\$	10,718,082	\$	914,965
Component Units: Authorities:								
Kentucky Housing Corporation Kentucky Higher Education Student	\$	281,734	\$	103,548	\$	199,375	\$	
Loan Corporation		37,960		26,413				
Kentucky Lottery Corporation		846,482		1,129,544				
Kentucky Public Transportation		, -		, -,-				
Infrastructure Authority		12,082		51,885				
Universities, Colleges, & Related Entities:		,		- ,				
University of Kentucky		3.414.730		2.625.449		439.302		71,570
University of Louisville		1,849,986		1,470,007		105,840		11,010
Kentucky Community and		.,,		.,,				
Technical College System		514,547		110,557		101,510		
Other component units		1,626,994		799,479		378,362		8,332
Total Component Units	\$	8,584,515	¢	6,316,882	\$	1,224,389	\$	79.902
	Ψ	0,004,010	\$	0,310,002	φ	1,224,309	φ	19,902

General Revenues (Note 1):

Taxes: Sales and gross receipt tax Individual income tax Corporate income tax Property tax License and privilege tax Severance tax Inheritance and estate tax Miscellaneous taxes Unrestricted grants and contributions Unrestricted grants and contributions Unrestricted investment earnings Gain on sale of capital assets Miscellaneous general Transfers Total General Revenues and Transfers Change in Net Position Net Position at July 1, As Restated (Note 2)

Net Position at June 30

		Primary Government	venue and Changes in I	Net Position		
Go	overnmental	Business-Type			Co	mponent
	Activities	Activities		Totals		Units
	617,392	\$	\$	617,392		
	(417,776)			(417,776)		
	(38,141)			(38,141)		
	(5,069,618)			(5,069,618)		
	(3,509,133) (1,344,749)			(3,509,133)		
				(1,344,749)		
	(101,622)			(101,622)		
	(52,665)			(52,665)		
	(704,662)			(704,662)		
	(287,577)			(287,577)		
	(10,908,551)			(10,908,551)		
		(87,804)	(87,804)		
		(8,050		(8,050)		
		9,470		9,470		
		124,782		124,782		
		83,431		83,431		
		121,829		121,829		
	(10,908,551)	121,829		(10,786,722)		
					\$	21,
					Ψ	
						(11, 283,
						39,8
						(278, (274,
						(202
						(302,
						(440,
						(963,
	6,543,315			6,543,315		
	4,561,557			4,561,557		
	580,131			580,131		
	648,739			648,739		
	54,022			54,022		
	149,852			149,852		
	42,903 194,494			42,903 194,494		
	12,221			12,221		1,112,
	12,221	54,938		54,938		65,
	22,007	34,930		22,007		34,
	548,567	1,751		550,318		348,
	114,562	(115,891)	(1,329)		5,
	13,472,370	(59,202		13,413,168		1,566,
	2,563,819	62,627		2,626,446		603,2
	(17,693,603)	844,822		(16,848,781)		9,214,
	(15,129,784)	\$ 907,449		(14,222,335)	\$	9,817,4
	· · · · · /			, , , , /		. /= ,

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Major Funds

General Fund

The General Fund is the Commonwealth's operating fund and accounts for and reports all financial resources appropriated by the General Assembly that are not required to be accounted for in other funds.

Transportation Fund

The Transportation Fund accounts for and reports specific revenue sources which are restricted or committed for the construction, preservation, and maintenance of roads.

Federal Fund

The Federal Fund accounts for and reports monies received from the federal government that are restricted or committed to specific programs and operations.

Agency Revenue Fund

The Agency Revenue Fund accounts for and reports specific taxes, fees, and charges that are restricted or committed to expenditures for a particular function or activity. The General Assembly usually appropriates this fund.

Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned for capital outlay as appropriated by the General Assembly for the acquisition, construction, or renovation of major capital facilities, and for the acquisition of major equipment other than that financed by proprietary funds, certain trust funds, and university and college funds.

Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for repayment of principal, interest, and administrative fees due on general long-term issues of the Commonwealth and for the accumulation of financial resources used to make such payments.

Non-Major Funds

Non-Major governmental funds are presented by fund type beginning on page202

	General	Transp	ortation		Federal	 Agency Revenue	 Capital Projects		Debt Service	lon-Major vernmental Funds	C	Total Sovernmental Funds
Assets Cash and cash equivalents (Note 5) Cash with fiscal agents (Note 5)	\$ 418,302	\$	23,589	\$	314	\$ 11,555	\$ 29,766	\$	17 27,307	\$ 422,002	\$	905,545 27,307
Restricted cash (Note 5)					5,075							5,075
amortization (Note 5)	5,704		437,862			524,092	237,138		246	243,320		1,448,362
Invested security collateral	96,559		116,558			159,122	63,126			83,249		518,614
Receivables, net (Note 4)	1,040,725		119,375		797,176	96,864	4,946			150,495		2,209,581
Notes receivable					220	3,593			163,749	1,548		5,361 163,749
Capital lease receivable (Note 4) Interfund receivables (Note 7)	9,265		681		8,373	118,187	45		105,749	13,725		150,276
Interfund loans receivable (Note 7)	5,200		31,373		0,070	139,565	-10			14,461		185,399
Inventories	7,373		58,418		153	2,603				,		68,547
Total Assets	\$ 1,577,928	\$	787,856	\$	811,311	\$ 1,055,581	\$ 335,021	\$	191,319	\$ 928,800	\$	5,687,816
Liabilities and Fund Balances												
Liabilities:												
Accounts payable (Note 4)	\$ 514,965	\$	110,652	\$	516,803	\$ 88,476	\$ 9,487	\$		\$ 45,050	\$	1,285,433
Tax refunds payable	412,157		4.045		70 4 4 4	0.000	504			10.007		412,157
Interfund payables (Note 7) Interfund loans payable (Note 7)	125,462		1,845		73,144 139.565	9,830 5,288	591			13,987 18.097		224,859 162,950
Obligations under securities					159,505	5,200				10,037		102,350
lending	96,559		116,558			159.122	63,126			83,249		518,614
Unearned revenue			-,		959	1,515	, -			336		2,810
Total Liabilities	1,149,143		229,055	_	730,471	 264,231	73,204	_		 160,719		2,606,823
Deferred inflows of resources												
Unavailable	196,025		14,424		113,789	 54,787	 556		163,749	 113,976		657,306
Fund Balances:												
Nonspendable (Note 1)	7,373		58,418		153	6,196						72,140
Restricted for (Note 1)			485,959			691,424	261,261		27,570	457,905		1,924,119
Committed to (Note1)						18,845				121,185		140,030
Assigned to (Note1)	74,258				(00, 400)	20,098				75,015		169,371
Unassigned (Note 1)	151,129				(33,102)	 	 			 		118,027
Total Fund Balances	232,760		544,377		(32,949)	 736,563	 261,261		27,570	 654,105		2,423,687
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 1,577,928	\$	787,856	\$	811,311	\$ 1,055,581	\$ 335,021	\$	191,319	\$ 928,800	\$	5,687,816

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$ 2,423,687
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Land and other non-depreciable assets Buildings, equipment, and other depreciable assets Infrastructure Accumulated depreciation Construction in progress	\$ 325,560 1,943,425 21,256,929 (973,525) 2,515,563	25,067,952
Certain revenues are earned but not available, and therefore, are deferred in the funds.		657,306
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.		5,318
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of Fleet Management, Computer Services, Central Printing, Prison Industries, Property Management and Risk Management to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position. Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		(162,175)
Capital lease obligations Compensated absences Pollution remediation obligations Judgements and contingencies Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government Public Facilities Corporation (LFUCGPFC) - Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) obligations Net pension obligations and related deferred outflows/inflows Long-term bonded debt is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not reported in the funds. Unamortized premiums, loss on refundings, and interest payable are not reported in the funds; however, these amounts are included in the Statement of Net Position. This is the net effect of these balances on the statement:	\$ (35,780) (239,921) (6,927) (448,805) (110,250) (34,527,520)	(35,369,203)
Bonds payable Notes payable Unamortized premiums and discounts Less deferred amounts on refundings Accrued interest payable	\$ (6,300,864) (835,109) (465,713) (47,374) (103,609)	(7,752,669)
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ (15,129,784)

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (Expressed in Thousands)

	General	Transportation	Federal	Agency Revenue	Capital Projects	Debt Service	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues								
Taxes	\$ 11,082,363	\$ 1,337,996	\$	\$ 450,314	\$	\$	\$ 17,940	\$ 12,888,613
Licenses, fees, and permits	44,749	163,341	26	,	44.050		14,010	444,403
Intergovernmental	9,698	167	11,512,189		14,050	404.004	1	11,592,569
Charges for services	273,127	8,727	1,048		68	134,894	232,945	1,343,980
Fines and forfeits Interest and other	31,453	1	15	8,119			18,778	58,366
investment income	1,298	5,495	1,673	4,928	8,414	762	20,808	43,378
Increase (decrease) in fair	1,290	5,495	1,073	4,920	0,414	702	20,000	43,370
value of investments	(11,003)	6.098	217	6.952	17,535		(2,249)	17.550
Securities lending income	1,962	2,369	217	3,234	1,283		1,692	10,540
Other revenues	101,093	6,924	65,702		296	6,640	152,832	692,069
Total Revenues	11,534,740	1,531,118	11,580,870		41,646	142,296	456,757	27,091,468
Total Revenues	11,004,740	1,001,110	11,000,070	1,004,041	41,040	142,200	400,707	27,001,400
Expenditures								
Current:								
General government	1,658,369		111,865				292,139	2,263,962
Legislative and judicial	446,183		4,281	29,941				480,405
Commerce	31,474		18,701	55,474			516	106,165
Education and humanities	4,961,172		1,110,125				73,709	6,183,644
Human resources	2,726,895		9,285,848				26,391	13,043,316
Justice	908,343		52,512	124,573			3,768	1,089,196
Natural resources and	74.005		70.070	10.010			0.040	405 000
environmental protection	71,925		70,876				6,249	195,068
Public protection and regulation	18,909	4 000 000	4,968				2,092	129,569
Transportation Debt service:	10,224	1,380,293	770,364	109,688			125,196	2,395,765
Principal retirement						547,771	191,684	739,455
Interest and fiscal charges						258.988	91,984	350.972
Other expenditures						(5,148)	465	(4,683)
Securities lending	1,808	2,182		2,980	1,182	(3, 140)	1,558	9,710
Capital outlay:	1,000	2,102		2,500	1,102		1,000	5,710
Buildings					289.598			289,598
Total Expenditures	10,835,302	1,382,475	11,429,540	1,716,683	290,780	801,611	815,751	27,272,142
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	10,635,302	1,302,475	11,429,540	1,710,003	290,780	001,011	010,701	21,212,142
over (under) Expenditures	699,438	148,643	151,330	87,358	(249,134)	(659,315)	(358,994)	(180,674)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in	306,477	3,580	10	437,840	53,984	639,322	772,631	2,213,844
Transfers out	(717,665)	(177,631)	(134,599			(330)	(675,645)	(2,096,466)
Capitalized leases	1,060	(177,031)	(134,333		(0,000)	(550)	(073,043)	(2,030,400)
Issuance of bonds:	1,000	41	100	044			-	2,102
New issues						13,195	65,240	78,435
Refunding issues						10,100	6,556	6,556
Premiums						1,919	(725)	1,194
Discounts						1,010	(536)	(536)
Payments to refunded bond							(000)	(000)
escrow agent						(14,989)	(6,173)	(21,162)
Total Other Financing			-				(2) 27	
Sources (Uses)	(410,128)	(174,010)	(134,406) 56,471	45,601	639,117	161,352	183,997
Net Change in Fund Balances	289,310	(25,367)	16,924	143,829	(203,533)	(20,198)	(197,642)	3,323
Fund Balances at July 1, as restated	(58,155)	567,664	(49,928) 592.337	464,794	47,768	851,747	2,416,227
Increase (decrease) in inventories	1,605	2,080	55	397				4,137
	\$ 232,760	\$ 544,377	\$ (32,949) \$ 736,563	\$ 261,261	\$ 27,570	\$ 654,105	\$ 2,423,687

_

Net Change in Fund Balances-Total Governmental Funds		\$ 3,323
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period:		
Assets disposed of, net book value Donated assets, acquisition value Buildings, equipment, and other depreciable assets Infrastructure Accumulated depreciation	\$ (110,363) 1,575 76,232 482,028 (79,549)	369.923
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	 (10,010)	82,763
Certain expenditures are reported in the funds; however, they increase assets reported on the Statement of Net Position and have been eliminated from the Statement of Activities:		
Prepaid expenses Inventories	\$ 4,007 4,136	8,143
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of Fleet Management, Computer Services, Central Printing, Prison Industries, Property Management and Risk Management to individual funds. The net revenues (expense) of certain activities of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities.		(46,685)
Certain expenditures are reported in the funds; however, they either increase or decrease long-term liabilities reported on the Statement of Net Position and have been eliminated from the Statement of Activities.		
Capital lease payments Compensated absence payments Pollution remediation payments Litigation payments Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government Public Facilities Corporation (LFUCGPFC) - Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) obligations Excess contributions to pension funds	\$ 7,086 (10,999) 1,112 (134,437) 5,325 1,668,527	1,536,614
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.		
Bond and note proceeds and premiums received Repayment of bond principal Payment to refunded bond escrow agent Accrued interest Unamortized issue costs	\$ (86,850) 717,659 20,923 (41,609) (385)	609,738
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 2,563,819

PROPRIETARY FUNDS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Enterprise Funds (All Major)

State Parks Fund

The State Parks Fund accounts for revenues earned and expenses incurred in the commercial operations of the Department of Parks.

Kentucky Horse Park Fund

The Kentucky Horse Park Fund accounts for revenues earned and expenses incurred in the commercial operations of the Kentucky Horse Park.

Insurance Administration Fund

The Insurance Administration Fund accounts for insurance risk pools operated by the state. These include:

Workers' Compensation Fund provides benefits for workers with illnesses, which are not attributable to one employer.

Petroleum Storage Tank Environmental Assurance Program provides for the cleanup of leaking underground storage tanks in amounts that exceed the insurance required of the owners and operators.

Mine Subsidence Insurance Program provides coverage against losses arising out of or due to mine subsidence within the Commonwealth.

Kentucky Reclamation Guaranty Fund provides coverage to reclaim surface mined land when the permit holder has forfeited bonds posted for such purpose.

Kentucky Public Employees Health Insurance Plan

The Kentucky Public Employees Health Insurance Plan accounts for the revenues and expenses incurred in the commercial operation of the health insurance program for state employees, local boards of education, and quasi-governmental agencies.

Unemployment Compensation Fund

The Unemployment Compensation Fund accounts for assessed employer contributions and related unemployment compensation payments.

Internal Service Funds

Individual fund statements for the Internal Service Funds, whose combined totals are presented o	n
this statement, begin on page	2

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019 (Expressed in Thousands)

			Business-Type Activities-
	State Parks	Kentucky Horse Park	Insurance Administration
Assets			
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents (Note 5) Cash on deposit with the federal government (Note 5)	\$ 169	\$ 576	\$ 89,252
Cash with fiscal agents (Note 5)			
Receivables, net (Note 4)	2,453	1,031	364
Interfunds receivable (Note 7)	51	16	50
Inventories Prepaid expenses	1,208 46	28	16,020 3,074
Total Current Assets	3,927	1,651	108,760
Noncurrent assets:			
Investments, net of amortization (Note 5)		692	342,266
Receivables, net		151	
Capital assets (Note 6):	10.007		
Land	19,087 134,975	4,453 36,332	
Improvements other than buildings Buildings	252,062	103,882	
Machinery and equipment	14,780	5,961	2,494
Easements and other intangibles	2,322		2,316
Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization	(248,616)	(54,412)	(1,611)
Construction in progress	8,852		
Total Capital Assets	183,462	96,216	3,199
Total Noncurrent Assets	183,462	97,059	345,465
Total Assets	187,389	98,710	454,225
Deferred outflows of resources (Note 16)	39,367	4,490	17,010
Liabilities			
Current liabilities: Accounts payable (Note 4)	8,726	1,334	1,436
Interfunds payable (Note 7)	647	23	253
Interfund loans payable (Note 7)	12,420	20	200
Claims liability (Note 16)	, -		58,626
Claims adjustment liability (Note 16)			5,726
Capital lease obligations (Note 11) (Note 16)	1,812	346	
Pollution Remediation (Note 16)	5 050	109	4 00 4
Compensated absences (Note 16) Unearned revenue	5,050 2,777	519 471	1,334
Other liabilities (Note 16)	2,111	471	
Total Current Liabilities	31,432	2,802	67,375
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Claims liability (Note 16)			542,776
Claims adjustment liability (Note 16)			33,918
Capital lease obligations (Note 11) (Note 16)	18,860	748	
Pollution Remediation (Note 16)	222	320	100
Compensated absences (Note 16)	266	27	108 102,608
Net pension liability (Note 8) (Note 16) Net OPEB Liability (Note 9) (Note 16)	216,376 36,692	24,108 3,970	17,838
Other liabilities (Note 16)	00,002	0,010	11,000
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	272,194	29,173	697,248
Total Liabilities	303,626	31,975	764,623
Deferred inflows of resources (Note 16)	6,134	1,839	5,936
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	162,789	95,121	3,199
Unemployment benefits Unrestricted	(245,793)	(25,735)	(302,523)
Total Net Position	(245,793) \$ (83,004)	\$ 69,386	(302,523) \$ (299,324)
	÷ (00,00+)	÷ 00,000	* (200,024)

erprise Funds Kentucky Public				A	vernmental ctivities- Internal
mployees ealth Plan	mployment opensation	Ju	Totals ne 30, 2019	:	Service Funds
\$ 473,095	\$ 4,505	\$	567,597	\$	49,273
	645,915		645,915		
110,646	182,184		296,678		12,079 718
70,714	102,104		70,831		1,435
			17,256		1,935
367	 000.001		3,487		05.440
654,822	 832,604		1,601,764		65,440
443			343,401		10,128
			151		38
			23,540		17,752
			171,307		4,100
			355,944		380,192
			23,235 4,638		179,495 1,675
			(304,639)		(310,825
			8,852		94,181
			282,877		366,570
443			626,429		376,736
655,265	 832,604		2,228,193		442,176
4,121	 		64,988		44,334
10 704	44.750		20.000		04.400
12,734	14,756		38,986 923		24,436 368
			12,420		6,671
85,165			143,791		28,133
			5,726		749
			2,158 109		10,506
301			7,204		4,398
			3,248		3,122
95,100	 		95,100		
193,300	 14,756		309,665		78,383
			542,776		197,674
			33,918		5,121
			19,608		36,359
16			320 417		1,052
20,458			363,550		260,543
3,562			62,062		46,734
	 38,112		38,112		
24,036	 38,112		1,060,763		547,483
217,336	 52,868		1,370,428		625,866
1,395	 		15,304		22,818
			261,109		319,705
	779,736		779,736		
440,655	 		(133,396)		(481,879
\$ 440,655	\$ 779,736	\$	907,449	\$	(162,174

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION **PROPRIETARY FUNDS** FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

(Expressed in Thousands)

					Business-Type Activities
	Sta Par		H	ntucky Iorse Park	Insurance Administration
Operating Revenues:					
Charges for sales and services: State parks sales and services	\$	52,503	\$		\$
Horse park admissions and sales	φ	52,505	φ	11,488	φ
Insurance receipts				11,400	118.189
Unemployment insurance receipts					110,100
Internal service fund receipts					
Other services		1,012			739
Total Operating Revenues		53,515		11,488	118,928
i otali oporating i toronato		00,010		,	1.0,020
perating Expenses:					
ersonal services		86,187		9,085	27,715
ilities, rental, and other services		16,364		4,061	4,306
mmodities and supplies		20,188		1,787	467
ants and subsidies				31	
preciation and amortization		13,045		4,441	374
avel		173		13	318
einsurance expense					
aims expense		53		6	49,600
aims adjustment expense					2,106
her expenses		1,770			4
Total Operating Expenses		137,780		19,424	84,890
Operating Income (Loss)		(84,265)		(7,936)	34,038
phoperating Revenues (Expenses):					
ain (loss) on sale of capital assets		(1,289)		(73)	(71)
erest and other investment income				()	28,483
crease (decrease) in fair value of investments					
erest expense		(1,238)		(41)	
ner revenues (expenses)					91,554
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		(2,527)		(114)	119,966
come (Loss) before Capital Contributions					
and Transfers		(86,792)		(8,050)	154,004
pital contributions					
ansfers in		46,732		2,672	2,096
ansfers out		(975)		(39)	(26,320)
Change in Net Position		(41,035)		(5,417)	129,780
t Position at July 1, As Restated		(41,969)		74,803	(429,104)
t Position at June 30	\$	(83,004)	\$	69,386	\$ (299,324)

=

nterprise Funds Kentucky Public Employees	Unemployment	Totals	Governmental Activities- Internal Service
Health Plan	Compensation	June 30, 2019	Funds
	\$	\$ 52,503	¢
	ð	\$ 52,503 11,488	\$
1,822,296		1,940,485	
1,022,200	372,186	372,186	
	,	,	238,030
		1,751	41,45
1,822,296	372,186	2,378,413	279,493
.,,			
9,760		132,747	101,18
908		25,639	51,11
336		22,778	98,93
	288,744	288,775	3,63
		17,860	25,77
7		511	13
			1,01
1,634,144		1,683,803	54,50
		2,106	9
167,671	11	169,456	
1,812,826	288,755	2,343,675	336,39
9,470	83,431	34,738	(56,90
		(1,433)	13,25
13,330	13,105	54,918	66
10,000	10,100	01,010	
		(1,279)	(1,07
20		91,574	(1)21
13,350	13,105	143,780	12,85
22,820	96,536	178,518	(44,04
22,020	00,000	110,010	(++,0+
28		51,528	93
(135,141)	(4,944)	(167,419)	(3,57
(112,293)	91,592	62,627	(46,68
552,948	688,144	844,822	(115,49
440,655	\$ 779,736	\$ 907,449	\$ (162,17

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (Expressed in Thousands)

					Busines	s-Type Activities
		State Parks	F	ntucky Iorse Park		surance inistration
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Cash received from customers - public	\$	52,074	\$	10,759	\$	115,352
Cash received from customers - state	φ	52,074	Φ	72	Ψ	1,314
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(23,359)		(5,347)		(4,768)
Cash payments for employee salaries and benefits		(68,799)		(7,583)		(23,635)
ash payments for claims expense		(54)		(6)		(64,152)
ash payments from other sources		760		.,		(8)
ash payments to other sources		(1,770)				(6,778)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		(41,148)		(2,105)		17,325
ash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities						
ransfers from other funds		46,732		2,672		2,096
ansfers to other funds		(975)		(39)		(26,320)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities		45,757		2,633		(24,224)
ash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities						
cquisition and construction of capital assets		(3,213)		(116)		(443)
incipal paid on revenue bond maturities and equipment contracts		(1,772)		(353)		
erest paid on revenue bonds and equipment contracts		(1,238)		(41)		
oceeds from the sale of capital assets		16		4		
Net Cash Provided (Used) for Capital and Related Financing Activities		(6,207)		(506)		(443)
sh Flows from Investing Activities						
rchase of investment securities				(224)		(332,781)
pceeds from the sale of investment securities		1,767				275,784
erest and dividends on investments						16,004
let Cash Provided (Used) in Investing Activities		1,767		(224)		(40,993)
Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		169		(202)		(48,335)
sh and Cash Equivalents at July 1				778		137,587
sh and Cash Equivalents at June 30	\$	169	\$	576	\$	89,252
conciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash						
Provided by Operating Activities:	•	(04.005)	•	(7.000)	<u>,</u>	04.000
erating income (loss)	\$	(84,265)	\$	(7,936)	\$	34,038
justments to reconcile operating income to						
net cash provided (used) by operating activities:		12 045		4 4 4 4		374
Depreciation and amortization Miscellaneous nonoperating income (expense)		13,045		4,441		(7,203)
Change in assets and liabilities:						(7,203)
(Increase) decrease in assets:						
Receivables, net		(336)		(497)		(819)
Interfund receivables		(23)		(16)		(010)
Inventories		6		6		
Prepaid expenses		7		-		
Other assets						68
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows		15,301		1,806		
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:						
Accounts payable		2,436		1,006		3,694
Interfund payables		10,744		(50)		653
Claims liability						(426)
Claims adjustment liability						(14,314)
Compensated absences		42		5		2,106
Unearned revenue		(323)		(145)		(171)
Pension liability		3,348		(1,136)		(447)
OPEB liability		(2,922)		(629)		3,023
Other liabilities		4 700		4.040		(873)
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	1,792 (41,148)	\$	1,040 (2,105)	\$	(2,378) 17,325
ncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities						
ange in fair value of investments	\$		\$		\$	15.297
pital assets acquired through leases	¥		÷	(9)	*	(197,473)
Total Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities	\$		\$	(9)	\$	(182,176)
retar remeasin investing, Capital, and Elitationly Activities	Ψ		Ψ	(3)	Ŷ	(102,170)

Enterprise Funds			Governmental
Kentucky			Activities -
Public			Internal
Employees Health Plan	Unemployment Compensation	Totals June 30, 2019	Service Funds
nealth han	Compensation	5011C 50, 2015	1 41143
\$ 192,131	\$ 270,845	\$ 641,161	\$ 65,460
1,490,756		1,492,142	213,887
(4,149) (4,605)		(37,623) (104,622)	(139,436) (95,346)
(1,719,763)		(1,783,975)	(55,863)
126,123	8,567	135,442	2,720
	(288,872)	(297,420)	(794)
80,493	(9,460)	45,105	(9,372)
28		51,528	938
(135,141)	(4,944)	(167,419)	(3,573)
(135,113)	(4,944)	(115,891)	(2,635)
		(3,772)	(35,919)
		(2,125)	(33,919) (9,899)
		(1,279)	(1,062)
		20	501
		(7,156)	(46,379)
		(333,005)	(384)
		277,551	4,762
89,921	13,105	119,030	665
89,921	13,105	63,576	5,043
35,301	(1,299)	(14,366)	(53,343)
437,794 \$ 473,095	5,804 \$ 4,505	581,963 \$ 567,597	115,151 \$ 61,808
•	•	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• 01,000
\$ 9,470	\$ 83,431	\$ 34,738	\$ (56,905)
		17,860 (7,203)	25,779
(11,983)	1,118	(12,517)	149
		(39)	1,873
		12	208
(116)	(102.450)	(109)	
535	(102,458)	(102,390) 17,642	13,915
(3,310)	5,031	8,857	6,528
(5,692)		11,347 (6,118)	6,726 2,006
(0,002)		(14,314)	2,000
22		2,175	(320)
(754)		(639)	2,995
(754) (455)		1,011 (983)	(10,371) (5,956)
91,000	3,418	93,545	(0,000)
1,776 \$ 80,493	\$ (9,460)	2,230 \$ 45,105	3,904 \$ (9,372)
¥ 00,493	φ (3,400)	φ 40,100	ψ (9,372)
\$	\$	\$ 15,297	\$
\$	\$	(197,482) \$ (182,185)	(46,497) \$ (46,497)
<u> </u>	Ŧ	+ (,	+ (, 101)

FIDUCIARY FUNDS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Pension (and Other Post Employment Benefit) Trust Funds account for monies received for and expenses incurred by the various public employee retirement systems administered by the Commonwealth. Kentucky uses the following pension (and other post employment benefit) trust funds:

Kentucky Employees Retirement System County Employees Retirement System Judicial Retirement Plan State Police Retirement System Kentucky Teachers Retirement System Legislators Retirement Plan Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority

Agency Funds account for monies held by the Commonwealth for custodial purposes only. Kentucky uses the following agency funds:

Commonwealth Choice Program County Fees Trust Fund Special Deposit Trust Fund Coal Workers' Pneumoconiosis Fund

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION ALL FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

(Expressed in Thousands)

	Pension (and Other Post Employment Benefit) Trust Funds	Agency Funds	
Assets	* 4 000 407	*	000 045
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 5)	\$ 1,820,487	\$	269,315 13,982
Investments, net of amortization (Note 5) Pension trust fund investments (Note 5):			13,902
Corporate and government bonds	17,062,361		
Common stocks	17,931,130		
Alternatives	1,461,576		
Derivatives	(1,280)		
Real estate	1,968,958		
Other	3,361,463		
Invested security collateral	499,894		349,450
Receivables, net	818,570		92,537
Prepaid expenses	67		
Capital assets, net	16,764		
Total Assets	44,939,990		725,284
Liabilities			
Investments - accounts payable	480,347		
Accounts payable	28,519		167,776
Amounts held in custody for others			208,058
Obligations under securities lending	499,894		349,450
Total Liabilities	1,008,760		725,284
Net Position			
Restricted for:			
Pension and other post employment benefits	43,931,230		
Total Net Position	\$ 43,931,230	\$	

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION ALL FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (Expressed in Thousands)

	Pension (and Other Post Employment Benefit) Trust Funds
Additions	
Contributions:	
Employer	\$ 3,297,868
Member	920,087
Non-Employer	9
Total Contributions	4,217,964
Other Contributions:	
Participant fees	8,003
Other receipts	130,994
Total Other Contributions	138,997
Investment income:	
Net increase (decrease) in fair value	
of investments	1,634,606
Interest	615,323
Dividends	319,825
Real estate operating income, net	28,403
Securities lending income, net	30,155
Total Investment Income	2,628,312
Less: Investment expense	199,683
Less: Securities lending expense	24,555
Net Investment Income	2,404,074
Total Additions	6,761,035
Deductions	
Benefit payments	4,480,501
Refunds	65,163
Administrative expenses	62,748
Self funding insurance costs	6,224
Healthcare premiums subsidies	374,372
Other deductions, net	163,674
Total Deductions	5,152,682
Change in Net Position	1,608,353
Net Position - Restricted for Pension	
and Other Post Employment Benefits	40.000 077
Net Position at July 1 Net Position at June 30	42,322,877 \$ 43,931,230
INELF USILIUTI AL JUTE JU	ə 43,931,230

COMPONENT UNITS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Major Component Units

Kentucky Housing Corporation

The Kentucky Housing Corporation was authorized under KRS Chapter 198A in 1972 to increase the supply of housing for persons of lower income by making and participating in insured construction loans. The Corporation also makes and participates in insured mort-gage loans when financing is not available from private lenders under reasonable equivalent terms and conditions.

Kentucky Higher Education Student Loan Corporation

The Kentucky Higher Education Student Loan Corporation was empowered by KRS Chapter 164A to finance state and federally insured loans to students attending eligible post secondary institutions through direct loans to students and the purchase of student loans from lenders.

Kentucky Lottery Corporation

The Kentucky Lottery Corporation, empowered by KRS 154A, administers the Kentucky State Lottery and operates pursuant to amended section 226 of the Constitution of Kentucky as ratified by voters of the Commonwealth.

Kentucky Public Transportation Infrastructure Authority (KPTIA)

The Kentucky Public Transportation Infrastructure Authority is an independent de jure municipal corporation and political subdivision of the Commonwealth established in 2009 pursuant to KRS Chapter 175B as amended. The authority reviews, approves and monitors certain significant transportation projects. The projects are within the Commonwealth and between the Commonwealth and other states.

Universities, Colleges, and Related Entities

The Universities, Colleges, and Related Entities account for all transactions relating to the eight State-supported universities and the system of community colleges and technical schools. These institutions maintain their own financial records and are not part of the central accounting system operated by the Finance and Administration Cabinet. The major component units-universities, colleges, and related entities are:

University of Kentucky University of Louisville Kentucky Community and Technical College System

Non-Major Component Units

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION COMPONENT UNITS JUNE 30, 2019 (Expressed in Thousands)

	Universities, Colleges, and Related Entities							
	University of Kentucky			University of	K Co and	Centucky ommunity I Technical	I	Centucky Housing
Assets	Ken	tucky		Louisville	Coll	ege System	Co	orporation
Current assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 5)	\$	554,775	\$	200,922	\$	234,251	\$	96,957
Restricted cash (Note 5)								
Investments, net of amortization (Note 5)		4,107		150,905				75,985
Accounts receivable, net		413,546		240,760		35,913		5,884
Interest receivable		2,052		40.004				
Inventories		47,904		18,394				
Prepaid expenses		14,286		14,917		2 166		70 540
Other current assets Total Current Assets		1,162		7,059 632,957		3,166 273,330		72,540 251,366
Total Guiteni Assets		1,037,632		032,937		273,330		251,300
Noncurrent assets:								
Restricted cash (Note 5)		266,016		2,152		95,960		
Long-term investments (Note 5)		69,066		808,838		17,393		228,646
Restricted long-term investments (Note 5)		1,675,417		47,142		66,580		
Long-term receivables, net		405,966		61,098		2,308		490,216
Capital assets (Note 6):								
Land		91,328		98,364		31,388		1,089
Improvements other than buildings		361,890		33,135		23,916		
Buildings		3,969,105		1,620,548		906,933		5,741
Machinery and equipment		667,046		345,491		155,125		3,876
Infrastructure		100.010		004.045		00.005		
Other capital assets		168,848		294,015		88,985		
Easements and other intangibles		208,145		22,662		308		
Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization		(2,150,222)		(1,117,779)		(533,066)		(7,252)
Construction in progress		127,632		20,973		68,997		(7,252)
								2 454
Total Capital Assets		3,443,772		1,317,409		742,586		3,454
Other assets		5,149		110,003		23,982		6,384
Total Noncurrent Assets, Net		5,865,386		2,346,642		948,809		728,700
Total Assets		6,903,218		2,979,599		1,222,139		980,066
Deferred outflows of resources (Note 16)		38,317		8,080		41,289		16,045
Liabilities								
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable and accruals		259,754		167,982		20,840		18,501
Current portion of long-term debt:				,				
Notes payable (Note 16)		792		37,153				29,000
Bonds payable (Note 16)		48,719		16,770				22,110
Capital lease obligations (Note 11)(Note16)		7,781		8,679		8,929		
Compensated absences (Note 16)(Note 17)		905		22,486		925		
Claims liability (Note 16)				150,469				
Prize liability (Note 16)								
Unearned revenues		145,607		53,564		11,936		
Payable from restricted assets								
Other current liabilities		26,994		19,803		3,635		76,271
Total Current Liabilities		490,552		476,906		46,265		145,882
Noncurrent liabilities:								
Notes payable (Note 16)		17,295		100,641				
Bonds payable (Note 16)		1,055,169		240,244				394,412
Capital lease obligations (Note 11)(Note 16)		75,822		24,640		157,344		,
Prize liability (Note 16)								
Compensated absences (Note 16)(Note 17)		5,315				8,327		
Net pension liability (Note 8) (Note 16)						250,580		106,832
Net OPEB liability (Note 9) (Note 16)		236,927		64,730		55,953		18,604
Other long-term liabilities		340,158		38,207				14,162
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		1,730,686		468,462		472,204		534,010
Total Liabilities		2,221,238		945,368		518,469		679,892
Deferred inflows of resources (Note 16)		541,744		82,128		182,188		2,767
Net Position								
Net investment in capital assets		1,909,624		868,843		585.721		3,454
Restricted for:		.,,		300,040		000,721		0,404
Debt service		1,069		20,835				236,062
Capital projects		74,027		4,693		52,136		200,002
Other purposes (Note 1)		1,087,173		756,633		126,331		27,447
Unrestricted		1,106,660		309,179		(201,417)		46,489
Total Net Position	\$	4,178,553	\$	1,960,183	\$	562,771	\$	313,452
	<u> </u>	, .,	<u> </u>	,,	-	,	<u> </u>	,

	Authorities			
Kentucky Higher Education Student Loan Corporation	Kentucky Lottery Corporation	Kentucky Public Transportation Infrastructure Authority	Non-Major Component Units	All Component Units Totals June 30, 2019
\$ 18,516	\$ 28,547	\$	\$ 509,705	\$ 1,643,673
• 10,010	2,600	÷	22,874	25,474
	1,623	116,620	316,257	665,49
103	37,269	9,266	224,404	967,14
25,639			2,123	29,81
			6,595	72,89
638	45		12,955	42,84
136,812	718		74,864	296,32
181,708	70,802	125,886	1,169,777	3,743,65
400,000			404,000	050 70
102,232	0.128		184,368	650,72
8,909	9,138		229,909 457,518	1,371,89 2,246,65
871,052			1,105,916	2,240,05
071,002			1,105,510	2,000,000
	423		203,312	425,90
			273,381	692,322
	8,111		3,746,227	10,256,66
9,408	8,873	1 0 10 000	541,938	1,731,75
004		1,043,390	101.005	1,043,39
904		66,524	121,065	673,81 297,63
(10.012)	(11, 690)			(5.000.55)
(10,013)	(11,680)		(2,062,539) 138,978	(5,892,55 ⁻ 356,580
299	5,727	1,109,914	2,962,362	9,585,523
200	6,127	1,100,014	18,413	170,058
982,492	20,992	1,109,914	4,958,486	16,961,42
1,164,200	91,794	1,235,800	6,128,263	20,705,079
16,975	31,734	1,233,000	292,720	413,420
10,070			232,720	
2,800	4,981	20,946	107,063	602,867
116,602		1,000	5,000	189,54
		555	68,088	156,24
0.045	207		9,836	35,22
2,315	207		21,455	48,29 150,46
	38,268			38,26
	30,200		62,157	273,26
			3,784	3,78
3,460	16,956		25,021	172,14
125,177	60,412	22,501	302,404	1,670,09
199,761		450,200	13,926	781,82
671,695		320,284	772,918	3,454,72
	11 622		504,326	762,133
	11,623 1,328		817	11,62 15,78
115,638	1,320		1,452,440	1,925,49
20,136			278,723	675,073
414			77,964	470,90
1,007,644	12,951	770,484	3,101,114	8,097,55
1,132,821	73,363	792,985	3,403,518	9,767,65
15,928			708,631	1,533,38
200	E 707	450 404	4 740 400	F F70 00
299	5,727	456,184	1,748,439	5,578,29
130,141			573	388,68
			116,405	247,26
6 0 5 0			1,864,942	3,869,37
6,852	10 70 /	(10 000)	(1 101 505)	
(104,865) \$ 32,427	12,704 \$ 18,431	(13,369) \$ 442,815	(1,421,525) \$ 2,308,834	(266,14 \$ 9,817,46

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES COMPONENT UNITS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (Expressed in Thousands)

	Universities, Colleges, and Related Entities						
_	Universit of Kentucky		University of Louisville	Co and	centucky ommunity Technical College System	F	entucky lousing rporation
Expenses: Operating and other expenses	\$ 3,4 ⁻	14,730 \$	1,849,986	\$	514,547	\$	281,734
Total Expenses	3,4	14,730	1,849,986		514,547		281,734
Program Revenues:							
Charges for services	2,62	25,449	1,470,007		110,557		103,548
Operating grants and contributions	43	39,302	105,840		101,510		199,375
Capital grants and contributions		71,570					
Total Program Revenues	3,13	36,321	1,575,847		212,067		302,923
let Program (Expense) Revenue	(2)	78,409)	(274,139)		(302,480)		21,189
eneral Revenues:							
Unrestricted grants and contributions	1:	34,491	298,447		368,252		
Unrestricted investment earnings	2	25,712	36,107		10,225		
Gain on sale of capital assets			35,500		1,198		
Miscellaneous general Transfers	33	31,249	(8,133)		18,458		
Total General Revenues	49	91,452	361,921		398,133		
Change in Net Position	2	13,043	87,782		95,653		21,189
let Position at July 1, As Restated (Note 2)	3,96	65,510	1,872,401		467,118		292,263
Net Position at June 30	\$ 4,1	78,553 \$	1,960,183	\$	562,771	\$	313,452

		Authorities							
l Ec Stud	entucky Higher ducation dent Loan rporation	Kentucky Lottery Corporation	Tra Int	Kentucky Public Transportation Infrastructure Authority		Public Transportation Infrastructure		Non-Major component Units	All omponent Units Totals ne 30, 2019
	37,960	\$ 846,482	\$	12,082	\$	1,626,994	\$ 8,584,515		
	37,960	846,482		12,082		1,626,994	 8,584,515		
	26,413	1,129,544		51,885		799,479 378,362 8,332	6,316,882 1,224,389 79,902		
	26,413	1,129,544		51,885		1,186,173	 7,621,173		
	(11,547)	283,062		39,803		(440,821)	 (963,342		
		(283,611 483 201		399 (34,669)		594,784 27,363 (2,089) 6,393 5,786	1,112,762 65,221 34,609 348,168 5,786		
		(282,927)	(34,270)		632,237	 1,566,546		
	(11,547)	135		5,533		191,416	 603,204		
	43,974	18,296		437,282		2,117,418	9,214,262		
	32,427	\$ 18,431	\$	442,815	\$	2,308,834	\$ 9,817,466		



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

INDEX FOR NOTES

_

TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1	Significant Accounting Policies	
Note 2	Changes in Accounting Principles, Reporting Practices, and Prior-Period Adjustments	69
Note 3	Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability	70
Note 4	Disaggregation of Accounts Payable and Accounts Receivable	71
Note 5	Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments, Cash, and Investments	73
Note 6	Capital Assets	
Note 7	Interfund Transactions	
Note 8	Pension Plans	
Note 9	Other Postemployment Benefits	
Note 10	Employee Benefit Plan	
Note 11	Lease Obligations	
Note 12	Risk Management	129
Note 13	Risk Pool	130
Note 14	Defeasance of Long-Term Debt	
Note 15	Related Organizations	134
Note 16	Long-Term Obligations	134
Note 17	Commitments and Contingencies	145
Note 18	Subsequent Events	

Note 1

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for state governments as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the use of estimates when determining the effect of future events such as uncollectible receivables, inventory obsolescence, service lives and salvage values of depreciable assets, and periods benefited by a deferred cost. Accounting estimates change as new events occur, as more experience is acquired, or as additional information is obtained.

The financial statements for the Universities, Colleges, and Related Entities Funds have been prepared according to standards established by GASB Statement No. 35.

B. Financial Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, the Commonwealth of Kentucky includes all fund types, departments, and agencies of the Commonwealth, as well as boards, commissions, authorities, corporations, colleges, and universities. These organizational units comprise the reporting entity of the Commonwealth and are reported in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, as amended. Consequently, the reporting entity includes organizations that are not legally separate from the primary government and also those that are legally separate. Organizations not legally separate are reported as part of the primary government. Legally separate organizations are reported as component units if either the Commonwealth is financially accountable for the organization or when exclusion of the organization would cause the Commonwealth's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Component units may be blended or discretely presented. Blended component units are those that either provide services exclusively or almost entirely to the primary government, or their governing bodies are substantively the same as that of the primary government. Amounts related to blended component units are included as if the component units were part of the primary government. All other component units are discretely presented, or shown separately from the primary government.

Audited financial statements are available for the following blended component units: Kentucky Retirement System, Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System, Judicial Form Retirement System, Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority, Turnpike Authority of Kentucky, and Kentucky Wired Infrastructure Company, Inc. Audited financial statements are available for all discretely presented component units except the Kentucky Agricultural Finance Authority, and the Kentucky Grain Insurance Corporation. (See pages 150 and 151 for a complete list of component unit addresses.)

Blended Component Units

The following legally separate organizations provide services entirely or almost entirely to the State or otherwise exclusively, or almost exclusively, that benefit the State, and therefore, these organizations' balances and transactions are reported as though they were part of the State's primary government by using the blending method.

Kentucky Retirement System (KRS 61.645)

The Kentucky Retirement System administers the Kentucky Employees Retirement System, the County Employees Retirement System, and the State Police Retirement System. The board consists of the secretary of the Personnel Cabinet, six members elected by the retirement systems, and ten members appointed by the Governor.

Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System (KRS 161.220)

The Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System is an independent agency and instrumentality of the Commonwealth. It provides pension benefit plan coverage to employees of local school districts and educational agencies of the State. The board includes two ex officio members and seven elected members.

Judicial Form Retirement System (KRS 21.530)

The Judicial Form Retirement System accounts for monies and securities, including contributions and earnings, which will be used to pay benefits to the members of the Legislators Retirement Plan and the Judicial Retirement Plan. The board consists of eight members; three appointed by the Supreme Court, two by the Governor, one by the President of the Senate, one by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and one by the President and Speaker jointly.

Turnpike Authority of Kentucky (KRS 175.430)

The Turnpike Authority is a body corporate and politic. It was created solely to perform essential governmental functions and to serve the public purposes of constructing, acquiring, financing, and operating turnpike and other road projects for the use, safety, convenience and general welfare of the traveling public, by leasing such projects to the Transportation Cabinet. The Governor and six other ex officio members comprise the authority.

Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority (KRS 18A.230 to 18A.275)

The Kentucky Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority administers two deferred compensation plans as authorized by sections 457 and 401(k) of the United States Internal Revenue Code. The plans are defined contribution plans with 998 participating employers. Under provisions of the Plans, employees of the Commonwealth and agencies thereof, including persons in the public school systems, universities, or local governments, are eligible to contribute on a pre-tax basis through payroll deductions. In no event shall the 457, 401(k) or Deemed IRA trust Funds be used for, or diverted to, purposes other than the exclusive benefit of the participants and beneficiaries or in the payment of the expenses of the Plans and Trust. The board includes three ex officio members and four members appointed by the Governor.

KentuckyWired Infrastructure Company, Incorporated

The KentuckyWired Infrastructure Company, Inc. (KWIC) was formed as a nonprofit corporation operating in the state of Kentucky. It was formed to finance the "Next Generation Kentucky Information Highway project (NGKIH). NGKIH will provide reliable, high-speed internet access across Kentucky, connecting key public sites and promoting economic development. The board consists of three members appointed by the Governor.

Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission (KRS 157.617)

This commission is an independent corporate agency and instrumentality of the Commonwealth. The purpose of the commission is to assist local school districts in meeting the school construction needs of the Commonwealth in a manner that will ensure an equitable distribution of funds based upon unmet needs. One ex officio member and eight members appointed by the Governor comprise the commission.

Administrative Entities

The State Property and Buildings Commission, Kentucky Asset/ Liabilities Commission, Kentucky Tobacco Settlement Trust Corporation, Kentucky Gas Pipeline Authority, and the Board of Agriculture are legally separate entities of an administrative nature. They are comprised of elected and appointed officials from various state agencies, and have no cost associated with them. Therefore, there is no separate presentation for these entities.

State Property and Buildings Commission (KRS 56.450)

This commission is a public body corporate that issues all revenue bonds for state agencies, unless those agencies are specifically authorized by other provisions of the Kentucky Revised Statutes to issue bonds. The commission is composed of six ex officio members.

Kentucky Asset/Liability Commission (KRS 56.861)

This commission is a public body corporate that takes a comprehensive view of the Commonwealth's finances and develops policies and strategies to minimize the impact of fluctuating revenue receipts and interest rates on the Commonwealth's interest-sensitive assets and liabilities. The commission consists of five ex officio members.

Kentucky Tobacco Settlement Trust Corporation (KRS 248.480)

The Kentucky Tobacco Settlement Trust Corporation is a public body corporate that performs essential governmental and public functions by assisting in the implementation of the national tobacco grower settlement trust agreement. The board of directors is comprised of five ex officio members and nine members appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Representatives.

Kentucky Gas Pipeline Authority (KRS 353.752)

This authority is a body corporate and politic to provide a financing mechanism for projects that will increase severance tax revenue for Kentucky, create jobs for Kentuckians, and create a competitive advantage in environmentally responsible development. The authority consists of nine members: the secretary of the Finance and Administration Cabinet, the secretary of the Tourism, Arts and Heritage Cabinet, the secretary of the Environmental and Public Protection Cabinet, a member designated by the Kentucky Society of Professional Engineers, a member designated by the Kentucky Gas Association, a citizen member appointed by the Governor, and two legislative members.

Board of Agriculture (KRS 246.120)

This board is a body corporate that acts as an advisory board to the Commissioner of Agriculture, aids in the collection of information concerning crops, promulgates industrial information, and acts as an immigration committee. The board consists of five ex officio members and nine citizens of the Commonwealth appointed by the Governor.

Discretely Presented Component Units

The component unit column in the combined financial statements includes the data of the discretely presented component units described below. The component units are legally separate entities. However, there is a financial interdependence or the primary government controls the selections of the board and operations. They are reported together in a separate column to reflect that they are legally separate, but their interdependence requires that they be included as part of the reporting entity.

Kentucky Public Transportation Infrastructure Authority (KRS 175B.15)

This authority is an independent de jure municipal corporation and political subdivision of the Commonwealth. The authority reviews, approves, and monitors certain significant transportation projects within the Commonwealth and between the Commonwealth and other states. If necessary, the authority can assist with the operation, financing and management of those projects. The authority consists of eleven voting members: the secretary of the Transportation Cabinet (Chair), the secretary of the Finance and Administration Cabinet (Vice Chair), one representative from the Kentucky Association of Counties, one representative from the Kentucky County Judges/Executive Association, one representative from the Kentucky League of Cities, and six citizens at-large. A financial benefit/burden exists between the Commonwealth and the authority.

Kentucky River Authority (KRS 151.710)

The Kentucky River Authority possesses the corporate powers that distinguish it as being legally separate from the Commonwealth. The authority is charged with developing comprehensive plans for the management of the Kentucky River Basin. The Governor appoints the twelve members of this authority. A financial benefit/burden exists between the Commonwealth and the authority.

Kentucky Housing Corporation (KRS 198A.030)

The Housing Corporation is a body corporate and politic that performs essential governmental and public functions in improving and promoting the health and welfare of the citizens of the Commonwealth by the production of residential housing in Kentucky. The board of directors consists of six ex officio members and eight members appointed by the Governor. The Commonwealth has the ability to impose its will since it may appoint, hire, reassign, or dismiss management responsible for operations.

Kentucky Higher Education Student Loan Corporation (KHESLC) (KRS 164A.050)

KHESLC is a body corporate and politic created to perform essential governmental and public functions and purposes in improving and promoting the educational opportunities of the citizens of the Commonwealth. The Corporation is governed by board of directors appointed by the Governor, as prescribed in KRS 164A.050. The Commonwealth provides operating support to the Corporation, creating a financial benefit/burden relationship.

Bluegrass State Skills Corporation (KRS 154.12-205)

This corporation attempts to improve and promote employment opportunities of the Commonwealth's citizens by assisting the Kentucky Cabinet for Economic Development in creating and expanding programs offering skills, training, and education. The board of directors consists of six ex officio members and twelve members appointed by the Governor. The Commonwealth has the ability to impose its will and there also exists a financial benefit/burden relationship.

Kentucky State Fair Board (KRS 247.090)

This board is a body corporate that accounts for revenues earned and expenses incurred in the commercial operations of the State Fair Board. Three ex officio members and twelve members appointed by the Governor make up the fifteen-member board. The Commonwealth has the ability to impose its will and there also exists a financial benefit/burden relationship.

Kentucky Center for the Arts Corporation (KRS 153.410)

The Center for the Arts is a body corporate created by the General Assembly to promote the growth and development of the arts, convention trade, tourism and hotel industries within Jefferson County and the Commonwealth. The board consists of fifteen members appointed by the Governor. The Commonwealth provides significant operating support to the corporation, creating a financial benefit/burden relationship.

Kentucky Authority for Educational Television (KET) (KRS 168.030)

KET is a public body corporate and politic that prescribes and enforces regulations governing the use of educational television and television facilities and related functions. KET also produces and transmits educational television programs. The authority consists of nine members. The Governor appoints five of these members. The board elects a liaison between the authority and the Department of Education on matters of curriculum. The Council on Postsecondary Education elects a representative of the University of Kentucky and a representative of the other state universities. The authority's members elect a chairman. A component unit of KET is the Kentucky Educational Television Foundation. The foundation is a non-profit Kentucky corporation that receives, holds, and administers gifts and grants in the name of and with the approval of the authority. The Commonwealth provides significant operating support to the authority, creating a financial benefit/burden relationship.

Kentucky Economic Development Finance Authority (KED-FA) (KRS 154.20-010)

KEDFA possesses the corporate powers necessary to distinguish it as legally separate from the Commonwealth. It was established to assist business enterprises in obtaining financial resources in order to promote the Commonwealth's long-term economic growth. The Kentucky Economic Development Partnership board appoints the five members of this authority. Additionally, other component units of the authority include the Kentucky Industrial Development Authority, the Kentucky Industrial Revitalization Authority, the Kentucky JOBS Development Authority, and the Kentucky Mortgage Insurance and Guarantee Corporation. The financial statements of the component units are combined with those of the authority. Commonwealth funds may be used for operating support to the authority, creating a financial benefit/burden relationship.

Kentucky Higher Education Assistance Authority (KHEAA) (KRS 164.742)

This authority is a body corporate and politic that operates to improve the higher education opportunities of persons who are attending or planning to attend eligible institutions by insuring eligible student loans. The authority is governed by a board of directors consisting of fifteen members appointed by the governor. KHEAA also oversees the Kentucky Educational Savings Plan Trust and the Commonwealth Postsecondary Education Prepaid Trust Fund, also known as Kentucky's Affordable Prepaid Tuition (KAPT), both of which are component units of KHEAA. Commonwealth funds are appropriated for program and operating support to the authority, creating a financial benefit/burden relationship.

Kentucky Council on Postsecondary Education (KRS 164.011)

This council was established in 1997 under the direction of the Kentucky Postsecondary Education Improvement Act. The board consists of sixteen members: thirteen citizens appointed by the Governor, one faculty member, one student, and the commissioner of education. This council coordinates change and improvement in Kentucky's postsecondary education system. This council strives to increase literacy, improve work-related skills, and to raise the number of students attending college and completing college degrees. The Commonwealth provides significant operating support to the council, creating a financial benefit/burden relationship.

Kentucky Infrastructure Authority (KRS 224A.030)

This authority is a body corporate and politic created to perform essential governmental functions and to serve the local public agencies of the Commonwealth with respect to the construction and acquisition of infrastructure projects. The board consists of five ex officio members and five members appointed by the Governor. The Commonwealth provides significant operating support to the authority, creating a financial benefit/burden relationship.

Kentucky Agricultural Finance Corporation (KAFC) (KRS 247.944)

KAFC is a corporation that seeks to improve and promote the health and general welfare of the Commonwealth's people through the advancement of agriculture. The board of directors consists of three ex officio members and nine members appointed by the Governor. The Commonwealth provides significant operating support to the corporation, creating a financial benefit/burden relationship.

Kentucky Grain Insurance Corporation (KGIC) (KRS 251.620)

KGIC is a body politic created to promote the Commonwealth's welfare by improving the economic stability of agriculture and protecting grain producers in the event of a financial failure of a grain dealer or warehouseman. The board of directors consists of four ex officio members and six members appointed by the Commissioner of the Department of Agriculture. The Commonwealth is responsible for any insufficiency of funds to pay claims creating a financial benefit/burden relationship.

Kentucky Local Correctional Facilities Construction Authority (KRS 441.615)

This authority is a body corporate and politic created to provide an additional and alternative method of constructing, reconstructing, improving or repairing, and financing jails and appurtenant facilities for any local government in the Commonwealth. The membership consists of six ex officio members and four members appointed by the Governor. The Commonwealth provides funds, staff assistants, facilities, and materials required by the authority in the conduct of its duties and activities, creating a financial benefit/ burden relationship.

Appalachian/Kentucky Artisans Gateway Center Authority (KRS 148.561) (The Kentucky Artisan Center)

This authority is an independent, de jure municipal corporation and is a body corporate and politic. It is governed by a board of directors consisting of thirteen members. The authority operates and manages the Kentucky Artisan Center at Berea. The Commonwealth provides significant operating support to the authority, creating a financial benefit/burden relationship.

Kentucky Lottery Corporation (KRS 154A.020)

The Kentucky Lottery Corporation is empowered by the Legislature to administer the Kentucky state lottery games. The board of directors is comprised of one ex officio member and seven members appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate. The Kentucky Lottery Corporation provides significant revenues to the Commonwealth, creating a financial benefit/burden relationship.

Kentucky Horse Park Foundation, Incorporated

The Kentucky Horse Park Foundation, Inc., is a legally separate tax-exempt Kentucky corporation that receives, holds, and administers gifts and grants in the name of the Kentucky Horse Park (the Park). Although the Park does not control the timing or amount of receipts from the Foundation, the majority of resources or income thereon that the foundation holds and invests is restricted by the donors to the activities of the Park. The foundation's fiscal year ended May 31, 2019, and amounts included are for the year then ended. The Commonwealth provides significant operating support to the foundation, creating a financial benefit/burden relationship.

Louisville Arena Authority, Incorporated

The Louisville Arena Authority, Inc., was created in 2005 and oversees the financial process of the KFC Yum! Center. The Arena Authority guided the development, financing and construction process of the \$238 million arena. The Arena Authority's fiscal year ended December 31, 2018, and amounts included are for the year then ended. The Governor appoints the majority of the board of directors and due to the TIF arrangement: the Commonwealth has created a financial benefit/burden relationship.

Universities, Colleges, and Related Entities (KRS 164.350)

Each board of regents or board of trustees is appointed by the Governor, and constitutes a body corporate with the power to receive and administer revenue and property. Commonwealth funds are appropriated for program and operating support to these entities, creating a financial benefit/burden relationship.

C. Government-Wide Financial Statements

Government-Wide Financial Statements - The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities report information on all governmental and business-type activities of the primary government and its non-fiduciary component units. Governmental activities are generally characterized by their use of taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues as funding sources. Business-type revenues come mostly from fees charged to external parties for goods or services. Fiduciary funds and fiduciary component units are not included in government-wide financial statements due to the unavailability of fiduciary funds to aid in the support of government programs.

The government-wide statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary, pension, and other employee benefit trust fund financial statements. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues once provider-imposed eligibility requirements have been met.

The **Statement of Net Position** presents the reporting entity's nonfiduciary assets and liabilities with the difference between the two shown as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- (1) **Net investment in capital assets**, consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and further reduced by debt net of cash balances, for debt related to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- (2) **Restricted net position** result from constraints placed on net position by creditors, grantors, contributors, and other external parties, including those constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- (3) **Unrestricted net position** are those net position that do not meet the definition of restricted net position or invested in capital assets.

When restricted assets and unrestricted assets are both available for a particular purpose, the Commonwealth's objective is to use any restricted funds first, since unrestricted funds are available for any purpose and provide for greater financial flexibility. If the rules governing restricted assets are met, restricted assets may be the only funds used. However, there may be instances in which restricted funds may only be spent in proportion to unrestricted funds spent. Assets shown as restricted for "other purposes" for the Major Component Units are as follows:

Restricted Net Position

(Expressed in Thousands)

Restricted for Other Purposes:	 Major Component Units
Loans Education Instruction	\$ 57,123 187,370 154,036
Scholarships and Fellowships Research	839,695 766,212
Totals	\$ 2,004,436

A significant feature of the government-wide Statement of Activities is the presentation of each program's net cost. GAAP require the reporting of a program's net cost to indicate how self-sustaining the program is and to reveal the extent of reliance on other governmental units. Net cost is obtained by subtracting program expenses from program revenues. Program expenses are those costs attributable to a particular function including certain indirect costs. GAAP permit both direct and indirect program expenses to be presented together in an "Expenses" column. Therefore, indirect expenses are not specifically identified with individual functions and activities. Program revenues are resources that derive directly from the program itself or from parties outside the government that reduce the total expense of the benefiting functional activity to arrive at the net expense of the activity. The Statement of Activities categorizes program revenues into three groups: charges for goods, services, and other benefits; operating grants and contributions; and capital grants and contributions. Revenues not considered program revenues are classified as general revenues. General revenues include all taxes regardless of type. The sales and gross receipts taxes reflected on the statement of activities for the governmental activities include various taxes that are computed using sales price or gross receipts of the reporting entity. For fiscal year 2019, the total amount of sales and gross receipts tax reported in the government wide statements was \$6,543,315,000 and comprised of:

Sales and Gross Receipts Tax (Expressed in Thousands)

(Expressed in Thousan	usj	
Sales and Use Tax	\$	3,984,753
Motor Fuels Tax		720,218
Motor Vehicles Usage Tax		537,414
Healthcare Provider Tax		291,827
Tobacco Products Tax		391,282
Insurance Premiums Tax		173,129
Limited Liability Entity Tax		210,303
Alcoholic Beverage Tax		147,700
Telecommunications Tax		56,395
Transient Room Tax		15,078
Parimutel and Race Track Admission Tax		15,216
Total Sales and Gross Receipts Tax	\$	6,543,315

D. Fund Financial Statements

Primary Government - The accompanying financial statements are structured into three fund categories including governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. Funds are characterized as either major or non-major. Major funds are those funds whose assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses are at least ten percent of the corresponding total (assets, liabilities, etc.) for all funds of that category or type (governmental or enterprise funds), and whose total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/ expenses are at least five percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined. The Commonwealth's major funds are identified herein.

Governmental Funds

All governmental fund statements are accounted for on the modified accrual basis of accounting and focus on the flow of current financial resources. In accordance with the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the fiscal period. Revenues are considered to be available when they are either collected within the current period or their collection is expected shortly after the end of the current period in time to meet current liabilities. The State generally includes those revenues to be received up to thirty days following the end of the accounting period. Revenues expected to be collected after thirty days beyond the end of the fiscal year are considered unavailable and are reported as deferred inflows. Unearned revenues are reported as amounts received but unearned as of June 30.

Principal revenue sources accounted for on the modified accrual basis include federal grants, sales and use tax, coal severance tax, property tax, departmental fees, income taxes, and interest income. Motor vehicle registration fees and fines and forfeitures are accounted for on the cash basis. Generally and except as otherwise provided by law, property taxes are assessed as of January 1, levied (mailed) September 15, due at discount November 1, due at face value December 31, delinquent January 1 following the assessment, and subject to lien and sale February 1 following the delinquency date.

In governmental funds, where the focus is on the flow of current resources, expenditures are usually recorded at the time liabilities are incurred. Exceptions are: inventories, prepayments, and acquisition of capital assets which are recorded at the time of acquisition; and principal and interest on long-term debt, as well as compensated absences which are recorded as expenditures in the period payment is made.

A description of major governmental funds follows:

General Fund – a major fund that accounts for and reports all financial resources appropriated by the General Assembly which are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds – a category of governmental funds that accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, other than for major capital projects, which are restricted or committed to expenditures for a specific purposes.

Included in this category are such funds as the transportation fund, federal fund, and agency revenue fund.

Transportation Fund – a major fund that accounts for and reports the proceeds of taxes, fees, and charges that are restricted or committed to activities related to the preservation and maintenance of roads.

Federal Fund – a major fund that accounts for and reports monies received from the federal government that are restricted or committed to specific programs and operations.

Agency Revenue Fund – a major fund that accounts for and reports restricted taxes, fees, and charges that are restricted or committed to expenditure for a particular function or activity.

Capital Projects Fund –a major fund that is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned for capital outlay as appropriated by the General Assembly for the acquisition, construction, or renovation of major capital facilities, and for the acquisition of major equipment, other than those financed by proprietary funds and certain trust funds.

Debt Service Fund – a major fund used to account for and report financial resources which are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for the repayment of general long-term obligations principle, interest, and related administrative costs.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds use the full accrual basis of accounting, recognizing revenues and expenses when they occur, regardless of the timing of the cash flows. On the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, the term "expenses" (not "expenditures" as in governmental funds on a modified accrual basis) describes decreases in economic benefits and emphasizes the accrual basis of accounting.

Proprietary funds' revenues and expenses are divided into operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses. Although not specifically defined by GAAP, operating revenues and expenses are considered to be those resources gained and consumed to produce and deliver goods and services that are central to that fund's particular purpose. Other revenues and expenses are classified as nonoperating. Operating and nonoperating expenses are further characterized by object (personal services, depreciation expense, travel expense, etc.).

Enterprise Funds –a category of proprietary funds used to account for those public corporations empowered by the Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS) to provide certain services to the citizens of the Commonwealth and the operations of State agencies that provide goods or services to the general public on a user charge basis. Also included are the operations of the State's risk management pools.

State Parks Fund – a major fund that accounts for revenues earned and expenses incurred in the commercial operations of the Department of Parks.

Kentucky Horse Park Fund – a major fund that accounts for revenues earned and expenses incurred in the commercial operations of the Kentucky Horse Park.

Insurance Administration Fund – a major fund that accounts for insurance risk pools operated by the State, including the Workers' Compensation Special Fund, Petroleum Storage Tank Environmental Assurance Program, Mine Subsidence Insurance Program, and Kentucky Reclamation Guaranty Program.

Kentucky Public Employees Health Plan – a major fund that accounts for the revenues and expenses incurred in the commercial operation of the health insurance program for state employees, boards of education, and quasi-governmental agencies.

Unemployment Compensation Fund – a major fund that accounts for assessed employer contributions collected and related unemployment compensation payments to recipients.

Internal Service Funds – a category of proprietary funds that accounts for financing goods and services provided by one agency of the Commonwealth primarily to other agencies or governments on a cost reimbursement basis. All of the proprietary funds (where the measurement focus is on the flow of economic resources) are accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, revenues are recognized when they are both earned and measurable. Expenses are recognized at the time liabilities are incurred.

Since internal service funds usually exist to support governmental activities, they are normally included as part of the governmental activities reported in the government-wide statements, rather than being presented separately.

Specific activities reported under Internal Service Funds are:

- 1. Management/maintenance of State motor vehicle fleet
- 2. Industrial prison operations
- 3. Rental and maintenance operations for buildings
- 4. Computer and related data processing services
- 5. Printing services
- 6. Fire and tornado insurance programs
- 7. State workers' compensation program
- 8. Transportation Cabinet self-insured workers' compensa tion trust program

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are defined as funds used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and which, therefore, cannot be used to support the government's own programs. This category of funds includes pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, and agency funds. The Commonwealth's fiduciary fund types are described below.

Pension and (Other Post Employment Benefit) Trust Funds – account for monies received for, expenses incurred by, and assets available for plan benefits of the various public employee retirement systems. This fund type also accounts for monies held in deferred compensation plans. Pension Trust Funds are accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting and reported in the same manner as proprietary fund types.

Agency Funds – account for monies held by the Commonwealth for custodial purposes only. Unlike other funds, the agency fund reports assets and liabilities only; therefore, it has no measurement focus. However, the agency fund uses the accrual basis of accounting when recognizing payables and receivables. Specific activities listed under the Commonwealth's Agency Funds are:

- 1. Commonwealth Choice benefit spending accounts
- 2. Special Deposit Trusts holding monies for specific purposes
- 3. County Fees Fund holding monies for Kentucky Counties with a population of 70,000 or more
- 4. Coal Workers' Pneumoconiosis holding monies for Kentucky Employees Mutual Insurance.

As discussed previously, because the fiduciary fund resources are not available to support government programs, fiduciary funds (and component units that are fiduciary in nature) are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Inclusion of these funds would create a misleading view of the government's net position.

E. Presentation of Component Units

Presentation of the underlying fund types of the individual component units (described previously) reported in the discrete column is available from each respective component unit's separately issued financial statements.

The Major Discretely Presented Component Units, including Colleges and Universities are:

Kentucky Community and Technical College System Kentucky Housing Corporation Kentucky Higher Education Student Loan Corporation Kentucky Lottery Corporation Kentucky Public Transportation Infrastructure Authority University of Kentucky University of Louisville

The Non-Major Discretely Presented Component Units, including Universities, Colleges, and Related Entities are:

Bluegrass State Skills Corporation Kentucky Agricultural Finance Corporation Kentucky Artisan Center at Berea Kentucky Center for the Arts Corporation Kentucky Economic Development Finance Authority Kentucky Educational Television Authority Kentucky Grain Insurance Corporation Kentucky Horse Park Foundation Kentucky Higher Education Assistance Authority Kentucky Infrastructure Authority Kentucky River Authority Kentucky State Fair Board Kentucky Council on Postsecondary Education Louisville Arena Authority Eastern Kentucky University Kentucky State University Morehead State University Murray State University Northern Kentucky University Western Kentucky University

The Commonwealth has significant transactions with its component units, primarily in providing operating funds to the universities from the State's general fund. During fiscal year 2019, the primary government provided \$258,495,000 to the University of Kentucky, \$174,572,000 to the Kentucky Community and Technical College System, \$128,930,000 to the University of Louisville, and \$247,290,000 to the Kentucky Higher Education Assistance Authority. The Commonwealth contributed capital in the amount of \$235,000 to the Kentucky Public Transportation Infrastructure Authority. In addition, the State received \$272,786,000 in proceeds from the Kentucky Lottery Corporation.

F. Cash and Cash Equivalents

In addition to amounts held in bank accounts, cash on hand, and imprest cash, this classification includes short-term investments with an original maturity of ninety days or less (from date of purchase). Cash equivalents are generally stated at cost, which approximates market. Deferred Compensation amounts are reported at fair value. Short-term investments classified as cash equivalents at June 30, 2019, are \$2,768,601,000.

G. Investments

This classification includes long-term investments that are stated at fair value. Investments of the Deferred Compensation Plan are reported at fair value. See Note 5 for investment details.

H. Securities Lending

Cash and securities received as collateral on securities lending transactions are reported as assets in the accompanying financial statements. Liabilities resulting from the securities lending transactions are also reported. Certain component units of the state have deposits in the Commonwealth's Investment Pool, which participates in securities lending activities. The component units' position in the pool and related securities lending assets and liabilities are reported in an agency fund.

I. Receivables

Receivables in the Commonwealth's governmental and fiduciary funds primarily consist of Federal revenues, taxes, and interest on investments. Some governmental fund revenues are not susceptible to accrual prior to receipt, including licenses, fees, permits, and similar revenues that are recognized on the cash basis. Receivables in all other funds have arisen in the ordinary course of business. Receivables in the governmental funds are reported net of allowances for uncollectibles. Disaggregation of current accounts receivable and current taxes receivable are shown in Note 4.

J. Interfund Transactions

The Commonwealth has the following types of interfund transactions:

Interfund services provided and used-Charges for services rendered by one fund to another are treated as revenues of the recipient fund and expenditures or expenses of the disbursing fund.

Reimbursements – Reimbursement of expenditures made by one fund for another are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as a reduction of expenditures in the reimbursed fund.

Transfers presented in the fund financial statements represent the flow of assets (such as goods or cash) without equivalent flow of assets in return or requirement of repayment. In addition, transfers are recorded when a fund receiving revenue provides it to the fund that expends the resources.

The composition of the interfund transactions is presented in Note 7. Note that at the entity-wide level, the majority of interfund activity has been eliminated. This is to avoid the "doubling up" of such transactions so that revenues and expenses will not be reported more than once.

Transfers and receivables and payables between governmental activities and business-type activities have not been eliminated. Also, remaining are the results of activities between different functional categories. For example, services provided and used are not eliminated because doing so would misstate the expenses of purchasing function and the program revenues of the selling function.

K. Inventories and Prepaid Expenses

Inventories in the governmental funds and similar trust funds consist of expendable supplies held for consumption, the costs of which are recorded as an expenditure at the time of purchase.

Prepaid expenses, including the prepayment of services to vendors (e.g., prepaid insurance), are recorded similarly in the governmental fund statements.

Reserves of fund balance have been established for the inventory balances for governmental funds. Inventories in the proprietary funds and similar trust funds consist of both expendable supplies held for consumption and the cost of goods held for resale, the costs of which are recorded as an expense as they are used.

Inventories are valued at cost (first-in, first-out, or average cost). In the Governmental Activities column of the government-wide Statement of Net Position, inventory and prepaid expenses are reported as an asset at cost when purchased, then expensed as used.

L. Capital Assets and Depreciation

Included in capital assets are real property, equipment, intangible assets and infrastructure (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items). These are reported in the government-wide statement of net position as governmental or business type activities. Capital assets are expensed at the time of acquisition in the fund financial statements for governmental and similar trust funds.

The policy of the primary government is to capitalize assets when the useful life is greater than one year and the acquisition cost meets the capitalization threshold. The primary government capitalizes all land and infrastructure. Buildings, improvements to land, and equipment are capitalized when the acquisition cost is \$5,000 or greater. Intangible capital assets are capitalized when the cost is \$100,000 or more except software, which has a threshold of \$500,000. Component units establish their own capitalization policy and that policy may vary from that of the primary government.

The Kentucky Historical Society, Kentucky Horse Park, and Kentucky Department of Parks hold and care for the State's historical treasures. Among these are historical clothing; china; furniture and other furnishings; a variety of art and decorative art; political memorabilia; pioneer tools and equipment; guns and similar military artifacts; books, manuscripts, and photographs; musical instruments from Kentucky's musical legends; Native American artifacts; and fossilized bones and prehistory artifacts. These assets are not capitalized or depreciated as the assets could not be valued and have inexhaustible useful lives.

The primary government values capital assets at historical cost, estimated historical cost or acquisition value at the time of donation. The estimate of historical cost for the primary government was based on appraised value as of June 30, 1986, indexed to the date of acquisition.

Assets are depreciated on the straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. The table below shows the useful life by asset type for the primary government. Infrastructure assets are not being depreciated, as the Commonwealth has elected to use the modified approach, as defined by GASB Statement No. 34. As a result, certain maintenance and preservation costs are expensed when incurred. Additions and improvements to infrastructure assets are capitalized when capacity and efficiency has increased.

	Useful Life			
Asset	(Expressed in Years)			
Land improvements	10-60			
Buildings	10-75			
Machinery and equipment	3-25			
Infrastructure	20-40			
Intangibles	2-40			

The Kentucky Center for the Arts Corporation's discretely presented component unit financial statements for fiscal year 2019 do not contain the Center's capital assets. The Finance and Administration Cabinet, Office of Statewide Accounting, Financial Reporting Branch, adjusted the Commonwealth of Kentucky's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report to include the capital assets and depreciation of the Center in order to satisfy GAAP requirements.

M. Governmental Fund Equity

The Commonwealth uses two classifications for governmental fund equity; spendable and nonspendable. The nonspendable classification is further categorized as (a) not in spendable form and (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The spendable classification is categorized as restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

Nonspendable – represents the portion of fund balance that is not in spendable form and therefore cannot be appropriated for future expenditures. Nonspendable includes inventories, prepaid expenses, long term notes and loans receivable, and any funds which are legally or contractually required to remain intact.

Spendable categories – The restricted fund category represents resources that can be spent only for the specific purposes as established by agreements external to state government; contractual agreements, agreements with creditors and grantors, and laws established by other governments. Laws enacted by the Commonwealth also restrict fund balance when both the revenue source and expenditure restrictions are enacted concurrently or in close proximity. The revenue source must be external to state government and the restriction must be legally enforceable; meaning third parties can compel the Commonwealth to comply with the restriction.

The committed fund category represents resources which have been designated to be spent only for specific purposes through legislation passed by the General Assembly and approved by the Governor. Commitment of resources is not enforceable by external parties and the commitment can be removed in much the same way as it was originally committed. Committed funds include current legally enforceable restrictions of previously levied revenue sources.

The assigned fund category represents resources that do not meet the criteria for restricted or committed because the legislation which created the revenue source did not restrict the use of funds to the degree necessary. However, in accordance with KRS 42.0201(4), the state controller, the executive director of the Office of Financial Management, and the state budget director placed these resources in the special revenue funds with the intent of appropriating at a later date.

Unassigned fund balance is the classification for residual spendable fund balance for the general fund. In all other funds, unassigned classification is used to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts have been restricted.

The Commonwealth generally segregates restricted, committed, and assigned resources by account (sub-fund) within the governmental funds, other than the general fund. When resources meeting more than one of these spendable classifications are commingled in an account in the state's accounting system the assumed order of spending is restricted first, committed second, and finally assigned. The classifications of governmental fund balances are shown in the table on pages 66 and 67.

The functional categories are responsible for various activities and a brief description of each follows:

General Government – is comprised of one Cabinet and several Departments and Offices that support the various agencies throughout state government including providing central fiscal management, serving the administrative needs of state agencies, operating state tax process, providing technology support, and providing a statewide audit function. It also includes numerous Boards and Commissions that certifies, licenses, and regulates various professional groups (for example the State Board of Accountancy).

Legislative and Judicial – is comprised of both the Legislative and Judicial Branches of government. The Judicial Branch through its different levels handles all legal disputes affecting the people of the Commonwealth from capital offenses and felonies to land dispute cases to termination of parental rights. The Legislative Branch consists of thirty-eight (38) Senators and one-hundred (100) Representatives. The purpose of the Legislative Branch is to make laws, to determine the duties and services of government, to provide for their execution, and to levy taxes and appropriate funds for the support of government operations.

Commerce – includes the Tourism, Arts and Heritage Cabinet and the Cabinet for Economic Development. The focus is on tourism development and supporting our arts and heritage; in addition to, encouraging job development and retention and new investment in the state.

Education and Humanities – provides life-long educational services through seamless, efficient, and accessible learning opportunities for all Kentucky's citizens, from pre-school to senior citizens. This area assists employers in finding qualified applicants for their job openings, assists job seekers to find employment, provides benefits to ease the financial burden on individuals who are unemployed through no fault of their own, provides assessment, guidance, counseling and job placement services to assist eligible Kentuckians with disabilities achieve their career goals, offers educational assistance, job training, job placement, and assistive technology to Kentuckians with visual disabilities. This area also complies and disseminates a wide range of workforce statistics, including employment, unemployment, and wage information.

Human Resources – is responsible for most of Kentucky's human services and health care programs, including Medicaid, the Department of Community Based Services, and the Department of Public Health. The Cabinet's services include all Medicaid services, protection for vulnerable children and adults, child abuse investigations, foster care applications, child support collections, cash assistance, food stamps, disability determinations, mental health services, health insurance for children, physical health services, and non-emergency transportation.

Justice – is responsible for criminal justice services. These encompass law enforcement activities and training; prevention, education, and treatment of substance abuse; juvenile treatment and detention; adult incarceration; autopsies; death certifications and toxicology analyses; special investigations; paroling of eligible convicted felons; and long range planning and recommendations on statewide criminal justice reform issues.

Natural Resources and Environmental Protection – is responsible for ensuring that natural resources development activities such as agriculture, oil, and gas drilling, and mining are done in an environmentally responsible manner; supporting statewide efforts in developing alternate energy resources and carbon sequestration opportunities; ensuring that the natural resources of Kentucky are protected, managed, and enhanced to provide maximum benefits to the people and economy of the Commonwealth; and coal mining, logging, firefighting, and agriculture activities are performed in a safe manner.

Public Protection and Regulation – is responsible for protecting and enhancing Kentucky's environment. Their functions are to ensure that Kentucky has clean air and safe water, protect human health by enhancing Kentucky's land resources, ensure environmental compliance by all entities, assist entities in achieving environmental compliance, and facilitating environmental stewardship.

Transportation – is responsible for overseeing the development and maintenance of a safe, efficient multi-modal transportation system throughout the Commonwealth. The Cabinet manages more than 27,000 miles of highways, including roughly 20,500 miles of secondary roads, 3,600 miles of primary roads, and more than 1,400 interstate and parkway miles. The Cabinet also provides direction for 300 licensed airports and heliports and oversees all motor vehicle and driver's licensure for more than three million drivers in the Commonwealth.

KRS 45.305 established a budget reserve trust fund account within the general fund. Within thirty days of year end deposits are required to be made at the lesser of : fifty percent (50%) of the general fund surplus or the amount necessary to make the balance equal to five percent (5%) of the actual general fund receipts collected during the fiscal year just ended. Payments to the account are suspended for the current fiscal year when the account balance is equal to or greater than five percent (5%) of the actual general fund receipts collected during the fiscal year just ended. Money in this account may be appropriated by the General Assembly. The budget reserve trust fund had a balance of \$129,077,783 on June 30, 2019.
Constraints on Fund Balance

(Expressed in Thousands)

			Μ	Major Special Revenue Funds							
	General	Tı	ransportation		Federal		Agency				
	Fund		Fund		Fund		Revenue Fund				
Fund Balances:						_					
Nonspendable:											
Inventories	\$ 7,373	\$	58,418	\$	153	\$	2,603				
Long-term receivables							3,593				
Restricted for:											
Government administration							140,471				
Legislative and Judicial							31,185				
Commerce							202,129				
Education							30,668				
Health and human services							97,648				
Environmental and natural resources							27,867				
Justice							43,620				
Public Protection							117,836				
Transportation			485,959								
Debt service											
Committed to:											
Government administration							7,017				
Education							673				
Health and human services							2				
Environmental and natural resources							1,485				
Justice							1,004				
Public Protection							40				
Transportation							8,624				
Assigned to:											
Government administration	42,703						8,580				
Legislative and Judicial	18,854						4,666				
Commerce	2,777						375				
Education	2,812						3,726				
Health and human services							628				
Environmental and natural resources							151				
Justice							1,848				
Public Protection	1,063										
Transportation	6,049						124				
Unassigned	151,129				(33,102)						
Total Fund Balances	\$ 232,760	\$	544,377	\$	(32,949)	\$	736,563				

=

 Capital Projects Fund	 Debt Service Fund	 Total
\$	\$	\$ 68,547 3,593
161,466 3,668 19,008 12,365 13,696 14,575 5,525 1,346		301,937 34,853 221,137 43,033 111,344 42,442 49,145 119,182
29,612	27,570	515,571 27,570 7,017 673 2 1,485 1,004
		40 8,624 51,283 23,520 3,152 6,538 628 151 1,848 1,063 6,173 118,027
\$ 261,261	\$ 27,570	\$ 1,769,582

N. Deferred Outflows/Inflows

GASB Statement No. 63 provides financial reporting guidance relative to deferred outflows of resources, a consumption of net assets by the entity that is applicable to a future reporting period, and a deferred inflow of resources, an acquisition of net assets by the entity that is applicable to a future reporting period. GASB Statement No. 68, GASB Statement No. 71, and GASB Statement No. 75 provide financial reporting guidance relative to deferred inflows/outflows as a result of pension OPEB related transactions.

O. Long-Term Obligations

Long-term liabilities that will be financed from governmental funds are presented in the Governmental Activities column of the government-wide Statement of Net Position. This total reported amount of long-term liabilities includes the following:

1. Payments of principal on revenue bonds which are recorded as expenditures in the Debt Service Fund.

2. Compensated absences including accumulated unpaid vacation and compensatory time accruals. The amount accruing to proprietary funds and pension trust funds has been included in the respective funds when material. The policy of the Commonwealth is to record the cost of annual and compensatory leave. Annual leave is accumulated at amounts ranging from 7.5 to 16.0 hours per month, determined by length of service, with maximum accumulations ranging from 30 to 60 days. The calendar year is the period used for determining accumulated leave. Compensatory leave is granted to authorized employees on an hour-for-hour basis. June 30 estimated liabilities for both annual leave and compensatory leave are summarized in Note 17.

Sick leave for the Primary Government is earned one day per month with unlimited accumulation. All of the qualifying retiring employees' sick leave balances, expressed in months, shall be added to their service credit for the purpose of determining their annual retirement.

There is no liability in the accompanying financial statements for unpaid accumulated sick leave, since it is the Commonwealth's policy to record the cost of sick leave only when paid. See Note 17 for disclosure of the amount of this contingency. The component units have varying policies for compensated absences. Information regarding these policies is available in the audited financial statement of each component unit.

3. Outstanding capital lease obligations for governmental funds.

4. Judgmental and contingent liabilities of governmental funds that will be paid with noncurrent resources.

5. Long-term liabilities of internal service funds.

Long-term obligations generally exclude those amounts reported as expenditures for compensated absences, judgments, contingencies, and employer pension contributions in the governmental funds since these amounts would normally be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

Long-term liabilities of all proprietary and pension trust funds are reported in their individual fund statements. Long-term liabilities of enterprise and internal service funds are also presented in the government-wide Statement of Net Position as a single total in the Business-type Activities and Governmental Activities columns respectively. Fiduciary funds' long-term liabilities are not displayed on the government-wide Statement of Activities.

P. Conduit Debt

This debt may take the form of certain types of limited-obligation revenue bonds, certificates of participation, or similar debt instruments issued to benefit a third party that is not a part of the reporting entity. Although conduit debt obligations bear the Commonwealth's name as issuer, the Commonwealth has no obligation for such debt beyond the resources provided by a lease or loan with the third party on whose behalf it is issued. GAAP allows the State to refrain from reporting the conduit debt and the related asset. Since the State is not legally, morally, or in any other way responsible for the repayment of conduit debt, these items are not included in the financial statements. As of June 30, 2019, the State has \$3,482,517,838 of conduit debt, which is made up of the Kentucky Economic Development Finance Authority with an outstanding bond balance of \$2,949,995,838 and the Kentucky Housing Corporation with an outstanding bond balance of \$532,522,000. The proceeds of which are used to promote the purposes set forth in KRS 103.200 and 103.210.

Q. Pensions

Kentucky has three retirement systems (Systems): Kentucky Retirement Systems, Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky, and Kentucky Judicial Form Retirement System. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Systems and additions to/deductions from the Systems' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

R. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary positions of the Systems (as defined in Q.) and additions to/deductions from the Systems' fiduciary net positions have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Systems. For this purpose, the Plans recognize benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

S. Future Changes in Accounting Standards

As of June 30, 2019, the Governmental in Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued the following statements not yet implemented by the Commonwealth.

GASB Statement No. 84 – Fiduciary Activities. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

The requirements of this statement will clarify when a government has a fiduciary responsibility and is required to present fiduciary fund financial statements. Currently, GASB Statement No. 34 requires governments to report fiduciary activities in fiduciary funds, but that statement does not provide a clear definition of what establishes a fiduciary activity.

GASB Statement No. 87–Leases. The requirements of this statement are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

The requirements of this Statement are to improve accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement will increase the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain asset and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract.

GASB Statement No. 89 – Interest Cost. The requirements of this statement are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

The requirements of this Statement will enhance the relevance of capital asset information and simplify financial reporting. This Statement clarifies the timing of interest cost recognition for construction period costs.

GASB Statement No. 90 – Majority Equity Interests. The requirements of this statement are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2018.

The requirements of this Statement clarify whether a majority equity interest should be reported as an investment or as a component unit and to provide consistent measurement of elements of acquired organizations and 100% equity interests in component units.

Note 2

CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES, REPORTING PRACTICES, AND PRIOR-PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS

The following Accounting Pronouncement was adopted and implemented during the fiscal year.

GASB Statement No. 83 - Certain Asset Retirement Obligations.

This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. A government that has legal obligations to perform future asset retirement activities related to its tangible capital assets should recognize a liability based on the guidance in this Statement.

GASB Statement No. 88 – Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements.

The primary objective of this Statement is to improve the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt.

Governmental Activities: Governmental Activities restated net position due to prior year errors. The effect on net position is an increase of \$985,000.

Business Type Activities: Business Type Activities restated net position due to prior year errors. The effect on net position is a decrease of \$985,000.

Governmental Funds:

General Fund – General Fund restated net position due to prior year errors. The effect on net position is an increase of \$985,000.

Enterprise Service Funds:

Insurance Administration – Insurance Administration restated net position due to prior year errors. The effect on net position is a decrease of \$985,000.

Component Units – Universities, Colleges, and Related Entities:

University of Kentucky – University of Kentucky restated net position due to a new dual reporting / funding model for the university and Alumni Association. The effect on net position is an increase of \$22,218,000.

Note 3

STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. **Governmental Activities** – The Governmental Activities has a net position deficit of \$15,132,560,000. The deficit is a result of the recognition of the net Pension liability and net OPEB liability, in accordance with GASB Statements Number 68, 71, and 75.

B. **Federal Fund** – The Federal Fund has a net position deficit of \$32,949,000. The deficit is a result of expenditure accruals, which will be funded in future periods.

C. **Enterprise Funds** – State Parks has a net position deficit of \$83,004,000. The deficit is a result of the recognition of the net pension and OPEB liability, in accordance with GASB Statements Number 68, 71 and 75.

The Insurance Administration Fund has a net position deficit of \$299,324,000. The deficit is a result of accumulated claims liability estimated by actuarial methods for the risk pools, which will be funded in future periods.

D. Internal Service Funds -

The Computer Services Fund has a net position deficit of \$183,989,000. The deficit is a result of the recognition of the net pension and OPEB liability, in accordance with GASB Statements Number 68, 71 and 75.

The Central Printing Fund has a net position deficit of \$5,976,000. The deficit is the result of competitive pressure from other state agencies and outside printing sources. Central Printing is unable to develop billing rates that would cover their costs, resulting in a negative fund balance.

The Risk Management Fund has a net position deficit of \$229,416,000. The deficit is the result of accumulated claims liabilities of the Commonwealth's self-insured workers' compensation programs, and is to be funded in future periods.

E. Component Units – Authorities –

The Kentucky Authority for Educational Television has a net position deficit of \$29,048,000. This deficit is a result of the recognition of the net pension and OPEB liability, in accordance with GASB Statements Number 68, 71 and 75. F. Component Unites – Universities, Colleges, and Related Entities –

Eastern Kentucky University has a net position deficit of \$47,986,000. This deficit is a result of an increase in KERS/KTRS pensions, which increased deferred inflows.

The Kentucky Council on Postsecondary Education has a net position deficit of \$22,131,000. This deficit is a result of the recognition of the net pension and OPEB liability, in accordance with GASB Statements Number 68, 71 and 75.

Note 4

DISAGGREGATION OF ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts payable for the Commonwealth of Kentucky are amounts owed by the State as of June 30, 2019. Those liabilities that must be paid within one year are considered current. Amounts due after one year are deemed noncurrent accounts payable. Accounts receivable are amounts owed to the State. Similar to accounts payable, any amounts to be received within one year are classified as current. All other receivables are noncurrent. For Governmental Activities and Business-Type Activities, the line indicating "Accounts Payable" and "Net Receivables" are described below.

Amounts reported as "Taxes Receivable" are significant to the State. Taxes receivable report those tax amounts owed to the Commonwealth of Kentucky that remain uncollected as of June 30, 2019. All receivables are reported net of an Allowance for Uncollectibles to reflect the true value of receivables. Fines, forfeitures, and license fees are recognized as revenue when received and, therefore, do not require the recognition of accounts receivable. The "Current Taxes Receivable" for Governmental Activities and Business-Type Activities are described below. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, as used in the fund statements, amounts outstanding but owed at the end of the year may be recorded in one of two ways. If the receivable is measurable and expected to be collected within 30 days, revenue is recognized. However, if the receivable is not expected to be collected within 30 days, it is not considered to be available to liquidate the liabilities of the current period and will be reported as deferred inflows of resources.

Business.

Disaggregation of Payables and Receivables
(Expressed in Thousands)

	G	overni	mental Activiti	es		Total	Type Activities	
	 Major Funds	١	Non-major Funds		nternal /ice Funds	 overnmental Activities	 Major Funds	otal Primary Sovernment
Current Payables								
Personal services	\$ 134,880	\$	713	\$	5,649	\$ 141,242	\$ 18,389	\$ 159,631
Utilities, rental, and								
other services	21,931		560		4,415	26,906	1,622	28,528
Commodities and supplies	8,828		140		1,967	10,935	1,733	12,668
Claims	1,340				7,598	8,938	860	9,798
Grants and subsidies	863,504		11,952		133	875,589	14,794	890,383
Capital outlay	34,259		31,604		4,615	70,478	414	70,892
Travel	1,402		12		8	1,422	19	1,441
Judgements	170					170	1	171
Interest Payable	104,648		68		51	104,767	90	104,857
Other	109,819		1			109,820	1,064	110,884
Total Current Payables	\$ 1,280,781	\$	45,050	\$	24,436	\$ 1,350,267	\$ 38,986	\$ 1,389,253
Current Receivables								
Charges for services	\$ 90,756	\$	42,203	\$	579	\$ 133,538	\$ 107,953	\$ 241,491
Taxes receivable	1,999,649		134,454			2,134,103		2,134,103
Investment receivable			10,899			10,899	6,992	17,891
Intergovernmental revenue	828,130					828,130	6,057	834,187
Other	92,543		98,925		139	191,607	201,823	393,430
Allowances for uncollectables	(951,992)		(135,986)			(1,087,978)	(26,147)	(1,114,125)
Total Current Receivables	\$ 2,059,086	\$	150,495	\$	718	\$ 2,210,299	\$ 296,678	\$ 2,506,977

Taxes Receivable (Expressed in Thousand

(Expressed in Thousands)	Governmental Activities							
	 Major Funds		Non-Major Funds					
Current Taxes Receivable	 	-						
Sales and gross receipts	\$ 965,570	\$	12,340	\$	977,910			
Individual income	768,632				768,632			
Corporate	95,979				95,979			
Property	127,492		1		127,493			
License and privilege	2,653		8,243		10,896			
Coal severance	20,288		3,360		23,648			
Inheritance and estate	7,151		59		7,210			
Miscellaneous	11,884		110,451		122,335			
Total Current Taxes Receivable	\$ 1,999,649	\$	134,454	\$	2,134,103			

The State Property and Buildings Commission has issued revenue bonds and the Kentucky Asset Liability Commission has issued notes and entered into lease agreements to finance capital projects for the University of Kentucky, Kentucky State Fair Board, Kentucky Higher Education Assistance Authority, Kentucky River Authority, Kentucky Community and Technical College System, and Eastern Kentucky University. The bond issues are shown as liabilities of the State Property and Buildings Commission in the entity wide financial statements. A capital lease liability is reflected in the financial statements of the various discretely presented component units, for which the debt was issued and a corresponding capital lease receivable has been recorded in the financial statements of the Commonwealth to accurately reflect the transaction. Amounts due under these lease agreements are reflected in the following table:

Future debt service payments for leases receivable as of June 30, 2019, are as follows (Expressed in Thousands):

	Р	rincipal	In	nterest	Total
2020	\$	9,030	\$	6,251	\$ 15,281
2021		6,985		5,906	12,891
2022		6,730		5,671	12,401
2023		18,344		5,447	23,791
2024		7,205		5,187	12,392
2025-2029		38,525		21,338	59,863
2030-2034		45,650		12,245	57,895
2035-2039		31,280		2,370	33,650
Total leases receivable	\$	163,749	\$	64,415	\$ 228,164

Note 5

EQUITY IN POOLED CASH AND INVEST-MENTS, CASH, AND INVESTMENTS

The Commonwealth maintains an internal cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds under the auspices of the State Investment Commission as authorized under KRS 42.500 et al. In addition, investments are separately held by several of the State's funds and component units. Legally authorized investments vary by fund but generally include: obligations of or guaranteed by the United States; obligations of any corporation of the United States Government; asset backed securities; U.S. dollar denominated corporate securities; collateralized certificates of deposit; bankers' acceptances; commercial paper; and repurchase agreements. In addition to these, pension plans and certain Component Units are permitted to purchase common stocks, corporate bonds and real property and mineral rights. The Commonwealth is also eligible to invest in reverse repurchase agreements.

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

<u>Custodial Credit Risk-Deposits</u> – The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the State's deposits may not be recovered. At year end, the carrying amount of the Commonwealth's deposits for the Primary Government, excluding pension and OPEB trust funds, was 1,894,703,000 and the bank balance was 1,894,703,000. The bank balance of the Primary Government administered by the State Treasurer was covered by Federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the Commonwealth or the Commonwealth's agent in the Commonwealth's name.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk-Investments</u> - Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counterparty, the Commonwealth will not be able to recover the value of the investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Commonwealth holds investments both for its own benefit and as an agent for other related parties. The major investment programs conducted for the direct benefit of the Commonwealth are administered by the Office of Financial Management. The investments held in the Commonwealth's investment pool are insured or registered, or held by the Commonwealth of Kentucky or its agent in the Commonwealth's name.

The credit risk mix of the retirement systems, and other component units, is disclosed in the financial statement footnotes of those individual entities.

Statutes require that securities underlying repurchase agreements must have a fair value of at least 102 percent of the cost of the

repurchase agreement. The fair value of securities underlying repurchase agreements fell below this required level on a few occasions during the year; however, no losses were sustained due to the fall in collateralization levels. The collateralization is monitored on a weekly basis (as specified within 200 KAR 14.081) and at any point where the collateralization falls below 102 percent of the cost of the repurchase agreement, the seller/borrower is contacted and the situation is normally rectified within two business days.

Securities Lending Program - State statutes authorize the Commonwealth to enter into securities lending agreements. The Commonwealth has entered into an agent agreement. The agent lends the Commonwealth's US Treasuries, agencies, and corporate bonds in exchange for cash. The cash is invested in short-term securities. After rebate and expenses the Commonwealth receives 85 percent of the profit earned. The securities transferred are a part of the total investments reported above. Cash received as collateral on securities lending transactions and investments made with that cash are reported as assets. The Commonwealth retains the interest income on the securities being transferred. During the year, the Commonwealth earned \$1,343,176 in securities lending income. On June 30, 2019, the fair value of the securities transferred was \$859,100,484 and the fair value of the securities purchased by the Commonwealth was \$868,063,087. The collateralization requirements and monitoring procedures in the securities lending program are similar to those requirements in regard to repurchase agreements. The Commonwealth requires 100% collateralization on all repurchase agreements. The agent also indemnifies the Commonwealth from any losses from borrowers. The Commonwealth lends its securities generally on an overnight basis.

Options – The Commonwealth's investment strategy includes the use of derivatives as a tool in managing market risk and providing an opportunity for enhanced return. The Commonwealth selectively utilizes put and call options on United States Treasury securities. These options are on a covered basis, where the Commonwealth holds either cash or securities sufficient to meet the obligation, should the option be exercised. On June 30, 2019, the portfolio had no obligations under option. The Commonwealth also purchases securities that have built in covered calls (callable agency securities). The risk in holding these securities is the risk that the security can be called (bought back) by the issuing agency at par either on or after a specific date.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt investments will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Commonwealth has regulatory limits on investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates. It also has limits on portfolio durations for the same purpose. KentuckyWired Infrastructure Company, Inc., has no policy limiting investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The Company's Guaranteed Investment Contracts have maturities ranging from two to eight years.

The primary government's investments (excluding the pension and OPEB trust funds) at June 30, 2019, are presented below. All investments are presented by investment type.

Cash And Investments By Type

Primary Government

(Expressed in Thousands)

I. Cash:				
	Car	rying Amount	Ba	ank Balance
Cash	\$	1,202,279	\$	1,202,279
Cash with Fiscal Agents		46,509		46,509
Cash with Federal Government		645,915		645,915
Total Cash	\$	1,894,703	\$	1,894,703
Investments Managed Based Upon Duration				
Debt Securities		Fair Value		Effective
Cash Equivalents	\$	529,421		0.02
Fixed Income Mutual Funds		445,350		0.07
U.S. Government & Agency Obligations		1,591,882		0.56
Mortgage-Backed Securities		233,808		1.80
Corporate Obligations		125,524		1.07
Asset Backed Securities		190,955		1.12
Total Debt Securities		3,116,940		
Portfolio Effective Weighted Duration				0.54
Other Investments				
Fixed Income Mutual Funds		4,772		
Common Stock		3,764		
Securities Lending Investments		868,063		
Guaranteed Investment Contract (two to eight years)		74,358		
Total Other Investments		950,957		
Total Investments	\$	4,067,897		

Credit Risk of Debt Securities

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The Commonwealth is statutorily limited as to credit ratings, at the time of purchase. Commercial paper must be rated in the highest category by a nationally recognized rating agency. United States denominated corporate, Yankee, and Eurodollar securities must be rated in one of the three highest categories by a nationally recognized rating agency. Asset-backed securities must be rated in the highest category by a nationally recognized rating agency. Certificates of Deposit and banker's acceptances must be rated in one of the three highest categories by a nationally recognized rating agency. By regulation all mortgage pass-through securities and collateralized mortgage obligations must be issued by U.S. government agencies or by government sponsored entities.

The primary government's, excluding the pension and OPEB trust funds, rated debt investments as of June 30, 2019, and the ratings are presented in the following table.

Investments and Credit Ratings

Primary Government

(Expressed in Thousands)

•				Star	ndard	& Poor's/Mo	ody's Credit R	atings				
		AAA/Aaa		AA/Aa		•	BBB/Baa	·	Unrated		NA	 tal Fair Value Investments
Cash Equivalents	¢	AAA/Add	¢	AA/Ad	¢	A 129,958	S DDD/Daa	e .	360,021	\$	39,443	 529,422
	φ		φ		φ	129,956	φ	φ	300,021	φ	,	\$,
Fixed Income Mutual Funds		445,350									4,772	450,122
U.S. Government &												
Agency Obligations		7,424		1,584,459								1,591,883
Mortgage-Backed Securities				233,808								233,808
Corporate Obligations		15,054		52,148		58,320						125,522
Common Stock											3,764	3,764
Asset Backed Securities		190,955										190,955
Guaranteed Investment Contracts				74,358								74,358
Securities Lending											868,063	 868,063
Total Investments	\$	658,783	\$	1,944,773	\$	188,278	\$	\$	360,021	\$	916,042	\$ 4,067,897

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. Regulation limits the amount owned of any given issuer of corporate and commercial paper to \$25,000,000. At June 30, 2019, the primary government had no investments which would constitute a concentration of credit risk.

KentuckyWired Infrastructure Company, Inc., has no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. At June 30, 2018, the Company's investments held with Natixis Funding Corp was given a rating of A2 by Moody's. At June 30, 2019 and 2018, the Company's investment in First American Funds Government Obligations was given a rating of Aaa by Moody's.

Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or deposit. The Commonwealth's policy historically has been to invest only in securities in U.S. denominations.

Fair Value Measurement Techniques

The Commonwealth groups its assets measured at fair value in three levels, based on the markets in which the assets are traded

and the reliability of the assumptions used to determine fair value. This hierarchy requires the Commonwealth to maximize the use of observable market data, when available, and to minimize the use of unobservable inputs when determining fair value. Each fair value measurement is placed into the proper level based on the level of significant input.

These levels are:

- Level 1-Valuation is based upon quoted prices for identical instruments in active markets.
- Level 2-Valuation is based upon quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active, and model-based valuation techniques for which all significant assumptions are observable in the market.
- Level 3-Valuation is generated from model-based techniques that use significant assumptions not observable in the market. These unobservable reflect management's estimates of assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. Valuation techniques include use of option pricing models, discounted cash flow models, and similar techniques.

The primary government's, excluding the pension and OPEB trust funds, has the following valuation measurements, by type, as of June 30, 2019.

Fair Value Measurements and Techniques

Primary Government (Expressed in Thousands)

· • /				Fa	ir Value	Measurement	Using		
	Tota	al Fair Value	Activ Ider	ted Prices in re Markets for ntical Assets (Level 1)	Obse	ificant Other rvable Inputs Level 2)	Uno	gnificant bservable nputs .evel 3)	ortized or orical Cost
Investments	_								
Cash Equivalents	\$	529,422	\$	529,422	\$		\$		\$
U.S. Agencies/Treasuries		1,591,883		1,591,883					
Fixed Income Mutual Funds		445,350				445,350			4,772
Guaranteed Investment Contracts		74,358						74,358	
Mortgage Backed Securities		233,808				233,808			
Corporate Debt		125,522				125,522			
Asset Backed Securities		190,955				190,955			
Common Stock									3,764
Securities Lending									868,063
Total Investments	\$	3,191,298	\$	2,121,305	\$	995,635	\$	74,358	\$ 876,599

PENSION AND OPEB TRUST FUNDS

Custodial Credit Risk-Deposits and Investments

The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the State's deposits may not be recovered. At year end, the carrying amount of the deposits for the Pension and OPEB trust funds was \$137,145,000 and the bank balance was \$137,145,000.

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counterparty, the Commonwealth will not be able to recover the value of the investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Of the Pension and OPEB Trust Funds, only Kentucky Retirement Systems has investments subject to custodial credit risk. The investments are listed as foreign currency in the amount of \$2,046,655,000 which are uninsured and not registered in the name of the Commonwealth but are held by the counterparty.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt investments will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS 61.650) grants the responsibility for the investment of plan net position to the Board of Trustees of the Retirement Systems. Each System has very specific policies regarding their investment activity. A detailed discussion of those policies can be found in the notes to the audited financial statements of the various Pension and OPEB Trust Funds.

The Pension and OPEB Trust Funds investments at June 30, 2019, are presented on the following page. All investments are presented by investment type.

Cash and Investments by Type Pension and OPEB Trust Funds

(Expressed in Thousands)

I. Cash

	Carryi	ing Amount	Bar	nk Balance
Cash	\$	137,145	\$	137,145
Total Cash	\$	137,145	\$	137,145

II. Investments:

Debt Securities	I	air Value	<	1 year	1	-5 Years	6	-15 Years	15	-30 Years
Fixed Income Mutual Funds	\$	12,864	\$	4,702	\$	4,643	\$	3,519	\$	
U.S. Government & Agency Obligations		1,419,189						1,419,189		
Corporate Obligations		2,435,715				355,752		2,079,963		
Mortgage-Backed Securities		130,226						577		129,649
Asset-Backed Securities		48,534						48,534		
Municipal Obligations		290,273						290,273		
Other		147,200		11,786		92,101		43,313		
Total Debt Securities		4,484,001	\$	16,488	\$	452,496	\$	3,885,368	\$	129,649

Investments Managed Based Upon Duration

Investments Managed Based Upon Duration			
Debt Securities	Fair Value	Modified	Macaulay
Cash Equivalents	668,342	3.24	
Fixed Income Mutual Funds	70,861	2.99	
U.S. Government & Agency Obligations	1,405,184	4.82	
Mortgage-Backed Securities	425,999	4.42	
Corporate Obligations	1,826,254	3.62	
Asset Backed Securities	395,509	1.93	
Municipal Obligations	32,862	4.48	
Guaranteed Investment Contract\Annuities	664,630		2.86
Other	1,121,361	2.93	
Other	5		
Total Debt Securities	6,611,007		
Portfolio Weighted Modified Duration		3.67	
Portfolio Weighted Macaulay Duration	=		2.86
Other Investments			
Cash Equivalents	766,173		
Corporate Obligations	1,278,986		
Common Stock	22,827,697		
Pooled Investments	9,988		
Limited Partnerships	360,168		
Real Estate	1,968,958		
Securities Lending	1,151,111		
Other Investments	4,509,355		
Total Other Investments	32,872,436		
Total Investments	\$ 43,967,444		

Credit Risk of Debt Securities

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Each Pension and OPEB Trust Fund has an investment policy that defines the types of investments and ratings available to them. Specific policies can be found in the notes to the audited financial statements of the individual component unit.

The Pension and OPEB Trust Funds, rated debt investments as of June 30, 2019, and the ratings are presented in the following table.

Investments	and Credit Ratings
Pension and	OPEB Trust Funds

(Expressed in Thousands)	
	Amount
Quality Rating	Amount \$ 644,913
AA+	45,218
AA	610,855
AA-	84,808
A+	141,771
A	845,151
A-	247,318
BBB+	296,868
BBB	1,054,005
BBB-	361,944
BB+	128,747
BB	582,241
BB-	198,869
B+	154,568
В	680,903
B-	118,855
CCC+	43,710
CCC	50,421
CCC-	265
CC	2,426
С	886
D	862
NR	2,272,553
Total Credit Risk Debt Securities	8,568,157
Cash Equivalents	766,173
U.S. Government & Agencies	2,526,851
Corporate Obligations	1,278,986
Common Stock	22,827,697
Limited Partnerships	370,156
Real Estate	1,968,958
Securities Lending	499,894
Other	5,160,572
Outer	5,100,572
Total Investments	\$ 43,967,444

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. With the exception of the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority's (KPEDCA) there is a policy limiting the amount of investment in a single issuer to 5% or less of the investment portfolios fair value. The following KPEDCA Fund investment contracts represent 5% or more of investments held in trust for Plan benefits at June 30, 2019.

Asset Description	<u>Amount</u>
Fixed Contract Fund	\$664,630,000
T Rowe Price Mid Cap Growth	380,303,000
Fidelity Contrafund	326,355,000
Vanguard Institutional Index Fund	314,431,000
Fidelity Growth Co	300,833,000
Vanguard Wellington	280,579,000

Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or deposit. With the exception of the KPEDCA fixed contract fund the Pension and OPEB Trust Funds do not have a formal policy that addresses investments in foreign currency. Additional disclosures regarding the Pension and OPEB Trust Funds exposure to foreign currency risk can be found in the notes to the audited financial statements of the individual pension and OPEB trust funds.

The Pension and OPEB Trust Funds, investments in foreign currency as of June 30, 2019, are presented on the following page.

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Foreign Currency Risk

Pension and OPEB Trust Funds (Expressed in Thousands)

Foreign Currency	Short Term	Equity	Debt	None Designated	Total
American Funds Euro Pacific Growth Fund	\$	\$ 95,733	\$	\$	\$ 95,733
Argenine Peso		14			14
Australian Dollar	2,578	134,571	13,649		150,798
Bermudian Dollar		58,229	1,723		59,952
Brazilian Real	6	103,255			103,261
British Pound Sterling	1,642	575,899	40,473		618,014
Canadian Dollar	19	312,309	77,618		389,946
Cayman Islands Dollar		42,325	21,275		63,600
Chilean Peso		15,906			15,906
Chinese Yuan	118	105,663			105,781
Columbian Peso		23,300	1,540		24,840
Czech Koruna		400			400
Danish Krone	1	101,929			101,930
DFA International Small Cap		19,906			19,906
Dodge & Cox International Stock Fund		44,334			44,334
Egyptian Pound		2,105			2,105
	415		00 672		
Euro	415	2,509,643	88,673		2,598,731
Guernsey Pound	000	7,239			7,239
Hong Kong Dollar	690	471,046			471,736
Hungarian Forint		726			726
Indian Rupee		100,367			100,367
Indonesian Rupiah	364	57,813			58,177
Israeli New Shekel	1	20,788			20,789
Japenese Yen	2,301	1,044,885	3,453		1,050,639
Jersey Pound		62,113	6,895		69,008
Korean Won	503	101,871	3,159		105,533
Liberian Dollar		2,018			2,018
Macanese Pataca		12			12
Malaysian Ringgit		22,994			22,994
Mexican Peso		42,831	7,530		50,361
Netherlands Antillean Guilder		16,037	1,000		16,037
New Zealand Dollar		7,722	584		8,306
			504		
Norwegian Krone		46,257			46,257
Pakistani Rupee		243			243
Panamanian Balboa		30,453			30,453
Papua New Guinean Kina		5			5
Philippine Peso		18,422			18,422
Polish Zloty		4,496			4,496
Pound Sterling		297,527			297,527
Qatari Rial		2,514			2,514
Russian Ruble	1,162	42,447			43,609
Saudi Riyal		3,644			3,644
Singapore Dollar	1	61,268			61,269
Sol		2			2
South African Rand	3	54,273			54,276
South Korean Won	Ŭ	46,984			46,984
Swedish Krona	1	205,618			205,619
Swiss Franc	3	320,253	5,894		326,150
Taiwan Dollar	176	86,209	0,094		86,385
Taiwan Dollar Thai Bhat	1/0				
		26,276	074		26,276
Trinidadian Dollar		o o	374		374
Turkish Lira		8,695			8,695
UAE Dirham		1,704			1,704
Vanguard Total International Stock Fund		7,131			7,131
Various	9,333	27			9,360
Total Securities Subject To Foreign Currency Ris	k 19,317	7,368,431	272,840		7,660,588
USD (Securities Held By Intl Investment Mgrs)				17,573,305	17,573,305
Total International Investment Securities	\$ 19,317	\$ 7,368,431	\$ 272,840	\$ 17,573,305	\$ 25,233,893

Securities Lending Program

Kentucky Revised Statutes permit the retirement systems to lend their securities to broker-dealers and other entities. The borrowers of the securities agree to transfer to the retirement system's custodial bank(s) either cash collateral or other securities with an initial fair value of 102 percent or 105 percent of the value of the borrowed securities. The borrowers of the securities simultaneously agree to return the borrowed securities in exchange for the collateral at a later date. At June 30, 2019, the retirement systems have no credit risk exposure to borrowers because the amounts the retirement systems owe the borrowers exceed the amounts the borrowers owe the retirement systems. The retirement systems cannot pledge or sell collateral securities unless the borrower defaults. More detail of individual policies may be found in the audited financial statements of each retirement system.

Derivatives

Derivative instruments are financial contracts whose values depend on the values of one or more underlying assets, reference rates, or financial indices. The Kentucky Retirement Systems was the only Pension and OPEB Trust Fund to have investment derivatives at June 30, 2019. More detail on those individual investment derivatives may be found in the audited financial statements of Kentucky Retirement Systems.

Fair Value Measurement Techniques

The Pension and OPEB trust funds group assets measured at fair value in three levels, based on the markets in which the assets are traded and the reliability of the assumptions used to determine fair value. This hierarchy requires the Pension and OPEB trust funds to maximize the use of observable market data, when available, and to minimize the use of unobservable inputs when determining fair value. Each fair value measurement is placed into the proper level based on the level of significant input.

These levels are:

Fair Value Measurement Using

- Level 1-Valuation is based upon quoted prices for identical instruments in active markets.
- Level 2-Valuation is based upon quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active, and model-based valuation techniques for which all significant assumptions are observable in the market.
- Level 3-Valuation is generated from model-based techniques that use significant assumptions not observable in the market. These unobservable reflect management's estimates of assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. Valuation techniques include use of option pricing models, discounted cash flow models, and similar techniques.

The Pension and OPEB trust funds, have the following valuation measurements, by type, as of June 30, 2019. More detail on the valuation measurements may be found in the audited financial statements of each retirement system.

Fair Value Measurements and Techniques

Pension and OPEB Trust Funds

(Expressed in Thousands)

	Pair Value Indeduction of Soling								
	Total Fair Value		Acti	oted Prices in ve Markets for ntical Assets (Level 1)	Obse	ificant Other ervable Inputs (Level 2)	U	Significant Inobservable Inputs (Level 3)	 nortized or corical Cost
U.S. Agencies/Treasuries	\$	2,600,934	\$	2,003,124	\$	597,810	\$		\$
Guaranteed investment contracts									664,630
Cash Equivalents		1,597,660		775,721		694,955		126,984	9,988
Mortgage Backed Securities		547,098				546,228		870	
Corporate Debt		4,500,947		35,771		3,840,853		624,323	
State and Municipal Obligations		377,740				377,740			
Asset Backed Securities		460,158				460,152		6	
Real Estate		1,371,670				44,051		1,327,619	
Common Stock		22,686,220		16,716,407		2,596,988		3,372,825	
Mortgages		22,173				22,173			
Securities Lending									499,894
Other:		8,628,327		1,170,200		145,132		7,312,995	5
Total Investments	\$	42,792,927	\$	20,701,223	\$	9,326,082	\$	12,765,622	\$ 1,174,517

Custodial Risk

MAJOR DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS

Custodial Credit Risk-Deposits and Investments

The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the State's deposits may not be recovered. At year end, the carrying amount of the major discretely presented component units' deposits was \$1,602,928,000 and bank balance was \$801,269,000. Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counterparty, the component unit will not be able to recover the value of the investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Each component unit has informal policies to control custodial credit risk and those policies can be found in the notes to the audited financial statements of the individual component unit.

The following table summarizes the custodial credit risk maintained for investments held by the major discretely presented component units for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

(93,910)

856,452

Discretely Presented Major Component Un	ite		
	itts		
(Expressed in Thousands) I. Deposits			
Cash And Equivalents (original maturity 90 days			
Deposits are uninsured and	or less).		
a) uncollateralized;		\$	7,482
		Ψ	7,402
b) collateralized with securities held by the pledging	financial institution; or		240,043
c) collateralized with securities held by the pledging	financial institution's		
trust department or agent but not in the Common			159,238
	D : 1	-	100 700
Total Deposits Subject To Custodial Credit	Risk	\$	406,763
II. Non-Current Cash And Investments:			
Non-current cash and investments which are uninsu	ured, are not registered in the name		
of the Commonwealth, and are held by either			
(a) the counterparty or		\$	950,362
(b) the counterparty's trust department or agent but the Commonwealth's name.	not in		(93,910)
			(00,010)
Total Non-Current Cash And Investments S	ubject To Custodial Credit Risk	\$	856,452
Investment Types:			
	Туре А		Туре В
Debt Securities	(counterparty)		st or agent)
Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,024	\$	(66,121)
Fixed Income Mutual Funds	9,734		
U.S. Government & Agency Obligations	21,132		
Municipal Obligations	504		
Total Debt Securities	32,394		(66,121)
Other Investments			
Cash Equivalents			(2,491)
Fixed Income Mutual Funds	79,127		(27,016)
Common Stock	2,152		(48,276)
Funds Held In Trust By Others	530,721		58,675
Other Various	305,968		(8,681)
Total Other Investments	917,968		(27,789)

Total Non-Current Cash And Investments Subject To Custodial Credit Risk

Total Type A

81

Total Type B

950,362

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt investments will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The component units have numerous policies that limit the amounts and types of investments as a means of managing the exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. Specific policies can be found in the notes to the audited financial statements of the individual component unit.

Cash And Investments By Type

Discretely	Presented	Major	Component	Units
------------	-----------	-------	-----------	-------

(Expressed in Thousands) I. Cash

Other

	Carry	Carrying Amount		
Cash	\$	675,619	\$	693,804
Money Market		390,170		109,079
Other		537,139		(1,614)
Total Cash	\$	1,602,928	\$	801,269

II. Investments: **Investments Managed Based On Maturities Debt Securities** Fair Value < 1 year 6-10 Years > 10 Years 1-5 Years Cash Equivalents \$ 213,793 \$ 212,769 \$ 1,024 \$ \$ 115,388 678 Fixed income Mutal Funds 132,378 14,095 2,217 U.S. Government & Agency Obligations 21,635 6,545 15,090 Guaranteed Investment Contract/Annuities 18,717 741 17,976 678 **Total Debt Securities** 386,523 233,409 132,243 20,193 \$ \$ \$ \$

Investments Managed Based Upon Duration			
Debt Securities	Fair Value	Effective	Modified
Money Market Funds	68,822		
Fixed Income Mutual Funds	244,904		2.79
Fixed Income Mutual Funds	46,752		0.98
U.S. Government & Agency Obligations	2,694	2.03	
U.S. Government & Agency Obligations	155,693	2.11	
U.S. Government & Agency Obligations	10,761		
Mortgage Backed Securities	1,477	13.20	
Mortgage Backed Securities	80,116	4.12	
Corporate Debt	4,738	2.87	
Total Debt Securities	615,957		
Portfolio Effective Weighted Duration		2.85	
Portfolio Modified Weighted Duration	=		2.50
Other Investments			
Fixed Income Mutual Funds	236,142		
Common Stock	828,412		
Corporate Bonds	50,068		
Limited Partnerships	547,016		
Alternatives	215,568		
Real Estate	234,658		
Funds Held In Trust By Others	58,675		

Total Other Investments	2,277,889
Total Investments	\$ 3,280,369

The following table summarizes the investments held by the major discretely presented component units for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

107,350

Credit Risk of Debt Securities

The major discretely presented component units, investments as of June 30, 2019, and the ratings are presented in the following table.

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Each component unit has an investment policy that defines the types of investments and ratings available to them. Specific policies can be found in the notes to the audited financial statements of the individual component unit.

Investments and Credit Ratings

Discretely Presented Major Component Units

(Expressed in Thousands)

					ιų		JIEC	an natings				
											Т	otal Fair Value
	AAA/Aaa	AA/Aa		Α		BBB/Baa	BE	B/Ba or Lower	Unrated	NA	C	of Investments
Cash Equivalents	\$ 281,124	\$	\$		\$		\$		\$ 149,175	\$ 68,822	\$	499,121
Fixed Income Mutual Funds	36,512	18,037		66,474		53,134		2,647	1,155,929	198,326		1,531,059
U.S. Government &												
Agency Obligations	159,442								2,565	7,141		169,148
Mortgage Backed Securities	81,593											81,593
Corporate Obligations	2,136	115		1,220		1,267						4,738
Guaranteed Investment												
Contracts/Annuities	1,155	741							8,242			10,138
Other									984,572			984,572
Total Investments	\$ 561,962	\$ 18,893	\$	67,694	\$	54,401	\$	2,647	\$ 2,300,483	\$ 274,289	\$	3,280,369
			-								_	

Standard & Poor's/Moody's Credit Ratings

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the government's investment in a single issuer. All of the major discretely presented component units except the Kentucky Housing Corporation (KHC) has policies in place that limit the amount that can be invested in a single issuer to 5% of the total portfolio market value. KHC places no limit on the amount they may invest in any one issuer. More than five percent of the KHC's investments are in GNMA, U.S. Treasury, and Dreyfus. These investments are 26%, 51%, and 23%, respectively, of the KHC's total investments.

Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or deposit. Policies for controlling foreign currency risk will vary with each component unit, individual policies can be found in the notes to the financial statements of the respective component unit.

Of the major discretely presented component units only the University of Kentucky has foreign currency risk as of June 30, 2019. The university has \$2,812,000 in a pooled private equity fund, \$5,443,000 in a pooled private real estate fund and \$13,000 in pooled international equity.

Fair Value Measurement Techniques

Additional information regarding the fair value measurements can be found in the note to the audited financial statements of the individual component units.

Note 6

CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 (Expressed in Thousands):

(Expressed in Thousands):	Primary Government										
		Beginning		•			Ending Balance				
Primary Government:		Balance		Additions	D	ecreases					
Governmental Activities											
Capital assets, not being depreciated:											
Land	\$	240,416	\$	4,002	\$	(201)	\$	244,217			
Construction in progress		2,800,627		549,306		(740,189)		2,609,744			
Infrastructure		20,701,773		652,738		(97,582)		21,256,929			
Easements and Other Intangibles		97,223		2,037		(165)		99,095			
Total capital assets not being depreciated		23,840,039		1,208,083		(838,137)		24,209,985			
Capital assets, being depreciated/amortized:											
Improvements other than buildings		30,527		1,050		(26)		31,551			
Buildings		1,554,098		48,844		(12,531)		1,590,411			
Machinery and Equipment		706,982		121,800		(43,894)		784,888			
Easements and Other Intangibles		97,240		4,794		(-, ,		102,034			
Total capital assets, being depreciated/amortized		2,388,847		176,488		(56,451)		2,508,884			
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization:											
1		(13,368)		(1 204)		22		(14 720)			
Improvements other than buildings		(, , ,		(1,384)				(14,730)			
Buildings		(708,651)		(39,467)		17,565		(730,553)			
Machinery and Equipment		(478,056)		(59,840)		39,200		(498,696)			
Easements and Other Intangibles		(35,735)		(4,635)				(40,370)			
Total accumulated depreciation		(1,235,810)		(105,326)		56,787		(1,284,349)			
Total capital assets, being depreciated/amortized, net		1,153,037		71,162		336		1,224,535			
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	24,993,076	\$	1,279,245	\$	(837,801)	\$	25,434,520			
Business-type activities											
Capital assets, not being depreciated:											
Land	\$	24,121	\$	209	\$	(790)	\$	23,540			
Construction in progress		7,761		2,703		(1,612)		8,852			
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		31,882		2,912		(2,402)		32,392			
Capital assets, being depreciated/amortized:											
Improvements other than buildings		171,262		57		(12)		171,307			
Buildings		356,941		1,419		(2,416)		355,944			
Machinery and Equipment		23,222		1,006		(993)		23,235			
Easements and Other Intangibles		4,638		1,000		(000)		4,638			
Total capital assets, being depreciated/amortized		556,063		2,482		(3,421)		555,124			
Less accumulated depreciation for:		(00.040)		(= ===`		10		(0.1.150)			
Improvements other than buildings		(88,913)		(5,555)		12		(94,456)			
Buildings		(183,729)		(11,078)		1,903		(192,904)			
Machinery and Equipment		(14,981)		(955)		847		(15,089)			
Easements and Other Intangibles		(1,918)		(272)				(2,190)			
Total accumulated depreciation		(289,541)		(17,860)		2,762		(304,639)			
Total capital assets, being depreciated/amortized, net		266,522		(15,378)		(659)		250,485			
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	298,404	\$	(12,466)	\$	(3,061)	\$	282,877			
··· ·			-	/		/					

Depreciation expense, charged to functions/programs

(Expressed in Thousands)	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities
General Government	\$ 13,390	\$
Legislative and Judicial	1,815	
Commerce	2,557	
Education and Humanities	1,854	
Human Resources	4,312	
Justice	24,751	
Natural Resources and Environmental Protection	2,442	
Public Protection and Regulation	683	
Transportation	27,745	
Capital assets held by government's internal service		
funds are charged to the various functions based on usage of the assets	25,777	
State Parks		13,046
Horse Park		4,440
Insurance Administration		374
Total depreciation expense by activities	\$ 105,326	\$ 17,860

Discretely presented major component units Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 (Expressed in Thousands):

(Expressed in mousands).	Component Units							
	Beginning Balance	Additions	Retirements	Ending Balance				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$ 222,371	\$ 5,992	\$ (5,771)	\$ 222,592				
Construction in progress	462,675	166,249	(411,322)	217,602				
Infrastructure	1,094,534	235	(51,379)	1,043,390				
Totals, capital assets not being depreciated	1,779,580	172,476	(468,472)	1,483,584				
Capital assets, being depreciated/amortized:								
Improvements other than buildings	372,635	48,586	(2,280)	418,941				
Buildings	5,997,513	740,021	(227,096)	6,510,438				
Machinery and Equipment	1,935,085	139,238	(331,752)	1,742,571				
Easements and Other Intangibles	66,524	233,860	(2,745)	297,639				
Total capital assets, being depreciated/amortized	8,371,757	1,161,705	(563,873)	8,969,589				
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Improvements other than buildings	(139,822)	(15,971)	1,578	(154,215)				
Buildings	(2,151,152)	(182,802)	27,680	(2,306,274)				
Machinery and Equipment	(1,344,978)	(93,827)	222,992	(1,215,813)				
Easements and Other Intangibles		(155,508)	1,798	(153,710)				
Total accumulated depreciation	(3,635,952)	(448,108)	254,048	(3,830,012)				
Total capital assets, being depreciated/amortized, net	4,735,805	713,597	(309,825)	5,139,577				
Component units capital assets, net	\$ 6,515,385	\$ 886,073	\$ (778,297)	\$ 6,623,161				

Depreciation expense, charged to functions/programs of discretely presented major component units as follows:

(Expressed in Thousands)

Kentucky Housing Corporation	\$ 426
Kentucky Higher Education Student Loan Corporation	251
University of Kentucky	318,514
University of Louisville	91,180
Kentucky Community and Technical College System	36,535
Kentucky Lottery Corporation	 1,202
Total depreciation expense by functions/programs	\$ 448,108

Note 7

INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund Transfers In and Out

The table below shows the interfund operating transfers for fiscal year 2019

(Expressed	l in	Thousands)	
------------	------	------------	--

		Transfer	rs Out		
General Fund	Transportation Fund	Federal Fund	Agency Revenue Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Debt Service Fund
\$	\$	\$ 1,591	\$ 39,292	\$ 1,000	\$
			1,831	1,749	
			10		
42,223		37,051		939	
	11,135	584	33,671		330
478,348	12,083	95,241	6,848	1,516	
148,008	154,413		300,275	264	
46,124		126	238	225	
2,024			48	600	
		6		2,090	
938					
\$ 717,665	\$ 177,631	\$ 134,599	\$ 382,213	\$ 8,383	\$ 330
	Fund \$ 42,223 478,348 148,008 46,124 2,024 938	Fund Fund \$ \$ 42,223 11,135 478,348 12,083 148,008 154,413 46,124 2,024 938	General Fund Transportation Fund Federal Fund \$ \$ 1,591 42,223 37,051 41,135 584 478,348 12,083 95,241 148,008 154,413 126 2,024 6 938	General Fund Transportation Fund Federal Fund Revenue Fund \$ \$ 1,591 Revenue Fund 1,831 42,223 37,051 10 42,223 37,051 10 42,223 37,051 10 42,223 37,051 10 42,223 37,051 10 42,223 37,051 10 42,223 37,051 10 42,223 37,051 10 42,223 11,135 584 33,671 478,348 12,083 95,241 6,848 148,008 154,413 300,275 300,275 46,124 126 238 2,024 48 938 6 6 6 6	General Fund Transportation Fund Federal Fund Agency Fund Capital Projects Fund \$ \$ 1,591 \$ 39,292 1,831 \$ 1,000 1,831 \$ 1,000 1,831 1,749 42,223 37,051 939 10 939 939 10 939 10 939 1,516 148,008 154,413 300,275 264 1,516 148,008 154,413 126 238 225 2,024 48 6000 6 2,090 938 2,090 938 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10

Reasons for transfers:

1) to move resources from the General Fund, for budgetary purposes, to the fund that will expend them;

2) to move resources from funds recording the revenue to the Debt Service Fund, for debt service payments;

3) to move resources from the funds recording the revenue to the Capital Projects Fund to finance acquisition of capital assets.

Interfund Receivables and Payables

The table below shows the interfund receivables and payables for fiscal year 2019

(Expressed in Thousands):

		Interfund Payables									
Interfund Receivables	(General Fund		Transportation Fund		Federal Fund		Agency evenue Fund	Capital Projects Fund		
General Fund	\$		\$	166	\$	1,486	\$	4,685	\$		
Transportation Fund						44		226		411	
Federal Fund		7,042		49				448		10	
Agency Revenue Fund		43,371		79		203,519					
Capital Projects Fund				45							
Non-Major Governmental Funds		7,805				6,438		8,094			
State Parks Fund		51									
Kentucky Horse Park Fund								16			
Kentucky Public Employees Health Plan		66,125		1,502		1,198		1,330		1	
Insurance Administration Fund		50									
Internal Service Funds		768		4		24		319		169	
Fiduciary Fund Agency Funds		250									
Total	\$	125,462	\$	1,845	\$	212,709	\$	15,118	\$	591	

Reasons for interfund payables and receivables:

1) to record sales by proprietary funds to other funds;

2) to record reimbursements of expenditures made in one fund for another fund;

a) to distribute program cost among funds; and
a) to record short-term loans from one fund to another.

									Transfers Out								
	Non-Major Governmental Funds	State Parks Func	S	Kentuck Horse Pa Fund		Publi	Kentucky c Employees ealth Plan		Insurance Administration Fund		Unemployment Compensation Fund		Internal Service Funds		Fiduciary Funds		Total
\$	114,580	\$		\$		\$	135,141	\$	11,500	\$		\$	2,800	\$	573	\$	306,477 3,580 10
	342,162		20						9,870		4,944		580		51		437,840
	5,074				39				3,150				1				53,984
	44,139 169,671 19		955										192				639,322 772,631 46,732 2,672
															28		28 2,096 938
_		-				-		_	1,800	_		-		_		-	1,800
\$	675,645	\$	975	\$	39	\$	135,141	\$	26,320	\$	4,944	\$	3,573	\$	652	\$	2,268,110

=

		Interfund Payables			
 Non-Major Governmental Funds	State Parks Fund	Kentucky Horse Park Fund	Insurance Administration Fund	Internal Service Funds	Total
\$ 2,502 18,097	\$ 337 12,420	\$	\$	\$ 89 856	\$ 9,265 32,054
824 10,653	41	3	10	76	8,373 257,752 45
	34			5,815	45 28,186 51
8	235	20	92	203	16 70,714 50
			151		1,435 250
\$ 32,084	\$ 13,067	\$ 23	\$ 253	\$ 7,039	\$ 408,191

Note 8

PENSION PLANS

Kentucky Retirement Systems

Under the provisions of Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS) 61.645, the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems administers the Kentucky Employees Retirement System (KERS), and State Police Retirement System (SPRS).

The Commonwealth contributes to the KERS, a multiple-employer cost sharing defined benefit pension plan that covers substantially all regular full-time members employed in non-hazardous and hazardous duty positions of any state department, board, or any agency directed by Executive Order to participate in the System. The plan provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members. Retirement benefits may be extended to beneficiaries of the plan members under certain circumstances.

SPRS is a single-employer defined benefit plan that covers all fulltime State Troopers employed in a hazardous duty position by the Kentucky State Police. The plan provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members. Retirement benefits may be extended to beneficiaries of the plan members under certain circumstances.

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting which is the same method used by all retirement plans of the Commonwealth. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which contributions are due. Employer contributions to the plan are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with terms of the plan.

Investments are reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on a national exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. The fair value of real estate is based on appraisals. Investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair value.

The Kentucky Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the above mentioned retirement systems. That report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Retirement System, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, Kentucky 40601-6124, or by telephone at (800) 928-4646 or (502) 564-4646 or online at www.kyret.ky.gov.

Kentucky Judicial Form Retirement System

The Judicial Retirement Plan is governed by KRS Chapter 21 Section 345 through Section 580. A single employer defined benefit plan, which provides retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries.

The Legislators' Retirement Plan is a single employer defined benefit plan providing retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries.

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Member contributions to the plan are recognized when due and the employer has made formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with terms of the Plans.

Investments are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair value.

The Judicial Form Retirement Plan issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the above mentioned retirement plans. That report may be obtained by writing to the Judicial Form Retirement Plans, Suite 302, Whitaker Bank Building, 305 Ann Street, Frankfort, Kentucky 40601 or by telephone at (502) 564-5310 or online at www.kjfrs.ky.gov.

Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System

The Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System (KTRS) was established by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Section 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes. KTRS is a multiple-employer cost sharing defined benefit plan established to provide pension plan coverage for local school districts and other educational agencies in the state.

The financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Member contributions and employer matching are recognized in the fiscal year due. Plan investments are reported at fair value. Short-term securities are carried at cost, which approximates fair value. Fixed income and common and preferred stocks are generally valued based on published market prices and quotations from national security exchanges and security pricing services. Real estate is primarily valued based on appraisals performed by independent appraisers.

The Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System, 479 Versailles Road, Frankfort, Kentucky 40601, or by telephone at (502) 848-8500 or online at www.ktrs.ky.gov.

Kentucky Employees Retirement System
Governance KRS 61.510 through KRS 61.705
Cost Sharing Multiple Employer Defined Benefit
Non-Hazardous

	Tier 1 Participation Prior to 9/1/2008	Tier 2 Participation 9/1/2008 through 12/31/2013	Tier 3 Participation on or after 1/1/2014		
Covered Employees:	Substantially all regular full-time men or any agency directed by Executive	nbers employed in non-hazardous posi Order to participate in the system.	tions of any state department, board,		
Benefit Formula:	Final Compensation X Benefit Factor	X Years of Service	Cash Balance Plan		
Final Compensation:	Average of the highest 5 fiscal years (must contain at least 48 months). Includes lump-sum compensation payments (before and at retirement).	5 complete fiscal years immediately preceding retirement; each year must contain 12 months. Lump-sum compensation payments (before and at retirement) are not to be included in creditable compensation.	No Final Compensation		
Benefit Factor:	1.97%, or 2.0% for those retiring with service for all months between 1/1998 and 1/1999.	10 years or less = 1.10%. Greater than 10 years, but no more than 20 years = 1.30%. Greater than 20 years, but no more than 26 years = 1.50%. Greater than 26 years, but no more than 30 years = 1.75%. Additional years above 30 = 2.00% (2.00% benefit factor only applies to service earned in excess of 30 years).	No benefit factor. A life annuity can be calculated in accordance with actuarial assumptions and methods adopted by the board based on member's accumulated account balance.		
Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA):	No COLA unless authorized by the L	egislature with specific criteria. This i	mpacts all retirees regardless of Tier.		
Unreduced Retirement Benefit:	Any age with 27 years of service. Age 65 with 48 months of service. Money Purchase for age 65 with less than 48 months based on contributions and interest.	Rule of 87: Member must be at least age 57 and age plus earned serv must equal 87 years at retirement to retire under this provision. Age with 5 years of earned service. No Money Purchase calculations.			
Reduced Retirement Benefit:	Reduced by 6.5% per year for the first 5 years and 4.5% per year for the next 5 years for each year the member is younger than age 65 or has less than 27 years of service, whichever is smaller.	Reduced by 6.5% per year for the first 5 years and 4.5% per year for the next 5 years for each year the member is younger than age 65, or does not meet the rule of 87 (age plus service) and is younger than	No reduced retirement benefit		

age 57, whichever is smaller.

	Governance KRS 61.5 Cost Sharing Multiple 1	es Retirement System 510 through KRS 61.705 Employer Defined Benefit ardous	
	Tier 1 Participation Prior to 9/1/2008	Tier 2 Participation 9/1/2008 through 12/31/2013	Tier 3 Participation on or after 1/1/2014
Covered Employees:	Substantially all regular full-time me or any agency directed by Excutive	embers employed in hazardous duty pos Order to participate in the system.	itions of any state department, board,
Benefit Formula:	Final Compensation X Benefit Facto	or X Years of Service	Cash Balance Plan
Final Compensation:	Average of the highest 3 fiscal years (must contain at least 24 months). Includes lump-sum compensation payments (before and at retirement).	Average of the highest 3 fiscal years; each year must contain 12 months. Lump-sum compensation payments (before and at retirement) are not to be included in creditable compensation.	No Final Compensation
Benefit Factor:	2.49%	10 years or less = 1.30% . Greater than 10 years, but no more than 20 years = 1.50% . Greater than 20 years, but no more than 25 years = 2.25%. 25 years and greater = 2.50%.	No benefit factor. A life annuity can be calculated in accordance with actuarial assumptions and methods adopted by the board based on member's accumulated account balance.
Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA):	No COLA unless authorized by the	Legislature with specific criteria. This in	npacts all retirees regardless of Tier.
Unreduced Retirement Benefit:	Any age with 20 years of service. Age 55 with 60 months of service. Money Purchase for age 55 with less than 60 months based on contributions and interest.	Any age with 25 years of service. Age 60 with 5 years of service. No Money Purchase calculations.	Any age with 25 years of service. Age 60 with 5 years of service. No Money Purchase calculations.
Reduced Retirement Benefit:	Reduced by 6.5% per year for the first 5 years and 4.5% per year for the next 5 years for each year the member is younger than age 55 or has less than 20 years service, whichever is smaller.	Reduced by 6.5% per year for the first 5 years and 4.5% per year for the next 5 years for each year the member is younger than age 60 or has less than 25 years service, whichever is smaller.	No reduced retirement benefit

=

=

State Police Retirement System
Governance KRS 16.505 through KRS 16.652
Single Employer Defined Benefit

	Tier 1 Participation before 9/1/2008	Tier 2 Participation on or between 9/1/2008 and 12/31/2013	Tier 3 Participation on or after 1/1/2014
Covered Employees:	All full-time state troopers employed	in a hazardous duty position by the Ken	tucky State Police.
Benefit Formula:	Final Compensation X Benefit Factor X Years of Service	Final Compensation X Benefit Factor X Years of Service	No benefit formula. A life annuity can be calculated in accordance with actuarial assumptions and methods adopted by the board based on member's accumulated account balance.
Final Compensation:	Average of the highest 3 fiscal years (must contain at least 24 months). Includes lump-sum compensation payments (before and at retirement).	Average of the highest 3 fiscal years; each year must contain 12 months. Lump sum compensation payments (before and at retirement) are not to be included in creditable compensation.	No Final Compensation
Benefit Factor:	2.50%	10 years or less = 1.30% . Greater then 10 years, but no more than 20 years = 1.50% . Greater than 20 years, but no more than 25 years = 2.25%. 25 years and greater = 2.50%.	No benefit factor. A life annuity can be calculated in accordance with actuarial assumptions and methods adopted by the board based on member's accumulated account balance.
Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA):	No COLA unless authorized by the L	egislature with specific criteria. This in	npacts all retirees regardless of Tier.
Unreduced Retirement Benefit:	Any age with 20 years of service. Age 55 with 60 months of service. Money purchase for age 55 with less than 60 months based on contributions and interest.	Any age with 25 years of service. Age 60 with 5 years of service. No Money Purchase calculations.	Any age with 25 years of service. Age 60 with 5 years of service. No Money Purchase calculations.
Reduced Retirement Benefit:	Reduced by 6.5% per year for the first 5 years and 4.5% per year for the next 5 years for each year the member is younger than age 55 or has less than 20 years service, whichever is smaller.	Reduced by 6.5% per year for the first 5 years and 4.5% per year for the next 5 years for each year the member is younger than age 60 or has less than 25 years service, whichever is smaller.	No reduced retirement benefit

Judicial Retirement Plan Governance KRS 21.345 through KRS 21.570 Single Employer Defined Benefit				
	Tier 1 Participation prior to 7/1/1978	Tier 2 Participation between 7/1/1978 and 6/30/1980	Tier 3 Participation between 7/1/1980 and 1/1/2014	Tier 4 Participation on or after 1/1/2014
Covered Employees:	elect to make monthly co	f Appeals, Family and Suprontributions, and thereby been on or after January 1, 201	come eligible for membersh	
Benefit Formula:	Final Average Compensa exceed 100% of final av	ation X Benfit Factor X Yea	ars of Service. Not to	Cash Balance Plan
Final Compensation:		f service immediately preced 0 months of service immedi		No Final Compensation
Benefit Factor:	5.0% if service continued without interruption; not to exceed 100% of final average compensation.	4.15%, not to exceed 100% of final average compensation.	2.75%, not to exceed 100% of final average compensation.	No benefit factor. A life annuity can be calculated in accordance with actuarial assumptions and methods adopted by the board based on the member's accumulated account balance.
Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA):	Prior to June 30 2009, cd Price Index, were provid COLA on July 1 of each suspended by legislative granted.	Any cost of living adjustment will be granted providing the following requirements are met: the funding level of Judicial Hybrid Cash Balance Plan is greater than 100% and subsequent legislation authorizes the use of any surplus actuarial assets to provide for the increase and the Kentucky General Assembly appropriates sufficient funds to fully prefund the increase.		
Unreduced Retirement Benefit:	8 years of service and ag year for each 5 years of s service needed to accrue reduced below 60.	Accumulated Hypothetical account as either a lump sum or as one of a variety of annuity options, calculated by dividing their accumulated Hypothetical Account by an actuarial factor.		
Reduced Retirement Benefit:	5% per year for each yea	r under normal retirement a	ge.	With at least 5 years of service is eligibile for a full refund of their accumulated Hypothetical Account as a

Judicial Retirement Plan

_

lump sum.

	Legislators Retirement Plan Governance KRS 6.500 through KRS 6.577 Single Employer Defined Benefit			
	Tier 1 Participation prior to 7/1/1978	Tier 2 Participation between 7/1/1978 and 6/30/1980	Tier 3 Participation between 7/1/1980 and 12/31/2013	Tier 4 Participation on or after 1/1/2014
Covered Employees:	office, and thereby becon		e monthly contributions with In the plan. Individuals comp plan.	
Benefit Formula:	Final Average Compensa	tion X Benefit Factor X Y	ears of Service	Cash Balance Plan
Final Compensation:	The average compensatio	n for the highest 36 months	of state salary.	No Final Compensation
Benefit Factor:	5.0% for all service that continues without interruption thereafter, not to exceed 100% of final average compensation; 2.75% for all other service.	4.15% for all service that continues without interruption thereafter not to exceed 100% of final average compensation; 2.75% for all other service.	3.5% for all service that continues without interruption thereafter, not to exceed 100% of final average compensation; 2.75% for all other service.	No benefit factor. A life annuity can be calculated in accordance with actuarial assumptions and methods adopted by the board based on the member's accumulated account balance.
Cost of Living Adjustment(COLA):	1.5% yearly on July 1 if t legislation authorizes the increase and the Kentuck fully prefund the increase	Any cost of living adjustment will be granted providing the following requirements are met: the funding level of Legislative Hybrid Cash Balance Plan is 100% and subsequent legislation authorizes the use of any surplus actuarial assets to provide for the increase and The Kentucky General Assembly appropriates sufficient funds to fully prefund the increase.		
Unreduced Retirement Benefit:	Members who have attair service or have service ur Legislative service will ea requirement shall be redu for each year beyond the The age requirement will	Members who have attained the age of 65 and have at least 5 years of active service credit in the Legislators Plan and any other state-supported retirement system; or at least age 57 and service with Legislators and other state- supported retirement systems of the Commonwealth plus age equals at least 87.		
Reduced Retirement Benefit:	5% per year for each year	r under normal retirement ag	ge.	With at least 5 years of service is eligibile for a full refund of their accumulated Hypothetical Account as a lump sum.

_

Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System Governance KRS 161.220 through KRS 161.716 Cost Sharing Multiple Employer Defined Benefit with Special Funding

	Tier 1 Participation prior to	Tier 2 Participation on or after
	7/1/2008	7/1/2008
Covered Employees:	Provides pension plan coverage for local school d	istricts and other educational agencies in the state.
Benefit Formula:	Final Compensation X Bene	fit Factor X Years of Service
Final Compensation:	Average of the highest 5 annual salaries reduced 5% per year from the earlier of age 60 or the date 27 years of service would have been completed. Average of the highest 3 annual salaries if age 55 with 27 or more years of service. The minimum annual service allowance for all members is \$440 multiplied by credited service.	Average of the highest 5 annual salaries reduced 6% per year from the earlier of age 60 or the date 27 years of service would have been completed. Average of the highest 3 annual salaries if age 55 with 27 or more years of service. The minimum annual service allowance for all members is \$440 multiplied by credited service.
Benefit Factor:	Non-University members: 2.00% for service prior to 7/1/1983; 2.50% for service after 7/1/1983; 2.00% if participation after 7/1/2002 and less than 10 years; 2.50% if participation after 7/1/2002 and more than 10 years; 3.00% if retire after 7/1/2004 for each year in excess of 30. University members: 2.0% for each year of service.	Non-University members: 1.70% if less than 10 years; 2.00% if greater than 10 years, but no more than 20 years; 2.30% if greater than 20 years, but no more than 26 years; 2.50% if greater than 26 years, but no more than 30 years; 3.00% for service greater than 30 years. University members: 1.50% if less than 10 years; 1.70% if greater than 10 years, but less than 20 years; 1.85% if greater than 20 years, but less than 27 years; 2.00% if greater than 27 years.
Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA):	1.5% annually additional ad hoc increases must be	e authorized by the General Assembly.
Unreduced Retirement Benefit:	Any age with 27 years of Kentucky service. Age 55 with 5 years of Kentucky service.	Any age with 27 years of Kentucky service. Age 60 with 5 years of Kentucky service. Age 55 with 10 years of Kentucky service.
Reduced Retirement Benefit:	Reduced by 5% per year from the earlier of age 60 or the date the member would have completed 27 years of service.	Reduced by 6% per year from the earlier of age 60 or the date the member would have completed 27 years of service.

Single Employer Defined Benefit Plans Source of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios (Expressed in Thousands)

	Fiscal Year 2019					
	Kentucky Legislators Retirement Plan		Kentucky Judicial Retirement Plan		State Police Retirement System	
Total Pension Liability						
Service Costs	\$	698	\$	4,127	\$	11,890
Interest		4,639		22,699		47,978
Differences between expected and actual experience						25,126
Changes in assumptions						
Benefit payments/refunds		(4,529)		(23,194)		(58,805)
Other						162
Net change in total pension liability		808		3,632		26,351
Total pension liability at July 1		73,566	_	371,505		943,272
Total pension liability at June 30	\$	74,374	\$	375,137	\$	969,623
Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position						
Contributions - employer	\$	2,400	\$	12,529	\$	46,877
Contributions - member		232		1,977		5,522
Net investment income		6,271		27,067		18,437
Benefit payments/refunds		(4,528)		(23,194)		(58,805)
Administrative expenses						(194)
Other						(1)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		4,375		18,379		11,836
Pension plan fiduciary net position at July 1		68,372		292,718		255,737
Pension plan fiduciary net positon at June 30	\$	72,747	\$	311,097	\$	267,573
Net pension liability at June 30	\$	1,627	\$	64,040	\$	702,050
Pension plan fiduciary net position as a %						
of the total pension liability		97.81%		82.93%		27.60%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	4,413	\$	30,900	\$	50,346
Net Pension liability as a % of covered employee payroll		36.9%		207.2%		1394.5%

_

Kentucky Employee	General Constant of Constant				
Non-Hazardous	Hazardous	State Police Retirement System			
69.69%	34.41%	121.27%			
5.00%	8.00%	8.00%			
\$771,052	\$55,259	\$60,048			
June 30, 2017, with standard roll forward	June 30, 2017, with standard roll forward	June 30, 2017, with standard roll forward			
June 30, 2018	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2018			
Entry age normal	Entry age normal	Entry age normal			
Level percent of pay	Level percent of pay	Level percent of pay			
20% of the difference between the market value of assets and the expected actuarial value of assets is recognized	20% of the difference between the market value of assets and the expected actuarial value of assets is recognized	20% of the difference between the market value of assets and the expected actuarial value of assets is recognized			
5.25% unchanged from prior year	6.25% unchanged from prior year	5.25% unchanged from prior year			
2.30%	2.30%	2.30%			
0.00%	0.00%	0.00%			
KERS Non-Hazardous and State Police Retirment System active member salaries are assumed to increase at the rate of 19.5% in year one and decreasing to 3.55% for year ten and beyond. KERS Hazardous increases will be 15.5% in year one decreasing to 3.05% year ten and beyond. A decrease of .95% when compared to the prior year.					
Pre-retirement mortality: RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with scale BB to 2013 (male mortality rates are multiplied by 50% and female mortality rates are multiplied by 30%.) Post-retirement mortality (non-disabled) : RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (female mortality rates are set back one year). Post-retirement morality (disabled): RP-2000 Combined Disablity Mortality Table Projected with Scale BB to 2013. Male mortality rates are set back four years. These mortality assumptions assume a margin for future morality improvement.					
The period July 1, 2008 - June 30, 2013	The period July 1, 2008 - June 30, 2013	The period July 1, 2008 - June 30, 2013			
· ·		he fiscal year end June 30, 2018,			
There have been no changes in actua	arial assumption since June 30, 2017.				
44.016	4.000	1.52			
44,916 49,658	4,093 5,298	1,536 480			
	Non-Hazardous 69.69% 5.00% \$771,052 June 30, 2017, with standard roll forward June 30, 2018 Entry age normal Level percent of pay 20% of the difference between the market value of assets and the expected actuarial value of assets is recognized 5.25% unchanged from prior year 2.30% 0.00% KERS Non-Hazardous and State Po at the rate of 19.5% in year one compared to the prior year. Pre-retirement mortality: RP-2000 C mortality rates are multiplied by 50% mortality (non-disabled) : RP-2000 C mortality rates are set back one year Mortality Table Projected with Scal- mortality assumptions assume a mar The period July 1, 2008 - June 30, 2013 The total pension liability, was rolle using generally accepted actuarial pro-	69.69% 34.41% 5.00% 8.00% \$771,052 \$55,259 June 30, 2017, with standard roll forward June 30, 2017, with standard roll forward June 30, 2018 June 30, 2018 Entry age normal Entry age normal Level percent of pay Level percent of pay 20% of the difference between the market value of assets and the expected actuarial value of assets is recognized 20% of the difference between the market value of assets and the expected actuarial value of assets is recognized 5.25% unchanged from prior year 2.30% 6.25% unchanged from prior year 2.30% 2.30% 0.00% KERS Non-Hazardous and State Police Retirment System active member at the rate of 19.5% in year one and decreasing to 3.05% or year ten and increases will be 15.5% in year one and decreasing to 3.05% or year ten and protality rates are multiplied by 50% and female mortality rates are multi mortality (non-disabled) : RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with mortality rates are set back one year). Post-retirement mortality rates are multi mortality rates are set back one year). Post-retirement mortality inprovement. The period July 1, 2008 - June 30, 2013 The period July 1, 2008 - June 30, 2013 The total pension liability, was rolled-forward from the valuation date to tusing generally accepted actuarial principles.			

_

Judicial Retirement Plan	Legislators Retirement Plan	Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System		
Traditional plan 33.85% Hybrid plan 1.8%	Traditional plan 0% Hybrid plan 0%	32.11%		
		32.11%		
	er 1, 2008, must contribute 6%. Members entering tember 1, 2008, contribute 5% of official salary.	University members contribute 10.40% of salary. Non-university members contribute 12.855% of salary.		
Traditional plan \$8,600 Hybrid plan \$95	Traditional plan \$0 Hybrid plan \$0	\$7,289		
		\$1,051,452		
June 30, 2017, with standard roll forward	June 30, 2017, with standard roll forward	June 30, 2017, with standard roll forward		
June 30, 2018 Entry age normal funding method	June 30, 2018 Entry age normal funding method	June 30, 2018 Entry age normal		
Interest + 1% Unfunded past liability	Interest + 1% Unfunded past liability	Level funding		
Market Value	Market Value	Five-year smoothed Market		
Defined Benefit Plan 6.24% Hybrid Plan	6.45 % Defined Benefit Plan; 4.0% Hybrid	7.5%; prior year 4.49%		
4.0%, unchanged from prior year. 3.00%	Cash Plan. Both unchaged from prior year. 3.00%	3.00%		
1.0% for the next five years, thereafter 3.5%	1.0% for the next five years, thereafter 3.5%	3.50% to 7.30% including inflation		
	ustment with Pre- and Post-Commencement Rates r 2000 under Project Scale AA (males and female	Mortality rates were based on RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on a projection of Scale BB to 2025, set forward two years for males of one year for females.		
Information not available	Information not available	The period July 1, 2010 - June 30, 2015		
Standard roll forward methods using	generally accepted actuarial techniques.	Standard roll forward using generally accepted actuarial techniques.		
368	244	52,966		
16	40	8,624		
<u> </u>	80 364	<u> </u>		

1

1

Kentucky Judicial Retirement System

The long-term expected rate of return on Judicial and Legislators Plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Judicial and Legislators. Plan target asset allocation as of June 30, 2018 (see the discussion of the Judicial Retirement Plan's investment policy in Note 5) are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	5.05%
International Equity	5.45%
Fixed Income	0.55%
Cash	-1.85%

The Judicial Defined Benefit Plan discount used to measure the total pension liability was 6.24%, as of June 30, 2018, unchanged from the previous year. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contribution will be made at the current statutory contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the Judicial Retirement Pension Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members through June 30, 2055. The long-term expected rate of return on the Judicial Retirement Pension Plan's investments was applied to periods of projected benefit payments through this date, and the municipal bond rate, was used for the period thereafter to determine the pension liability. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability on the second bases was 6.5% for 38 years and 3.11% thereafter. This is equivalent to an average assumed rate of return of approximately 6.24%.

The following presents the net pension liability of the Judicial Retirement Plan, calculated using the discount rate of (6.24%), as well as what the Judicial Plan's pension liability would be if it was calculated using a discount rate that is 1% point lower (5.24%) or 1% point higher (7.24%) than the current rate:



Kentucky Legislators Retirement System

The discount used to measure the total pension liability was 6.45%, as of July 1, 2018. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contribution will be made at the current statutory contribution rate. Based on those assumptions, the Legislative Defined Benefit Pension Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members through June 30, 2068. The long-term expected rate of return on the Legislators Retirement Plan's investments was applied to periods of projected benefit payments through this date, and the municipal bond rate, was used for periods thereafter to determine the total pension liability. The discount used to measure the total pension liability on the second bases was 6.50% for 38 years, and 3.11% thereafter. This is equivalent to an average assumed rate of return of approximately 6.45%.

The following presents the net pension liability of the Legislators Plan, calculated using the discount rate of 6.45%, as well as what the Legislators Retirement Plan's pension liability would be if it was calculated using a discount rate that is 1% point lower (5.45%) or 1% point higher (7.45%) than the current rate:

Kentucky Legislators Retirement Plan (Expressed in Thousands)						
		1%		Current		1%
	D	ecrease		Discount	h	ncrease
				Rate		
		5.45%		6.45%		7.45%
Net Pension Liability	\$	8,539	\$	1,627	\$	(4,266)

Kentucky State Police Retirement System and Kentucky Employee Non-Hazardous and Hazardous Retirement System

The long-term expected rate of return was determined by using a building block method for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic nominal rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table: (See the discussion of investment policy in Note 5)

State Police Retirement System

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	17.5%	
US Large Cap	8.5%	4.50%
US Mid Cap	5.0%	4.50%
US Small Cap	4.0%	5.50%
Non US Equity	17.5%	
International Developed	12.5%	6.50%
Emerging Markets	5.0%	7.25%
Global Bonds	10%	3.00%
Credit Fixed	17%	
Global IG Credit	10%	3.75%
High Yield	3%	5.50%
EMD	4%	6.00%
Private Equity	10%	6.50%
Real Estate	5%	7.00%
Absolute Return	10%	5.00%
Real return	10%	5.00%
Cash	3%	1.50%
Total	100.00%	5.13%

Kentucky Retirement Systems Non-Hazardous Retirement Plan

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	17.5%	
US Large Cap	8.5%	4.50%
US Mid Cap	5.0%	4.50%
US Small Cap	4.0%	5.50%
Non US Equity	17.5%	
International Developed	12.5%	6.50%
Emerging Markets	5.0%	7.25%
Global Bonds	10%	3.00%
Credit Fixed	17%	
Global IG Credit	10%	3.75%
High Yield	3%	5.50%
EMD	4%	6.00%
Private Equity	10%	6.50%
Real Estate	5%	7.00%
Absolute Return	10%	5.00%
Real return	10%	5.00%
Cash	3%	1.50%
Total	100.00%	5.13%

Kentucky Retirement Systems Hazardous Retirement Plan

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	17.5%	
US Large Cap	5.00%	4.50%
US Mid Cap	6.00%	4.50%
US Small Cap	6.50%	5.50%
Non US Equity	17.5%	
International Developed	12.50%	6.50%
Emerging Markets	5.00%	7.25%
Global Bonds	4.00%	3.00%
Credit Fixed	24.0%	
Global IG Credit	2.00%	3.75%
High Yield	7.00%	5.50%
EMD	5.00%	6.00%
Illiquid Private	10.00%	8.50%
Private Equity	10.0%	6.50%
Real Estate	5.0%	9.00%
Absolute Return	10.0%	5.00%
Real return	10.0%	7.00%
Cash	2.0%	1.50%
Total	100.00%	6.09%

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability of SPRS and KERS non-hazardous was 5.25%. The discount rate used to measure KERS Hazardous is 6.25%. All plans experience no change in the discount rate from the prior year. These single discount rates are based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments for each system. Based on stated assumptions and the projection of cash flows as of each fiscal year ending, the pension plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions were projected to be sufficient to finance all the future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of the projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability for each system. The projection of cash flow used to determine the single discount rate assumed that employers would contribute the actuarially determined contribution rate in all future years. The discount rate determination does not use a municipal bond rate. The following presents the net pension liability of SPRS, and KERS Non-Hazardous calculated using the discount rate stated above as well as what the net position liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher.

State Police Retirement System

	(Expressed in Thousands)					
		1% Current				1%
		Decrease	Discount Rate (5.25%)			Increase
		(4.25%)			(4.25%) Rate (5.25%)	
Net Pension Liability	\$	823,796	\$	702,050	\$	601,850



The Commonwealth's proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets) is 74.46\%.

		(Expressed in T	housands)				
		1%		Current		1%		
	Decrease		C	Discount		Increase		
				Rate				
		5.25%		6.25%		7.25%		
Net Pension Liability	ty \$ 629,893 \$ 492,281 \$				378,013			

Kentucky Employees Retirement System Hazardous

The Commonwealth's proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets) is 97.46%.

Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	40.0%	4.2%
International Equity	22.0%	5.2%
Fixed Income	15.0%	1.2%
Additional Categories *	8.0%	3.3%
Real Estate	6.0%	3.8%
Private Equity	7.0%	6.3%
Cash	2.0%	0.9%
Total	100%	

*Includes High Yield, Non-US Developed Bonds and Private Credit Strategies

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5% an increase from the prior year rate of 4.49%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the Employer contributions will be made at the Actuarially Determined Contribution rates, adjusted by 95%, for all fiscal years in the future. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The change in the discount rate from 4.49% used in the 2017 disclosure report is considered a change in assumptions or other inputs.

The following table presents the net pension liability of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the System's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50%) than the current rate:

Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System (Expressed in Thousands)

	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate		1% Increase		
	6.50%		7.50%		8.50%	
State as employer	\$ 125,628	\$	226,555	\$	74,768	
State as a nonemployer						
special funding situation	16,961,695		13,103,047		10,094,885	
Total Net Pension Liability	\$ 17,087,323	\$	13,329,602	\$	10,169,653	

The Commonwealth's proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets) is 97.1\%.

Kentucky Judicial Retirement Plan

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019, the Commonwealth of Kentucky recognized pension expenses (income) of (\$8,202,000) for the Kentucky Judicial Retirement Plan. Deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to pensions are from the following sources:

	Kentucky Judicial Retirement Plan (Expressed in Thousands)				
	Deferred Outflows of Resources		D	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions	\$	66	\$	9	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		3,796 8,732		18,285	
Total	\$	12,594	\$	18,294	

The \$8,732,000 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions after the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of net pension liability during the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

	Kentucky Judicial Retirement Plan (Expressed in Thousands)		
Year ended June 30:			
2020	\$	(4,806)	
2021		(3,046)	
2022		(4,943)	
2023		(1,673)	
2024		5	
Thereafter		31	

Kentucky Legislators Retirement Plan

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019, the Commonwealth of Kentucky recognized pension expense (income) of (\$2,604,000) for the Kentucky Legislators Retirement Plan. Deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to pensions are from the following sources:

	Kentucky Legislators' Retirement Plan (Expressed in Thousands)			
	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions	\$	15	\$	2
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments Total	\$	852 867	\$	4,065 4,067

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

	Re	ntucky Legislators' etirement System ressed in Thousands)
Year ended June 30:		
2020	\$	(1,030)
2021		(685)
2022		(1,111)
2023		(380)
2024		1
Thereafter		5
Kentucky Employees Non-Hazardous Retirement System

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019, the Commonwealth of Kentucky recognized pension expenses (income) of \$1,473,088,000 for the Kentucky Employees Non-Hazardous Retirement System. Deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to pensions are from the following sources:

	Kentucky Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous (Expressed in Thousands)					
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions	Deferred Outflows of Resources			Deferred Inflows of Resources		
	\$	71,679 449,910	\$	28,097		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments		75,318		65,700		
Change in proportionate share		263,301		163,057		
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		793,776				
Total	\$	1,653,984	\$	256,854		

The \$793,776,000 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions after the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of net pension liability during the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

	Kentucky Employees' Retirement System Non- Hazardous
	 (Expressed in Thousands)
Year ended June 30:	
2020	\$ 570,259
2021	59,213
2022	(19,886)
2023	(6,232)

Kentucky Employees Hazardous Retirement System

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019, the Commonwealth of Kentucky recognized pension expenses (income) of \$88,497,000 for the Kentucky Employees Hazardous Retirement System. Deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to pensions are from the following

	Ken	Kentucky Employees Retirement System Hazardous (Expressed in Thousands)					
	Deferred Outlows of Resources			Deferred Inflows of Resources			
		sources		Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	25,323	\$				
Changes in assumptions		44,738					
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments		23,114		29,302			
Change in proportionate share		2,602		3,276			
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		52,903					
Total	\$	148,680	\$	32,578			

The \$52,903,000 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions after the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of net pension liability during the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

	Kentucky Employees Retirement System Hazardous (Expressed in Thousands)					
Year ended June 30:						
2020	\$	61,121				
2021		13,112				
2022		(8,284)				
2023		(2,750)				

Kentucky State Police Retirement System

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019, the Commonwealth of Kentucky recognized pension expenses (income) of \$115,270,000 for the Kentucky State Police Retirement System. Deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to pensions are from the following sources:

	Kentucky State Police Retirement System (Expressed in Thousands)					
Differences between expected and actual experience	Deferred Outflows of Resources			Deferred Inflows of Resources		
	\$	20,566	\$			
Changes in assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments		56,441 11,800		11,174		
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date Total	\$	57,968 146,775	\$	11,174		

The \$57,968,000 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions after the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of net pension liability during the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

	Kentucky State Polic Retirement System (Expressed in Thousar					
Year ended June 30:						
2020	\$	56,936				
2021		23,470				
2022		(1,735)				
2023		(1,038)				

Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019, the Commonwealth of Kentucky recognized pension expenses (income) of (\$69,545,000) as an employer and (\$1,385,513,000) as a Governmental Nonemployer Contributing Entity to Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System. Deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to pensions are from the following sources:

	Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System							
		(Expressed in T	housand	ls)		(Expressed in	n Thou	sands)
	Employer				Nonemployer Special Funding Situation			
	Deferred Outflows of Deferred Inflows Resources of Resources			rred Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions	\$	760 16.087	\$	1,566 87.819	\$	102,732 2.173.133	\$	234,362 11.830.399
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments		10,007		3,517		2,170,100		471,888
Change in proportionate share Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		11,280 7,289		110,240		387,122 1,051,452		22,468
Total	\$	35,416	\$	203,142	\$	3,714,439	\$	12,559,117

The \$7,289,000 and \$1,051,452,000 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions after the measurement date as the employer and nonemployer contribution entity, respectively will be recognized as a reduction of net pension liability during the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

	Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System						
	(Exp	pressed in Thousands)	(Expressed in Thousands)				
			Ν	lonemployer			
		Employer	Special	Funding Situation			
Year ended June 30:							
2020	\$	(61,893)	\$	(2,500,807)			
2021		(65,697)		(2,765,083)			
2022		(37,563)		(3,253,721)			
2023		(9,862)		(1,376,519)			

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019, the Commonwealth of Kentucky recognized pension expenses (income) of \$1,543,777,000 as an employer and (\$1,385,513,000) as a Governmental Nonemployer Contributing Entity. Deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to pensions are from the following sources:

	Primary Government (Expressed in Thousands) Governmental Activities							
	Employer					ation		
	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources		- • •	erred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on	\$	115,674 550,705	\$	28,718 87,830	\$	102,732 2,173,133	\$	234,362 11,830,399
investments Change in proportionate share Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		112,143 273,962 893,426		129,872 271,495		387,122 1,051,452		471,888 22,468
Total	\$	1,945,910	\$	517,915	\$	3,714,439	\$	12,559,117

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019, The Commonwealth of Kentucky recognized pension expenses (income) of \$52,727,000 and deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to pensions from the following sources:

	Business-Type Activities (Expressed in Thousands)				
		red Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions	\$	2,734 16,471	\$	921	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments		2,736		2,457	
Change in proportionate share Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		3,224 27,241		4,993	
Total	\$	52,406	\$	8,371	

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019, Major Component Units recognized pension expenses (income) of (\$7,905,000) and deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to pensions from the following sources:

	Major Component Units (Expressed in Thousands) as Employer				
	20.0	ed Outflows Resources		ed Inflows of sources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments Change in proportionate share Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$	3,414 27,761 3,137 4,542 21,748	\$	4,274 46,329 4,402 84,147	
Total	\$	60,602	\$	139,152	

Primary Government reports \$1,972,120,000 and Major Component Units report \$21,748,000 as deferred outflows resulting from contributions made subsequent to the measurement date. Outflows from deferred contributions will reduce the net pension liability for the year end June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

		Primary Government (Expressed in Thousands)							Major ponent Units pressed in nousands)
		Governmental Activities		Nonemployer Special Funding Situation		Business-Type Activities			
Year ended Jur	ne 30: 2020 2021 2022 2023 2023	\$	603,161 25,882 (72,762) (21,719) (29)	\$	(2,500,807) (2,765,083) (3,253,721) (1,376,519)	\$	17,390 450 (796) (251)	\$	(32,531) (39,153) (22,170) (6,444)
Thereafter			36						

Note 9

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The State provides the following Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) plans:

Kentucky Retirement Systems OPEB Plan

Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS) 61.701 created a trust fund to be known as the "Kentucky Retirement Systems insurance trust fund." Trust fund assets are dedicated for use for health benefits as provided in KRS 61.702 and as permitted under 26 U.S.C. secs. 105 and 106, to retired recipients and employees of employers participating in the Kentucky Retirement Systems, and to certain of their dependents or beneficiaries, including but not limited to qualified beneficiaries as described in 42 U.S.C. secs. 300bb-1 et seq. The employers participating in the trust fund are limited to the Commonwealth, political subdivisions of the Commonwealth, and entities whose income is exempt from taxation under 26 U.S.C. sec.115.

The board of trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems administers the trust fund and the board serves as trustee of the fund. The board manages the assets of the fund in the same manner in which it administers the retirement funds, except that separate accounting and financial reporting shall be maintained for the trust fund. The financial reports can be obtained by writing Kentucky Retirement Systems, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, Kentucky 40601-6124, by telephone at (800) 928-4646, or online at www.kyret.ky.gov.

Kentucky Judicial Form Retirement System OPEB Plan

The Judicial Form Retirement System OPEB Plan is governed by KRS Chapter 21, Section 24, which requires the plan to provide health benefits to retired participants and eligible dependents of the Judicial Form Retirement Plan and the Legislative Retirement Plan.

The Judicial Form Retirement Plan issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the above mentioned retirement plans. That report may be obtained by writing to the Kentucky Judicial Form Retirement System, Suite 302, Whitaker Bank Building, 305 Ann Street, Frankfort, Kentucky 40601, by telephone at (502) 564-5310 or online at www.kjfrs.ky.gov.

Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System OPEB Plan

In addition to the retirement annuity plan described in Note 8, Kentucky Revised Statute (KRS) 161.675 requires Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System (KTRS) to provide access to postemployment healthcare benefits for eligible members and dependents. The KTRS medical plan (MIF) is funded by employer and member contributions. Changes to the medical plan may be made by the KTRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance, and the General Assembly. The KTRS medical plan is funded by employee contributions to an account established pursuant to 26 U.S.C. sec. 401(h). Additional funding is derived from the Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System insurance trust fund that went into effect on July 1, 2010. The insurance trust fund provides a trust separate from the account established pursuant to 26 U.S.C. sec. 401(h). The insurance trust fund includes employer and retired member contributions required under KRS 161.550 and KRS 161.675(4)(b).

KTRS administers the Life Insurance Plan as provided by KRS 161.655 to provide life insurance benefits to retired and active members. The benefit is \$5,000 for members who are retired for service or disability and \$2,000 for active contributing members.

The Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System, 479 Versailles Road, Frankfort, Kentucky 40601, by telephone at (800) 618-1687, or online at www.trs.ky.gov.

Kentucky Retirement Systems OPEB Plan Governance KRS 61.701 to 61.705 Cost Sharing Multi-Employer Defined Benefit Kentucky Employee Retirement System Non-Hazardous

Kentucky Employee Retirement System Non-Hazardous									
Plan Administator:	The plan is administ	ered by Kentucky Re	tirement Systems (KI	RS).					
Covered Employees:	Members of KRS cu	Members of KRS currently receiving benefits.							
	Participation pri	or to July 2003	•	n July 2003 and August 008	Participation on or after September 2008				
	Months of Service	Percent of premium paid	Months of Service	Months of Service Percent of premium paid		Percent of premium paid			
Benefit Factor:	<48 48 to 119 inclusive 120 to 179 inclusive 180 to 239 inclusive 240 or more	0% Greater than or 25% equal to 120 50% 75% 100% 100%	\$10 per month for each year of service without regard to a maximum dollar amount, adjusted by 1.5% annually	Greater than or equal to 180	\$10 per month for each year of service without regard to a maximum dollar amount, adjusted by 1.5% annually				
	There has been no change in actuarial assumptions since June 30, 2017 (other than the blended discount rate used to calculate the Total OPEB liability). House Bill 185 was enacted during the 2018 General Assembly Regular Session, which updated the benefits provisions for active members who die in the line of duty.								
Contribution Rate:	Contribution rates for the employer are actuarilly determined. No member contribution.		Contribution rates for the employer are actuarilly determined. No member contribution.		Contribution rates for the employer are actuarilly determined. Member contribution of 1% of salary.				
Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA):	A): Members participating after 2008 receive 1.5% increase annually.								
Membership: Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits Inactive members Active plan members Total		29,032 5,884 37,100 72,016							

Publicly available financial report can be accessed at www.kyret.ky.gov.

Kentucky Retirement Systems OPEB Plan Governance KRS 61.701 to 61.705 Cost Sharing Multi-Employer Defined Benefit Kentucky Employee Retirement System Hazardous

Kentucky Employee Retirement System Hazardous									
Plan Administator:	The plan is administ	ered by Kentucky Re	tirement Systems (KI	RS).					
Covered Employees:	Members of KRS cu	Members of KRS currently receiving benefits.							
	Participation prior to July 2003			n July 2003 and August 008	Participation on or after September 2008				
	Months of Service	Percent of premium paid	Months of Service	Percent of premium paid	Months of Service	Percent of premium paid			
Benefit Factor:	<48 48 to 119 inclusive 120 to 179 inclusive 180 to 239 inclusive 240 or more	0% 25% 50% 75% 100%	Greater than or equal to 120	\$15 per month for each year of service without regard to a maximum dollar amount, adjusted by 1.5% annually	Greater than or equal to 180	\$15 per month for each year of service without regard to a maximum dollar amount, adjusted by 1.5% annually			
There has been no change in actuarial assumptions since June 30, 2017 (other than the blended discount rate used to calculate the Total OPEB liability). House Bill 185 was enacted during the 2018 General Assembly Regular Session, which updated the benefits provisions for active members who die in the line of duty.									
Contribution Rate:	Contribution rates for the employer are actuarilly determined. No member contribution.		Contribution rates for the employer are actuarilly determined. No member contribution.		Contribution rates for the employer are actuarilly determined. Member contribution of 1% of salary.				
Cost of LivingAdjustment (COLA):Members participating after 2008 receive 1.5% increase annually.									
Membership: Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits Inactive members Active plan members Total		2,190 270 4,040 6,500							

Publicly available financial report can be accessed at www.kyret.ky.gov.

		Governan Single En	irement Systems OP ce KRS 61.701 to 61 nployer Defined Ben lice Retirement Syst	.705 nefit				
Plan Administator:	The plan is administe	ered by Kentucky Re	tirement Systems (KF	RS).				
Covered Employees:	Members of KRS currently receiving benefits.							
	Participation prior to July 2003		Participation between July 2003 and August 2008		Participation on or after September 2008			
	Months of Service	Percent of premium paid	Months of Service	Percent of premium paid	Months of Service	Percent of premium paid		
Benefit Factor:		•	•	\$10 per month for each year of service (\$15 hazardous) without regard to a maximum dollar amount, adjusted annually 30, 2017. House Bill 1 active members who c	-			
Contribution Rate:	Contribution rates for the employer are actuarially determined. No member contribution.		Contribution rates for the employer are actuarilly determined. No member contribution.		Contribution rates for the employer are actuarilly determined. Member contribution of 1% of salary.			
Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA):	Members participatir	ng after 2008 receive	1.5% increase annua	lly.				
Membership: Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits Inactive members Active plan members Total		1,277 40 <u>875</u> 2,192						

Publicly available financial report can be accessed at www.kyret.ky.gov.

_

Kentucky Judicial Form Retirement System OPEB Plan Governance KRS 21.345 to 21.580 Single Employer Defined Benefit Judicial Retirement Plan							
Plan Administator:	The plan is administered by the Kentucky Judicial Form Retirement System (KJFRS).						
Covered Employees:	Members of KJFRS currently receiving benefits.						
	Participation price	or to January 2014	Participation on or	after January 2014			
	Months of Service	Percent of premium paid	Months of Service	Percent of premium paid			
Benefit Factor:	<48 48 to 119 inclusive 120 to 179 inclusive 180 to 239 inclusive 240 or more	0% 25% 50% 75% 100%	Greater than or equal to 180	\$10 per month for each year of service, not to exceed \$200; adjusted by 1.5% annually			
Contribution Rate:	Contribution rates for th	ne employer are actuarilly nember contribution.	Contribution rates for the employer are actuarilly determined. Member contribution of 1% of salary.				
Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA):	Members participating aft	er 2013 receive 1.5% increas	e annually.				
Employer Contribution: Membership: Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits Inactive members Active plan members Total	354 15 238 607						

Publicly available financial report can be accessed at www.kjfrs.ky.gov.

=

Kentucky Judicial Form Retirement System OPEB Plan Governance KRS 6.500 to 6.577 Single Employer Defined Benefit Legislators Retirement Plan								
Plan Administator:	ator: The plan is administered by the Kentucky Judicial Form Retirement System.							
Covered Employees:	Members of KJFRS currently receiving benefits.							
	Participation pric	r to January 2014	Participation on or	after January 2014				
	Months of Service	Percent of premium paid	Months of Service	Percent of premium paid				
	<48	0%	Greater than or equal to 180	\$10 per month for each year				
Benefit Factor:	48 to 119 inclusive	25%		of service, not to exceed \$200; adjusted by 1.5%				
	120 to 179 inclusive	50%		annually				
	180 to 239 inclusive	75%						
	240 or more	100%						
Contribution Rate:		Contribution rates for the employer are actuarilly determined. No member contribution.		e employer are actuarilly atribution of 1% of salary.				
Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA):	Members participating afte	er 2013 receive 1.5% increas	se annually.					
Employer Contribution:								
Membership:								
Retirees and beneficiaries receiving								
benefits	238							
Inactive members	43							
Active plan members	103							
Total	384							

Publicly available financial report can be accessed at www.kjfrs.ky.gov.

Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System OPEB Plan Governance KRS 161.5500 to 161. 675 Cost Sharing Multi-Employer Defined Benefit

Plan Administator:

The plan is administered by the Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System (KTRS).

Covered Employees:

Covered Employees hired before July 1, 2008, are eligibile for Retiree Medical Plan coverage when the employee has completed 27 years of service or attainment of age 55 with 5 years of service. Covered employees hired on or after July 1, 2008, are eligible for Retiree Medical Plan coverage when the employee has completed 27 years of service, the attainment of age 55 and 10 years of service, or the attainment of age 60 and 5 years of service.

		Per	centage of System Contribu	tion Rate Provided to Retir	ees*	
		Entered system	Before 7/1/2002	Entered System After		
	Years of Service	Age 65 or Older and Covered before January 2005	Age 65 After or Covered After December 2004	Entered System After June 2002 and before July 2008	Entered System After June 2008	
	5 - 9.99	70%	25%	10%	Not Eligible	
Benefit Factor:	10 - 14.99	80%	50%	25%	Not Eligible	
	15 -19.99	90%	75%	45%	45%	
	20 - 24.99	100%	100%	65%	65%	
	25 - 29.99	100%	100%	90%	90%	
	26 - 26.99	100%	100%	95%	95%	
	27 or more	100%	100%	100%	100%	
		*100% for disat	oled retirees that retired prior t	to January 2002		
Life Insurance:			embers who retired on or after bers or \$2,000 for active n		e retirement system.	
Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA)	Does not apply					
Contribution Rate:	No contribution is required by employees who retired before July 1, 2010. Effective July 1, 2010, retirees under the age of 65 begin a three year phase-in of the Shared Responsibility Contribution. This contribution reduces the applicable amount of the full contribution provided by the system to the retiree by adjusting the Shared Responsibility Contribution amount by 100% less the appropriate percentage from the Retiree Percentage Contribution above. The retirement system Contribution Rate Basis is determined annually by the System and the full cost is project based on historical claims data.					
Employer Contribution:	Established by KRS 161	.540 (1) (c) and 161.550	(5)			
Employee Contribution:	Active members contrib	ute between 2.75% and 3.	75%.			
Membership:		Medical	Life Insurance			
Retirees and benefician	ries receiving benefits	41,232	49,422			
Inactive members		7,337	8,814			
Active plan members		72,205	72,205			
Total		120,774	130,441			

Publicly available financial report can be accessed at www.trs.ky.gov.

Single Employer Defined Benefit OPEB Plans Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios (Expressed in Thousands)

	Fiscal Year 2019					
	Kentucky Legislators Retirement Plan		Kentucky Judicial Retirement Plan		State Police Retirement System	
Total OPEB Liability						
Service Costs	\$	290	\$	927	\$	6,087
Interest		1,403		3,319		18,432
Changes in benefit terms						34
Differences between expected and actual experience						(23,320)
Changes in assumptions						(358)
Benefit payments/refunds		(758)		(1,962)		(13,097)
Net change in total OPEB liability		935		2,284		(12,222)
Total OPEB liability at July 1		22,085		52,111		313,234
Total OPEB liability at June 30	\$	23,020	\$	54,395	\$	301,012
OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position						
Contributions - employer	\$	5	\$	1,218	\$	8,535
Contributions - member		9		218		155
Net investment income		3,896		7,610		16,470
Benefit payments/refunds		(758)		(1,962)		(13,097)
Administrative expenses						(62)
Other				59		8
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		3,152		7,143		12,009
OPEB plan fiduciary net position at July 1		42,030	_	79,141		178,838
OPEB plan fiduciary net positon at June 30	\$	45,182	\$	86,284	\$	190,847
Net OPEB liability at June 30	\$	(22,162)	\$	(31,889)	\$	110,165
Plan fiduciary net position as a %						
of the total OPEB liability		196.27%		158.62%		63.40%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	4,407	\$	30,624	\$	50,064
Net OPEB liability as a % of covered employee payroll		-502.9%		-104.1%		220.0%

_

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

	Kentucky Emple	State Police OPEB Plan					
	Non-Hazardous	Hazardous	State Police OPEB Plan				
Employer Contribution	11.81%	3.28%	27.24%				
Member Contribution	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%				
State Contribution as a percentage of nonemployer							
Contributions	\$ 178,964,000	\$ 4,970,000	\$ 13,288,000				
Experience Study	July 1, 2008-June 30, 2013	July 1, 2008-June 30, 2013	July 1, 2008-June 30, 2013				
Actuarial Valuation Date	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2017				
Inflation	2.3%, no change from prior year.	2.3%, no change from prior year.	2.3%, no change from prior year.				
Salary Increases	0%, no change from prior year.	0%, no change from prior year.	0%, no change from prior year.				
Investment rate of return	6.25%, no change from prior year.	6.25%, no change from prior year.	6.25%, no change from prior year.				
Health cost trend rates	Underlying assumptions: 1). A short run period-this is a period for which anticipated health care trend rates are manually set based on local information as well as plan-specific and carrier information. 2). Long term real GDP Growth- 1.75%. 3). Long term rate of inflation- 2.3%. 4). Long term nominal GDP growth- 4.05%. 5). Year that excess rate converges to 0-15 years from the valuation. Health Care Cost Trends are thus the manually set rates for the short run period and rates which decline to an ultimate trend rate which equals the assumed nominal long term GDP growth rate.						
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry ag	e normal	Entry age normal				
Asset valuation method	5 years s	moothing	5 year smoothing				
Actuarial assumptions: Investment rate of return	6.25%	6.25%	6.25%				
Mortality Tables	The mortality table used for active members is RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females.) Post retirement mortality (non-disabled) used RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013. Set back one year for females. Post-retirement disabled members RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 Male mortality rates set back four years for male.						

Update procedures applied

Standard roll forward methods using generally accepted actuarial techniques.

_

mortality improvements after year 2000 under Projection Scale AA (male and females scale).

Judicial OPEB Plan	Legislators OPEB Plan	Kentucky Teachers' OPEB Plan 0.09%		
0.00%	0.00%			
Members participating on or after January 2014 contibute 1%	Members participating on or after January 2014 contibute 1%	Active members contribute between 2.75% and 3.75%		
		4.80%		
		\$ 183,146,000		
not available	not available	July 1, 2010 - June 30, 2015		
July 1, 2017	July 1, 2017	June 30, 2017		
3.00%	3.00%	3.00%		
1% for the next five years, and 3.5% thereafter	1% for the next five years, and 3.5% thereafter	3.50 - 7.20% including wage inflation		
6.24% (traditional plan) $4%$ (hybrid plan)	6.45% (traditional plan) $4%$ (hybrid plan)	8.00%		
8% for year 1, decreasing 0.25% per year to an ultimate rate of 5% for years 13+	8% for year 1, decreasing 0.25% per year to an ultimate rate of 5% for years 13+	Under Age 65 - 7.75% FYE 2018 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.0% by FYE 2024. Age 65 and older is 5.75% for FYE 2018 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.0% by FYE 2021. The medicare part B premium is 0.00% for FYE 2018 with an ultimate rate of 5.0% FYE 2030.		
Entry age nornal	Entry age nornal	Entry age normal		
5 year smoothing	5 year smoothing	5 year smoothing		
6.24%	6.45%	8.00%		
Mortality rates were based on RP-2000 Mortality Tables with white-collar adjustment with Pre and Post Commencement Rates with projected	Mortality rates were based on RP-2000 Mortality Tables with white-collar adjustment with Pre and Post Commencement Rates with projected	Mortality rates were based on RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection of Scale BB, set forward two years for males of one		

Projection Scale AA (male and females scale).

Standard roll forward methods using generally accepted actuarial techniques.

Standard roll forward methods using generally accepted actuarial techniques.

mortality improvements after year 2000 under year for females is used for dependent

beneficiaries.

Kentucky Judicial Retirement Plan OPEB Plan

The long-term expected rate of return on Judicial and Legislators Retirement Plan OPEB Plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Judicial and Legislators Retirement Plan's OPEB Plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2018, (see the discussion of the Judicial Plan's investment policy in Note 5) are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return				
Domestic Equity	5.05%				
International Equity	5.45%				
Fixed Income	0.55%				
Cash	-1.85%				

The discount used to measure the total OPEB liability was 6.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contribution will be made at the current statutory contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the Judicial Retirement Plan's OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members through June 30, 2055. The long-term expected rate of return on the Judicial OPEB Plan's investments was applied to periods of projected OPEB payments through this date, and the municipal bond rate, determined by using the 20-year municipal AA bond yield at July 1, 2017, for the periods thereafter to determine the total OPEB liability.

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Judicial Retirement Plan, calculated using the discount rate of 6.50%, as well as what the Judicial Retirement Plan's OPEB liability would be if it was calculated using a discount rate that is 1% point lower (5.50%) or 1% point higher (7.50%) than the current rate:

Kentucky Judicial Form Retirement Plan						
(Expressed in Thousands)						
	1%	Current	1%			
	Decrease	Discount	Increase			
	5.50%	Rate 6.50%	7.50%			
Net OPEB Liability (Assets)	\$ (25,080)	\$ (31,890)	\$ (37,551)			

The following presents the new OPEB liability of the Judicial Retirement Plan, calculated using the healthcare cost trend of 8% decreasing to 5% over 12 years, as well as what the OPEB liability would be if it was calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1% point lower or 1% point higher than the current rate.

Kentucky Judicial Form Retirement Plan Healthcare Cost Trend Rates						
		(Expressed in T	housands)			
	1%	Decrease	Сι	urrent Rate	19	lncrease
	7% decreasing to 4% over 12 years		8% decreasing to 5% over 12 years		9% decreasing to 6% over 12 years	
Net OPEB Liability (Assets)	\$	(38,098)	\$	(31,890)	\$	(24,431)

Kentucky Legislators Retirement Plan OPEB Plan

The discount used to measure the total OPEB liability was 6.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contribution will be made at the current statutory contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the Legislators Retirement OPEB Plan fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members through June 30, 2068. The long-term expected rate of return on the Legislators Retirement OPEB Plan's investments was applied to periods of projected OPEB payments through this date, and the municipal bond rate, determined by using the 20-year municipal AA bond yield at July 1, 2017, for the periods thereafter to determine the total OPEB liability. The discount used to measure the total OPEB liability on the second basis was 6.50% for 51 years, and 3.11% thereafter. This is equivalent to an average assumed rate of return of approximately 6.45%.

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Legislators Plan, calculated using the discount rate of 6.50%, as well as what the Legislative Retirement Plan's OPEB liability would be if it was calculated using a discount rate that is 1% point lower (5.50%) or

Kentucky Legislators Retirement Plan (Expressed in Thousands)

	1% Current		Current		1%	
	Decrease Discount		Increase			
	Rate					
	5.50%		6.50%		7.50%	
Net OPEB Liability (Assets)	\$	(19,429)	\$	(22,162)	\$	(24,437)

The following presents the new OPEB liability of the Legislative Plan, calculated using the healthcare cost trend of 8% decreasing to 5% over 12 years, as well as what the OPEB liability would be if it was calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1% point lower or 1% point higher than the current rate.

Kentucky Legislators Retirement Plan Healthcare Cost Trend Rates (Expressed in Thousands)								
	1% Decrease	Current Rate	1% Increase					
	7% decreasing to 4% over 12 years		9% decreasing to 6% over 12 years					
Net OPEB Liability (Assets)	\$ (24.612	\$ (22,162)	\$ (19.234)					

<u>Kentucky State Police Retirement System and Kentucky Em-</u> ployee Retirement System Non-Hazardous and Hazardous <u>OPEB Plan</u>

The long-term expected rate of return was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rate of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table: (See the discussion of investment policy in Note 5)

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	17.50%	
US Large Cap	5.00%	4.50%
US Mid Cap	6.00%	4.50%
US Small Cap	6.50%	5.50%
Non US Equity	17.50%	
International Developed	12.50%	6.50%
Emerging Markets	5.00%	7.25%
Global Bonds	4.00%	3.00%
Credit Fixed	24.00%	
Global IG Credit	2.00%	3.75%
High Yield	7.00%	5.50%
EMD	5.00%	6.00%
Illiquid Private	10.00%	8.50%
Private Equity	10.00%	6.50%
Real Estate	5.00%	9.00%
Absolute Return	10.00%	5.00%
Real return	10.00%	7.00%
Cash	2.00%	1.50%
Total	100.00%	6.09%

The discount used to measure the total OPEB liability was 6.02% for the Kentucky State Police Retirement System. The single discount rate is based on expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 6.25% and a municipal bond rate of 3.62%, as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal Go AA Index" as of June 30, 2018. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contribution will be at the actuarial contribution rate, which is determined using a closed funding period (25 years as of June 30, 2018) and the actuarial assumptions and methods adopted by the Board of Trustees. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position, future contributions, and investment earnings are projected to be sufficient to pay benefits payments of the retirement system. However, the cost associated with the implicit employer subsidy is not currently being included in the calculation of the System's actuarial determined contributions, and the subsidy will not be paid out of the System's trust. The following presents the net OPEB liability calculated using a discount as well as what the liability would be if it were using a discount rate that is 1% point lower or 1% point higher than the current rate:

State Police Retirement System (Expressed in Thousands)

	[1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate 6.02%		l	1% ncrease
		5.02%				7.02%
Net OPEB Liability (Assets)	\$	149,812	\$	110,165	\$	77,519

The following presents the sensitivity of the Net OPEB liability using the health care cost trend of the KSP OPEB Plan, as well as what the OPEB liability would be if it was calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1% point lower or 1% point higher than the current rate.

State Police Retirement System Healthcare Cost Trend Rates (Expressed in Thousands)								
	_	1% Decrease	<u>_</u>	Current Rate	_	1% Increase		
Net OPEB Liability (Assets)	Ş	75,342	\$	110,165	Ş	152,264		

The single discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability for Kentucky Employees Retirement System was 5.86% for the non-hazardous plan and 5.88% for hazardous plan. The single discount rate is based on expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 6.25% and a municipal bond rate of 3.62%, as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal Go AA Index" as of June 30, 2018. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contribution will be at the actuarial contribution rate, which is determined using a closed funding period (25 years as of June 30, 2018) and the actuarial assumptions and methods adopted by the Board of Trustees. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position, future contributions, and investment earnings are projected to be sufficient to pay benefits payments of the retirement system. However, the cost associated with the implicit employer subsidy is not currently being included in the calculation of the System's actuarial determined contributions, and the subsidy will not be paid out of the System's trust. The following presents the net OPEB liability calculated using a discount as well as what the liability would be if it were using a discount rate that is 1% point lower or 1% point higher than the current rate:

Kentucky Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous						
(Expressed in Thousands)						

	1%			Current		1%
		Decrease	Discount			Increase
				Rate		
		4.86%	5.86%			6.86%
Net OPEB Liability (Assets)	\$	2,060,382	\$	1,756,074	\$	1,502,812

The Commonwealth's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (assets) is 74.07%.

Kentucky Employees Retirement System Hazardous (Expressed in Thousands)

	1%		Current			1%
	Decrease Discount		Increase			
				Rate		
	4.88%		5.88%		6.88%	
Net OPEB Liability (Assets)	\$	32,530	\$	(32,325)	\$	(84,328)

The Commonwealth's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (assets) is 97.46%.

The following presents the sensitivity of the Net OPEB liability of the KERS, calculated using the healthcare cost trend of 7.50% decreasing to 5.0% over 15 years, as well as what the OPEB liability would be if it was calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1% point lower or 1% point higher than the current rate.



Kentucky Teachers' OPEB Plan

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by KTRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

	Medical Insurance	Fund
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Nominal Rate of Return
Global Equity	58.0%	4.60%
Fixed Income	9.0%	1.20%
Real Estate	5.5%	3.80%
Private Equity	6.50%	6.30%
Additional Categories	20.00%	3.30%
Cash	1.00%	0.90%
Total	100%	
	Life Insurance F	und
	Target	
Asset Class	Allocation	Long-Term Nominal Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	40.0%	4.20%
International Equity	23.0%	5.20%
Fixed Income	18.0%	1.20%
Real Estate	6.00%	3.80%
Private Equity	5.00%	6.30%
Additional Categories	6.00%	3.30%
Cash	2.00%	0.90%
Total	100%	

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 8% for MIF and 7.5 % for LIF both are net of investment expense including inflation. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed future contributions to the MIF were based upon the contribution rates defined in statute and the projected payroll of active employees. Per KRS 161.540(1) (c).3 and KRS 161.550 (5), when the MIF achieves a sufficient prefunded status, as determined by the retirement system's actuary, the statutory contribution are to be decreased, suspended, or eliminated: Employee contributions, state contributions for KEHP premium subsidies payable to retirees who retire after June 30, 2010.

The following table presents the net OPEB liability of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 8%, as well as what the System's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (7%) or 1-percentage-point higher (9%) than the current rate:



The Commonwealth's total proportionate share of the OPEB liability (assets) is 46.53%. Non-employer special funding is 44.92% and employer is 1.61%.

The following presents the Net OPEB liability of the KTRS OPEB Plan calculated using the healthcare cost trend of 8% decreasing to 5% over 12 years, as well as what the OPEB liability would be if it was calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1% point lower or 1% point higher than the current rate.

		Healthcare C	rs' Retirement Sy surance Fund Cost Trend Rates d in Thousands)				
	1% Decrease 7.00%		Cu	urrent Rate 8.00%	1% Increase 9.00%		
State as Employer State as Special Funding	\$	46,364 1,292,255	\$	55,913 1,558,435	\$	67,692 1,886,815	
Net OPEB Liability (Assets)	\$	1,338,619	\$	1,614,348	\$	1,954,507	

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the KTRS OPEB Plan, calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the KTRS OPEB liability would be if it was calculated using a discount rate that is 1% point lower (6.50%) or 1% point higher (8.57%) than the current rate:

			rs' Retirement Sys Irance Fund d in Thousands)	tem			
		1%	(Current		1%	
	De	crease	D	viscount	Increase		
				Rate			
	6	5.50%		7.50%	8	3.50%	
State as Employer	\$	740	\$	487	\$	276	
State as Special Funding		39,327		25,832		14,764	
Net OPEB Liability (Assets)	\$	40,067	\$	26,319	\$	15,040	

The Commonwealth's total proportionate share of the OPEB liability (assets) is 46.53%. Non-employer special funding is 44.92% and employer is 1.61%.

Kentucky Judicial Retirement Plan OPEB Plan

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019, the Commonwealth of Kentucky recognized OPEB expenses/(income) of (\$10,162,000) for the Kentucky Judicial Retirement Plan. Deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to OPEB are from the following sources:

	Kentucky Judicial Retirement OPEB Plan					
	(Expressed in Thousands)					
	Deferred Outflows of			Deferred Inflows of		
	Res	sources		Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	4	\$			
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments				4,598		
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,218				
Total	\$	1,222	\$	4,598		

The \$1,218,000 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from contributions after the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of net OPEB liability during the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to OPEB will be recognized as OPEB expenses/(income) as follows:

	Kentucky Judicial Retirement Plan OPEB (Expressed in Thousands)				
Year ended June 30:					
2020	\$	(1,371)			
2021		(1,371)			
2022		(1,370)			
2023		(484)			
2024		2			

Kentucky Legislators Retirement Plan OPEB Plan

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019, the Commonwealth of Kentucky recognized OPEB expenses/(income) of (\$3,463,000) for the Kentucky Legislators Retirement Plan. Deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to OPEB are from the following sources:

	Kentucky	Legislators Ret (Expressed in	
		Dutflows of ources	ed Inflows of esources
Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$	6 12	\$ 961 1,366
Total	\$	18	\$ 2,327

The \$12,000 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from contributions after the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of net OPEB liability during the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to OPEB will be recognized as OPEB expenses/(income) as follows:

	Retire	cky Legislators ment Plan OPEB Plan sed in Thousands)
Year ended June 30:		
2020	\$	(697)
2021		(697)
2022		(697)
2023		(235)
2024		1
Thereafter		4

Kentucky State Police Retirement System OPEB Plan

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019, the Commonwealth of Kentucky recognized OPEB expenses of \$17,798,000, for the Kentucky State Police Retirement System OPEB Plan. Deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to OPEB are from the following sources:

	Kentucky State Police Retirement System OPEB Pla (Expressed in Thousands)						
		d Outflows of sources	Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments Change in proportionate share	\$	30,655	\$	17,925 271 10,152			
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		13,273					
Total	\$	43,928	\$	28,348			

The \$13,273,000 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from contributions after the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of net OPEB liability during the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to OPEB will be recognized as OPEB expense as follows:

	Re	Kentucky State Police tirement System OPEB Plan (Expressed in Thousands)
Year ended June 30:		
2020	\$	4,384
2021		4,384
2022		(4,853)
2023		(1,608)

Kentucky Employees Retirement System OPEB Plan Non-Hazardous

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019, the Commonwealth of Kentucky recognized OPEB expenses of \$171,438,000 for the Kentucky Employees' Non-Hazardous OPEB Plan. Deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to OPEB are from the following sources:

	Kentucky Employees Retirement System OPEB Plan Non-Hazardous (Expressed in Thousands)						
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments Change in proportionate share Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		l Outflows of sources	Deferred Inflows of Resources				
	\$	184,600 39,172 154,680	\$	113,812 6,875 26,833 40,898			
Total	\$	378,452	\$	188,418			

The \$154,680,000 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from contributions after the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of net OPEB liability during the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to OPEB will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

	Ret	entucky Employees irement System OPEB Plan Non-Hazardous
	(Ex	(pressed in Thousands)
Year ended June 30:		
2020	\$	21,087
2021		21,087
2022		21,087
2023		(27,907)

Kentucky Employees Retirement System OPEB Plan Hazardous

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019, the Commonwealth of Kentucky recognized OPEB expenses of \$10,947,000 for the Kentucky Employees Retirement System OPEB Plan Hazardous. Deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to OPEB are from the following sources:

	Kentucky Employees Retirement System OPEB Plan Hazardous (Expressed in Thousands)						
		Outlows of	Deferred Inflows of				
	Res	ources	Resources				
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$		\$	26,328			
Changes in assumptions		59,424		477			
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments				25,761			
Change in proportionate share		151		2,046			
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		3,792					
Total	\$	63,367	\$	54,612			

The \$3,792,000 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from contributions after the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of net OPEB liability during the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to OPEB will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

	Kentucky Employees Retirement System OPEB Plan Hazardous				
	(Express	ed in Thousands)			
Year ended June 30:					
2020	\$	658			
2021		658			
2022		658			
2023		5,919			
2024		(1,190)			
Thereafter		(1,740)			

Kentucky Teachers Retirement System OPEB Plan

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019, the Commonwealth of Kentucky recognized OPEB expenses of \$3,320,000 as an employer and \$94,586,000 as a Governmental Nonemployer Contributing Entity to Kentucky Teachers Retirement System OPEB Plan. Deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to OPEB are from the following sources:

	Kentucky Teachers Retirement System OPEB Plan								
		(Expressed in	n Thousar	nds)	-	(Expressed in	n Thousai	nds)	
	Employer				Nonemployer Special Funding Situation			ation	
		d Outflows esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$		\$	1,933	\$		\$	81,324	
Changes in assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on		517				21,675			
investments		132		152		7,052		6,424	
Change in proportionate share		109		1,588		41,989			
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,867				77,591			
Total	\$	2,625	\$	3,673	\$	148,307	\$	87,748	

The \$1,867,000 and \$77,591,000 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from contributions after the measurement date as the employer and nonemployer contribution entity, respectively will be recognized as a reduction of net OPEB liability during the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to OPEB will be recognized as OPEB expense as follows:

	entucky Teachers Retire ressed in Thousands)	(Expresse	em OPEB Plan ed in Thousands) nemployer
	Employer	Special F	unding Situation
Year ended June 30:			
2020	\$ (551)	\$	(3,547)
2021	(551)		(3,547)
2022	(551)		(3,548)
2023	(500)		(1,731)
2024	(531)		(3,253)
Thereafter	(231)		(1,406)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019, the Commonwealth of Kentucky recognized OPEB expenses of 183,927,000 as an employer and \$94,586,000 as a Governmental Nonemployer Contributing Entity. Deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to OPEB are from the following sources:

	Primary Government (Expressed in Thousands) Governmental Activities								
		Employer				Nonemployer Special Funding Situation			
	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources			red Inflows esources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on	\$	10 268,020	\$	157,909 7,138	\$	21,675	\$	80,770	
investments Change in proportionate share Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		132 39,427 169,565		66,546 43,830		7,052 41,989 77,591		6,424	
Total	\$	477,154	\$	275,423	\$	148,307	\$	87,194	

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019, the Commonwealth of Kentucky recognized OPEB expenses of \$5,951,000 and deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Business-Type Activities (Expressed in Thousands)				
	Deferred of Res		ed Inflows esources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$		\$	4,348	
Changes in assumptions		7,176		240	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments				1,181	
Change in proportionate share		6		1,164	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		5,277			
Total	\$	12,459	\$	6,933	

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019, Major Component Units recognized OPEB expenses of \$13,873,000 and deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to OPEB from the following sources:

		Major Comp (Expressed i as Em	n Thousa	
	Deferre of R	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments Change in proportionate share Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$	9,009 8,770 81 478 28,742	\$	40,770 59,604 6,773 3,193
Total	\$	47,080	\$	110,340

Primary Government reports \$252,433,000 and Major Component Units report \$28,742,000 as deferred outflows resulting from contributions made subsequent to the measurement date. Outflows from deferred contributions will reduce the net OPEB liability for the year end June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	Primary Government (Expressed in Thousands)									
			Nor	nemployer						
		ernmental ctivities	1 0			ness-Type ctivities				
Year ended June 30:										
2020	\$	22,948	\$	(3,436)	\$	486	\$	(19,852)		
2021		22,948		(3,436)		486		(19,852)		
2022		13,712		(3,437)		486		(19,852)		
2023		(23,710)		(1,620)	(1,182)			(16,355)		
2024		(1,785) (3				(10)		(5,462)		
Thereafter		(1,947)		(1,406)		(17)	(10,629			

Note 10

EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLAN

Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Plan

Employees of the Commonwealth, its cities, counties, and local school districts are eligible to participate in two deferred compensation plans as authorized by the United States Internal Revenue Code. These plans, labeled 457 and 401(k), after sections of the Code, are administered by the Personnel Cabinet and an independent Plan administrator. The Commonwealth, through a board of trustees as defined in KRS 18A.245, selects the administrator to oversee the daily operations and technical compliance of the Plans with applicable sections of the Internal Revenue Code. The Commonwealth's responsibilities consist of withholding payroll deductions for its employees, collecting employee withholdings of the cities, counties, and local school districts, and remitting those withholdings to the plan administrators holding fixed and variable annuity contracts (carriers). Both Plans permit employees to defer collecting a portion of their salary until future years. This deferment is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. Assets of the 457 Plan and the 401(k) Plan are reported in a Pension Trust Fund within the fiduciary fund type, in compliance with Internal Revenue Code and GASB 32 requirements. As of June 30, 2019 Plan Assets are as follows:

	(expressed in thousands)							
		457 Plan	401(k) Plan					
Commonwealth	\$	515,905	\$	749,477				
Other Participating Jurisdictions		621,482		1,198,104				
Total	\$	1,137,387	\$	1,947,581				

Note 11

LEASE OBLIGATIONS

The Commonwealth has entered into various leases for buildings and equipment. Generally, leases contain termination clauses providing for cancellation after a 30, 60, or 90 days written notice. In addition, certain leases contain appropriation clauses indicating that continuation of the lease is subject to funding by the General Assembly. It is expected that in the normal course of business most of these leases will be replaced by similar leases.

A portion of the capital lease liability for the major component units is applicable to leases with the Commonwealth.

Changes in leases payable for the year ended June 30, 2019, are summarized in Note 16, Changes in Long-Term Obligations.

At June 30, 2019, capitalized leases included Buildings and Equipment as follows (Expressed in Thousands):

		Primary G	overnm	nent						
Buildings and Equipment acquired through capital leases are recorded at the lesser of fair market value or present value of future minimum lease payments.		Governmental Business-Type Activities Activities			Component Units-Major					
Buildings	\$	61,176	\$	29,777	\$	498,493				
Equipment		82,865		777		96,122				
Other						107,734				
Total		144,041		30,554		702,349				
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(63,305)		(9,124)		(335,527)				
Total Net of Depreciation	\$	80,736	\$	21,430	\$	366,822				

Future minimum rental commitments for capitalizable leases as of June 30, 2019, are as follows (Expressed in Thousands):

		 Component Units - Major									
	Governmental					Busine	ss-Ty	pe			
	Р	rincipal		Interest		Principal		Interest	Principal		Interest
2020	\$	16,241	\$	1,781	\$	2,158	\$	572	\$ 25,389	\$	10,397
2021		15,349		1,554		2,116		513	18,094		10,205
2022		14,329		1,640		2,157		455	18,444		9,299
2023		14,113		764		2,060		395	20,049		8,659
2024		7,022		438		1,957		341	28,660		7,650
2025-2029		11,800		762		8,687		926	104,539		32,945
2030-2034		3,793		654		2,631		89	47,204		9,168
2035-2039									20,816		1,284
Present value of future minimum											
lease payments	\$	82,647	\$	7,593	\$	21,766	\$	3,291	\$ 283,195	\$	89,607
Note 12											

RISK MANAGEMENT

The Commonwealth is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts: theft, damage, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Commonwealth utilizes the Risk Management Fund to account for these activities.

Fire, Tornado, and Auto Insurance:

The Fire, Tornado, and Auto Insurance Program is established to account for and finance its uninsured risk of loss arising from damages to State buildings and personal property. Under this program, coverage is provided for up to a maximum of \$1,000,000 per occurrence of loss for each insured subject of risk. The Fire and Tornado Insurance Program purchases reinsurance for claims in excess of coverage provided by the Program. Settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. The claims liability of \$10,117,000 reported in the Program at June 30, 2019, is based on the requirements of GASB 10, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Changes in the Program's claims liability amount in Fiscal Years 2019 and 2018 were:

	F	iscal Year 2019	 Fiscal Year 2018		
Beginning of fiscal year liability	\$	12,883,000	\$ 6,684,000		
Incurred claims		30,748,121	26,784,000		
Claims payments		(33,514,121)	 (20,585,000)		
Balance at Fiscal Year End	\$	10,117,000	\$ 12,883,000		

Self-Insured Workers' Compensation:

The Workers' Compensation Program is self-insurance for the benefit of the Commonwealth's employees, and others as described in KRS 18A.370. Losses payable by the Program include medical claims and loss of wages as a result of an employment related injury. Premiums are established based upon estimated claims and administrative cost for the coming fiscal year.

The actuarially determined aggregate claims liability of \$193,122,000 reported in the Program at June 30, 2019, includes both reported and unreported insured events, including estimates of future payments of losses and related claims' adjustments. Changes in the Program's claims liability amount in Fiscal Years 2019 and 2018 were:

	F	iscal Year 2019	Fiscal Year 2018			
Beginning of fiscal year liability	\$	190,605,922	\$	179,033,385		
Claims and claims adjustments incurred		21,879,425		31,152,643		
Changes in estimates						
Claims and claims adjustmen payments	t	(19,363,347)		(19,580,106)		
Balance at Fiscal Year End	\$	193,122,000	\$	190,605,922		

Transportation Cabinet Workers' Compensation:

The Transportation Cabinet's Self-Insured Workers' Compensation Trust Program (the "Program") was organized on July 1, 1963, as a self-insurance fund administered by the Transportation Cabinet of the Commonwealth of Kentucky (the "Cabinet"). The purpose of the Program is to provide workers' compensation insurance to the employees of the Cabinet. The losses incurred by the Program are serviced by a designated third-party administrator who processes and reports all claims to the program.

The claims liability of \$28,438,000 reported in the Program at June 30, 2019, includes both reported and unreported insured events, including estimates of both future payments of losses and related claims adjustments expenses. Changes in the Program's claims liability amount in Fiscal Years 2019 and 2018 were:

Note 13

RISK POOLS

The Commonwealth's risk pools are the Insurance Administration Fund (enterprise fund) and the Grain Insurance Corporation (component unit). The Insurance Administration Fund includes the operations of five risk pools as follows: Workers' Compensation Insurance, Coal Workers Pneumoconiosis, Petroleum Storage Tank Assurance, Bond Pool, and Mine Subsidence Insurance. The Insurance Administration Corporation is reported as part of the primary government. The Grain Insurance Corporation is a risk pool reported as a discrete component unit.

Risk Pools - Enterprise Funds

Workers' Compensation Insurance:

The Kentucky Workers' Compensation Insurance Program, a risk sharing pool, covers preexisting conditions to protect employers from having to pay for injuries not sustained while under their employment, or more than once for disabilities resulting from the same accident. This Program encourages reemployment of injured workers at adequate wages by relieving the employer of the requirement of paying disability compensation in addition to full wages. The Program also covers claims against uninsured employers.

The Program establishes claims liabilities based on estimates of the ultimate cost of claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) that have been reported but not settled, and of claims that have been incurred but not reported. The claims liability of \$524,655,384 as reported in the financial statements, is the present value of the aggregate actuarially determined claims liability of \$705,462,000 discounted at 3.10 percent, and net of the estimated realizable value of reimbursements. The claims adjusted liability of \$20,727,937 as reported in the financial statements is the present value of the aggregate actuarially determined liability of \$25,024,000 discounted at 3.10 percent and net of the estimated realizable value of reimbursements. Changes in the Program's claims liability amount in Fiscal Years 2019 and 2018 were:

Fiscal Year 2019

Fiscal Year 2018

Beginning of fiscal year	Fis	scal Year 2019	Fis	cal Year 2018	Beginning of fiscal year liability	\$ 804,263,000	\$ 878,214,000
liability	\$	30,496,964	\$	31,660,732	Claims and claims		
					adjustments incurred	6,458,000	7,158,000
Claims and claims adjustments incurred		1,370,095		2,264,962	Changes in estimates	(30,510,000)	(28,531,000)
Changes in estimates					Claims and claims	(40,725,000)	(52,578,000)
Claims and claims adjustmen	ht				adjustment payments	 (49,725,000)	 (52,578,000)
payments	` <u> </u>	(3,429,059)		(3,428,730)	Balance at Fiscal Year End	\$ 730,486,000	\$ 804,263,000
Balance at Fiscal Year End	\$	28,438,000	\$	30,496,964			

Petroleum Storage Tank Environmental Assurance Program:

The Office of the Petroleum Storage Tank Environmental Assurance Program, a risk sharing pool, was created in the 1990 regular session of the Kentucky General Assembly. The purpose of the Program is to assist petroleum storage tank owners or operators in complying with federal financial responsibility requirements relating to petroleum storage tanks and in cleaning up contamination caused by leaking tanks. A fee paid (at a rate of one and four-tenths cents per gallon) by dealers on each gallon of gasoline funds the Program and special fuels received in the Commonwealth funds the Program.

The Program insures petroleum storage tank owners or operators for cost incurred for cleanup and other corrective action required in cleaning up contamination caused by leaking petroleum storage tanks. The Program also provides coverage for third party claims against the owners or operators for damages sustained as a result of leaking storage tanks. Claims paid by the Program are subject to deductibles that are applied separately, by occurrence, for cleanup claims and third party damage claims. The deductible is set at \$1,000 per occurrence for owners or operators of five or less tanks, and at \$5,000 for owners or operators of six to ten tanks, and at \$25,000 for owners of more than ten tanks.

The Program establishes claims liabilities based on estimates of the ultimate cost of claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) that have been reported but not settled, and of claims that have been incurred but not reported. The claims liability of \$94,588,585 that was reported in the financial statements is the aggregate actuarially determined claims liability and is not discounted. Changes in the Program's aggregate liabilities for claims and claims adjustment for the past two years were:

	Fiscal Year 2019	Fiscal Year 2018			
Beginning of fiscal year liability	\$ \$ 193,345,123		193,345,123		
Claims and claims adjustments incurred	12,703,965		13,009,661		
Changes in estimates	(98,756,538)				
Claims and claims adjustment payments	 (12,703,965)		(13,009,661)		
Balance at Fiscal Year End	\$ 94,588,585	\$	193,345,123		

Kentucky Reclamation Guaranty Fund:

The Kentucky Reclamation Guaranty Fund was established in 2013 to provide additional monies for the reclamation of forfeited coal mining operations where the permit specific performance bonds are insufficient for the Commonwealth to complete reclamation to program standards. Participation in the fund is mandatory for all companies mining coal in the Commonwealth, with certain exclusions.

On the date of the establishment of the fund, each entity (member) holding a permit will be assessed a start-up assessment of \$1,500 and an assessment of \$10 per active acre. Entities entering after the date of establishment of the fund shall pay a onetime assessment \$10,000 to the fund. Additionally, members pay tonnage fees of \$.0757 per ton of surface mined coal and \$.0357 per ton for underground mined coal. All permits previously subject to the voluntary bond pool at the time of its repeal shall be excluded from the start-up assessments but will be subject to the tonnage fees. Member entities shall be given the option to provide full-cost bonds based on a reclamation cost estimate that reflects reclamation costs to the cabinet and certified by a professional engineer in lieu of participation in the fund.

Permits which are used exclusively for coal preparation, processing operations, loading activities, disposal of refuse operations, coal haulage, access roads, mine maintenance areas, support facilities, and other permits are exempt to the provisions of the previous paragraph as determined by the Commission. Exempt members shall pay an annual fee of \$10 per acre.

As determined by the Commission any permits, or expired permits, not subject to the above paragraphs shall pay an annual fee of \$6 per surface acre to the fund. This fee shall not apply to those permits specified in KRS 350.518(2)(f).

The coal companies participating in the Program are required to post a permit specific bond based on the number of acres permitted and their rating in the Program. The Kentucky Reclamation Guaranty Fund in turn provides coverage for reclamation costs that exceed the permit specific bond. The Fund will pay claims for costs incurred in excess of the required bond amount.

The Program establishes claims liabilities based on estimates of the ultimate cost of claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) that have been reported but not settled, and of claims that have been incurred but not reported. The claims liability of \$1,076,226 as reported in the financial statements is the aggregate actuarially determined claims liability.

	 Fiscal Year 2019	 Fiscal Year 2018
Beginning of fiscal year liability	\$ 1,502,277	\$ 2,465,433
Claims and claims adjustments incurred		
Changes in estimates	(426,051)	(963,156)
Claims and claims adjustment payments	 	
Balance at Fiscal Year End	\$ 1,076,226	\$ 1,502,277

Mine Subsidence Insurance:

The Mine Subsidence Insurance Program is administered by the Department of Insurance. The provisions of the Program require that all insurance policies issued or renewed that insure a structure located in any county in the Commonwealth, except those specifically exempted by KRS 304.44-60, shall include a separately stated premium for mine subsidence damage coverage. This premium is assessed at the amount determined by the Program, and the insurer is required to code this coverage to the Program. The insurer may refuse to provide coverage where preexisting damage is determined to exist. The Program provides coverage subject to a deductible of 2 percent of the policy's total insured value or not less than \$250 and not more than \$500. The Mine Subsidence Program also limits its coverage to \$50,000 per structure.

GASB 10 requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. The Mine Subsidence Program had zero claims liability at June 30, 2019. Changes in the Program's aggregate liabilities for the claims and claims adjustments for the past two years were:

	Fisc	al Year 2019	Fiscal Year 2018			
Beginning of fiscal year liability	\$		\$			
Claims and claims adjustments incurred		219,936		289		
Changes in estimates						
Claims and claims adjustment payments		(219,936)		(289)		
Balance at Fiscal Year End	\$		\$			

Kentucky Public Employees Health Plan:

Kentucky Public Employees Health Plan was established pursuant to KRS 18A.225, 18A.226, and 18A.227 to administrate and facilitate an employee health insurance program as part of a flexible benefits plan. The Department for Employee Insurance (the Department) is responsible for overseeing the Kentucky Employees Health Plan (KEHP).

The health benefits for governmental participants are funded by monthly premiums paid by individuals and state and local governmental units. A participant may extend coverage to dependents for an additional monthly premium based of the coverage requested. Premiums are collected by the Department and held in a trust fund until needed for the payment of benefits.

The Plan develops premium equivalent rates each year by utilizing historical trend information, current claims experience and national trends. An outside actuarial consultant advises the Plan Administra-

tor regarding premium rates. If premium rates are changed, they become effective the beginning of a calendar year.

Plan participants are not subject to supplemental assessment in the event of a premium deficiency. At the time of premium payment, the risk of loss due to incurred benefit costs is transferred from the participant to the Plan. If assets of the Plan were to be exhausted, participants would not be responsible for the Plan's liabilities.

All state agencies and local boards of education in the Commonwealth are required to offer to their active employees the coverage selections offered by the Plan. Local government entities may elect to participate in the Plan.

The Plan establishes liabilities for incurred but unpaid claims based on its estimate of the ultimate cost of settling claims that have been reported but not yet settled, and of claims that have been incurred but not yet reported. The claims liability \$85,164,771 that was reported in the financial statements is the aggregate actuarially determined claims liability. Changes in the aggregate liabilities for claims and claims adjustment expenses for the past two years are as follows:

		Fiscal Year 2019		Fiscal Year 2018	
Beginning of fiscal year liability	\$	90,856,438	\$	80,037,885	
Claims and claims adjustments incurred		1,725,230,322		1,603,675,028	
Changes in estimates		(14,414,903)		(5,911,182)	
Claims and claims adjustment payments		(1,716,507,086)		(1,586,945,293)	
Balance at Fiscal Year End	\$	85,164,771	\$	90,856,438	

Grain Insurance:

The Grain Insurance Program was established to promote economic stability in agriculture by providing coverage to grain producers for losses incurred in the event of a financial failure of a grain dealer or grain warehousemen. The Program is funded by a half-cent per bushel assessment on all marketed grain produced in Kentucky. The Program also has provisions that the assessment can be suspended when the balance of the Program reaches \$3 million and if suspended will be reapplied when the balance of the Program drops to \$2 million.

GASB 10 requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements, and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. There were no cash payments for claims expenses during 2019 or 2018; and, there was not a claims liability for FY 2019 or FY 2018.

Risk Pools – Fiduciary Funds Coal Workers' Pneumoconiosis Fund:

The Coal Workers' Pneumoconiosis Fund (CWPF) was established within the Labor Cabinet through action of the December 1996 Special Session of the General Assembly. As created, the CWPF was liable for one-half of the income benefits and retraining incentive benefits for occupational pneumoconiosis resulting from exposure to coal dust created in the severance or processing of coal, with the employer being liable for the remaining half.

House Bill No. 377, An Act Relating to the Workers' Compensation Funding Commission, was signed into law in April 2017. One provision of the bill closed the CWPF effective July 1, 2017, to any coal workers' pneumoconiosis claims filed after June 30, 2017. Assets and liabilities of the CWPF were transferred through a loss portfolio transfer agreement to the Kentucky Employers' Mutual Insurance (KEMI) Authority, which is a nonprofit, independent, self-supporting mutual corporation and political subdivision of the Commonwealth.

Accordingly, the CWPF has no liability for income benefits for coal workers' pneumoconiosis claims on or after July 1, 2017. Under the provisions of the loss portfolio transfer agreement, the Workers' Compensation Funding Commission will continue to collect assessments for the CWPF and forward them to KEMI.

Changes in the aggregate liability for claims and claims adjustments for the past two years were as follows:



Note 14

DEFEASANCE OF LONG-TERM DEBT

The School Facilities Construction Commission issues revenue bonds on behalf of local school districts to finance construction of new facilities or the major renovation of existing facilities. The Commission participates in the payment of debt service for qualifying districts. By statute, the Commission's portion of the savings from refunding issues goes to the school district. Therefore, the Commission's participation remains unchanged and the Commission does not experience an economic gain or loss on these transactions. Proceeds from the issues are placed in escrow accounts to pay the future debt service of the issue(s) being refunded. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the Commission issued the following refunding revenue bonds:

Revenue refunding bonds dated May 21, 2019, were issued for the Bell County School District Finance Corporation to refund two 2008 issues. The Commission's portion of the refunding issue was \$2,620,389 maturing February 1, 2020, through February 1, 2029, and carrying interest rate of 3.000%.

Revenue refunding bonds dated March 28, 2019, were issued for the Fulton Independent School District Finance Corporation to refund a 2009 issue. The Commission's portion of the refunding issue was \$16,390 maturing April 1, 2020, through February 1, 2029, and carrying interest rates from 2.500% to 3.000%.

Revenue refunding bonds dated April 23, 2019, were issued for the Magoffin County School District Finance Corporation to refund a 2009 issue. The Commission's portion of the refunding issue was \$3,248,922 maturing April 1, 2020, through April 1, 2029, and carrying interest rates from 2.000% to 3.000%.

Revenue refunding bonds dated January 10, 2019, were issued for the Nicholas County School District Finance Corporation to refund a 2009 issue. The Commission's portion of the refunding issue was \$670,134 maturing April 1, 2019, through April 1, 2029, and carrying interest rate of 3.000%.

State Property and Buildings Commission

The State Property and Buildings Commission issued the following Revenue Refunding Bonds:

\$13,195,000 Project No. 121, Revenue Refunding Bonds dated April 11, 2019. These bonds consist of Serial bonds maturing on February 1, 2020 through February 1, 2029 carrying interest rates of 2.500% to 5.000%. The net proceeds in the amount of \$15,113,639 were deposited in the Bond Fund for Prior Bonds and used for refunding of Project No. 93 bonds in the amount of \$14,750,000 maturing on February 1, 2029 carrying an interest rate of 5.250%. The refunding will result in net savings (increase in cash flows) of \$2,366,888 in future periods and a present value savings of \$2,073,052 at 2.5817%.

Component Units

The University of Kentucky issued \$13,900,000 of General Receipts Refunding, 2019 Series A, dated January 23, 2019. These bonds mature May 1, 2019 through November 1, 2024 and carry an interest rate of 5.000%. The proceeds will be used by the University to refund and retire all the outstanding University of Kentucky General Receipts Bonds (Commonwealth Library), 2009 Series A and pay the costs of issuing the 2019 Series A Bonds. The 2019 Series A bonds are not subject to redemption prior to their maturity date. The refunding will result in net savings (increase in cash flows) of \$1,234,000 in future periods and a present value savings of \$1,174,000.

Note 15

RELATED ORGANIZATIONS

The Commonwealth has several related organizations. The financial activities of these organizations are not included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. They are the East Kentucky Corporation, Eastern Kentucky Exposition Center Corporation, Northern Kentucky Convention Center Corporation, Kentucky Employer's Mutual Insurance Authority, Kentucky Wood Products Competitiveness Corporation, Commonwealth Seed Capital, LLC and the Interstate Air Pollution Control Commission. The Commonwealth holds no economic interest in, nor has any financial responsibility for these organizations. Note 16

LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

General Obligation Bonds are issued through the State Property and Buildings Commission, subject to general referendum approval required by the Kentucky Constitution. General obligation bonds pledge the full faith, credit, and taxing power of the Commonwealth and denote application of specific or general tax revenues to provide payment of principal and interest requirements on the debt. No new issues of this type have been issued since 1965, and none are outstanding or authorized but unissued at June 30, 2019.

Revenue Bonds - General authorization for the use of revenue bonds is contained in Chapter 58 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes. Specific authority is contained in the legislation and related KRS chapters creating and empowering the various debt issuing entities. Reference to such legislation and laws is made throughout the following entity descriptions. Effective July 15, 1980, KRS 56.870 requires prior approval of debt financing projects by the Kentucky General Assembly sitting in regular or special sessions. Succeeding statutes establish the methods for this approval and the exemptions from it. The majority of new debt issues are approved through the appropriation act. Per KRS 56.873, effective July 15, 1980, revenue bonds having passed the above mechanisms, and not requiring Commonwealth appropriations, must receive an "A" rating by Moody's Investors Service or the equivalent rating by another qualified rating agency prior to their sale.

Project revenue debt pledges only the revenues produced by the project so funded as security for repayment and does not directly obligate the Commonwealth. Kentucky's project revenue debt may be further classified by the purpose of the debt. Revenue debt issued by the Kentucky Housing Corporation, Kentucky Infrastructure Authority, Kentucky Higher Education Student Loan Corporation, Kentucky Economic Development Finance Authority, Kentucky Local Correctional Facilities Construction Authority, Kentucky Agricultural Finance Corporation, and Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission is used as a financing mechanism for activities and facilities not used directly for State purposes. The tax-exempt status of such municipal debt, whether issued by State or local governments, is used to provide financing for entities unable to bear the costs of private financing when the General Assembly deems such entities worthy of public assistance. The other category of revenue debt finances facilities used directly by State Government in activities such as roads, parks, office buildings, and educational facilities. The primary distinction between these categories is that the first type, with the exceptions of the Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission, which succeeds the Kentucky School Building Authority, and the Kentucky Infrastructure Authority, which succeeds the Kentucky Pollution Abatement and Water Resources Finance Authority, requires no State funds of any type to provide debt service, principal and interest payments on the debt. The School Facilities Construction Commission supplements funds provided by local governments and school boards in varying percentages for debt service. The Kentucky Infrastructure Authority may accept appropriations made by the General Assembly, in addition to State and Federal grants, related to the purposes for which it was created. This distinction is important in analyzing the true level of State debt and the burden of that debt on State resources.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 the debt issuing entities described below sold revenue and revenue refunding bonds as follows:

The Kentucky State Property and Buildings Commission is an independent agency of the Commonwealth created by KRS 56.450 and empowered upon application of any State agency to issue bonds in its own name to pay the costs of acquiring land and equipment, and the construction and equipping of buildings for the occupancy and/or use of said agencies.

The Commission issued \$13,195,000 in revenue and agency fund revenue bonds as follows:

\$13,195,000 Project No. 121, Revenue Refunding Bonds dated April 25, 2019. These bonds consist of Serial bonds maturing on February 1, 2020 through February 1, 2029 carrying interest rates of 2.500% to 5.000%. The net proceeds in the amount of \$15,113,639 were deposited in the Bond Fund for Prior Bonds and used for refunding of Project No. 93 bonds in the amount of \$14,750,000 maturing on February 1, 2029 carrying an interest rate of 5.250%. The refunding will result in net savings (increase in cash flows) of \$2,366,888 in future periods and a present value savings of \$2,073,052 at 2.5817%.

The Turnpike Authority of Kentucky was created in the 1960 regular session of the General Assembly under present KRS sections 175.410 through 175.990 as a body corporate and politic constituting a municipal corporation, political subdivision, and instrumentality of the Commonwealth. The Authority is composed of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Attorney General, and Secretary of Transportation, Commissioner of Highways, State Highway Engineer, and Secretary of Economic Development. The Director of the Office of Financial Management currently serves as the Authority's Treasurer.

The Authority issued no bonds during fiscal year 2019.

Kentucky Gas Pipeline Authority is a body corporate and politic to provide a financing mechanism for projects that will increase severance tax revenue for Kentucky, create jobs for Kentuckians, and create a competitive advantage in environmentally responsible development. The authority issued no bonds during fiscal year 2019.

State Universities - The Board of Trustees of the University of Kentucky and the Boards of Regents of the University of Louisville, Eastern Kentucky University, Western Kentucky University, Murray State University, Morehead State University, Kentucky State University, and Northern Kentucky University are authorized under KRS 56.495 to issue debt for the purpose of constructing educational buildings and housing and dining facilities. In addition, the University of Louisville is specifically authorized to issue debt for educational buildings under KRS 164.860 but is limited to \$16 million of refunding debt.

The University of Kentucky issued \$13,900,000 of General Receipts Refunding Bonds as follows:

\$13,900,000 of General Receipts Refunding, 2019 Series A, dated January 23, 2019. These bonds mature May 1, 2019 through November 1, 2024 and carry an interest rate of 5.000%. The proceeds will be used by the University to refund and retire all the outstanding University of Kentucky General Receipts Bonds (Commonwealth Library), 2009 Series A and pay the costs of issuing the 2019 Series A Bonds. The 2019 Series A bonds are not subject to redemption prior to their maturity date.

The Kentucky Housing Corporation was established in 1972 under KRS Chapter 198A, as a municipal corporation. The Corporation is authorized to increase the supply of housing for persons of lower income by making or participating in insured construction loans, and making or participating in insured mortgage loans when financing is not available from private lenders under reasonably equivalent terms and conditions. The Corporation is limited to a \$5.0 billion total maximum principal value of debt outstanding.

The Corporation issued no bonds during fiscal year 2019.

The Kentucky Infrastructure Authority was created by House Bill 217, passed into law during the 1988 regular session of the Kentucky General Assembly, to assist governmental agencies of the State with respect to the construction and acquisition of infrastructure projects as defined in the legislation. Pursuant to this Act, which amends KRS Chapter 224A, all powers, duties, and obligations of the Kentucky Pollution Abatement and Water Resources Finance

Authority, including administration of debt service on revenue bonds previously issued by the Authority, are transferred to the Kentucky Infrastructure Authority, which is established as a body corporate and politic, constituting a public corporation and a governmental agency and instrumentality of the State.

The Authority issued no bonds during fiscal year 2019.

The Kentucky Higher Education Assistance Authority is the Commonwealth of Kentucky's agency for improving higher education opportunities by insuring eligible student loans and providing other financial aid and related services to eligible students. The Authority is an issuer of student loans pursuant to the Federal Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended in Kentucky and Alabama. As such, the Authority is responsible for issuing loan insurance, providing collection assistance to lenders for delinquent loans, paying lender claims for loans, and collecting defaulted loans on which claims have been paid.

The Authority issued no bonds during fiscal year 2019.

The Kentucky Higher Education Student Loan Corporation is empowered by KRS Chapter 164A to make and reinsure student loans with the United States of America, pursuant to the Federal Higher Education Act of 1965, and as a body corporate and politic acts as a financing authority to assure a secondary market for insured student loans. The Corporation is governed by board of directors appointed by the Governor, as prescribed in KRS 164A.050. The Corporation is limited to a maximum principal outstanding of \$5 billion.

The Corporation issued \$184,466,646 bonds during fiscal year 2019.

The Kentucky Public Transportation Infrastructure Authority is an independent de jure municipal corporation and political subdivision of the Commonwealth established in 2009 pursuant to KRS Chapter 175B, as amended. The authority reviews, approves and monitors certain significant transportation projects within the Commonwealth and between the Commonwealth and other states.

The Authority issued no bonds during fiscal year 2019.

The Kentucky Local Correctional Facilities Construction Authority is a body corporate and politic as well as an agency and instrumentality of the Commonwealth created in 1982 pursuant to KRS 441.605 through 441.695, as amended, to provide additional and alternative methods for acquiring, constructing, improving or repairing, and financing both regional and local jail facilities.

The authority issued no bonds during fiscal year 2019.

The School Facilities Construction Commission was created by act of the 1985 Extraordinary Session of the Kentucky General Assembly as the successor agency to the Kentucky School Building Authority (KSBA) and empowered pursuant to KRS 157.640 with all rights of successorship necessary to assure all legal and contractual functions and liabilities associated with the outstanding bonds issued in the name of the Authority, including refunding of then existing Authority debt. The Commission is an independent corporate agency and instrumentality of the Commonwealth pursuant to KRS 157.611 through 157.640 and empowered therein to: (1) act on behalf of local school districts to issue bonds in the name of the Commission and to enter into lease agreements with local boards of education to finance construction of new facilities or major renovation of existing facilities; (2) enter into agreements which may provide for a percentage discount, on a biennially renewable basis, of annual lease agreements due the Commission for those districts which participate; and (3) enter into lease agreements with the Department of Education to build State-owned facilities operated by the Department of Education.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the Commission sold school building revenue and revenue refunding bond issues having aggregate state participation of \$63,636,879 maturing through June 1, 2039, at interest rates of 2.000% to 5.000%. Due to the length of the listing, the reader is referred to the detail Schedule of Bonds Outstanding at June 30, 2019, which is contained in the publication titled SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION to the Kentucky Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019. Copies of this report are available from the Division of Statewide Accounting, Financial Reporting Branch, 484 Capitol Annex, Frankfort, Kentucky 40601.

The Kentucky Agricultural Finance Corporation is a public corporation and governmental agency of the Commonwealth established by Act of the 1984 General Assembly for the purpose of "improving and promoting the health, welfare, and prosperity of the people of the Commonwealth through the stimulation of existing agricultural ventures." The Authority's bond program is designed to help lender banks and other financial institutions assist eligible farmers in obtaining low interest loans through the issuance of tax-exempt agricultural revenue bonds. The Authority's debt does not constitute a legal or moral obligation of the Commonwealth, and this debt is not included in these general-purpose financial statements.

The Corporation issued no bonds during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

The Kentucky Economic Development Finance Authority established in 1958 under KRS Chapter 154, is an independent agency of the Commonwealth that operates in close cooperation with the Secretary of the Economic Development Cabinet to promote the industrial development of Kentucky.

The Authority issued no bonds during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

The KentuckyWired Infrastructure Company, Inc.

The Commonwealth under a "Design/ Build / Finance/Operate/ Maintain" structure, determined to develop the Next Generation – Kentucky Infrastructure Highway System entered into a project agreement with KentuckyWired Infrastructure Company, Inc. (the Company) a non-profit component unit of the Commonwealth. The non-profit was formed in 2015 for the sole benefit of Kentucky. The Commonwealth granted the non-profit an exclusive right to design, construct, finance, operate and maintain the system in return for payments by the Commonwealth in the form of milestone payment, a designated equipment payment and availability payments. All payments made by the Commonwealth to the nonprofit are subject to appropriation by the General Assembly.

The Kentucky Economic Development Finance Authority issued Senior Revenue bonds dated September 3, 2015 for the KentuckyWired Infrastructure Company, Inc. (the Company). In Fiscal Year 2019, the Company made an additional draw of \$8,158,831 increasing the total principal to \$304,488,211 with debt retirement payments of \$686,900 made as of June 30, 2019. The debt service requirements are shown in the following chart.
	(LAPIesse	a in Invusunus	<i>.</i>	
Long-Term Obligations	(Principal Dutstanding	Annual Maturity To	
Agency: State Property and Buildings Commission	\$	3,503,400	1.00%-8.25%	2038
Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission		1,113,486	.050%-5.90%	2039
Turnpike Authority of Kentucky		1,203,755	1.00%-5.72%	2037
Total	\$	5,820,641		

The agencies and authorities that issue debt and their respective amounts of principal outstanding, net of discounts and defeased bonds, at June 30, 2019, are as follows (Expressed in Thousands):

Future revenue bond debt service requirements, to be paid with State Funds, at June 30, 2019, are as follows (Expressed in Thousands):

Year Ending June 30		Principal	 Interest	 Totals				
2020	\$	640,312	\$ 289,334	\$ 929,646				
2021		555,405	207,076	762,481				
2022		561,569	182,212	743,781				
2023		426,162	161,267	587,429				
2024		426,289	143,976	570,265				
2025-2029		1,926,898	468,795	2,395,693				
2030-2034		927,106	165,648	1,092,754				
2035-2039		356,900	31,286	388,186				
Total	,-		\$ 1,649,594	\$ 7,470,235				

Future debt service requirements for aggregated Next Generation Kentucky Information Highway Project at June 30, 2019, are as follows (Expressed in Thousands)

Year Ending June 30		Principal	 Interest	 Totals
2020	\$	1,659	\$ 15,405	\$ 17,064
2021		1,918	15,318	17,236
2022		2,291	15,219	17,510
2023		2,804	15,104	17,908
2024		3,245	14,995	18,240
2025-2029		25,828	71,995	97,823
2030-2034		46,281	63,844	110,125
2035-2039		73,598	50,169	123,767
2040-2045		146,864	29,605	176,469
Total	\$	304,488	\$ 291,654	\$ 596,142

Component Unit Revenue Bonds Payable:	rincipal Itstanding	Interest Rate	Annual Maturity To
Kentucky Housing Corporation *	\$ 414,850	2.400%-5.000%	2044
Kentucky Infrastructure Authority*	210,720	2.000%-5.290%	2032
Kentucky Higher Education Student Loan Corporation	668,600	2.800%-5.000%	2037
Kentucky Public Transportation Infrastructure Authority	364,525	3.750%-6.875%	2053
University of Kentucky*	1,051,785	1.030%-3.900%	2047
University of Louisville*	241,896	0.900%-5.800%	2044
Louisville Arena Authority	377,765	2.967%-5.000%	2047
Eastern Kentucky University	111,555	2.000%-5.000%	2038
Western Kentucky University*	211,489	2.000%-5.000%	2037
Murray State University *	64,400	1.000%-5.000%	2035
Morehead State University	70,705	1.000%-5.000%	2037
Kentucky State University	2,285	3.625%-3.875%	2027
Northern Kentucky University*	97,450	2.000%-5.000%	2034
Total Component Unit Revenue Bonds Payable	\$ 3,888,025		

Component Unit Revenue Bonds payable as of June 30, 2019 (Expressed in Thousands):

* Amounts reflect original issue

Future revenu	ie bond d	ebt ser	vice requiren	nents for b	onds issued by
the Commor	iwealth's	Comp	onent Units a	t June 30,	2019, are as
			· · · · · ·		

follo	ws (I	Expressed in	Tho	usands):	
Year Ending June 30	F	Principal		Interest	Totals
2020	\$	144,876	\$	148,083	\$ 292,959
2021		168,731		142,880	311,611
2022		175,105		136,515	311,620
2023		179,255		129,823	309,078
2024		170,626		127,570	298,196
2025-2029		1,164,102		534,848	1,698,950
2030-2034		720,476		359,034	1,079,510
2035-2039		435,175		231,876	667,051
2040-2044		333,934		147,260	481,194
2045-2049		276,695		73,286	349,981
2050-2054		119,050		18,656	137,706
Thereafter					0
Total	\$	3,888,025	\$	2,049,831	\$ 5,937,856

NOTES PAYABLE At June 30, 2019, the following entities had notes payable as follows:

The Kentucky Asset/Liability Commission, created by House Bill 5 enacted by the 1997 Extraordinary Session of the Kentucky General Assembly, develops policies and strategies to minimize the impact of fluctuating interest rates on the Commonwealth's interest-sensitive assets and liabilities. It is authorized to issue tax and revenue anticipation notes, project notes and funding notes. Tax and revenue notes are to be used for the purpose of providing monies to discharge expenditure demands in anticipation of revenues and taxes to be collected during the fiscal year. Project notes are to be used for authorized projects upon request of the Finance and Administration Cabinet, to be repaid through financing agreements or alternative agreements. Funding notes are to be used for the purpose of funding judgments against the Commonwealth or any state agency.

The Commission issued no bonds during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

The Component Units of the Commonwealth reported notes payable of \$185,737,000 direct borrowings of \$567,802,000, and direct placements of \$219,684,000 in their individual audited financial statements, details concerning their notes payable are presented in the notes to those financial statements. A copy of their individual financial statements may be obtained from the component unit, at the address shown on pages 150 and 151.

Other Long-term Liabilities - The General Fund, special revenue, and internal service funds in which leases are recorded will liquidate the capital lease obligations. The compensated absences will be liquidated by applicable governmental and internal service funds that account for the salaries and wages of the related employees. The net pension obligations will be liquidated by the State's governmental and internal service funds that contribute toward the pension funds, based on the statutorily required contribution rates. The General Fund and transportation-related Special Revenue fund will generally liquidate other claims and judgments attributable to the governmental activities. **Memorandum of Understanding (MOU)** – The Commonwealth of Kentucky has entered into an understanding with The Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government Public Facilities Corporation (LFUCGPFC). Bonds were issued in order to construct, furnish and equip a new State Mental Health Hospital with the understanding that the Commonwealth will fund the debt service of the Corporation by making Biennial Appropriations for this purpose. The net proceeds from the bond issue have been deposited in the Commonwealth of Kentucky's account and construction costs are being recorded as Construction in Progress. The debt service requirement for the memorandum of understanding is shown in the chart below.

Future debt service requirements, under Memorandum of Understanding to be paid with State Funds, at June 30, 2019, are as follows (Expressed in Thousands)

Year Ending June 30	I	Principal	 Interest	 Totals			
2020	\$	5,590	\$ 5,666	\$ 11,256			
2021		5,870	5,387	11,257			
2022		6,165	5,093	11,258			
2023		6,475	4,785	11,260			
2024		6,800	4,461	11,261			
2025-2029		39,565	16,733	56,298			
2030-2033		39,785	5,248	45,033			
Total	Total \$ 110,250		\$ 47,373	\$ 157,623			

The Finance and Administration Cabinet, a statutory administrative organization of the Commonwealth entered into a lease agreements with semi-annual payments to pay the principal and interest due on the Certificates of Participation (Certificates) dated April 29, 2015 and October 15, 2018 to fund projects to construct two state office buildings (300 Building and Mayo-Underwood Building, respectively).

A debt payment of \$1,205,000 was made on those Certificates in 2019. The remaining debt service requirement, the trustee fee and management and maintenance fee under the lease agreement are shown in the chart on the next page.

Year Ending June 30	 Principal	 Interest	 erations aintenance	Totals			
2020	\$ 1,250	\$ 2,688	\$ 1,227	\$	5,165		
2021	3,600	7,206	1,263		12,069		
2022	3,675	7,036	1,305		12,016		
2023	3,775	6,901	1,345		12,021		
2024	3,885	6,749	1,384		12,018		
2025-2029	21,180	31,351	7,568		60,099		
2030-2034	24,255	27,095	8,766		60,116		
2035-2039	28,825	21,157	10,155		60,137		
2040-2044	33,900	14,487	11,766		60,153		
2045-2049	39,250	7,301	13,636		60,187		
2050-2054	12,140	620	2,305		15,065		
Total	\$ 175,735	\$ 132,591	\$ 60,720	\$	369,046		

Future debt service requirements for Certificates of Participation June 30, 2019, are as follows (Expressed in Thousands)

Pollution Remediation Liabilities - GASB Statement Number 49 establishes the guidance reporting entities are to use in estimating and reporting potential cost which may be incurred for pollution remediation. GASB Statement Number 49 requires the Common-wealth to reasonably estimate and report a remediation liability when any of the following obligating events has occurred:

- Pollution poses an imminent danger to the public and the Commonwealth is compelled to take action;
- The Commonwealth is in violation of a pollution related permit or license;
- The Commonwealth is named or has evidence that it will be named as a responsible party by a regulator;
- The Commonwealth is named or has evidence that it will be named in a lawsuit to enforce a cleanup; or
- The Commonwealth commences or legally obligates itself to conduct remediation activities.

The Commonwealth has remediation activities underway and these are in stages from site investigation, planning and design, clean up, and site monitoring. Several agencies, within state government, have as a part of their mission the responsibility to investigate possible pollution sites, and oversee the remediation of those sites. These agencies have the expertise to estimate the remediation obligations presented herein based on prior experience in identifying and funding similar remediation activities. The remediation liabilities reported have been calculated based upon cost estimates. Situations posing potential liabilities, for which a reasonable estimate could not be made, have not been included.

The remediation obligation estimates presented in this report are subject to change over time. Cost may vary due to price fluctuations, changes in technology, changes in potential responsible parties, results of environmental studies, changes to statutes or regulations and other factors that could result in revisions to the estimates. Prospective recoveries from responsible parties may reduce the Commonwealth's obligation. The amounts recorded as obligations are shown in the Changes in long-term liabilities chart on page 143.

Asset Retirement Obligations - An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. The Commonwealth identified potential tangible assets that would qualify. The potential outcomes with relevant data to identify the liability was not available or obtainable at reasonable cost.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows - GASB 65 provides financial reporting guidance relative to deferred outflows of resources, a consumption of assets by the entity that is applicable to a future reporting period, and a deferred inflow of resources, an acquisition of assets by the entity that is applicable to a future reporting period. The following table provides information about amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources on the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position. GASB 68, GASB 71, and GASB 75 establish financial reporting of deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and other post employment benefits. A change in assumptions related to pensions and other post employment benefits could have a significant impact on the Government-Wide Statement of Activities. Additional information can be found in Note 8 and Note 9.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows in the

Governmentwide Statement of Net Position are as follows (Expressed in Thousands):

Business-Type Major Component Governmental Activities Activities Units **Deferred Outflow of Resources:** \$ Deferred Loss on Refunding \$ 27,207 \$ 13,024 Interest Rate Swap-Derivative 1,785 Pension Related Outflows 5,660,670 52,519 60,602 **OPEB** Related Outflows 47,080 624,814 12,469 6,314,476 120,706 Total \$ 64,988 \$ \$ Deferred Inflow of Resources: Deferred Gain on Refunding \$ 74,581 \$ \$ 12,813 Interest Rate Swap-Derivative 1,785 2,645 Service Concession Arrangement 559,804 Pension Related Inflows 13,077,032 8,371 139,152 **OPEB** Related Inflows 362,617 6,933 110,340 Total \$ 13,516,015 15,304 824,754 \$ \$

Future debt service requirements for aggregated Notes Payable for the Primary Government at June 30, 2019, are as follows (Expressed in Thousands):

Year Ending June 30	F	Principal	I	nterest	Totals				
2020	\$	142,620	\$	35,784	\$	178,404			
2021		124,175		29,581		153,756			
2022		111,240		23,844		135,084			
2023		116,760		18,719		135,479			
2024		86,670		14,161		100,831			
2025 - 2029		256,420		19,388		275,808			
Total	\$	837,885	\$	141,477	\$	979,362			

Future debt service requirements for aggregated Notes Payable for the Component Units at June 30, 2019, are as follows (Expressed in Thousands):

					Direct B	orrowing	s	Direct	Placeme	nts	
Year Ending June 30	F	Principal	 nterest	Principal			nterest	 Principal	Interest		 Totals
2020	\$	71,152	\$ 4,212	\$	117,602	\$	20,890	\$ 1,109	\$	4,484	\$ 219,449
2021		13,822	3,429		1,000		17,449	1,160		4,444	41,304
2022		21,005	3,178		1,000		17,409	1,199		4,402	48,193
2023		7,102	2,940		1,000		17,370	1,244		4,358	34,014
2024		13,036	2,242		1,054		17,331	1,284		4,316	39,263
2025 - 2029		20,431	8,226		6,830		85,984	61,139		15,239	197,849
2030 - 2034		18,249	5,193		32,624		82,594	5,589		10,584	154,833
2035 - 2039		17,047	1,718		77,547		72,191	146,960		5,929	321,392
2040 - 2044		3,893	64		107,683		53,700				165,340
2045-2049					130,378		30,695				161,073
2049-2053					91,084		5,377				96,461
Total	\$	185,737	\$ 31,202	31,202 \$ 567,8		\$	420,990	\$ 219,684	\$	53,756	\$ 1,479,171

Changes in long-term liabilities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, are summarized as follows (Expressed in Thousands):

_

		Beginning Balance						Ending		Due In One		Due
		Restated		Additions		Reductions		Balance		Year		Thereafter
Governmental Activities		Residied		Additions		Reductions		Dalarice		rear		mercaner
Compensated absences	\$	234,692	\$	16,162	\$	(5,484)	\$	245,370	\$	212,620	\$	32,750
Capital leases	Ψ	51,002	Ψ	48,630	Ψ	(16,985)		82,647	Ψ	16,240	Ψ	66,407
Claims liability		233,986		29,452		(31,760)		231,678		28,882		202,796
Notes payable		1,008,140		20,102		(173,031)		835,109		142,620		692,489
Certificate of Participation		176,940				(1,205)		175,735		1,250		174,485
KWIC		297,016		8,159		(1,203)		304,488		1,659		302,829
Bonds payable		6,310,244		432,537		(922,140)		5,820,641		546,302		5,274,339
Unamortized premiums		526,979		2,319		(55,512)		473,786		48,836		424,950
Unamortized discounts		(8,401)		(536)		859		(8,078)		(417)		(7,661)
Judgments and contingent liabilities		378,956		148,142		(17,398)		509,700		60,896		448,804
LFUCGPFC MOU obligations		115,575		- ,		(5,325)		110,250		5,590		104,660
Pollution remediation liabilities		10,100		1,004		(1,660)		9,444		2,517		6,927
Net OPEB liability		3,505,700		.,		(147,232)		3,358,468		_,		3,358,468
Net pension liability		38,142,562				(13,841,913)		24,300,649				24,300,649
Total Governmental Activities		50,983,491		685,869	_	(15,219,473)		36,449,887		1,066,995		35,382,892
Total Governmental Activities		00,000,401		000,000		(10,210,470)		50,445,007		1,000,000		00,002,002
Business-Type Activities												
Compensated absences		7,554		67				7,621		7,204		417
Capital leases		23,881		9		(2,124)		21,766		2,158		19,608
Judgments Payable		1				(1)		,		,		-,
Claims and claims adjustment liability		843,293				(117,082)		726,211		149,517		576,694
Pollution remediation liabilities		,		429		())		429		109		320
Net OPEB liability		67,484				(5,422)		62,062				62,062
Net pension liability		361,195		4,242		(1,887)		363,550				363,550
Other Liabilities		29,545		103,667		(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		133,212		95,100		38,112
Total Business-Type Activities		1,332,953		108,414		(126,516)		1,314,851		254,088		1,060,763
						· · ·					-	i
Total Primary Government	\$	52,316,444	\$	794,283	\$	(15,345,989)	\$	37,764,738	\$	1,321,083	\$	36,443,655
Major Component Units												
Compensated absences	\$	36,485	\$	19,813	\$	(14,490)	\$	41,808	\$	26,838	\$	14,970
Capital leases		285,584		69,268		(71,657)		283,195		25,389		257,806
Prize liability		43,968		5,923				49,891		38,268		11,623
Claims liability		140,017		10,452				150,469		150,469		,
Notes payable		218,461		482,992		(534,641)		166,812		66,171		100,642
Direct Borrowings		-, -		567,802		(,- ,		567,802		117,602		450,200
Direct Placements				217,829				217,829		774		217,055
Bonds payable		3,494,390		304,163		(1,028,595)		2,769,958		88,154		2,681,804
Net OPEB Liability		339,504		126,308		(69,462)		396,350				396,350
Net Pension Obligation		528,638		12,934		(68,522)		473,050				473,050
Other Liabilities		544,751		112,077		(116,768)		540,060		147,119		392,941
Total Major Component Units	\$	5,631,798	\$	1,929,561	\$	(1,904,135)	\$	5,657,224	\$	660,784	\$	4,996,441
	-				-		-		_		_	

Interest Rate Swap Agreements - The Commonwealth currently has three outstanding interest rate swaps. Each of these swaps were entered into to synthetically fix the interest rate on floating rate bonds. The notes were issued concurrent with the execution of the swap. Each of the interest rate swaps amortizes to match the sinking fund schedule of the hedged notes. Additionally, the maturities exactly match the maturity schedule of the hedged debt. Note: The fair values are model determined values reconciled to indicative pricing from the counter-party.

Credit Risk - There are certain collateral and termination requirements triggered by credit rating and minimal capital thresholds for the counterparty, and termination requirements triggered by credit ratings thresholds for the Commonwealth Asset Liability Commission. Those thresholds are being met as of June 30, 2019. There is no collateral pledged by either party to the interest rate swaps. The Commonwealth's credit risk is limited to the market value of the individual interest rate swaps. The counterparty is rated Baa2 by Moody's.

Interest Rate Risk - The Commonwealth's interest rate swaps were designed to synthetically fix the rate on four floating rate debt issuances. In order to achieve this goal, the amortization schedules, floating rate formula and index, pricing dates and other variables of both the floating rate side of the swap and the debt are exactly matched. Using the Synthetic Instrument Method for determining hedge effectiveness showed a 100% for each derivative. Because the pricing dates, formulas and indices are identical, there is no basis risk.

Termination Risk - Mandatory termination of each of these swaps would be triggered if the credit ratings of the Commonwealth State Property and Building Commission were to fall below BBB- by Standard and Poor's or Baa3 by Moody's or if the credit ratings of the counterparty were to fall below Baa3 by Moody's or BBBby Standard and Poor's or if the credit ratings of the insurer falls below A3 by Moody's and A- by Standard and Poor's. Additional mandatory termination events include default, merger without assumption and failure to perform under the ISDA or indenture by any of the parties. The Commonwealth has the right to exercise optional early termination on each of these swaps with the consent of the insurer. The counterparty does not have the right of optional early termination. Any early termination shall occur at then current market levels.

The following table provides descriptive information for each interest rate swap.

Governmental Activities Terms of each Hedging Derivative Cashflow Interest Rate Swaps at June 30, 2019 (Expressed in Thousands)

	Effective	_	Notiona	tional Amounts		Maturity	Pa	y-Fixed		Fair Value	Fair Value	(Change in	
Project Notes	Date		Original	0	utstanding		Date		Rate	Variable Rate	 6/30/2018	 6/30/2019	F	air Value
2007 ALCo	5/31/2007	\$	71,310	\$	40,390		11/1/2021	2	1.042%	67% 3M LIBOR +.52%	\$ (1,769)	\$ (1,355)	\$	414
2007 ALCo	5/31/2007		70,935		70,935		11/1/2025	4	1.125%	67% 3M LIBOR +.55%	(6,489)	(7,978)		(1,489)
2007 ALCo	5/31/2007		75,625		40,230		11/1/2027	4	1.066%	67% 3M LIBOR +.53%	(3,504)	(4,214)		(710)
Total		\$	217,870	\$	151,555	**					\$ (11,762)	\$ (13,547)	\$	(1,785) *

* The Change in Fair Value is classified as Deferred Outflow of Resources on the Statement Of Net Position

** The Total Outstanding Notional Amount equals the outstanding note liability which is classified as a liability on the Statement of Net Position

Governmental Activities Future debt service requirements for aggregated ALCo Notes Associated with Interest Rate Swaps at June 30, 2019 (Expressed in Thousands)

				N	et Swap	
Year Ending June 30	F	Principal	 Interest	P	ayments	 Totals
2020	\$	16,705	\$ 2,994	\$	2,862	\$ 22,561
2021		17,355	2,638		2,529	22,522
2022		18,145	2,275		2,174	22,594
2023		20,935	1,867		1,784	24,586
2024		27,780	1,468		1,181	30,429
2025-2028		50,635	 1,374		1,529	 53,538
Total	\$	151,555	\$ 12,616	\$	12,059	\$ 176,230

Note 17

COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Litigation – The Commonwealth, its units and employees are parties to numerous legal proceedings, many of which normally occur in governmental operations. The legal proceedings are not, in the opinion of the Attorney General, likely to have a material adverse impact on the Commonwealth's financial position.

In addition, the Commonwealth and its component units are involved in certain other legal proceedings which, if decided adversely to the Commonwealth, may require the Commonwealth to make material future expenditures for expanded services or capital facilities, may impair future revenue sources, or may require the refund of prior collections. It is neither possible to determine the outcome of these proceedings nor to estimate the possible effects adverse decisions may have on the future expenditures nor revenue sources of the Commonwealth.

Judgments and Contingencies – A claim is a suit that has been filed but there has been no decision rendered by the court systems. Amounts reported include claims made against the Commonwealth during the period preceding June 30 of the current fiscal year. Claims are classified according to their chance of occurrence as either remote, possible, or probable. Claims are further classified as payable within one year, within future periods, or a combination of the two periods.

A judgment is any amount that is to be repaid as the result of a court decision or an award for the condemnation of private property. Reasons for such amounts also arise from employment, contracts, and government involvement of personnel or property. The General Fund, the Agency Revenue Fund, the Transportation Fund, and the State Parks Fund generally pay claims and judgments. These amounts are classified as either payable within one year, in future periods, or a combination of the two periods if they remain unpaid after June 30 of the current fiscal year.

Federal Grant – The Commonwealth receives significant financial assistance from the U.S. Government in the form of grants and Federal revenue sharing entitlements. Entitlement to these resources is generally conditioned upon compliance with terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable Federal regulations, including the expenditure of the resources for eligible purposes. Substantially all grants are subject to financial and compliance audits by the grantors. Any disallowance as a result of these audits becomes a liability of the Commonwealth.

Leases – The Commonwealth has entered into various operating leases for land and buildings. All leases contain termination clauses providing for the cancellation after 30, 60, or 90 days written notice

to the lessors. In addition, all leases contain appropriation clauses indicating that continuation of the lease is subject to funding by the legislature. It is expected that in the normal course of business, similar leases will replace most of these leases. Primary Government expenditures for rent under leases for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, amounted to \$153.5 and \$151.9 million, respectively. The operating leases of the Commonwealth do not contain escalation clauses for rental or expense that would require adjustment to be in compliance with GASB Statement 13.

Compensated Absences - Compensated absences include accumulated, unpaid vacation and compensatory time accruals. The amount accruing to proprietary funds has been included in the respective funds when material. The policy of the Commonwealth is to record the cost of annual and compensatory leave. Annual leave is accumulated at amounts ranging from 7.5-8.0 to 15.00-16.00 hours per month, as determined by the length of service, with the maximum accumulations ranging from 30 to 60 days. The calendar year is the period used for determining accumulated leave. Compensatory leave is granted to authorized employees on an hour-for-hour basis or a time and one-half basis. Compensated absences are generally paid from the General Fund, the Transportation Fund, the Federal Fund, the Agency Revenue Fund, and the Other Special Revenue Fund. At June 30, 2019, the estimated liability for annual and compensatory leave was \$245,370,000 for the governmental activities, and \$7,621,000 in the business-type activities.

Compensated absence liabilities for the major component units totaled \$41,808,000 at June 30, 2019.

Sick Leave – The policy of the Commonwealth is to record the cost of sick leave when paid. Generally, since sick leave (earned one day per month with unlimited accumulation) is paid only when an employee is absent due to illness, injury, or related family death, there was no liability recorded for sick leave at June 30, 2019. The estimated accumulated amount of unused sick leave at that date for the governmental and business-type activities was \$418,459,000 and \$13,112,000, respectively.

Construction Projects – The Transportation Cabinet, at June 30, 2019, had contractual commitments of approximately \$1,145,481,000 for the construction, maintenance, and operation of the highway system. It is anticipated that these projects will be funded with approximately 25% State funds, 71% Federal funds, and the remaining 4% with proceeds from the sale of revenue bonds.

Deferred Inflows of Resources – Deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds represents unavailable revenues. "Unavailable" means that the assets are not available to finance expenditures of the current fiscal period.

Unearned Revenue – Unearned revenue may result from the recognition of assets before the earnings process is complete and is reported as a contingent liability.

TAX ABATEMENTS

A tax abatement as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is a reduction in tax revenues that results from an agreement between one or more governments and an individual or entity which (a) one or more governments promise to forgo tax revenues to which they are otherwise entitled and (b) the individual or entity promises to take a specific action after the agreement has been entered into that contributes to economic development or otherwise benefits the governments or the citizens of those governments. Tax abatements do not include tax credits or deductions given by the Kentucky Tax Code. KRS 131.190 prohibits the disclosure of taxpayer information. Therefore, all tax abatements are aggregated by program for the year ended June 30, 2019, in the following table:

(expressed in thousands)

Program Name	Sal	es and Use Tax	I	Property Tax	Income Tax		Total
Kentucky Rural Economic Development Act	\$		\$		\$ 25,432	\$	25,432
Kentucky Business Investment			·		30,016	·	30,016
Tax Increment Financing		17,172		1,172	14,072		32,416
Kentucky Tourism Development Act		6,281					6,281
Kentucky Film Industry Tax Credit					12,571		12,571
Other Economic Incentives		5,060			64,023		69,083
	\$	28,513	\$	1,172	\$ 146,114	\$	175,799

Kentucky Rural Economic Development Act (KREDA)

This program offers incentives to any business entity that establishes new manufacturing plants or expands existing manufacturing operations and creates and maintains at least 15 new full-time jobs in certain economically distressed Kentucky counties. Projects approved under KREDA may receive state income tax credits and a job development assessment fee of up to 4 percent of the gross wages of each employee whose job is created by the approved project and who is subject to Kentucky's individual income tax for up to fifteen years. Up to a 100 percent credit is allowed against the income tax liability of an approved company generated by or arising out of the economic development project. Tax incentives remain in place until the authorized incentive amount is realized or for the term of the incentive agreement, whichever is first. Unused credits can be carried forward for the term of the agreement but expire at the maturity of the agreement. KRS 154.22-050

Kentucky Reinvestment Act (KRA)

This program offers incentive opportunities to encourage companies to reinvest in existing manufacturing operations. To be eligible, a company must be a permanent Kentucky company engaged in manufacturing. The company must retain at least 85% of current employment to remain eligible throughout the term of the agreement. The projects must meet minimum job and investment activities. Tax incentives remain in place until the authorized incentive amount is realized (up to 20% of the incentive per year) or for the term of the incentive agreement (up to 10 years), whichever is first. Unused credits can be carried forward for the term of the agreement but expire at the maturity of the agreement. KRS 154.34-090

Kentucky Business Investment (KBI)

This program offers incentives to new and existing agribusiness, regional and national headquarters, manufacturing, and non-retail service and technology related companies that locate or expand operations in Kentucky. Eligible projects must meet minimum job, wage, and investment requirements. Projects also have negotiated job and wage targets that must be achieved. Tax incentives are available up to 15 years in enhanced incentive counties or up to 10 years in other counties. The incentives are tax credits up to 100% of the corporate income or limited liability entity tax liability arising from the project. Wage assessment incentives are available up to 5% of the gross wages of each employee. Tax incentives remain in place until the authorized incentive amount is realized or for the term of the incentive agreement, whichever is first. Unused credits can be carried forward for the term of the agreement but expire at the maturity of the agreement. KRS 154.32-100

Tax Increment Financing (TIF)

This program is an economic development tool to use future gains in taxes to finance current improvements that create those gains. The taxing districts continue to receive the base tax amount while tax increments are used to fund the public costs of development. There are three types: Real Property Ad Valorem Tax Revenue, Mixed-Use Redevelopment in Blighted Urban Redevelopment Areas, and Signature Projects. Incentives vary amongst the three types and may include up to 100 percent of incremental property taxes and/or up to 80 percent of occupational, sales, individual income and/or corporate income or limited liability entity taxes for a maximum term of 20 or 30 years, depending on the type of program. Unused credits can be carried forward for the term of the agreement but expire at the maturity of the agreement. KRS 154.30-040, KRS 154.30-050, KRS 154.30-060 & KRS Chapter 65

Kentucky Industrial Development Act (KIDA)

Eligible companies include any business that establishes new manufacturing plants or expands manufacturing operations in Kentucky counties that are not economically distressed. The project must involve a minimum investment of \$100,000, and create

and maintain at least 15 new full time jobs for persons subject to Kentucky income tax. Eligible manufacturing equipment cost is limited to a \$10,000 tax credit for every full time job created. The approved company chooses either to receive a 100% credit against the Kentucky income tax liability generated by the project or to utilize a 3% wage assessment for up to a 10-year period. Unused credits can be carried forward for the term of the agreement but expire at the maturity of the agreement. KRS 154.28-090

Kentucky Industrial Revitalization Act (KIRA)

This program is available to eligible companies requiring investments in existing facilities that meet either of two criteria. One criteria is employing or intending to employ a minimum of 25 full time employees engaged in manufacturing or agribusiness operations at the same facility located and operating within the Commonwealth on a permanent basis. The other criteria is having or intending raw production of at least three million tons of coal mined from the economic revitalization project facility and employing or intending to employ 500 full time employees engaged in coal mining and processing operations at the facility located and operating in the Commonwealth. Income tax credits and job assessment fees up to 10 years may be eligible for recovery limited to 75% of the costs of the rehabilitation or construction of buildings and purchase or refurbishment of machinery and equipment. Unused credits can be carried forward for the term of the agreement but expire at the maturity of the agreement. KRS 154.26-100

Kentucky Jobs Development Act (KJDA)

This program provides incentives to new or expanding service or technology related businesses in Kentucky (data processing, R&D, non-manufacturing) that provide more than 75% of its services, as generated through revenues, to persons located outside the state. The company must also increase its employment of Kentucky residents by a minimum of 15 new, full time jobs at the project site. The company receives a 100% credit against the state income tax arising from the project and wage assessment of up to 5% of the increased payroll of the new employment resulting from the project. Tax incentives remain in place until the authorized incentive amount is realized or for the term of the incentive agreement, whichever is first. Unused credits can be carried forward for the term of the agreement but expire at the maturity of the agreement. KRS 154.24-010 through 154.24-150

Kentucky Tourism Development Act

This program provides sales tax incentives for the creation of new tourism attractions and expansion of existing tourism attractions within the Commonwealth. Incentives may be granted to an approved company based on the Kentucky sales tax imposed on sales generated or arising at a tourism development project over a period of ten years, with an additional two-year extension available for entertainment destination centers meeting certain conditions. The incentive shall not exceed the lesser of the total amount of the sales tax liability of the approved company and its lessees or a percentage of the approved costs as specified by the agreement. Approved Tourism Attraction Projects include cultural or historic sites, recreation or entertainment facilities, areas of scenic beauty or distinctive natural phenomena, entertainment destination centers, Kentucky crafts and product centers, or theme restaurant destinations. A Tourism Attraction Project would not include facilities primarily devoted to the retail sale of goods unless the sale of goods is secondary and a subordinate component of the attraction. The approved company seeking incentives shall execute information-sharing agreements prescribed by the Department of Revenue with its lessees and other related parties to verify the amount of sales tax eligible for the sales tax refund under KRS 139.536. The approved company shall have no obligation to refund or otherwise return any amount of the sales tax refund to the persons who originally collected the tax and remitted to the Commonwealth. KRS 148.853, KRS 139.536

Other Economic Incentives

Other economic incentive programs designed to attract or encourage expansion of businesses meeting our reporting threshold. Pursuant to KRS 131.190 the Commonwealth cannot disclose business affairs related to individual taxpayer information.

At this time, there are no provisions for recapturing abated taxes or documenting the type of commitments other than taxes. The Commonwealth had additional tax abatement programs, which did not meet our reporting threshold of \$5 million. In aggregate, the total was less than \$10 million for the year ending June 30, 2019. Among those not reported are Kentucky Economic Opportunity Zone, Kentucky Historic Preservation, Incentives for Energy Independence Act, Local Issued Industrial Revenue Bonds, Kentucky Angel Investment Tax Credit, Skills Training Investment Credit, Kentucky Film Industry Tax Credit, and Kentucky Investment Fund Act. For more information on the programs, see thinkkentucky.com.

Note 18

SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The debt-issuing entities of the Commonwealth issued or agreed to administer State participation in debt service payments for revenue bonds sold after June 30, 2019, and prior to December 12, 2019, and reported other subsequent events for the same period, as described below.

The Kentucky Asset/Liability Commission issued \$400,000,000 debt subsequent to June 30, 2019, and maturing as to principal through 2020 at an interest rate of 3.000%.

The Kentucky Bond Development Corporation issued \$102,090,000 debt subsequent to June 30, 2019, and maturing as to principal through June 30, 2050 at an interest rate of 5.000%. The Kentucky Economic Development Finance Authority increased conduit debt subsequent to June 30, 2019, by \$176,195,000 with two bond issues of CommonSpirit Health Revenue Bonds.

The Kentucky State Property and Buildings Commission issued \$318,800,000 debt with refunding of \$167,705,000 subsequent to June 30, 2019, and maturing as to principal through 2039 at interest rates of 1.918% to 5.000%.

School Facilities Construction Commission administers the Commonwealth's participation in the debt service payments of local public school district revenue bonds issued subsequent to June 30, 2019, and maturing as to principal through 2039 as displayed on the table below.

State Universities issued debt with refunding subsequent to June 30, 2019, and maturing as to principal through 2044 at interest rates of 2.000% to 5.000% as displayed in the table below.

KENTUCKY SCHOOL FACILITIES CONSTRUCTION COMMISSION

	Delivery	Principal		State	Interest
School District	Date	 at Issue	-	Share	Rates (%)
Anderson County	08/20/19	\$ 6,600,000	\$	969,182	3.000%
Bracken County	12/30/19	4,295,000		350,000	1.700%-2.850%
Breathitt County	12/23/19	1,235,000		1,011,100	1.700%-2.850%
Covington Independent	08/06/19	1,110,000		257,342	3.000%
Covington Independent	11/14/19	1,350,000		1,276,967	1.900%-2.150%
Dayton Independent	08/08/19	1,320,000		366,515	3.000%
Hazard Independent	10/10/19	3,545,000		781,666	3.000%
Jackson County	08/21/19	435,000		435,000	2.000%-3.000%
Johnson County	08/20/19	955,000		955,000	2.250%-2.875%
LaRue County	10/30/19	5,625,000		854,152	2.250%-3.000%
Leslie County	10/09/19	720,000		720,000	2.000%-2.125%
Lincoln County	10/01/19	740,000		540,000	2.500%-2.750%
Mason County	07/30/19	8,765,000		1,031,898	2.000%-3.000%
Meade County	10/22/19	9,165,000		43,774	2.000%-2.750%
Menifee County	07/09/19	14,355,000		8,578,685	3.000%
Middlesboro Independent	12/23/19	395,000		395,000	2.000%-3.500%
Owensboro Independent	07/11/19	13,060,000		549,601	3.000%
Pikeville Independent	10/08/19	905,000		153,040	2.000%
Rowan County	10/10/19	6,635,000		882,934	2.000%-3.000%
Trigg County	10/24/19	13,315,000		2,737,020	2.250%-2.750%
Walton-Verona Independent	11/07/19	1,485,000		111,143	2.000%-2.150%
Webster County	07/02/19	2,850,000		96,481	3.000%
Williamstown Independent	10/23/19	1,040,000		36,979	2.500%
		\$ 99,900,000	\$	23,133,479	

COMPONENT UNITS

	Delivery	Principal	Amount	Interest
School District	Date	at Issue	Refunded	Rates (%)
Eastern State University	09/27/19	\$ 5,265,000	\$ 5,793,561	2.000%-5.000%
Murray State University	08/08/19	4,110,000	4,275,000	2.000%-5.000%
Northern Kentucky State University	11/12/19	37,870,000		3.000%-5.000%
		\$ 47,245,000	\$ 10,068,561	



Audited financial statements may be requested at the following addresses:

Bluegrass State Skills Corporation 300 West Broadway Frankfort, Kentucky 40601 *thinkkentucky.com*

KentuckyWired Infrastructure Company, Inc. 209 St. Clair Street, 4th Floor Frankfort, Kentucky 40601 *kentuckywired.ky.gov*

Turnpike Authority of Kentucky 702 Capital Avenue, Room 78 Frankfort, Kentucky 40601 *finance.ky.gov/services/ofm/Pages/TurnpikeAuthority.aspx*

Kentucky Transportation Cabinet 200 Mero Street Frankfort, Kentucky 40622 *transportation.ky.gov*

Kentucky Center for the Arts 501 West Main Street Louisville, Kentucky 40202 *kentuckycenter.org*

Kentucky Economic Development Finance Authority 300 West Broadway Frankfort, Kentucky 40601 *thinkkentucky.com*

Kentucky Housing Corporation 1231 Louisville Road Frankfort, Kentucky 40601 kyhousing.org

Kentucky Retirement Systems Perimeter Park West 1260 Louisville Road Frankfort, Kentucky 40601 *kyret.ky.gov*

Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System 479 Versailles Road Frankfort, Kentucky 40601 *trs.ky.gov*

Kentucky Lottery Corporation 1011 West Main Street Louisville, Kentucky 40202-2623 *kylottery.com* Kentucky State Fair Board Kentucky Exposition Center 937 Phillips Lane Louisville, Kentucky 40209 *kyvenues.com*

Kentucky Educational Television 600 Cooper Drive Lexington, Kentucky 40502 *ket.org*

Kentucky Higher Education Assistance Authority P.O. Box 798 Frankfort, Kentucky 40602-0798 *kheaa.com*

Kentucky Higher Education Student Loan Corporation Financial Services Department 10180 Linn Station Road, Suite C200 Louisville, Kentucky 40223 *kheslc.com*

Kentucky Infrastructure Authority 1024 Capital Center Drive, Suite 340 Frankfort, Kentucky 40601 *kia.ky.gov*

Kentucky Judicial Form Retirement System Suite 302, Whitaker Bank Building 305 Ann Street Frankfort, Kentucky 40602 *kjfrs.ky.gov*

Kentucky Community and Technical College System Office of Financial Services 300 North Main Street Versailles, Kentucky 40383 *kctcs.edu*

Kentucky State University Office of Business Affairs 400 East Main Street Frankfort, Kentucky 40601 *kysu.edu*

University of Kentucky University Financial Services 301 Frank D. Peterson Service Building Lexington, Kentucky 40506-0005 *uky.edu* University of Louisville University Accounting and Reporting Service Complex, Second Floor Louisville, Kentucky 40292 *louisville.edu*

Eastern Kentucky University Accounting and Financial Services 521 Lancaster Avenue Coates CPO 3A Richmond, Kentucky 40475 *eku.edu*

Morehead State University Office of Accounting and Financial Services 207 Howell-McDowell Morehead, Kentucky 40351 *moreheadstate.edu*

Murray State University Accounting and Financial Services 322 Sparks Hall Murray, Kentucky 42071 *murraystate.edu*

Northern Kentucky University Office of the Comptroller 605 Lucas Administration Center 726 Nunn Drive Highland Heights, Kentucky 41099 *nku.edu*

Western Kentucky University Accounting and Financial Reporting Wetherby Administration Building, G01 Bowling Green, Kentucky 42101 *wku.edu*

Kentucky River Authority 403 Wapping Street, Suite 105 Frankfort, Kentucky 40601 *finance.ky.gov/offices/kra*

Council on Postsecondary Education 1024 Capital Center Drive, Suite 320 Frankfort, Kentucky 40601 *cpe.ky.gov*

DEP Division of Waste Management, Underground Storage Tank Branch 300 Sower Boulevard, Second Floor Frankfort, Kentucky 40601 *waste.ky.gov/ust* Kentucky Artisan Center at Berea 200 Artisan Way Berea, Kentucky 40403 *kentuckyartisancenter.ky.gov*

Personnel Cabinet Department of Employee Insurance 501 High Street Frankfort, Kentucky 40601 *personnel.ky.gov*

Personnel Cabinet Workers' Compensation Insurance Program 501 High Street Frankfort, Kentucky 40601 *personnel.ky.gov*

The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority 101 Sea Hero Road, Suite 110 Frankfort, Kentucky 40601-5413 *kentuckyplans.com*

Department of Workplace Standards Division of Workers' Compensation Funds (Special Fund) 1047 US Highway 127 S, Suite 4 Frankfort, Kentucky 40601 *labor.ky.gov/dows/dowcf*

Kentucky Horse Park 4089 Iron Works Parkway Lexington, Kentucky 40511 kyhorsepark.com

The Kentucky Horse Park Foundation 4089 Iron Works Parkway, Suite 180 Lexington, Kentucky 40511 *khpfoundation.org*

Kentucky Public Transportation Infrastructure Authority 200 Mero Street, 6th Floor East Frankfort, Kentucky 40622 *transportation.ky.gov/KPTIA*

Louisville Arena Authority Inc. One Arena Plaza Louisville, KY 40202 *Kfcyumcenter.com*



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OTHER THAN MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (Expressed in Thousands)

	 Original		Final	_	Actual	 Variance
Revenues						
Budgeted:						
Taxes	\$ 10,633,942	\$ ´	10,826,242	\$	10,968,318	\$ 142,076
Licenses, fees, and permits	33,845		33,845		31,859	(1,986
Intergovernmental	21,895		21,895		9,634	(12,26
Charges for services	5,003		5,003		6,843	1,84
Fines and forfeits	24,920		24,920		31,413	6,49
Interest and other investment income	(5,200)		(5,200)		(10,553)	(5,35
Lottery proceeds	249,000		249,000		263,946	14,94
Other revenues	42,494		42,494		91,239	48,74
Tobacco Settlement	119,500		119,500		117,587	(1,91
Subtotal of Budgeted Revenues	 11,125,399		11,317,699		11,510,286	 192,58
Other Budgeted Financial Resources:	 11,125,555		11,517,033		11,510,200	 192,50
Transfers in (intrafund)					11	1
	202 570		202 570		307,002	3,43
Transfers in (interfund)	 303,570		303,570		,	 ,
Total Budgeted Revenues	11,428,969		11,621,269		11,817,299	 196,03
Total Revenues	 11,428,969		11,621,269		11,817,299	 196,03
Expenditures						
General Government:						
Executive Office of the Governor	6,171		6,171		5,676	(49
Office of Homeland Security	252		252		252	
Kentucky Infrastructure Authority	1,399		1,399		1,397	(
Commonwealth Council on Developmental Disabilities			152		152	
Department of Veterans Affairs	25,099		25,099		25,099	
Office of State Budget Director	3,486		3,486		3,395	(9
State Planning Fund						
Small Business Advocacy						
Unified Prosecutorial System:						
-	59.069		50.060		59.052	(1
Commonwealth Attorneys			59,069			
County Attorneys	52,267		52,267		52,253	(1
Department of Agriculture	17,828		17,828		17,821	(
Office of the Attorney General	12,081		12,221		12,221	
Auditor of Public Accounts	5,634		5,634		5,634	
Registry of Election Finance	1,511		1,511		1,481	(3
Military Affairs	15,036		15,036		14,121	(91
Governor's Office of Agriculture Policy						
Governor's Office for Local Development	9,207		9,207		9,206	(
Local Government:	-, -		-, -		-,	``
Economic Assistance Fund	26.258		43.963		28.826	(15,13
Economic Development Fund	17,923		17,923		17,923	(10,10
Area Development Fund	17,520		17,520		17,520	
	2,204		2,204		2,204	
Secretary of State	2,204		2,204		2,204 2,216	
Department of Treasury	,		,		,	
Board of Elections	4,216		4,238		4,237	(
Personnel Board						
School Facilities Construction Commission	129,898		129,898		129,898	
Executive Branch Ethics Commission	549		549		549	
Commission on Human Rights	1,875		1,875		1,875	
	38,450					
Council on Postsecondary Education	38,450					
Council on Postsecondary Education Kentucky Communications Network Authority	38,450 33,387		33,387		33,387	
•	,		33,387		33,387	
Kentucky Communications Network Authority	33,387		33,387		33,387	

General Operations State Salary Compensation Fund

	 Original	Final	 Actual		Variance
Universities:	 			_	
Eastern Kentucky University	\$ 60,802	\$ 64,189	\$ 64,189	\$	
Kentucky State University	25,459	25,749	25,749		
Morehead State University	38,852	38,852	38,852		
Murray State University	45,015	45,572	45,572		
Northern Kentucky University	48,476	53,315	53,315		
University of Kentucky	250,224	259,343	259,343		
University of Louisville	124,611	127,118	127,118		
Western Kentucky University	70,035	73,783	73,783		
Kentucky Community and Technical College System	167,729	174,572	174,572		
Postsecondary Education Performance Fund	31,000	22,517	22,517		
Finance and Administration:					
General Administration and Support	7,573	7,573	7,573		
Office of the Inspector General	791	791	791		
Special Accounts - Capital Construction					
Debt Service	475,584	475,584	465,834		(9,7
Office of the Controller	6,351	6,351	6,351		(0,1)
Commonwealth Office of Technology	641	641	641		
	041	041	041		
Department for Administration	0.440	0.440	0.440		
Department for Facilities and Support Services	6,116	6,116	6,116		
Kentucky Retirement Systems	1,086	16,849	16,849		
Kentucky Higher Education Assistance Authority	274,666	289,612	247,185		(42,4
Special Accounts - Tobacco Settlement	121,531	119,619	117,587		(2,0
Finance - County Costs	19,744	22,182	22,182		
Department of Revenue:					
General Operations	95,204	95,204	95,204		
Office of Property Valuation Administrators	54,825	54,824	54,825		
Appropriations Not Otherwise Classified:					
Judgements		4,385	4,385		
Board of Claims Award	200	486	486		
Guardian Ad Litem	11,625	18,226	18,226		
Prior Year Claims	100	542	542		
Unredeemed Checks Refunded	1,252	4,978	4,978		
Involuntary Commitments	65	62	62		
Blanket Employee Bonds	50	39	39		
Frankfort In Lieu of Taxes	195	195	195		
Frankfort Cemetery	3				
Police and Firemen Life Insurance	489	809	809		
Attorney General Expense	450	347	347		
Medical Malpractice Liability Insurance Reimbursements	 97	 80	 80		
Total General Government	 2,534,102	 2,456,090	 2,385,172		(70,9
egislative and Judicial:					
General Assembly	22,753	22,753	16,343		(6,4
Legislative Research Commission	55,873	55,873	46,042		(0,4
-	9,566	9,566	40,042 9,544		(9,0
Judicial Retirement System	9,000	9,000	9,044		(
Court of Justice - Court Facility Use	260.047	260 047	250 900		(10.4
Court of Justice - Operation and Administration Court of Justice - Local Facility Support	269,947 114,220	269,947 112,087	259,806 108,549		(10,1
y 11	 ,				(3,5)
Total Legislative and Judicial	 472,359	 470,226	 440,284		(29

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Original	Final	Actual	١	/ariance
Commerce:	 	<u> </u>	 		
Economic Development:					
Economic Development	\$ 28,274	\$ 28,274	\$ 20,070	\$	(8,204)
New Business Development					
Commerce Cabinet:					
Office of the Secretary	3,159	2,846	2,844		(2)
Kentucky State Fair Board	4,214	4,214	4,072		(142)
Kentucky Horse Park	1,674	2,024	2,024		
Department of Parks	46,550	46,550	46,549		(1)
Department of Travel	3,118	3,068	3,045		(23)
Berea Artisans Center	 478	 478	 478		
Total Commerce	 87,467	 87,454	 79,082		(8,372)
Education:					
General Administration and Program Support	5,164	5,164	5,164		
Commission on the Deaf and Hard of Hearing	959	959	959		
Kentucky Heritage Council	716	716	716		
Kentucky Arts Council	1,709	1,722	1,722		
Department of Education:	1,700	1,722	1,722		
Support Education Excellence In KY (SEEK)	3,056,501	3,056,501	3,056,501		
Executive Policy and Management	3,030,301	3,030,301	3,030,301		
Bureau of Support Services	56,244	42,257	42,257		
Learning Results Services	1,006,064	927,455	927,455		
Kentucky Educational Television	15,048	15,048	15,048		
Kentucky Historical Society	5,894	5,894	5,894		
Kentucky Center for the Arts	558	558	558		
Education Professional Standards Board	3,625	500	500		
Libraries and Archives:	3,025	500	500		
Direct Local Aid	6,830	2,500	2,500		
Public Library Facilities Construction Debt Assistance	0,030	2,500 4,330	2,300 4,330		
General Operations	6,266	4,330 6,266	4,330 6,266		
Teachers' Retirement System	828,161	828,161	828,160		(1)
Workforce Investment:	020,101	020,101	020,100		(1)
Office of the Blind	1,881	1,879	1,879		
	1,001	6,356	6,353		(2)
Employment and Training (operations and Support) Technical Education		63,076	58,794		(3) (4,282)
Vocational Rehabilitation	12 202				(4,202)
Total Education and Humanities	 13,393 5,009,013	 7,277 4,976,619	 7,277 4,972,333		(4,286)
	 5,009,015	 4,970,019	 4,972,333		(4,200)
Human Resources:					
Health and Family Services:					
Administrative Services	35,785	29,321	29,321		
Department for Community Based Services	471,974	471,974	471,974		
Department for Disability Determination Services					
Department for Family Resource Centers and Volunteer Services	11,318	60,207	60,207		
Office of the Inspector General		6,463	6,463		
Office of Health Policy	472	472	472		
Department for Aging and Independent Living	43,742	43,742	43,742		
Department for Income Support	7,117	7,117	7,117		
Department for Public Health	76,360	76,360	76,360		
Department for Behavioral Health, Developmental and Intellectual Disabilities	172,407	172,255	172,255		
Department for Human Support Services					
Medicaid Administration	56,623	56,623	56,623		
Medicaid Services Benefits	1,825,370	1,825,370	1,825,370		
Commission for Children With Special Health Care Needs	 5,249	 5,249	 5,249		
Total Human Resources	 2,706,417	 2,755,153	 2,755,153		

	(Original		Final		Actual	Variance
Justice:							
Justice Administration	\$	31,086	\$	31,371	\$	31,371	\$
Department of State Police		125,211		125,211		125,211	
Department of Juvenile Justice		103,936		103,936		103,936	
Department for Public Advocacy		65,413		65,413		65,413	
Department of Corrections:							
Management		11,745		13,715		13,715	
Adult Institutions		311,464		324,704		324,704	
Local Jail Allotment		16,654		16,654		16,651	(3
Community Services and Local Facilities		244,656		244,076		244,076	,
Total Justice		910,165		925,080		925,077	 (3
Natural Resources and Environmental Protection:							
General Administration and Support		3,330		3,700		3,700	
Department for Energy Development and Independence		1,412		738		738	
Kentucky River Authority		283		283		283	
Kentucky Nature Preserves Commission		1,225		1,424		1,424	
Department for Environmental Protection		27,666		29,694		29,694	
Department for Natural Resources		37,229		18,665		18,665	
, Mine Safety and Licensing		- , -		9,387		9,387	
Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement				9,352		9,352	
Total Natural Resources and Environmental				-,		-,	
Protection		71,145		73,243		73,243	
Public Protection and Regulation:							
General Administration and Support				645		645	
Board of Claims and Crime Victims Compensation							
Kentucky Claims Commission		1,371		1,371		983	(38
Board of Tax Appeals							
Horse Racing Commission		3,092		3,092		3,092	
Public Service Commission		17,646		17,646		9,362	(8,28
Mine Safety Review Commission		,		,		- ,	(-) -
Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control							
Department of Housing, Buildings, and Construction		2,611		2,611		2,611	
Labor:		_,		_,•••		_,•••	
Workplace Standards		2,405		1,856		1,712	(14
General Administration & Support		3,528		860		860	(
Total Public Protection and Regulation		30,653	_	28,081		19,265	 (8,81
Transportation:							
General Administration and Support		500		500		449	(5
Public Transportation		11,638		11,638		9,681	(1,95
Revenue Sharing		11,000		11,000		3,001	(1,55
5		10 100		10 100		10 120	 (2.00
Total Transportation		12,138		12,138		10,130	 (2,00
Total Expenditures		1,833,459		11,784,084		11,659,739	 (124,34
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(404,490)		(162,815)		157,560	
Fund Balance at July 1						197,079	
Non-Budgeted Items			-		_	(1,702)	
Fund Balance at June 30	\$		\$		\$	352,937	\$

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) - BUDGETED SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Transpo Final	Actual	
	Aotuui	Variance
1,337,118	\$ 1,374,932	\$ 37,814
153,441	163,499	10,058
	167	167
8,940	8,727	(213)
25	1	(24)
3,100	11,894	8,794
3,926	6,924	2,998
1,506,550	1,566,144	59,594
1,831	3,580	1,749
1,508,381	1,569,724	61,343
1,508,381	1,569,724	61,343
,,.	,,	
308	308	
250	247	(3)

	Fe	deral							
Original	Final	Actual	Variance	Original	Ageno	Actual	Variance		
	¢	¢	e 4		¢ .	r.	¢		
	\$	\$	\$ \$	•	\$	5	\$		
				·	·				
						319,627			
		26				222,841			
		11,444,041				59,209			
		1,018				4,615,518			
		15				8,205			
		437				41,278			
						103			
		69,370				481,927			
		10				712,778			
		(88)				5,528,482			
		11,514,829				11,989,968			
		11,514,829		·	<u> </u>	11,989,968	·		
262	2,987	2,331	(656)	660	383	451	68		
4,085	4,085	3,014	(1,071)	1,352	1,352	671	(681)		
29,382	29,382	29,206	(176)	46,561	46,561	1,133	(45,428)		
	1,406	1,307	(99)		126	123	(3)		
				3,500	3,500	1,757	(1,743)		
				348	348		(348)		
				335	335	316	(19)		
				78,960	78,960	60,900	(18,060)		
10				o 170			(070)		
40 994	195	117	(78)	2,470 782	4,494	3,516	(978)		
	994	603	(391)		1,007	567	(440)		
7,068 5,708	8,203 5,708	8,191 4,842	(12) (866)	10,859 18,781	10,859 11,272	9,876 10,359	(983) (913)		
5,700	5,700	4,042	(000)	10,858	10,858	9,454	(1,404)		
46,016	86,016	67,304	(18,712)	38,406	38,406	40,422	2,016		
10,010	00,010	07,001	(10,112)	00,100	00,100	10,122	2,010		
				100	100	43	(57)		
29,711	29,711	24,572	(5,139)	888	2,888	2,371	(517)		
221	221		(221)	2,688	2,688	3,421	733		
				1,928	1,928	1,209	(719)		
				650	650	558	(92)		
				150	170	169	(1)		
				423	423	295	(128)		
				374	374	346	(28)		
				27	29	29			
				435	435	311	(124)		
				31	40	37	(3)		
				261	306	304	(2)		
				4	4	3	(1)		
				38	38	38			
				46	46	41	(5)		
				1,011	1,011	671	(340)		
				74	74	72	(340)		

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) - BUDGETED SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

			Trans	portation		
	Ori	ginal	Final	Act	ual	Variance
Board of: (Continued)				_		
Elections	\$	9	\$	\$	\$	
Embalmers and Funeral Home Directors						
Architects						
Landscape Architects						
Examiners of Psychologists						
Examiners of Social Workers						
Hairdressers and Cosmetologists						
Hearing Instrument Specialists						
Nursing Home Administrators Licensing						
Medical Licensure						
Nursing						
Ophthalmic Dispensers						
Optometric Examiners						
Art Therapists						
Occupational Therapy						
Respiratory Care Practitioners						
Marriage and Family Therapists						
Proprietary Education						
Geologists						
Personnel						
Pharmacy						
Physical Therapists						
Podiatry						
Engineers and Land Surveyors						
Speech Pathology and Audiology						
Veterinary Examiners						
Investigators						
Massage Therapy						
Real Estate Commission						
Commission on Human Rights						
Council Postsecondary Education						
Personnel:						
General Operations						
Public Employee Deferred Compensation Authority						
Universities:						
Eastern Kentucky University Kentucky State University						
Morehead State University						
Murray State University						
Northern Kentucky University						
University of Kentucky						
University of Louisville						
Western Kentucky University						
Kentucky Community and Technical College System						
Finance and Administration:						
		265	265		150	(112
General Administration and Support Office of the Controller		265	265		152	(113
Office of the Inspector General						
Commonwealth Office of Technology						
Kentucky Higher Education Assistance Authority						
Turnpike Authority of Kentucky						
Finance - County Costs						
Kentucky Retirement Systems						
Department of Revenue:		0.000	0.000		0.000	
General Operations		3,032	3,032		3,032	
Office of Property Valuation Administrators		545	545		545	
Department for Facilities and Support Services		4.400				/ / / ~
Total General Government		4,400	4,400		4,284	(116)

			deral		Agency							
Original		Final	Actual	Variance	Original	Final	Actual	Variance				
4,045	\$	4,045	\$ 4,014	\$ (31)	\$ 246	\$ 246	\$ 155	\$ (91)				
1,010	Ŧ	1,010	• .,•	• (01)	484	484	457	(27)				
					547	547	460	(87)				
					77	77	76	(1)				
					256	256	242	(14)				
					421	421	398	(23)				
					1,719	1,719	1,643	(76)				
					58	58	56	(2)				
					61	77	76	(1)				
					3,408	3,408	3,270	(138)				
					8,267	8,267	7,003	(1,264)				
					68	71	71					
					231	231	216	(15)				
					11	11	8	(3)				
					192	222	211	(11)				
					240	240	226	(14)				
					134	134	114	(14)				
					104	104	114	(20)				
					95	110	108	(2)				
					1,010	1,010	815	(195)				
					2,437	2,437	2,364	(73)				
					647	647	586	(61)				
					40	48	46	(2)				
					1,578	1,578	1,442	(136)				
					173	213	205	(150) (8)				
					275	275	240	(35)				
					74	88	86	(2)				
					170	170	152	(18)				
						5,769	6,590	821				
245		634	263	(371)	10	10	3	(7)				
12,772		5,794	6,416	622	5,368	5,114	4,450	(664)				
					56,947	30,922	28,596	(2,326)				
					9,228	9,228	7,605	(1,623)				
					334,501	334,501	425,874	91,373				
					38,220	38,220	64,477	26,257				
					163,417	163,417	136,139	(27,278)				
					148,889	148,889	319,724	170,835				
					195,538	195,538	341,738	146,200				
					3,666,361			2,279,544				
						3,666,361	5,945,905					
					1,116,635	1,116,635 344,030	170,905	(945,730)				
					344,030 671,247	671,247	375,060 494,052	31,030 (177,195)				
					011,211	011,211	101,002	(111,100)				
					32,616	4,278	3,808	(470)				
					13,138	10,487	10,265	(222)				
					657	657	299	(358)				
10		85	100	15	129,509	1,800	758	(1,042)				
34		39	38	(1)	33,492	34,492	30,659	(3,833)				
5.				(.)	,=	104	100	(4)				
					1,703	1,703	1,320	(383)				
					47,307	47,307	42,356	(4,951)				
		269		(269)	14,711	14,711	15,010	299				
		200		(200)	3,699	4,163	3,932	(231)				
					43,198	1,254	1,233	(231)				
						1,204	1,200	(21)				

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) - BUDGETED SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (Expressed in Thousands)

			Transpo		
	Original		Final	Actual	Variance
Legislative and Judicial:					
General Assembly	\$	\$		\$	\$
Legislative Research Commission					
Court of Justice - Operation and Administration					
Total Legislative and Judicial					
Commerce:					
Economic Development:					
Office of the Secretary					
Financial Incentives					
Business Development					
Commerce:					
Office of the Secretary					
Kentucky State Fair Board					
Kentucky Horse Park					
Department of Parks					
Department of Travel					
Berea Artisans Center		544	544	544	
Department of Fish and Wildlife Resources					
Total Commerce		544	544	544	
Education:					
Commission on the Deaf and Hard of Hearing					
Environmental Education Council					
Kentucky Heritage Council					
Kentucky Arts Council					
General Administration and Program Support					
Department of Education:					
Learning Results Services					
Bureau of Support Services					
Kentucky Educational Television					
Kentucky Historical Society					
Commission on Proprietary Education					
Education Professional Standards Board					
Libraries and Archives:					
Direct Local Aid					
General Operations					
Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System					
Workforce Investment:					
Office of the Blind					
Employment and Training					
Vocational Rehabilitation					
Total Education and Humanities					

	Fed			Agency					
Original	Final	Actual	Variance	Original	Final	Actual	Variance		
	\$	\$	\$	\$ 959	\$ 959	\$	\$ (959)		
1	v 1	Ψ	ə (1)	9 939 1,786	a 939 1,786	Ф.	(1,786)		
2,560	4,560	4,219	(341)	79,118	79,474	39,104	(40,370)		
2,561	4,561	4,219	(341)	81,863	82,219	39,104	(43,115)		
2,501	4,501	4,219	(342)	01,003	02,219	39,104	(43,115)		
	6	8	2	2,889	300	115	(185)		
	0	0	2	2,003	2,589	2,272	(103)		
398	617	492	(125)		2,009	2,212	(517)		
				14,703	14,703	13,807	(896)		
				47,212					
				10,880					
				51,841	5	5			
				29	29	25	(4)		
				1,606	1,606	1,596	(10)		
18,880	19,332	28,190	8,858	42,072	42,905	49,564	6,659		
19,278	19,955	28,690	8,735	171,232	62,137	67,384	5,247		
				1,174	1,674	1,499	(175)		
	254	192	(62)	214	394	282	(112)		
864	1,000	998	(2)	279	279	33	(246)		
709	709	706	(3)	152	152		(152)		
3,941	8,521	3,851	(4,670)	7,382	7,658	5,485	(2,173)		
559,690	547,525	486,391	(61,134)	34,812	35,920	22,530	(13,390)		
389,132	443,813	433,961	(9,852)	7,402	7,402	122	(7,280)		
				1,519	1,519	1,243	(276)		
180	180	153	(27)	458	700	763	63		
			()	321	321	203	(118)		
96	157	157		1,122	15	15			
				592	1,047	1,038	(9)		
2,567	2,567	1,684	(883)	1,642	1,642	285	(1,357)		
				13,949	13,949	17,969	4,020		
10,111	8,499	4,310	(4,189)	1,011	936	1,275	339		
98,936	139,153	116,149	(23,004)	46,497	48,244	5,107	(43,137)		
50,270	20,936	18,784	(2,152)	3,334	1,915	2,347	432		
1,116,496	1,173,314	1,067,336	(105,978)	121,860	123,767	60,196	(63,571)		

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) - BUDGETED SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Transportation					
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance		
Human Resources:	<u>v</u>					
Health and Family Services:						
Administrative Support	\$	\$	\$	\$		
Office of Health Benefit Exchange						
Department for Disability Determination Services						
Department for Community Based Services						
Department for Family Resources and Volunteer Services						
Governor's Office of Wellness and Physical Activity						
Office of Inspector General						
Office of Health Policy						
Department for Aging and Independent Living						
Department of Income Support						
Department for Public Health						
Department for Behavioral Health, Developmental						
and Intellectual Disabilities						
Medicaid Administration						
Medicaid Services Benefits						
Commission for Children with Special						
Health Care Needs						
Department for Human Support Services						
Aging Services						
Total Human Resources						
lustice:						
Office of the Secretary						
Department of State Police	105,279	9 105,2	79 105,279	9		
Department for Public Advocacy						
Department of Juvenile Justice						
Department of Criminal Justice Training						
Department of Corrections:						
Management						
Adult Correctional Institutions						
Community Service and Local Facilities						
Total Justice	105,279	9 105,2	79 105,279)		
Natural Resources and Environmental Protection:						
General Administration and Support						
Department for Energy Development and Independence Kentucky River Authority						
Kentucky Nature Preserves Commission						
Department for Environmental Protection	322	• •	21 321	ı.		
Department for Natural Resources	322	2 3.	21 321			
Mining Safety and Licensing						
Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement Abandoned Mine Lands Reclamation Projects						
Total Natural Resources and						
Environmental Protection	322	2 3	21 321	<u> </u>		
		<u> </u>	521	·		
Public Protection and Regulation:						
Office of the Commissioner						
Board of Claims and Crime Victims Compensation						
Horse Racing Commission						
Kentucky Athletic Commission						
Public Service Commission						
Occupations and Professions						
Mine Safety Review Commission						
Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control						
Department of Charitable Gamino						
Department of Charitable Gaming						
Department of Financial Institutions						
Department of Financial Institutions Department of Housing, Buildings, and Construction						
Department of Financial Institutions Department of Housing, Buildings, and Construction Department of Insurance						
Department of Financial Institutions Department of Housing, Buildings, and Construction Department of Insurance Labor: Workplace Standards						
Department of Financial Institutions Department of Housing, Buildings, and Construction Department of Insurance						

		Federal			Agency									
Original		Final		Actual		Variance		Original		Final		Actual		/ariance
37,098	\$	28,598	\$	25,083	\$	(3,515)	\$	21,370	\$	13,357	\$	11,684	\$	(1,673)
85,213		16,847 52,739		10,998 47,679		(5,849)		5,064		9,858		5,752		(4,106)
						(5,060)		201 216		169 101		201 920		22 620
572,881		624,881		618,426		(6,455)		201,316		168,191		201,829		33,638
338		338				(338)				33,126		16,721		(16,405)
16,975		16,975		16,356		(619)				5,320		6,522		1,202
1,013								819						
24,829		24,829		21,551		(3,278)		3,299		3,299		2,932		(367)
		32,474		32,171		(303)		12,551		17,863		17,128		(735)
190,380		190,380		174,492		(15,888)		86,878		86,878		91,575		4,697
49,131		65,526		56,728		(8,798)		209,583		209,583		213,064		3,481
49,131		05,520		50,720		(0,790)		209,303		209,505		213,004		3,401
214,031		214,031		169,266		(44,765)		19,027		19,027		15,112		(3,915)
8,920,198		8,920,198		8,068,253		(851,945)		536,245		536,245		527,805		(8,440)
4 500		5 500		5 504		(5)		11,286		11,286		7,771		(3,515)
4,566 6,705		5,566 6,705		5,561 6,721		(5) 16								
0,700	_	0,700	_	0,721	_	10	_		_		_		_	
10,123,358	_	10,200,087	_	9,253,285	_	(946,802)		1,107,438	_	1,114,033	_	1,117,895		3,862
51,630		51,630		27,562		(24,068)		4,297		6,997		6,233		(764)
11,097		13,964		13,188		(776)		38,458		40,817		39,250		(1,567)
1,422		1,633		1,578		(55)		4,608		4,608		2,292		(2,316)
10,542		10,542		8,881		(1,661)		10,360		10,360		9,351		(1,009)
120		120		33		(87)		90,331		90,331		80,015		(10,316)
75		75		20		(46)		200		200		4		(200)
75		75		29		(46)		300		300		1		(299)
273		472		274		(198)		10,000		4,986		3,264		(1,722)
696		696		432		(264)		17,909		10,000		6,277		(3,723)
75,855		79,132		51,977		(27,155)		176,263		168,399		146,683		(21,716)
1,126		1,564		1,316		(248)		1,874		1,874		1,814		(60)
582		897		828		(69)		868		720		2,648		1,928
						()		7,290		7,290		4,908		(2,382)
50		70		69		(1)		944		944		4,263		3,319
21,122		27,460		28,674		1,214		75,122		49,897		43,879		(6,018)
c				~ · · · ·		(0.00.)		14,698		3,841		5,742		1,901
3,755		5,531		3,440		(2,091)				683		823		140
11,926		10,478		9,704		(774)				282		372		90
45,744		44,642		29,676		(14,966)				7,580		2,135		(5,445)
84,305	_	90,642		73,707		(16,935)		100,796		73,111		66,584		(6,527)
157		157		128		(29)		968		968		681		(287)
								29,736		36,236		35,262		(974)
								5,947		178		156		(22)
445		684				(684)		202		227		881		654
++J		004				(00+)		6,494		7,201		5,478		(1,723)
		440		040		(400)		0 400		0 400		6 007		
		440		242		(198)		8,199		8,199		6,887		(1,312)
								4,293		4,293		3,128		(1,165)
								14,523		14,523		21,678		7,155
								25,483		25,483		24,622		(001)
								25,405		20,400		24,022		(861)
704		904		161		(743)		20,146		19,938		47,223		(861) 27,285
		904 4,018						20,146						
704 3,811 75				161 3,879 787		(743) (139) 787								

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) - BUDGETED SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Transportation							
		Original		Final		Actual		Variance
Transportation:							_	
Administration and Support	\$	80,815	\$	80,815	\$	73,014	\$	(7,801)
Revenue Sharing		458,407		465,376		340,519		(124,857)
Air Transportation		2,780		2,780		2,762		(18)
Highways								
Public Transportation		1,092,722		1,112,305		833,338		(278,967)
Vehicle Regulation		30,364		30,364		26,921		(3,443)
Debt Service		160,013		160,013		154,413		(5,600)
Transfers to Capital Projects		10,590		10,590		10,590		
BRAC Economic Development Road Bonds								
GARVEE Western KY Bridges Project								
2005 Ed Bond Series								
Total Transportation		1,835,691		1,862,243		1,441,557		(420,686)
Total Expenditures		1,946,236		1,972,787		1,551,985		(420,802)
Excess of Revenues over (under)							-	
Expenditures		(439,105)		(464,406)		17,739		482,145
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Proceeds from Trustees								
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
xcess of Revenues and Other Financing								
Sources over (under) Expenditures and								
Other Financing Uses						17,739		
und Balances at July 1						455,302		
Non-Budgeted Items						(213)		
und Balances at June 30	\$		\$		\$	472,828	\$	

	F	ederal		Agency						
Original	Final	Actual	Variance	Original	Final	Actual	Variance			
	\$	\$	\$	\$ 2,336	\$ 80	\$ 21	\$ (59			
302	302	48	(254)	18,836	24,727	11,553	(13,174			
1,152,568	1,152,568	867,341	(285,227)	260,737	111,649	91,126	(20,523			
41,184	54,934	28,906	(26,028)	775	775	560	(215			
4,635	4,635	2,153	(2,482)	19,396	19,396	19,087	(309			
					26,829	4,804	(22,025			
					108,752	15,985	(92,767			
1,198,689	1,212,439	898,448	(313,991)	302,080	292,208	143,136	(149,072			
12,766,327	12,966,107	11,535,177	(1,430,930)	9,705,813	9,132,045	10,393,100	1,261,055			
		(20,348)				1,596,868				
						1,285				
						1,285				
		(20,348)				1,598,153				
		109,492				1,543,450				
		(137)				(1,381,062)				
	\$	\$ 89,007	\$	\$	\$	\$ 1,760,541	\$			

Budgetary Reporting

The Commonwealth of Kentucky requires that each branch of government prepare and submit a recommended budget to the General Assembly for each of the two fiscal years to be included in a biennial budget. These budgets are prepared principally on the cash basis. The Legislature reviews these budget requests, makes any necessary revisions, and legally adopts a biennial budget for each of the three branches of government. The Governor has the power to approve or veto each bill, subject to legislative override.

The financial plan for each fiscal year, as presented in a branch budget recommendation, shall be adopted with such modifications as made by the General Assembly (and explained in a budget memorandum) by the passage of the budget bill and such revenue and other acts necessary for the purpose.

Budgetary control is maintained at the budget unit level as designated by the budget bills enacted by the General Assembly (i.e., function, major program area, program, or unit of organization).

Appropriations for the General Fund and Road Fund shall be based upon revenue estimates prepared by the Consensus Forecasting Group and modifications made by the appropriations committee of the General Assembly. Official revenue estimates are not made for the other budgetary funds.

The Major Governmental funds, which have legally adopted annual budgets as part of the primary government, include the following: General, Transportation, Federal, and Agency Revenue.

The funds allotted for each purpose of expenditure shall be used for no other purpose, except when the head of any budget unit, with the approval of the Secretary of the Finance and Administration Cabinet, may transfer allotted funds from one purpose of expenditure to another within the budget unit. No revisions of the allotment schedule may provide for an allotment or allotments in excess of the amount appropriated to that budget unit in a budget bill or for expenditure for any other purpose not contemplated in a budget bill. However, appropriations for budgetary funds other than the General Fund and the Transportation Fund may be amended upon approval by the State Budget Director and the Secretary of the Finance and Administration Cabinet.

Encumbrance accounting is utilized for budgetary control purposes. Encumbrances outstanding at year end for long-term construction contracts reported in the Capital Projects Fund and Transportation Fund are reported as restricted budgetary fund balance. All other encumbered and unencumbered appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year. Encumbrances are carried forward as revisions to appropriations. The annual budget is prepared principally on the cash basis, which differs from generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). A reconciliation between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis is presented in the notes to the Required Supplemental Information section as follows.

Budgetary Basis vs. GAAP

Accounting principles applied for purposes of developing data on budgetary basis differ significantly from those used to present financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. A schedule reconciling the fund balance on a cash basis at June 30, 2019, to the fund balance on a modified accrual basis follows:

(Expressed in Thousands)

(Expressed in Thousands)							Agency
Financial statement funds (same as budgetary funds)	General Fund		 Transportation Fund		Federal Fund		Revenue Fund
Fund balance June 30, 2019: Budgetary basis	\$	352,936	\$ 472,828	\$	89,007	\$	1,760,541
Adjustments: Accrued revenues		440,366	103,246		440,124		62,662
Accrued expenditures		(445,591)	(88,855)		(379,526)		(46,603)
Accrued transfers (net)					(39,721)		39,721
Total Accruals (1)		(5,225)	 14,391		20,877		55,780
Reclassifications and other adjustments: Inventory balances (1)		7,373	58,417		152		2,603
To reclassify financial and other resources into financial statement fund types (2)		4,248	(1,259)		(142,982)		(1,081,815)
To record financial resources available as non-budgeted funds (3)		(126,572)	 		(3)		(546)
Fund Balance Fund balance June 30, 2019: GAAP Basis	\$	232,760	\$ 544,377	\$	(32,949)	\$	736,563
(1) Basis differences							

(1) Basis differences

(2) Perspective differences

(3) Entity differences

Infrastructure Assets Reported Using the Modified Approach

As allowed by <u>GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments</u>, the Commonwealth has adopted an alternative process for recording depreciation expense on selected infrastructure assets. Under this alternative method, referred to as the modified approach, the Commonwealth expenses certain maintenance and preservation costs and does not report depreciation expense. Assets accounted for, under the modified approach, include approximately 63,836 lane miles of roads and approximately 9,033 bridges that the Commonwealth is responsible to maintain.

In order to utilize the modified approach, the Commonwealth is required to:

- Maintain an asset management system that includes an up-to-date inventory of eligible infrastructure assets.
- Perform condition assessments of eligible assets and summarize the results using a measurement scale.
- Estimate, each year, the annual amount to maintain and preserve the assets at the condition level established and disclosed by the Commonwealth.
- Document that the assets are being preserved approximately at, or above, the established condition level.

Pavements

Measurement Scale

The Kentucky Transportation Cabinet (KYTC) uses numerous methods to determine the condition of roadway pavements; including, the Pavement Condition Index (PCI) to measure and monitor pavement conditions. In use since the mid-1980s, the PCI for any particular pavement section is the mathematical difference between the current pavement smoothness and the acceptable pavement smoothness threshold based on traffic volumes. The corresponding pavement condition is based on the following PCI ranges:

<u>Condition</u>	<u>PCI</u>
Good	Greater than 0.4
Fair	Between 0.0 and 0.4
Poor	Less than 0.0

Established Minimum Condition Level

No more than 30% of the pavements shall be rated as "poor."

Assessed Conditions

The Commonwealth assesses pavement condition on a calendar year basis. The following table reports the percentage of pavements meeting ratings of "Good", "Fair", and "Poor" for the past five years.

Condition	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Good	46.20%	57.60%	61.20%	45.60%	56.40%
Fair	28.60%	22.50%	22.20%	37.10%	26.20%
Poor	25.20%	19.90%	16.60%	17.30%	17.40%

Bridges

Measurement Scale

KYTC maintains information on its 9,033 bridges in compliance with the National Bridge Inspection guidelines established by the Federal Highway Administration. KYTC inspects all bridges at least once every two years and the condition assessment results are coded on a 0-9 scale with 9 being the most desirable. The condition ratings are based on the following scale:

Rating Description

- 9 Excellent.
- 8 Very good.
- 7 Good. Some minor problems.
- 6 Satisfactory. Structural elements show some minor deterioration.
- 5 Fair. All primary structural elements are sound but may have minor section loss, cracking, spalling or scour.
- 4 Poor. Advanced section loss, deterioration, spalling or scour.
- 3 Serious. Loss of section, deterioration, spalling, or scour have seriously affected primary structural components. Local failures are possible. Fatigue cracks in steel or shear cracks in concrete may be present.
- 2 Critical. Advanced deterioration of primary structural elements. Fatigue cracks in steel or shear cracks in concrete may be present or scour may have removed substructure support. Unless closely monitored, it may be necessary to close the bridge until corrective action is taken.
- 1 Imminent failure. Major deterioration or section loss present in critical structural components or obvious vertical or horizontal movement affecting structure stability. Bridge is closed to traffic, but corrective action may put it back in light service.

0 Failure. Out of service; beyond corrective action.

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY Notes To Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2019

Established Minimum Condition Level

No more than 10% of the bridges shall be rated as "structurally deficient." In addition, the total deck area of structurally deficient, state maintained bridges will not exceed 12% of the total deck area of all state maintained bridges.

Assessed Conditions

Prior to May 20, 2017, a bridge coded 4 or less for its deck, superstructure, or substructure, or coded 2 or less for its structural evaluation or waterway adequacy is classified as "structurally deficient." A structurally deficient bridge is inadequate to carry legal loads, whether caused by structural deterioration, obsolete design standards, or an insufficient waterway opening. A bridge coded 3 or less for its structural evaluation, deck geometry, vertical or horizontal under clearance, water adequacy, or approach roadway alignment is classified as "functionally obsolete." A functionally obsolete bridge cannot properly accommodate the current traffic. The following table reports the percentage of bridges whose condition was assessed as "structurally deficient" in the corresponding year:

Calendar Year	Structurally Deficient	Deck Area Structurally Deficient
2016	5.9%	4.9%
2015	6.4%	5.6%
2014	6.3%	4.7%

As of May 20, 2017, condition assessments for National Highway System (NHS) bridges were updated by the Federal Highway Administration, Department of Transportation due to the requirement by the Moving Ahead for Progress in the 21st Century Act (MAP-21). Under the new rule, a structurally deficient or a Poor bridge is classified with a deck, superstructure, substructure, or culvert condition rating less than or equal to 4. If any condition rating is below 7, but above 4, they are classified as Fair. Likewise, if any component condition rating is greater than or equal to 7, a bridge is considered Good. The new performance condition assessment measures are based on deck area. Functionally obsolete is a legacy classification that was used to implement the Highway Bridge Program, which was discontinued with the enactment of MAP-21. The following table reports the percentage of bridges meeting ratings of "Good", "Fair", and "Poor" for calendar year 2018 under the updated condition assessment requirements:

Condition	Calendar Year 2018	Calendar Year 2017
condition	2010	2017
Good	34.1%	35.8%
Fair	61.0%	59.6%
Poor	4.9%	4.6%

Estimated and Actual Costs to Maintain

The following table presents the Commonwealth's estimate of spending necessary to preserve and maintain the pavements, bridges, and maintenance condition at, or above, the "Established Condition Levels" cited above and the actual amount spent during the past six fiscal years (in millions):

	R	oadways		Bridges		Total
Fiscal Year 2020:						
Estimated	\$	575.4	\$	66.7	\$	642.1
Fiscal Year 2019:						
Estimated	\$	897.0	\$	104.8	\$	1001.8
Actual	\$	965.5	\$	111.9	\$	1077.4
E: 114 0010						
Fiscal Year 2018:	¢	727.0	¢	76.1	¢	002 1
Estimated	\$	727.0	\$	76.1	\$	803.1
Actual	\$	903.4	\$	107.9	\$	1011.3
Fiscal Year 2017:						
Estimated	\$	971.9	\$	75.8	\$	1047.7
	\$	834.4	\$	87.4	\$	921.8
Actual	Э	834.4	φ	87.4	Э	921.8
Fiscal Year 2016:						
Estimated	\$	1064.9	\$	55.2	\$	1120.1
Actual	\$	916.1	\$	71.4	\$	987.5
Fiscal Year 2015:						
Estimated	\$	1103.0	\$	57.2	\$	1160.2
Actual *	\$	1075.7	\$	51.2	\$	1126.9
Fiscal Year 2014:						
Estimated	\$	1030.6	\$	84.9	\$	1115.5
Actual	\$	1060.7	\$	55.0	\$	1115.7

* Prior year actual expenditures have been restated.

Kentucky Public Transportation Infrastructure Authority

As allowed by <u>GASB Statement No. 34</u>, <u>Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments</u>, the Authority has adopted an alternative process for recording depreciation expense on selected infrastructure assets. Under this alternative method, referred to as the modified approach, the Authority expenses certain maintenance and preservation costs and does not report depreciation expense. The Authority's assets accounted for, under the modified approach, include approximately 56.1 lane miles of roads and 47 bridge structures.

In order to utilize the modified approach, the Authority is required to:

- Maintain an asset management system that includes an up-todate inventory of eligible infrastructure assets.
- Perform condition assessments of eligible assets and summarize the results using a measurement scale.
- Estimate, each year, the annual amount to maintain and preserve the assets at the condition level established and disclosed by the Authority.
- Document that the assets are being preserved approximately at, or above, the established condition level.

Pavements

Measurement Scale

The Authority uses numerous methods to determine the condition of roadway pavements; including the Pavement Condition Index (PCI) to measure and monitor pavement conditions. In use since the mid-1980s, the PCI for any particular pavement section is the mathematical difference between the current pavement smoothness and the acceptable pavement smoothness threshold based on traffic volumes. The corresponding pavement condition is based on the following PCI ranges:

Condition	<u>PCI</u>
Good Fair Poor	Greater than 0.4 Between 0.0 and 0.4 Less than 0.0

Established Minimum Condition Level No more than 30% of the pavements shall be rated as "poor."

Assessed Conditions

The Authority assesses pavement condition on a calendar year basis. The following table reports the percentage of pavements meeting ratings of "Good", "Fair", and "Poor" for the past three years.

Condition	2018	2017	2016	2015
Good	90.80%	90.80%	90.30%	90.30%
Fair	9.20%	9.20%	9.70%	9.70%
Poor	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Bridges

9

8

7

6

5

4

3

2

1

Measurement Scale

The Authority maintains information on its 48 bridges in compliance with the National Bridge Inspection guidelines established by the Federal Highway Administration. The Authority inspects all bridges at least once every two years and the condition assessment results are coded on a 0-9 scale with 9 being the most desirable. The condition ratings are based on the following scale:

Rating Description

- Excellent.
- Very good.
- Good. Some minor problems.
- Satisfactory. Structural elements show some minor deterioration.
- Fair. All primary structural elements are sound but may have minor section loss, cracking, spalling or scour.
- Poor. Advanced section loss, deterioration, spalling or scour.
- Serious. Loss of section, deterioration, spalling, or scour have seriously affected primary structural components. Local failures are possible. Fatigue cracks in steel or shear cracks in concrete may be present.
- Critical. Advanced deterioration of primary structural elements. Fatigue cracks in steel or shear cracks in concrete may be present or scour may have removed substructure support. Unless closely monitored, it may be necessary to close the bridge until corrective action is taken.
- Imminent failure. Major deterioration or section loss present in critical structural components or obvious verti cal or horizontal movement affecting structure stability. Bridge is closed to traffic, but corrective action may put it back in light service.
- 0 Failure. Out of service; beyond corrective action.

Established Minimum Condition Level

No more than 10% of the bridges shall be rated as "structurally deficient." In addition, the total deck area of structurally deficient, state maintained bridges will not exceed 12% of the total deck area of all state maintained bridges.

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY Notes To Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2019

Assessed Conditions

Prior to May 20, 2017, a bridge coded 4 or less for its deck, superstructure, or substructure, or coded 2 or less for its structural evaluation or waterway adequacy is classified as "structurally deficient." A structurally deficient bridge is inadequate to carry legal loads, whether caused by structural deterioration, obsolete design standards, or an insufficient waterway opening. A bridge coded 3 or less for its structural evaluation, deck geometry, vertical or horizontal underclearance, water adequacy, or approach roadway alignment is classified as "functionally obsolete." A functionally obsolete bridge cannot properly accommodate the current traffic.

The bridge condition goals above represent the Cabinet's goal for all structures located on the Commonwealth's state maintained highway system. The actual conditions of the bridges for which the Authority is responsible did not meet this stated goal in 2014 and was not reported in 2015. The LSIORBP has required a lengthy planning and development period and in anticipation of the construction activities much of the needed preservation work was postponed. For the 2016 reporting period, the LSIORBP area was under active construction and the condition of the bridges in the area could not be assessed and was the responsibility of the contractor. During construction, however, routine inspections were continued and required maintenance was performed to insure all bridges are safe for traffic. The following table reports the percentage of bridges whose condition was assessed as "structurally deficient" in the corresponding year:

Calendar Year	Structurally Deficient	Deck Area Structurally Deficient
2016	2.1%	10.4%
2015	Not reported due t	o ongoing construction
2014	43%	42%

As of May 20, 2017, condition assessments for National Highway System (NHS) bridges were updated by the Federal Highway Administration, Department of Transportation due to the requirement by the Moving Ahead for Progress in the 21st Century Act (MAP-21). Under the new rule, a structurally deficient or a Poor bridge is classified with a deck, superstructure, substructure, or culvert condition rating less than or equal to 4. If any condition rating is below 7, but above 4, they are classified as Fair. Likewise, if any component condition rating is greater than or equal to 7, a bridge is considered Good. The new performance condition assessment measures are based on deck area. Functionally obsolete is a legacy classification that was used to implement the Highway Bridge Program, which was discontinued with the enactment of MAP-21. The following table reports the percentage of bridges meeting ratings of "Good", "Fair", and "Poor" for calendar year 2018 and 2017 under the updated condition assessment requirements:

Condition	Calendar Year 2018	Calendar Year 2017
Good	82.0%	80.2%
Fair	18.0%	19.8%
Poor	0.0%	0.0%

Estimated and Actual Costs to Maintain

The following table presents the Authority's estimate of spending necessary to preserve and maintain the pavements, bridges, and maintenance condition at, or above, the "Established Condition Levels" cited above and the actual amount spent during the past fiscal years:

(Expressed in Thousands)

	Roadways	Bridges	Total
Fiscal Year 2020: Estimated			\$ 1,279.9
Fiscal Year 2019:			
Estimated			\$ 4,069.4
Actual			\$ 1,976.2
Fiscal Year 2018:			
Estimated			\$ 1,139.7
Actual			\$ 3,153.3
Fiscal Year 2017:			
Estimated*	\$	\$	\$
Actual	\$ 16,589.3	\$ 21,951.0	\$ 38,540.3
Fiscal Year 2016:			
Estimated*	\$	\$	\$
Actual	\$ 42,253.0	\$ 17,464.0	\$ 59,717.0
Fiscal Year 2015:			
Estimated*	\$	\$	\$
Actual	\$ 4,913.0	\$	\$ 4,913.0

*Note: Estimated costs for roadways was not developed for years ended June 30, 2017, 2016 and 2015 by the Authority as the date of transfer of assets was uncertain and given the significant expansion and the extensive reconstruction of the site that continued throughout the majority of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.
COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION ENTITY RISK POOLS CLAIMS DEVELOPMENT INFORMATION FOR THE LAST TEN YEARS (Expressed in Thousands)

	2010	2011	12	_	2013	_	2014	_	2015	_	2016	_	2017	_	2018	_	2019
Earned Premiums	\$ 23,666	\$ 22,094	\$ 22,993	\$	24,500	\$	24,497	\$	23,017	\$	21,074	\$	25,871	ş	23,892	ş	21,88
Administrative Expense	936	1,031	1,013		955		1,038		1,007		976		914		927		91
Incurred Claims as																	
Originally Estimated	19,084	20,372	21,269		23,043		25,619		24,847		22,185		23,536		24,915		21,55
Claims Paid (Cumulative) as of:																	
End of Fiscal Year	4,613	5,497	5,245		5,076		7,314		6,221		5,386		6,082		5,829		5,18
One Year Later	8,675	9,233	9,568		7,927		10,235		9,131		8,160		9,098		8,704		
Two Years Later	10,433	11,153	11,806		9,695		12,258		10,994		9,855		11,036				
Three Years Later	11,489	12,309	13,296		10,720		13,170		11,932		10,636						
Four Years Later	12,067	13,390	13,903		11,210		13,631		12,358								
Five Years Later	12,506	14,036	14,405		11,543		14,622										
Six Years Later	12,859	14,457	14,769		11,753												
Seven Years Later	13,215	14,909	15,214														
Eight Years Later	13,513	15,359															
Nine Years Later	13,866																
Re-estimation of Incurred Claims:																	
End of Fiscal Year	19,084	20,372	21,269		23,043		25,619		24,847		22,185		23,536		24,915		21,55
One Year Later	20,373	21,613	22,466		20,463		23,517		22,001		20,628		22,247		22,859		
Two Years Later	20,170	21,966	23,455		19,660		23,422		21,866		20,905		22,396				
Three Years Later	21,106	22,550	23,631		19,505		22,971		21,643		19,799						
Four Years Later	21,236	23,060	23,124		18,912		23,606		21,017								
Five Years Later	21,148	22,780	22,891		18,805		23,577										
Six Years Later	20,856	22,872	23,170		18,584												
Seven Years Later	20,449	22,395	23,040														
Eight Years Later	20,493	23,097															
Nine Years Later	20,523																
Increase (Decrease) in Estimated																	
Incurred Claims From the																	
Original Estimate Using																	
Re-estimation at the End of the																	
Most Recent Fiscal Year	1,439	2,725	1,771		(4,460)		(2,042)		(3,830)		(2,387)		(1,140)		(2,056)		

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION ENTITY RISK POOLS CLAIMS DEVELOPMENT INFORMATION FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Expressed in Thousands)

Kentucky Public Employees Health Pla	<u>n</u>									
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Earned Premiums	\$ 1,466,303	\$ 1,571,312	\$ 1,600,787	\$ 1,597,599	\$ 1,606,978	\$ 1,612,540	\$ 1,624,815	\$ 1,627,656	\$ 1,640,342	\$ 1,639,533
Administrative Expense	77,104	81,048	82,088	81,459	87,108	83,049	73,177	75,515	77,296	76,671
Incurred Claims as										
Originally Estimated	1,391,340	1,475,301	1,531,838	1,530,199	1,460,930	1,347,112	1,348,429	1,402,632	1,479,373	1,593,888
Claims Paid (Cumulative) as of:										
End of Fiscal Year	1,318,824	1,391,375	1,445,035	1,434,661	1,367,500	1,275,354	1,230,810	1,326,155	1,390,162	1,509,462
One Year Later	1,399,923	1,477,129	1,533,569	1,539,862	1,477,144	1,349,674	1,339,032	1,397,381	1,470,797	
Two Years Later	1,396,976	1,466,785	1,532,732	1,537,204	1,476,210	1,353,583	1,327,946	1,396,642		
Three Years Later	1,396,631	1,466,629	1,532,537	1,537,204	1,476,210	1,353,583	1,327,946			
Four Years Later	1,396,631	1,466,629	1,532,537	1,537,204	1,476,210	1,353,583				
Five Years Later	1,396,631	1,466,629	1,532,537	1,537,204	1,476,210					
Six Years Later	1,396,631	1,466,629	1,532,537	1,536,507						
Seven Years Later	1,396,631	1,466,629	1,532,537							
Eight Years Later	1,396,631	1,466,629								
Nine Years Later	1,396,631									
Re-estimation of Incurred Claims:										
End of Fiscal Year	1,391,340	1,475,301	1,531,838	1,530,199	1,460,930	1,347,112	1,348,429	1,402,632	1,479,373	1,593,888
One Year Later	1,398,877	1,474,723	1,532,352	1,537,907	1,474,433	1,351,082	1,339,032	1,396,808	1,469,261	
Two Years Later	1,396,631	1,466,629	1,532,537	1,536,507	1,476,210	1,353,583	1,338,945	1,392,505		
Three Years Later	1,396,631	1,466,629	1,532,537	1,536,507	1,476,210	1,353,583	1,338,945			
Four Years Later	1,396,631	1,466,629	1,532,537	1,536,507	1,476,210	1,353,583				
Five Years Later	1,396,631	1,466,629	1,532,537	1,536,507	1,476,210					
Six Years Later	1,396,631	1,466,629	1,532,537	1,536,507						
Seven Years Later	1,396,631	1,466,629	1,532,537							
Eight Years Later	1,396,631	1,466,629								
Nine Years Later	1,396,631									
Increase (Decrease) in Estimated										
Incurred Claims From the										
Original Estimate Using										
Re-estimation at the End of the										
Most Recent Fiscal Year	5,291	(8,673)	699	6.308	15.281	6.470	(9,484)	(10,127)	(10,112)	

SOURCE: Audited Financial Statements

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - PENSION FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Expressed in Thousands)

(Expressed	 i nousanus)	

Kentucky Judicial Retirement Plan										
		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
As of the most recent fiscal year end: Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$	10,185	\$	11,954	\$	11,884	\$	15,171	\$	15,142
actuarially determined contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	8,732	\$	11,954	_	11,884	_	15,171	_	15,142
contribution deliciency (excess)	Ф	1,455	φ		Ş		\$		Ş	
Covered-employee payroll Contributions as a percentage of	\$	30,566	\$	30,624	\$	27,590	\$	31,936	\$	31,936
covered-employee payroll		28.57%		39.03%		43.00%		48.00%		47.00%
Notes to Schedule as of the Measurement	t Date									
Valuation date	J	uly 1, 2017		July 1, 2017		July 1, 2015		July 1, 2015		July 1, 2014
lethods and assumptions used to detern	nine contri	butions :								
Actuarial Cost Method	Enti	ry Age Normal	E	Entry Age Normal		Entry Age Normal		Entry Age Normal	E	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method		Interest +		Interest +		Interest +		Interest +		Interest +
	-	% Unfunded ast Liability		1% Unfunded Past Liability		1% Unfunded Past Liability		1% Unfunded Past Liability		1% Unfunded Past Liability
Asset Valuation Method	Ν	larket Value		Market Value		Market Value		Market Value		Market Value
Investment Return		6.24%		6.24%		6.41%		6.41%		6.41%
Inflation		3.00%		3.00%		3.00%		3.00%		3.00%
Projected Salary Increase		% for next 5 years 5% thereafter		1% for next 5 years 3.5% thereafter						

Mortality Rates FY 2019; 2018; 2017

Mortality rates were based on RP-2000 Mortality Tables with white-collar adjustments with Pre and Post Commencement Rates with projected morality improvements after year 2000 under Projected Scale AA (male and female scales).

Mortality Rates FY 2016

Mortality rates were based on RP-2000 Mortality Tables with white-collar adjustments with Pre and Post Commencement Rates with projected morality improvements after year 2000 under Projected Scale AA (male and female scales).

Mortality Rates FY 2015 and Prior

Mortality rates were based on IRS2008 Mortality Tables without collar adjustment with Pre and Post Commencement Rates with projected mortality improvements after 2000 under Projection Scale AA (male and female scales). Prior to July 1, 2011, RP-2000 Mortality Tables projected 2009 without collar adjustment for male and female lives was used.

 2014	 2013		2012		2011		2010		2009
\$ 15,220	\$ 15,220	\$	10,302	\$	10,302	\$	4,512	\$	4,512
10,805	 10,399		4,946		4,534		4,470		4,470
\$ 4,415	\$ 4,821	\$	5,356	\$	5,768	\$	42	\$	42
\$ 32,930	\$ 32,930	\$	33,175	\$	33,175	\$	29,887	\$	29,887
32.81%	31.58%		14.91%		13.67%		14.96%		14.96%
July 1, 2014	July 1, 2013		July 1, 2012		July 1, 2011		June 30,2009		June 30,2009
Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal		Projected Unit Credit cost		Projected Unit Credit cost		Projected Unit Credit cost		Projected Unit Credit cost
Interest + 1% Unfunded Past Liability	Interest + 1% Unfunded Past Liability		Interest + 1% Unfunded Past Liability		Interest + 1% Unfunded Past Liability		Interest + 1% Unfunded Past Liability		Interest + 1% Unfunded Past Liability
Market Value	Market Value		Market Value		Market Value		Market Value		Market Value
6.15%	7.00%		7.00%		7.00%		7.00%		7.00%
3.00%									
1% for next 5 years 3.5% thereafter	1% for next year 1% the following year 3.5% thereafter	1	1% for next year % the following year 3.5% thereafter	- :	1% for next year 2% the following yea 4% thereafter	r	1% for next year 2% the following yea 4% thereafter	r	1% for next year 2% the following year 4% thereafter

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - PENSION FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Expressed in Thousands)

(Expressed	ш	i nousanus)	

ntucky Legislators' Retirement Plan						0047				
of the most recent fiscal year end:		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	4,430	\$	2,400	\$	2,384	\$	3,415	\$	3,409
Contributions in relation to the										
actuarially determined contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	¢	4,430	\$	2,400	<u>_</u>	2,384	-	3,415	<u>_</u>	3,409
Contribution deficiency (excess)	Ψ	4,430	Ψ		\$		\$		\$	
Covered-employee payroll	\$	4,324	\$	4,407	\$	3,506	\$	4,919	\$	4,919
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		0.0%		54.5%		68.0%		69%		69%
tes to Schedule as of the Measurement Date	-	ly 1, 2017	J	uly 1, 2017		July 1, 2015		July 1, 2015		July 1, 2014
thods and assumptions used to determine	contributions	:								
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry	Age Normal	Entr	y Age Normal	Er	ntry Age Normal	E	ntry Age Normal	E	ntry Age Norma
Amortization Method		nterest +		Interest +		Interest +		Interest +		Interest +
		Unfunded		6 Unfunded		1% Unfunded		1% Unfunded		1% Unfunded Past Liability
	Pa	ist Liability	P	ast Liability		Past Liability		Past Liability		Past Liability
Asset Valuation Method	Mark	et Value	Mar	ket Value		Market Value		Market Value		Market Value
Investment Return		6.45%		6.45%		6.45%		6.85%		6.50%
Inflation		3.00%		3.00%		3.00%		3.00%		3.00%
Projected Salary Increase	19	% for next	1	% for next		1% for next		1% for next		1% for next
		5 years		5 years		5 years		5 years		5 years
	3.59	% thereafter	3 5	% thereafter	3	.5% thereafter		3.5% thereafter		3.5% thereafter

Mortality Rates FY 2019; 2018; 2017

Mortality rates were based on RP-2000 Mortality Tables with white-collar adjustments with Pre and Post Commencement Rates with projected morality improvements after year 2000 under Projected Scale AA (male and female scales).

Mortality Rates FY 2016

Mortality rates were based on RP-2000 Mortality Tables with white-collar adjustments with Pre and Post Commencement Rates with projected morality improvements after year 2000 under Projected Scale AA (male and female scales).

Mortality Rates FY 2015 and Prior

Mortality rates were based on IRS2008 Mortality Tables without collar adjustment with Pre and Post Commencement Rates with projected mortality improvements after 2000 under Projection Scale AA (male and female scales). Prior to July 1, 2011, RP-2000 Mortality Tables projected 2009 without collar adjustment for male and female lives was used.

2014		2013		2012	 2011	 2010	 2009
3,215	\$	3,215	\$	2,140	\$ 2,140	\$ 320	\$ 320
1,825		1,696		1,027	942	320	320
1,390	\$	1,519	\$	1,113	\$ 1,198	\$	\$
4,988	\$	4,988	\$	5,193	\$ 5,193	\$ 4,917	\$ 4,917
36.59%		34%		19.78%	18.14%	6.51%	6.51%
July 1, 2014		July 1, 2013		July 1, 2012	July 1, 2011	June 30, 2009	June 30, 2009
Entry Age Normal	E	ntry Age Normal		Projected Unit Credit cost	Projected Unit Credit cost	Projected Unit Credit cost	Projected Unit Credit cost
Interest +		Interest +		Interest +	Interest +	Interest +	Interest +
1% Unfunded Past Liability		1% Unfunded ast Liability Open	I	1% Unfunded Past Liability Open	1% Unfunded Past Liability Open	1% Unfunded Past Liability Open	1% Unfunded Past Liability
Market Value		Market Value		Market Value	Market Value	Market Value	Market Value
6.50%		7.00%		7.00%	7.00%	7.00%	7.50%
3.00%							
1% for next	1	% for next year		1% for next year	1% for next year	1% for next year	1% for next year
5 years	1	% the following year		1% the following vear	2% the following	2% the following year	2% the following year
3.5% thereafter	3	3.5% thereafter		3.5% thereafter	year 4% thereafter	4% thereafter	4% thereafter

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - PENSION FOR THE LAST TEN FISCALS YEARS (Expressed in Thousands)

State Police Retirement System										
		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
As of the most recent fiscal year end:										
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$	58,948	\$	36,033	\$	35,937	\$	25,723	\$	31,444
actuarially determined contribution	ı	60,048		46,877		63,240		25,822		31,990
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	(1,100)	\$	(10,844)	\$	(27,303)	\$	(99)	\$	(546)
Covered-employee payroll Contributions as a percentage of	\$	49,515	\$	50.346	\$	54,065	\$	46,685	\$	45,765
covered-employee payroll		121.27%		93.11%		116.97%		55.31%		69.90%
Notes to Schedule as of the Measurement Date:										
Valuation date		June 30,2016	Ju	ne 30,2015	J	une 30, 2015		June 30, 2015	J	lune 30, 2014
Methods and assumptions used to determine contributions:										
Actuarial Cost Method	Ent	try age normal	Er	ntry age normal	Er	try age normal		Entry age normal	Er	ntry age normal
Amortization Method		vel percentage payroll closed		evel percentage f payroll closed		vel percentage payroll closed		Level percentage of payroll closed		vel percentage payroll closed
Asset Valuation Method	m a exp	20% of the difference between the arket value of ssets and the bected actuarial lue of assets is recognized	ex	20% of the difference between the market value of assets and the spected actuarial alue of assets is recognized	m a exp	20% of the difference between the arket value of ssets and the pected actuarial lue of assets is recognized	S	Five-year smoothed market	sm	Five-year noothed market
Investment Return		6.75%		6.75%		7.50%		6.75%		7.50%
Inflation		3.25%		3.25%		3.25%		3.25%		3.25%
Projected Salary Increase		4.00%		4.00%		4.00%		4.00%		4.00%

Mortality

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table, projected to 2013 with Scale BB (set back 1 year for females)

2014		2013		2012		2011		2010		2009
25,808	\$	23,117	\$	20,498	\$	18,463	\$	18,765	\$	15,952
20,279		18,501		15,362		12,657		9,489		8,186
5,529	\$	4,616	\$	5,136	\$	5,806	\$	9,276	\$	7,766
44,616	\$	45,256	\$	48,373	\$	48,693	\$	51,507	\$	51,660
45.45%		40.88%		31.76%		25.99%		18.42%		15.85%
June 30, 2014	Jun	e 30, 2013	Jur	ne 30, 2012	Jur	ne 30, 2011	Jur	ne 30, 2010	Jur	ne 30, 2009
Entry age normal	Entry	vage normal	Entr	y age normal	Entr	/ age normal	Entry	y age normal	Entr	y age normal
Level percentage of payroll closed		l percentage ayroll closed		l percentage ayroll closed		l percentage ayroll closed		l percentage ayroll closed		I percentage ayroll closed
Five-year smoothed market		ive-year thed market		⁻ive-year othed market		īve-year thed market		⁻ive-year othed market		⁻ive-year othed market
7.75%		7.75%		7.75%		7.75%		7.75%		7.75%
3.50%		3.50%		3.50%		3.50%		3.50%		4.50%
4.50%	4	.5%-21%	1	.5%-21%		.5%-21%		5%-21%		.5%-21%

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - PENSION FOR THE CURRENT FISCAL YEAR

(Expressed	in	Thousands)	
------------	----	------------	--

Kentucky Employees Retirement Plan									
Non-Hazardous	2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
As of the most recent fiscal year end: Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 1,055,402	2 \$	432,329	\$	361,024	\$	362,122	\$	355,949
Contributions in relation to the	4 005 400		470.004		201 210		202.020		202.004
actuarially determined contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	1,035,462		470,021 (37,692)	\$	361,316 (292)	\$	362,639 (517)	\$	202,891 153,058
Contribution deficiency (exects)	φ 13,340	φ —	(07,002)	Ψ	(232)	Ψ	(517)	Ψ	100,000
Covered-employee payroll	1,485,854	Ļ	1,029,846		1,148,574	\$	1,073,430	\$	1,078,236
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	69.69	6	45.64%		31.46%		33.78%		18.82%
Notes to Schedule as of the Measurement Date:									
Valuation date	June 30, 2016	J	lune 30, 2016		June 30, 2016		June 30, 2015		June 30, 2014
Methods and assumptions used to determine contributions :									
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Norma	il En	try Age Normal	E	ntry Age Normal	E	ntry Age Normal	E	ntry Age Norma
Amortization Method	Level percentage of payroll closed		vel percentage payroll closed		evel percentage of payroll closed		evel percentage f payroll closed		evel percentage f payroll closed
Asset Valuation Method	20% of the difference between the market value of assets and the expected actuaria value of assets is recognized	m a al exp	20% of the difference between the larket value of ssets and the bected actuarial lue of assets is recognized	e	20% of the difference between the market value of assets and the xpected actuarial alue of assets is recognized	sı	Five-year noothed market	SI	Five-year noothed market
Investment Return	6.75%		7.50%		6.75%		7.50%		7.75%
Inflation	3.25%		3.25%		3.25%		3.25%		3.50%
Projected Salary Increase	4.0%, average	4	.0%, average		4.0%, average, ncluding inflation		4.0%, average, cluding inflation	4	.5% per annum

Mortality

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table, projected to 2013 with scale BB (set back one year for females)

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - PENSION FOR THE CURRENT FISCAL YEAR (Expressed in Thousands)

(Expressed ii	i Thousands)
---------------	--------------

Kentucky Employees Retirement Plan										
Hazardous		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
<u>As of the most recent fiscal year end:</u> Actuarially determined contribution	\$	55,230	\$	31,321	\$	23,690	\$	27.770	\$	13,289
Contributions in relation to the	·	,		- ,-	Ŷ	20,000	÷	21,110	÷	10,200
actuarially determined contribution		55,259		43,661		23,759		27,929		11,428
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	(29)	\$	(12,340)	\$	(69)	\$	(159)	\$	1,861
Covered-employee payroll Contributions as a percentage of	\$	160,600	\$	152,936	\$	158,828	\$	125,942	\$	126,402
covered-employee payroll		34.41%		28.55%		14.96%		22.18%		9.04%
Notes to Schedule as of the Measurement Date:										
Valuation date	Ju	une 30, 2016	J	une 30, 2016	Ju	ine 30, 2016	Ju	une 30, 2015	Ju	ne 30, 2014
Methods and assumptions used to determine contributions :										
Actuarial Cost Method	Ent	ry Age Normal	En	try Age Normal	Entr	ry Age Normal	Ent	ry Age Normal	Entr	y Age Normal
Amortization Method		vel percentage payroll closed		vel percentage payroll closed		el percentage payroll closed		rel percentage payroll closed		el percentage bayroll closed
Asset Valuation Method	b ma as expo valu	20% of the difference between the arket value of sests and the ected actuarial ue of assets is recognized	m a: exp	20% of the difference between the arket value of ssets and the sected actuarial ue of assets is recognized	b ma as expe valu	20% of the difference etween the rrket value of sets and the ected actuarial e of assets is recognized	smo	Five-year bothed market		Five-year bothed market
Investment Return		7.50%		7.50%		7.50%		7.50%		7.75%
Inflation		3.25%		3.25%		3.25%		3.25%		3.50%
Projected Salary Increase	4.	0%, average	4	.0%, average)%, average, uding inflation		0%, average, luding inflation	1%	per annum

Mortality

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table, projected to 2013 with scale BB (set back 1 year for females).

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - PENSION FOR THE CURRENT FISCAL YEAR (Expressed in Thousands)

Kentucky Teachers Retirement System	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
As of the most recent fiscal year end:	2019	2018	2017	2010	2015
Actuarially determined contribution Employer Nonemployer special funding Contributions in relation to the	\$ 7,300 1,051,722	\$ 7,780 1,554,267	\$ 16,540 934,995	\$ 15,776 852,845	\$ 14,018 768,088
actuarially determined contribution Employer Nonemployer special funding Contribution deficiency (excess)	7,300 1,051,722 \$ 0	8,013 1,600,895 \$ (46,861)	9,359 529,083 \$ 413,093	9,662 522,336 \$ 336,623	9,590 525,455 \$ 247,061
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,297,875	\$ 3,605,115	\$ 4,108,000	\$ 3,284,714	\$ 3,150,875 *
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	32.11%	44.63%	13.11%	16.20%	16.98%
Notes to Schedule as of the Measurement Date: Valuation date	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2013
Methods and assumptions used to determine contributions :					
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level percentage of pay, open	Level percentage of pay, open	Level percentage of pay, open	Level percentage of pay, open	Level percentage of payroll, open
Asset Valuation Method	Five-year smoothed market	Five-year smoothed market	Five-year smoothed market	Five-year smoothed market	Five-year smoothed market
Investment Return	7.5% including inflation	7.5% including inflation	7.5%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation	7.5%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation	7.5%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation
Inflation	3.50%		3.50%	3.50%	-
		3.00%			3.50%
Projected Salary Increase	4.00 - 8.2%	3.50 - 7.30%	3.50 - 7.30%	4.0% - 8.20%	4.0% - 8.20%

Mortality by measurement Date

The rate of mortality is based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected to 2020 using scale AA (set back one year for females) for death after service retirement and beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality table (set back seven years for males and set forward five years for females) is used for death after disability retirement.

This is a 10 year schedule. Years will be added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

* Revised from previous year to reflect actual covered-employee payroll.



COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR TEN FISCAL YEARS (Expressed in Thousands)

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

				2019			2018					
	Leg	Kentucky Legislators Retirement Plan		Kentucky Judicial Retirement Plan		State Police Retirement System		Kentucky Legislators Retirement Plan		Kentucky Judicial Retirement Plan		State Police Retirement System
Total Pension Liability Service Costs Interest	\$	698 4,639	\$	4,127 22,699	\$	11,890 47,978	\$	701 5.280	\$	4,912 23,780	\$	8,297 51,768
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions		4,039		22,099		47,978 25,126		(6,362) (160)		(8,857) (2,090)		8,143 136.602
Benefit payments/refunds Other		(4,529)		(23,194)		(58,805) 162		(4,257)		(23,011)		(56,960)
Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability at July 1		808 73,566		3,632 371,505		26,351 943,272		(4,798) 78,364		(5,266) 376,771		147,850 795,422
Total pension liability at June 30	\$	74,374	\$	375,137	\$	969,623	\$	73,566	\$	371,505	\$	943,272
Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position												
Contributions - employer Contributions - member	\$	2,400 232	\$	12,529 1,977	\$	46,877 5,522	\$	2,401 311	\$	11,954 1,607	\$	63,240 5,348
Contributions - Commonwealth of Kentucky		202		.,		0,022		011		1,001		0,010
Contributions - other employers Net investment income		6,271		27,067		18,437		7,936		34,713		26,795
Benefit payments/refunds Administrative expenses		(4,528)		(23,194)		(58,805) (194)		(4,257)		(23,011)		(56,960) (182)
Other						(194)		87				(517)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		4,375		18,379		11,836		6,478		25,263		37,724
Pension plan fiduciary net position at July 1		68,372		292,718	_	255,737	-	61,894		267,455		218,013
Pension plan fiduciary net positon at June 30	\$	72,747	\$	311,097	\$	267,573	\$	68,372	\$	292,718	\$	255,737
Net pension liability at June 30	\$	1,627	\$	64,040	\$	702,050	\$	5,194	\$	78,787	\$	687,535
Pension plan fiduciary net position as a % of the total pension liability		97.81%		82.93%		27.60%		92.94%		78.79%		27.11%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	4,413	\$	30,900	\$	50,346	\$	4,404	\$	30,287	\$	54,065
Net Pension liability as a % of covered employee payroll		36.9%		207.2%		1394.5%		117.9%		260.1%		1271.7%

This is a 10 year schedule. Years will be added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available. The column is presented based on the measurement date of the prior period.

		2017					2016					 2015		
Leg	entucky jislators ement Plan	Kentucky Judicial rement Plan	R	ate Police etirement System	Le	Kentucky egislators rement Plan	Kentucky Judicial rement Plan		tate Police Retirement System	Le	entucky gislators ement Plan	čentucky Judicial rement Plan	R	ate Police etirement System
\$	967 5,161	\$ 4,913 23,436	\$	8,402 52,951	\$	1,046 5,077 (3,421)	\$ 4,952 22,205 4,401	\$	7,696 50,660 9,331	\$	1,046 4,923	\$ 4,952 21,906	\$	7,142 50,391
	(3,999) 22	(22,868) 85		56,191 (56,279)		(1,547) (3,690)	(4,401) (22,243)		40,202 (54,851)		3,722 (3,544)	29,116 (21,808)		(53,239)
	2,151	 5,566		61,265		(2,535)	 4,914		53,038		6,147	 34,166	-	4,294
	76,213	 371,205		734,157		78,748	 366,291	-	681,119		72,601	 332,126		676,825
\$	78,364	\$ 376,771	\$	795,422	\$	76,213	\$ 371,205	\$	734,157	\$	78,748	\$ 366,292	\$	681,119
\$	3,380 335	\$ 15,294 1,737	\$	25,822 5,262	\$	3,367 217	\$ 15,362 1,863	\$	31,990 5,244	\$	1,825 273	\$ 12,404 2,759	\$	20,279 5,076
	2,067 (3,999) 22	8,734 (22,867) 91		(3,841) (56,279) (180)		5,550 (3,690)	25,614 (22,243)		3,427 (54,851) (201) 646		7,934 (3,544)	33,174 (21,808)		40,374 (53,239) (214)
	1,805	2,989		(29,216)		5,444	 20,596		(13,745)		6,488	 26,529		12,276
	60,089	 264,466		247,229		54,645	 243,870		260,974		48,157	 217,341		248,698
\$	61,894	\$ 267,455	\$	218,013	\$	60,089	\$ 264,466	\$	247,229	\$	54,645	\$ 243,870	\$	260,974
\$	16,470	\$ 109,316	\$	577,409	\$	16,124	\$ 106,739	\$	486,928	\$	24,103	\$ 122,422	\$	420,145
\$	78.98% 4,500	\$ 70.99% 30,000	\$	27.41% 46,685	\$	78.84% 4,500	\$ 71.25% 30,000	\$	33.68% 45,765	\$	69.39% 4,988	\$ 66.58% 32,930	\$	38.32% 44,616
	366.0%	364.4%		1236.8%		358.3%	355.8%	1,	063.97%		483.2%	371.8%		941.7%

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY **REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** SCHEDULE OF COMMONWEALTH'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY FOR THE CURRENT FISCAL YEAR (Expressed in Thousands)

Schedule of Commonwealth's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

						Fisca	Yea	ır						
		2019				20	18			2017				
	K	entucky Emplo	yee	s Retirement	Kentucky Employees Retirement System					Kentucky Employees Retirement				
		Sys	tem							Sys	tem			
	No	n-Hazardous		Hazardous	No	n-Hazardous		Hazardous	No	n-Hazardous		Hazardous		
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the net														
pension liability (asset)		74.46%		97.46%		74.01%		97.69%		70.42%		98.04%		
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the colle	ctive													
net pension liability (asset)	\$	10,074,599	\$	492,281	\$	9,909,003	\$	485,596	\$	8,027,502	\$	383,971		
Other employers' proportionate share of the colle	ctive													
net pension liability (asset)		3,529,176		12,844		3,479,333		11,505		3,207,893		7,667		
Total collective net pension liability	\$	13,603,775	\$	505,125	\$	13,388,336	\$	497,101	\$	11,235,395	\$	391,638		
Commonwealth's covered-employee payroll Commonwealth's proportionate share of the net	\$	1,124,380	\$	149,047	\$	1,185,969	\$	174,379	\$	1,148,568	\$	155,715		
pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		896.01%		330.29%		835.52%		278.47%		698.91%		246.59%		
Pension plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	le	12.84%		56.10%		13.30%		54.80%		14.80%		57.41%		

This is a 10 year schedule. Years will be added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

		Fiscal Year	
-	2019	2018	2017
-	Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System	Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System	Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	97.11%	95.54%	95.22%
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the collect net pension liability (asset)	\$ 13,329,602	\$ 27,474,647	\$ 29,446,825
Other employers' proportionate share of the collect net pension liability (asset)	397,320	1,468,941	1,476,601
Total collective net pension liability	\$ 13,726,922	\$ 28,943,588	\$ 30,923,426
Commonwealth's covered-employee payroll Commonwealth's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its	\$ 3,355,637	\$ 3,263,192	\$ 3,252,174
covered-employee payroll	397%	842%	905%
Pension plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	59.30%	39.80%	35.20%

			Fisca	l Year							
	20	16		2015							
K	entucky Emplo		Retirement	K	entucky Emplo						
	Sys					tem					
NO	n-Hazardous	н	azardous	NO	n-Hazardous		Hazardous				
	69.51%		97.87%		68.35%		97.93%				
\$	6,973,383	\$	335,667	\$	6,132,338	\$	250,075				
	3,058,508		7,298		2,839,482		5,291				
\$	10,031,891	\$	342,965	\$	8,971,820	\$	255,366				
\$	1,073,428	\$	125,939	\$	1,078,236	\$	126,402				
	649.64%		266.53%		568.74%		197.84%				
	18.83%		61.70%		22.32%		68.74%				

Fiscal Year 2016 2015 * Kentucky Teachers' Retirement Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System System 95.07% 94.98% 23,223,555 \$ 20,508,196 \$ 1,476,601 1,084,009 \$ 24,700,156 \$ 21,592,205 3,284,714 \$ 3,150,875 \$ 707% 651% 42.49% 45.59%

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - OPEB FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Expressed in Thousands)

(Expressed	ın	I hous	ands		
Kontucky	hu	dicial	Doti	omon	Dian

Kentucky Judicial Retirement Plan			
	2019		2018
As of the most recent fiscal year end:			
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	\$	1,218
Contributions in relation to the			
actuarially determined contribution			1,218
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	\$	
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 30,60	5 \$	27,900
Contributions as a percentage of			
covered-employee payroll	C	%	4.30%
Notes to Schedule as of the Measurement Date Valuation date	July 1, 2017		July 1, 2017
Methods and assumptions used to determine contributions :			
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Norma	al I	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Interest + 1% Unfunded Past Liabillity		Interest + 1% Unfunded Past Liabillity
Asset Valuation Method	Market Value		Market Value
Investment Return	6.24%		6.24%
Inflation	3.00%		3.00%
Projected Salary Increase	1% for the next years and 3.5% thereafter		1% for the next 5 years and 3.5% thereafter

Mortality Table for 2018 and 2017

Mortality rates were based on RP-2000 Mortality Tables with white-collar adjustments with Pre and Post Commencement Rates with projected morality improvements after year 2000 under Projected Scale AA (male and female scales).

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - OPEB FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Expressed in Thousands)

Kentucky Legislators Retirement Plan				
		2019		2018
As of the most recent fiscal year end:				
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	12	\$	2,400
Contributions in relation to the				0.400
actuarially determined contribution		10		2,400
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	12	\$	
Covered-employee payroll	\$	4,328	\$	4,407
Contributions as a percentage of	•		·	
covered-employee payroll		0%		54.5%
Notes to Schedule as of the Measurement Date				
Valuation date	Ju	ıly 1, 2018		July 1, 2017
Methods and assumptions used to determine contributions:				
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry	/ Age Normal	En	try Age Normal
Amortization Method	Unf	erest + 1% funded Past Liabillity		nterest + 1% nfunded Past Liabillity
Asset Valuation Method	Ma	arket Value	r	Market Value
Investment Return		6.45%		6.45%
Inflation		3.00%		3.00%
Projected Salary Increase	yea	or the next 5 rs and 3.5% hereafter		o for the next 5 ears and 3.5% thereafter

Mortality Table for 2018 and 2017

Mortality rates were based on RP-2000 Mortality Tables with white-collar adjustments with Pre and Post Commencement Rates with projected morality improvements after year 2000 under Projected Scale AA (male and female scales).

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY **REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - OPEB** FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Expressed in Thousands)

State Police Retirement System						
		2019		2018		
As of the most recent fiscal year end:						
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	13,283	\$	9,062		
Contributions in relation to the		10.000				
actuarially determined contribution		13,288		9,397		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	(5)	\$	(335)		
Covered-employee payroll	\$	48,780	\$	50,064		
Contributions as a percentage of						
covered-employee payroll		27.24%		18.77%		
Notes to Schedule as of the Measurement Date						
Valuation date	Ju	ne 30, 2016	Ju	ne 30, 2016		
Methods and assumptions used to determine contributions:						
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry	Age Normal	Entry Age Normal			
Amortization Method	Level	Percent of Pay	Level	Percent of Pay		
Remaining Amortization Period	27 Ye	ears, Closed	27 Ye	ars, Closed		
Asset Valuation Method	differe the m asset expec	of the ence between arket value of s and the ted actuarial of assets is nized	20 % of the difference between the market value of assets and the expected actuarial value of assets is recognized			
Investment Return		7.50%		6.25%		
Inflation		3.25%		2.30%		
Projected Salary Increase	4.0	0%, average	09	%, average		

Mortality Table for 2018 and 2017 RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table, projected to 2013 with Scale BB (set back 1 year for females)

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - OPEB FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEAR (Expressed in Thousands)

(Expressed in	I nousands)

Kentucky Employees Retirement Plan				
Non-Hazardous		2019		2018
<u>As of the most recent fiscal year end:</u> Actuarially determined contribution	\$	187,978	\$	132,365
Contributions in relation to the	φ	107,970	φ	152,505
actuarially determined contribution		178,964		136,419
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	9,014	\$	(4,054)
Covered-employee payroll	\$	1,515,953	\$	1,573,898
Contributions as a percentage of	Þ	1,010,000	Þ	1,070,090
covered-employee payroll		11.81%		8.67%
Notes to Schedule as of the Measurement Date				
Valuation date	J	une 30, 2016	J	une 30, 2016
Methods and assumptions used to determine contributions :				
Actuarial Cost Method	Entr	y Age Normal	Entr	y Age Normal
Amortization Method	Leve	el Percent of Pay	Leve	el Percent of Pay
	26 Y	′ears, Closed	27 Y	′ears, Closed
Asset Valuation Method	diffe the i asse expe valu	6 of the rence between market value of ets and the ected actuarial e of assets is gnized	diffe the asse expe valu	6 of the rence between market value of ets and the ected actuarial e of assets is gnized
Investment Return		7.50%		6.25%
Inflation		3.25%		2.30%
Projected Salary Increase		0.00%		0%

Mortality Table for 2018 and 2017

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table, projected to 2013 with Scale BB (set back 1 year for females)

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY **REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - OPEB FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEAR (Expressed in Thousands)

Kentucky Employees Retirement Plan				
Hazardous		2019		2018
As of the most recent fiscal year end:				
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ i	3,631	\$	2,550
Contributions in relation to the				
actuarially determined contribution		4,843		5,288
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	(1,212)	\$	(2,738)
Covered-employee payroll	\$ i	147,586	\$	190,317
Contributions as a percentage of				
covered-employee payroll		3.28%		2.78%
Notes to Schedule as of the Measurement Date				
Valuation date	Ju	ne 30, 2016	Ju	une 30, 2016
Methods and assumptions used to determine contributions:				
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry	Age Normal	Entry	/ Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level	Percent of Pay	Leve	Percent of Pay
Amortization Period	27 Ye	ars, Closed	27 Y	ears, Closed
Asset Valuation Method	differe the m assets expec	of the ence between arket value of s and the ted actuarial of assets is nized	differ the n asse expe value	o of the rence between narket value of ts and the cted actuarial e of assets is gnized
Investment Return		7.50%		6.25%
Inflation		3.25%		2.30%
Projected Salary Increase	4.0	0% average		0%

Mortality Table for 2018 and 2017 RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table, projected to 2013 with Scale BB (set back 1 year for females)

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY **REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - OPEB FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEAR (Expressed in Thousands)

ntucky Teachers Retirement System		2019	2018
of the most recent fiscal year end:	-		
Actuarially determined contribution		\$	\$
Employer		1,253	30,012
Nonemployer special funding		35,395	795,264
Contributions in relation to the			
actuarially determined contribution			
Employer		2,974	1,342
Nonemployer special funding	_	82,899	81,856
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	\$ (49,225)	\$ 742,078
Covered-employee payroll		\$ 1,627,143	\$ 1,607,809
Contributions as a percentage of			
covered-employee payroll		5.28%	5.17%
tes to Schedule as of the Measurement Date			
Valuation date			
	Health	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016
	Life	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014
ethods and assumptions used to determine contributions:			
Actuarial Cost Method		Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method		Level Percent of	Level Percent of
		Payroll	Payroll
Asset Valuation Method			
		Five-year smoothed	Five-year smoothe
	Health	value	value
		Five-year smoothed	Market Value
	Life	value	
Investment Return			
	Health	8.00%	8.00%
	Life	7.50%	7.50%
Inflation			
	Health	3.00%	3.00%
	Life	3.50%	4.00%
Projected Salary Increase	-		
. ,	Health	3.50% - 7.20%	3.50% - 7.20%
	Life	4.00% - 8.10%	4.00% - 8.10%

Mortality Table for 2018 and 2017 Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on a projection of Scale BB to 2025, set forward two years for males and one year for females.

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY SINGLE EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS (Expressed in Thousands)

		ky Legislators œment Plan		2019 Icky Judicial rement Plan		lice Retirement System
Total OPEB Liability						
Service Costs	\$	290	\$	927	\$	6,087
Interest		1,403		3,319		18,432
Changes in benefit terms						34
Differences between expected and actual experience						(23,320)
Changes in assumptions Benefit payments/refunds		(750)		(1.0(2))		(358)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(758) 935		(1,962) 2,284		(13,097) (12,222)
Total OPEB liability at July 1		22,085		2,284 52,111		(12,222) 313,234
Total OPEB liability at June 30	<u>^</u>	,	*	,	*	
Total OF ED hability at Julie 30	\$	23,020	\$	54,395	\$	301,012
OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position						
Contributions - employer	\$	5	\$	1,218	\$	8,535
Contributions - member		9		218		155
Transfer in payments		3,896		7,610		
Net investment income		(758)		(1,962)		16,470
Benefit payments/refunds						(13,097)
Administrative expenses						(62)
Other				59		8
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		3,152		7,143		12,009
OPEB plan fiduciary net position at July 1		42,030		79,141		178,838
OPEB plan fiduciary net positon at June 30	\$	45,182	\$	86,284	\$	190,847
Net OPEB liability at June 30	\$	(22,162)	\$	(31,889)	\$	110,165
Plan fiduciary net position as a %	<u> </u>	(22(102)		(01(000)	<u> </u>	1101100
of the total OPEB liability		196.27%		158.62%		63.40%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	4,407	\$	30,624	\$	50,064
Net OPEB liability as a % of covered employee payroll		-502.9%		-104.1%	•	220.0%

			2018			
ł	Kentucky Legislators Kentucky Judicial Retirement Plan Retirement Plan			State Police Retirement System		
\$	452 2,012	\$	1,221 4,552	\$	4,147 17,993	
	2,012		4,552		17,995	
	(10,568)		(22,068)		(572)	
	2,272		5,640		57,312	
	(709)		(1,943)		(12,123)	
-	(6,541)	-	(12,598)		66,757	
	28,626		64,709		246,477	
\$	22,085	\$	52,111	\$	313,234	
\$	6	\$	1,218	\$	7,862	
	7		176		131	
	4,933		9,385		21,627	
	(709)		(1,943)		(12,123)	
					(66)	
			4			
	4,237		8,840		17,431	
	37,793		70,301		161,407	
\$	42,030	\$	79,141	\$	178,838	
\$	(19,945)	\$	(27,030)	\$	134,396	
-						
	190.31%		151.87%		57.09%	
\$	4,398	\$	30,297	\$	48,873	
	-453.5%		-89.2%		275.0%	

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF COMMONWEALTH'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY FOR THE CURRENT FISCAL YEAR

Schedule of Commonwealth's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability

(Expressed in Thousands)			Fige	al Year 201	0				Fine	al Year 201	0	
	Ke	ntucky Employ			-	Kentucky Feachers'	Ke	entucky Employ			1	Kentucky Teachers'
	Nor	1-Hazardous	Н	azardous	0	PEB Plan	No	1-Hazardous	Н	lazardous	0	PEB Plan
Fiscal year (measurement date)												
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)		74.48%		97.46%		46.53%		72.40%		97.64%		45.49%
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset)	\$	1,765,855	\$	(32,325)	\$	56,397	\$	1,835,540	\$	5,888	\$	1,632,050
Other employers' proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset)		605,057		(843)		1,584,263		700,422		143		1,955,691
Total collective net OPEB liability	\$	2,370,912	\$	(33,168)	\$	1,640,660	\$	2,535,962	\$	6,031	\$	3,587,741
Commonwealth's covered-employee payroll Commonwealth's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its	\$	429,989	\$	185,483	\$	1,607,919	\$	1,153,368	\$	167,046	\$	1,639,967
covered-employee payroll		410.67%		-17.43%		3.51%		159.15%		3.53%		99.52%
OPEB plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		27.32%		106.83%		18.09%		24.40%		98.80%		22.58%

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES - NON-MAJOR FUNDS

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Debt Service Funds

Turnpike Authority of Kentucky - accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned for the payment of principal, interest, and administrative fees due on debt issued to acquire infrastructure, which is then leased to the Transportation Cabinet of the Commonwealth.

The Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission - accounts for and reports financial resources which are restricted, committed, or assigned for the payment of the Commonwealth's portion of principal, interest, and administrative fees due on debt issued by local school districts for school construction.

Special Revenue Funds

The **Other Special Revenue Fund** - accounts for and reports specific taxes, fees, and charges that are restricted or committed to expenditures for a particular function or activity, but not usually appropriated by the General Assembly.

The **Turnpike Authority of Kentucky** – accounts for and reports specific resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned. The Authority was created to issue debt, which is used to acquire infrastructure, which is then leased to the Transportation Cabinet of the Commonwealth.

The **Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission** - accounts for and reports specific resources which are restricted, committed, or assigned. This fund was established to assist local school districts in meeting the school construction needs of the Commonwealth in a manner that ensures an equitable distribution of funds based upon unmet needs.

The **KentuckyWired Infrastructure Company, Inc.** - accounts for and reports specific resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned. The company was formed to finance the "Next Generation Kentucky Information Highway" project which will provide reliable, high-speed internet across Kentucky.

The **Special Benefits Fund** - accounts for other fiduciary monies that will be expended for designated operations.

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

(Expressed in Thousands)

		Debt Se	rvice Funds		
	A	urnpike uthority Kentucky	Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission		Other Special Revenue
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Investments, net of amortization Invested security collateral Receivables, net Notes receivable Interfund receivables Interfund Ioan receivable	\$	128,725	\$	\$	96,466 18,500 70,611 1,548 326 14,461
Total Assets	\$	128,725	\$	\$	201,912
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities:					
Accounts payable Interfund payables Interfund loan payable Obligations under securities lending Unearned revenue Total Liabilities	\$		\$	\$	1,801 2,831 18,097 18,500 336
Total Liabilities					41,565
Deferred inflows of resources Unavailable					54,059
Fund Balances: Restricted for: General government Legislative and judicial Commerce Education and humanities Human resources Justice					10,521 722 18,000 62,159
Natural resources and environmental protection Public protection and regulation					2,121
Transportation Debt service		128,725			963
Committed to: General government Education and humanities Human resources Justice Natural resources and					7,571 42 1,955
environmental protection Assigned to: General government Education and humanities Justice Transportation					2,234
Total Fund Balances		128,725			106,288
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	¢	128,725	\$	<u>e</u>	201,912

			Revenue Funds				
Α	urnpike uthority Kentucky	Scho Co	Centucky ool Facilities nstruction mmission	1	entuckyWired nfrastructure Company, Inc.	Special Benefits	Total on-Major vernmental Funds
\$	7,757 59,914	\$	20,637	\$	74,359 15,848	\$ 264,883 12,581 64,749 64,036	\$ 422,002 243,320 83,249 150,495 1,548
			3,757			9,642	13,725 14,461
\$	67,671	\$	24,394	\$	90,207	\$ 415,891	\$ 928,800
\$	393	\$	36	\$	31,202	\$ 11,618 11,156	\$ 45,050 13,987 18,097
						64,749	83,249 336
	393		36		31,202	 87,523	 160,719
						 59,917	 113,976
					59,005	23,406 1	92,932 1
			24,358			414 2,920 45	722 42,772 65,079 45
	67,278					56,170 1,097	58,291 1,097 963 196,003
						64,878 3,271 12,097 3,860	72,449 3,313 14,052 3,860
						27,511	27,511
						65,726 4 9 7.042	67,960 4 9 7.042
	67,278		24,358		59,005	 7,042 268,451	 7,042 654,105
\$	67,671	\$	24,394	\$	90,207	\$ 415,891	\$ 928,800

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

(Expressed in Thousands)

	Debt Se	rvice Funds	
	Turnpike Authority of Kentucky	Kentucky School Facilitites Construction Commission	Other Special Revenue
Revenues Taxes	\$	\$	\$
Licenses, fees, and permits	Ψ	\$	v 530
ntergovernmental			1
charges for services			54,735
ines and forfeits			17,179
terest and other investment income	43		930
crease (decrease) in fair value			
of investments			1,599
ecurities lending income			376
ther revenues	3,376		5,148
Total Revenues	3,419		80,498
xpenditures			
urrent:			
General government		56,866	102,212
Commerce			516
Education and humanities			42,768
Human resources Justice			3,265
Natural resources and environmental protection			1,820
Public protection and regulation			
Transportation			
ebt service:			
Principal retirement	96,760	94,237	
Interest and fiscal charges	60,471	31,513	
Other expenditures		465	
ecurities lending expense			346
Total Expenditures	157,231	183,081	150,927
xcess (Deficiency) of Revenues	(150.010)	(100.004)	(70, 400)
over (under) Expenditures	(153,812)	(183,081)	(70,429)
ther Financing Sources (Uses)			
ransfers in	154,413	125,753	316,192
ansfers out			(300,914)
apitalized leases			
suance of bonds:		57.00/	
New issues		57,081	
Refunding issues		6,556	
Premiums		400	
Discounts		(536)	
ayments to refunded bond escrow agent	454.440	(6,173)	45.030
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	154,413	183,081	15,278
et Change in Fund Balances	601		(55,151)
ind Balances at July 1	128,124		161,439
and Balances at June 30	\$ 128,725	\$	\$ 106,288
	¥ 120,720	·	• 100,200

	Special Revenue Funds Kentucky			Total
Turnpike Authority of Kentucky	School Facilities Construction Commission	KentuckyWired Infrastructure Company, Inc.	Special Benefits	Non-Major Governmental Funds
\$	\$	\$	\$ 17,940 13,480	\$ 17,940 14,010 1
			178,210	232,945
2,411	545	845	1,599 16,034	18,778 20,808
2,411	040	045	10,054	20,000
			(3,848)	(2,249)
	9,316	13,313	1,316 121,679	1,692 152,832
2,411	9,861	14,158	346,410	456,757
		67,438	65,623	292,139
	13,125		17,816	516 73,709
	10,120		23,126	26,391
			3,768	3,768
			4,429	6,249
			2,092	2,092
20,888			104,308	125,196
		687		191,684
				91,984
			1,212	465 1,558
20,888	13,125	68,125	222,374	815,751
		,,	<u>, </u>	
(18,477)	(3,264)	(53,967)	124,036	(358,994)
154,413	19,520		2,340	772,631
(154,413)	(37,328)		(182,990)	(675,645)
			4	4
		8,159		65,240
		(1.105)		6,556
		(1,125)		(725) (536)
				(6,173)
	(17,808)	7,034	(180,646)	161,352
(18,477)	(21,072)	(46,933)	(56,610)	(197,642)
85,755	45,430	105,938	325,061	851,747
\$ 67,278	\$ 24,358	\$ 59,005	\$ 268,451	\$ 654,105

SCHEDULE OF FUND ACTIVITIES

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES BY SOURCE GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (Expressed In Thousands)

	J	une 30, 2019
Revenues by Source		
Taxes:		
Sales and gross receipts	\$	4,956,225
Income:		
Individual		4,620,958
Corporations		577,020
Property		765,391
Coal severance		115,865
Licenses and privileges		844
Inheritance and estate		42,992
Miscellaneous		3,068
Total Taxes		11,082,363
Licenses, fees, and permits		44,749
Intergovernmental		9,698
Charges for services		273,127
Fines and forfeits		31,453
Interest and other investment income		1,298
Increase (decrease) in fair value of investments		(11,003
Securities lending income		1,962
Other revenues		101,093
Total Revenues by Source	\$	11,534,740

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION, CABINET, AND OBJECT GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (Expressed In Thousands)

Conserved Conversion of the	June 30, 2019
General Government: Personal services	\$ 362,242
Utilities, rentals, and other services	72,109
Commodities and supplies	31,323
Grants and subsidies	1,179,256
Capital outlay	560
Claims	21
Travel	2.020
Judgments and contingent liabilities	5,892
Other	4,946
Total General Government	1,658,369
Legislative and Judicial:	
Personal services	281,660
Utilities, rentals, and other services	125,559
Commodities and supplies	23,485
Grants and subsidies	10,184
Capital outlay	1,025
Claims	2
Travel	4,268
Total Legislative and Judicial	446,183
Commerce:	14.000
Personal services	14,902
Utilities, rentals, and other services	1,807
Commodities and supplies	908
Grants and subsidies	13,606
Capital Outlay	10
	241
Total Commerce	31,474
Education and Humanities:	
Personal services	103,877
Utilities, rentals, and other services	28,062
Commodities and supplies	3,297
Grants and subsidies	4,824,396
Capital outlay	61
Claims	5
Travel	1,473
Judgments and contingent liabilities	1
Total Education and Humanities	4,961,172
Human Resources:	
Personal services	312,055
Utilities, rentals, and other services	41,852
Commodities and supplies	2,706
Grants and subsidies	2,363,850
Capital Outlay	258
Claims	57
Travel	6,117
Total Human Resources	2,726,895
Justice:	
Personal services	529,512
Utilities, rentals, and other services	52,605
Commodities and supplies	31,920
Grants and subsidies	286,585
Capital outlay	3,708
Claims	17
Travel	3,867
Judgments and contingent liabilities	129
Total Justice	908,343
	906,343

\$	
\$	
	62,352
	5,983
	1,965
	284
	1,083
	258
	71,925
	16,352
	1,504
	224
	165
	145
	128
	391
	18,909
	323
	75
	9,826
	10,224
	1,808
¢	10,835,302
	 \$
COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BY TYPE TRANSPORTATION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (Expressed In Thousands)

	June 30, 2019
Revenues:	
Taxes	\$ 1,337,996
Licenses, fees and permits	163,341
Intergovernmental	167
Charges for services	8,727
Fines and forfeits	1
Interest and other investment income	5,495
Increase (decrease) in fair value	
of investments	6,098
Securities lending income	2,369
Other revenues	6,924
Total Revenues	1,531,118
Expenditures:	
Transportation:	
General administration and support	64,611
Motor vehicle regulation	24,376
Justice - state police	106,335
Highways	1,182,287
Aviation	963
Securities lending	2,182
Other	1,721
Total Expenditures	\$ 1,382,475

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service Funds account for the financing of goods and services provided on a cost reimbursement basis by one agency of the Commonwealth to other state agencies. Kentucky uses the following Internal Service Funds:

Fleet Management Fund - accounts for expenses incurred and reimbursements received for the management and maintenance of the Commonwealth's motor vehicle fleet.

Computer Services Fund - accounts for expenses incurred and reimbursements received for computer and related data processing services.

Prison Industries Fund - accounts for expenses incurred and reimbursements received for industrial operations within the correctional system.

Central Printing Fund - accounts for expenses incurred and reimbursements received by the Division of Graphic Design and Printing.

Property Management Fund - accounts for expenses incurred and reimbursements received for space rental and maintenance operations.

Risk Management Fund - accounts for the self-insurance operations administered by the State which include the following programs:

Fire and Tornado Insurance Program - accounts for monies received by the Department of Insurance from State agencies and expended for insuring State property against loss from fires, tornadoes, etc.

State Workers' Compensation Program - accounts for monies received by the Personnel Cabinet from State agencies and expended for claims of job related injuries to State employees.

Transportation Cabinet's Self-Insured Workers' Compensation Trust Program - provides workers' compensation insurance for the employees of the Transportation Cabinet.

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY COMBINING STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

(Expressed in Thousands)

	Mai	Fleet nagement		omputer Services		Prison Iustries
Assets					-	
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	9,516	\$	10,436	\$	1,177
Cash with fiscal agents						
Receivables, net		11		80		340
Interfund receivables		2		612		41
Inventories Total Current Assets		9,533		474 11,602		1,426 2,984
		9,000		11,002		2,304
Noncurrent assets:						
Investments, net				4,004		
Receivables, net						
Land						657
Improvements other than buildings						
Buildings		70 700		9,508		5,728
Machinery and equipment Easements and other intangibles		78,739		90,184		6,713
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(64,102)		1,675 (52,205)		(7,872
Construction in progress		(04,102)		(32,203)		(1,012
Total Capital Assets		14,637		50,722		5,226
•				54,726		5,220
Total Noncurrent Assets, Net		14,637		,		,
Total Assets		24,170		66,328		8,210
Deferred outflows of resources		1,260		29,683		431
Liabilities						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable		752		4,538		432
Interfund payables		6		186		57
Interfund loans payable						
Claims liability Claims adjustment liability						
Capital lease obligations		5		9,278		222
Compensated absences		56		2,992		261
Unearned revenue		00		2,995		201
Total Current Liabilities		819		19,989		972
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Claims liability						
Claims adjustment liability						
Capital lease obligations		2		31.431		156
Compensated absences		38		620		295
Net pension liability		6,660		178,456		2,244
Net OPEB liability		1,492		31,007		310
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		8,192		241,514		3,005
Total Liabilities		9,011		261,503		3,977
Deferred inflows of resources		255		18,497		49
Net De sitiers						
Net Position		44 600		40.049		4 0 4 0
Net investment in capital assets		14,630		10,013		4,848
Unrestricted Total Net Position	¢	1,534 16,164	¢	(194,002)	¢	(233)
I Utal INEL FUSILIUII	\$	10,104	\$	(183,989)	\$	4,015

=

Central Printing	Property Management	Risk Management	Totals June 30, 2019
\$	\$ 6,883	\$ 21,261	\$ 49,273
	12,079		12,079
	92	195	718
31	629	151	1,435 1,935
31	19,683	21,607	65,440
	6,124		10,128
	- ,	38	38
	17,095		17,752
	4,100		4,100
1 170	364,956		380,192
1,479	2,380		179,495
(1,093)	(185,553)		1,675 (310,825)
(1,000)	92,621		94,18
386	295,599		366,570
386	301,723	38	376,736
417	321,406	21,645	442,176
633	10,492	1,835	44,334
76 4 856	8,656 109 5,815	9,982 6 28,133	24,436 366 6,671 28,133
134	867	749	749
63	890	136	10,500 4,398
	127	100	3,122
1,133	16,464	39,006	78,38
		107 674	107.67
		197,674 5,121	197,67 5,12
207	4,563	0,121	36,35
13	47	39	1,05
4,161	59,967	9,055	260,54
653	11,618	1,654	46,734
5,034	76,195	213,543	547,48
	92,659	252,549	625,86
6,167		347	22,81
6,167 859	2,811		
859			
	2,811 290,169 (53,741)	(229,416)	319,705 (481,875

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (Expressed in Thousands)

	Fleet agement	computer Services	Prison dustries
Operating Revenues:	 <u> </u>	 	
Charges for services	\$ 22,218	\$ 131,374	\$ 10,068
Other revenues	109		 235
Total Operating Revenues	 22,327	 131,374	 10,303
Operating Expenses:			
Personal services	1,728	66,348	4,668
Utilities, rentals, and other services	3,642	15,671	1,110
Commodities and supplies	11,606	38,921	4,518
Grants and subsidies		2,836	794
Depreciation and amortization	5,764	9,052	723
Travel		83	27
Reinsurance expense			
Claims expense			
Claims adjustment expense			
Total Operating Expenses	22,740	132,911	 11,840
Operating Income (Loss)	 (413)	 (1,537)	(1,537)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):			
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets	315	(741)	
Interest and other investment income		2	
Increase (decrease) in fair value of investments			
Interest expense	(15)	(808)	(10)
Other revenues (expenses)		(455)	
Total Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses	 300	(2,002)	(10)
	(112)	(2,520)	(1 = 17)
Income (Loss) before Transfers	(113)	(3,539)	(1,547)
Transfers in		(0.000)	
Transfers out	 	(3,300)	 (1)
Change in Net Position	(113)	(6,839)	(1,548)
Net Position at July 1, As Restated	16,277	(177,150)	6,163
Net Position at June 30	\$ 16.164	\$ (183,989)	\$ 4.615

Central Printing		Property Management	Risk Management	Totals June 30, 2019
\$	1,390	\$ 39,444	\$ 33,542	
	1,390	1,060 40,504	40,052	
	1,000	+0,00+	73,334	213,432
	1,159	23,819	3,462	101,184
	158	16,992	13,540	
	192	43,614	85	98,936 3,630
	123	10,117		25,779
		12	16	
			1,018	
			54,502	
			97	
	1,632	94,554	72,720	
	(242)	(54,050)	874	(56,905
		13,681		13,255
		662		664
			9	9
	(9)	(218) 455	(12) (1,072
	(9)	14,580	(3) 12,856
	(251)	(39,470)	871	(44,049
		938		938
		(192)	(80) (3,573
	(251)	(38,724)	791	(46,684
	(5,725)	275,152	(230,207	
\$ ((5,976)	\$ 236,428	\$ (229,416) \$ (162,174

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (Expressed in Thousands)

	Ма	Fleet nagement		omputer Services		Prison dustries
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	IVIA	lagement		ber vices		lusilles
Cash received from customers - public	\$		\$	532	\$	4,264
Cash received from customers - state		22,206	-	135,671	-	6,023
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(14,597)		(55,293)		(5,444)
Cash payments for employee salaries and benefits		(1,879)		(66,662)		(4,407)
Cash payments for claims expense				(, , ,		() /
Cash payments from other sources		109				235
Cash payments to other sources						(794)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		5,839		14,248		(123)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities						
Transfers from other funds						
Transfers to other funds				(3,300)		(1)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities				(3,300)		(1)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities						
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(6,558)		(812)		(312)
Principal paid on revenue bond maturities and equipment contracts		(1,899)		(6,815)		(218)
Interest paid on revenue bonds and equipment contracts		(15)		(808)		(10)
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets		319		130		46
Net Cash Provided (Used) for Capital and Related Financing Activities		(8,153)		(8,305)		(494)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities						
Purchase of investment securities				(384)		
Proceeds from the sale of investment securities						
Interest and dividends on investments				2		
Net Cash Provided (Used) in Investing Activities				(382)		
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	(2,314)	\$	2,261	\$	(618)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at July 1		11,830		8,630		1,795
Cash and Cash Equivalents at June 30	\$	9,516	\$	10,891	\$	1,177
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash						
Provided by Operating Activities:				<i>(</i> ,)		
Operating income (loss)	\$	(413)	\$	(1,537)	\$	(1,537)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to						
net cash provided by operating activities:						
Depreciation and amortization		5,764		9,052		723
Change in assets and liabilities:						
(Increase) Decrease in assets:		(40)		(0)		400
Receivables, net		(10)		(3)		180
Interfund receivables		(2)		1,838		37
Inventories		9		54		144
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows		411		12,359		102
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:		648		2,141		97
Accounts payable				,		
Interfund payables Claims liability		(6)		(63)		(56)
Claims adjustment liability						
		5		(159)		(28)
Compensated absences Unearned revenue		5		2,995		(20)
Pension liability		(385)		(10,918)		204
OPEB liability		(144)		(4,529)		(3)
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows		(38)		3,018		(3)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	5,839	¢	14,248	\$	(123)
The Cash in rovided by Operating Activities	φ	3,039	\$	14,240	φ	(123)
Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities Capital assets acquired through leases				(46,497)		
Total Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities	¢	<u> </u>	\$	(46,497)	\$	
rotal mondash investing, Capital, and Financing Activities	φ		φ	(40,497)	\$	

=

	entral inting		roperty agement	Ма	Risk inagement	Jur	Totals ne 30, 2019
\$		\$	209	\$	60,455	\$	65,460
	1,390		38,994		9,603		213,887
	(412)		(53,659)		(10,031)		(139,436)
	(838)		(19,753)		(1,807) (55,863)		(95,346) (55,863)
			1,067		1,309		2,720
							(794)
	140		(33,142)		3,666		(9,372)
			938				938
			(192)		(80)		(3,573)
			746		(80)		(2,635)
			(28,237)				(35,919)
	(131)		(836)		(-)		(9,899)
	(9)		(218) 6		(2)		(1,062) 501
	(140)		(29,285)		(2)		(46,379)
							(384)
			4,762				4,762
			663				665
			5,425				5,043
\$		\$	(56,256) 75,218	\$	3,584 17,678	\$	(53,343) 115,151
\$		\$	18,962	\$	21,262	\$	61,808
\$	(242)	\$	(54,050)	\$	874	\$	(56,905)
	123		10,117				25,779
			(68)		50		149
			(174)		174		1,873
	1 336				707		208 13,915
	350				101		13,913
	18		3,903		(279)		6,528
	(81)		2,543		4,389		6,726
			4,412		(2,406) 97		2,006 97
	(24)		(61)		(53)		(320)
							2,995
	(367)		903		192		(10,371)
	(184)		(841) 174		(255) 176		(5,956)
\$	560 140	\$	(33,142)	\$	3,666	\$	3,904 (9,372)
~	071		(00,172)	<u>+</u>	0,000	<u>*</u>	(0,072)
<u>.</u>						. <u></u>	(46,497)
\$		\$		\$		\$	(46,497)

CAPITAL ASSETS

_

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BY SOURCE JUNE 30, 2019 (Expressed In Thousands)

	June 30, 2019
Governmental Funds Capital Assets Land	¢
	\$ 226,465
Improvements other than buildings	27,450
Buildings	1,210,221
Machinery and equipment	605,395
Software/other intangibles	99,125
Easements	100,329
Construction in progress	2,515,563
Infrastructure	21,256,929
Total Governmental Funds Capital Assets	\$ 26,041,477
Investments in Governmental Funds Capital Assets by Source General Fund Special Revenue Funds Donations Other Capital Projects Fund:	\$ 126,765 723,074 167,934 2,286,602
State appropriations	56,006
Revenue bonds	611,122
Federal grants	399,236
Other	242.503
Infrastructure (A)	21,256,929
Capital assets acquired prior to July 1, 1984 (A)	135,915
Capital assets acquired after July 1, 1984 (A)	35,391
Total Governmental Funds Capital Assets by Source	\$ 26,041,477
	<i>₽</i> 20,041,477

Internal Service Funds are not included in this schedule. Internal Service Fund assets are included as governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.
 (A) Capital assets with an undetermined funding source.

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SCHEDULE BY FUNCTION JUNE 30, 2019

(Expressed in Thousands)

	Land	Ót	rovements her Than uildings	Buildings		
General Government	\$ 34,103	\$	12,376	\$	320,657	
Legislative & Judicial	2,032				10,453	
Commerce	124,608		6,585		17,120	
Education & Humanities	1,146		664		45,788	
Human Resources	1,471		2,112		84,574	
lustice	4,535		5,478		513,367	
Natural Resources and Environmental Protection	40,665		235		1,685	
Public Protection and Regulation						
Fransportation	17,905				216,577	
Total Governmental Funds Capital Assets by Function	\$ 226,465	\$	27,450	\$	1,210,221	

(1) Internal Service Funds are not included in this schedule. Internal Service Fund assets are included as governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.

	lachinery and quipment	oftware / Other angibles	Ea	sements	nstruction in Progress	In	frastructure	Jı	Totals ine 30, 2019
i	32,608	\$ 36,605	\$	62,048	\$ 74,133	\$		\$	572,530
	16,364				2,347				31,196
	32,267			113	2,988				183,681
	27,123			12,474	10,953				98,148
	20,434	57,293			197,469				363,35
	107,918	5,227			12,926				649,45
	41,186			20,571					104,34
	6,157								6,15
	321,338			5,123	2,214,747		21,256,929		24,032,61
	605,395	\$ 99,125	\$	100,329	\$ 2,515,563	\$	21,256,929	\$	26,041,47

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES BY FUNCTION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

(Expressed in Thousands)

	J	Balance une 30, 2018	Ac	ditions	De	ductions	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2019
General Government	\$	562,204	\$	12,332	\$	(2,006)	\$	572,530
Legislative & Judicial		29,509		1,781		(94)		31,196
Commerce		180,410		4,426		(1,155)		183,681
Education & Humanities		92,787		7,467		(2,106)		98,148
Human Resources		344,943		23,758		(5,348)		363,353
Justice		633,897		25,725		(10,171)		649,451
Natural Resources and Environmental Protection		99,043		7,835		(2,536)		104,342
Public Protection and Regulation		5,706		1,249		(798)		6,157
Transportation		23,677,564		1,141,452		(786,397)		24,032,619
Total Governmental Funds Capital Assets by Function	\$	25,626,063	\$	1,226,025	\$	(810,611)	\$	26,041,477

(1) Internal Service Funds are not included in this schedule. Internal Service Fund assets are included as governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.

PENSION AND OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT TRUST FUNDS

Pension and Other Post Employment Benefit Trust Funds account for monies received for and expenses incurred by the various public employee retirement systems administered by the Commonwealth. Kentucky uses the following pension trust funds:

Kentucky Employees Retirement System (KERS) - accounts for pension and other post employment benefits administered by the System, which covers substantially all regular full-time employees of any State department, board, or agency directed by Executive Order to participate in the System.

County Employees Retirement System (CERS) - accounts for pension and other post employment benefits administered by the System, which covers substantially all regular full-time employees of each county, local school board, and additional local agencies electing to participate in the System.

State Police Retirement System (SPRS) - accounts for pension and other post employment benefits administered by the System, which covers substantially all regular full-time officers of the Kentucky State Police.

Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System (KTRS) - accounts for pension and other post employment benefits administered by the System, which covers substantially all persons occupying positions in the public elementary and secondary schools for which a certificate is required, faculty members of five regional universities, the Commissioner of Education, and the professional staff members of the Department of Education.

Judicial Retirement Plan - accounts for pension and other post employment benefits administered by the Plan, which covers all District Judges, Judges of the Court of Appeals, and Judges of the Supreme Court.

Legislators Retirement Plan - accounts for pension and other post employment benefits administered by the Plan, which covers all members of the General Assembly.

Kentucky Public Employees Deferred Compensation Authority - accounts for the monies withheld from participating employees' payroll to be placed in an Internal Revenue Code Section 401 or 457 deferred compensation plan. The amounts are deposited with third party administrators which oversee the investment activities of such monies.

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY COMBINED STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION AND OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT TRUST FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Pension Funds	Insurance Funds	Totals June 30, 2019
Assets			
Cash and Short-Term Investments:			
Cash	\$ 96,875	\$ 36,178	\$ 133,053
Short-term investments	1,306,563	380,871	1,687,434
Total Cash and Short-Term Investments	1,403,438	417,049	1,820,487
Receivables:			
Investments - accounts receivable	335,064	108,815	443,879
Interest receivable	1,130	395	1,525
Accounts receivable	284,139	89,027	373,166
Total Receivables	620,333	198,237	818,570
nvestments at Fair Value:			
Corporate and government bonds	13,096,540	3,965,821	17,062,361
Common stocks	16,348,870	1,582,260	17,931,130
Alternatives	1,359,374	102,202	1,461,576
Derivatives	(912)	(368)	(1,280
Real estate	1,694,511	274,447	1,968,958
Other	2,638,694	722,769	3,361,463
Total Investments at Fair Value	35,137,077	6,647,131	41,784,208
ivested security collateral	339,779	160,115	499,894
apital assets, net	16,764		16,764
repaid expenses	67		67
Total Assets	37,517,458	7,422,532	44,939,990
iabilities			
vestments - accounts payable	352,484	127,863	480,347
ccounts payable	19,915	8,604	28,519
Deligations under securities lending	339,779	160,115	499,894
Total Liabilities	712,178	296,582	1,008,760
let Position Restricted for Pensions and			
Other Post Employment Benefits	\$ 36,805,280	\$ 7,125,950	\$ 43,931,230

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY COMBINED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION AND OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT TRUST FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Pension Funds	Insurance Funds	Totals June 30, 2019
Additions			
Contributions:	• 0 700 040	A 574 005	• 0.007.000
Employer	\$ 2,726,043	\$ 571,825	\$ 3,297,868
Member	788,354	131,733	920,087
Non-Employer	0.544.007	9	9
Total Contributions	3,514,397	703,567	4,217,964
Other Contributions:			
Participant fees	8,003		8,003
Other receipts	110,539	20,455	130,994
Total Other Contributions	118,542	20,455	138,997
Investment Income:			
Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments	1,357,533	277,073	1,634,606
Interest	472,732	142,591	615,323
Dividends	310,227	9,598	319,825
Real estate operating income, net	28,403		28,403
Securities lending income, net	25,889	4,266	30,155
Total Investment Income	2,194,784	433,528	2,628,312
Less: Investment expense	153,851	45,832	199,683
Less: Securities lending expense	21,215	3,340	24,555
Net Investment Income	2,019,718	384,356	2,404,074
Total Additions	5,652,657	1,108,378	6,761,035
Deductions			
Benefit payments	4.475.348	5,153	4.480.501
Refunds	65,163	0,100	65,163
Administrative expenses	58,308	4,440	62,748
Self funding insurance cost		6,224	6,224
Healthcare premium subsidies		374,372	374,372
Other deductions, net		163,674	163,674
Total Deductions	4,598,819	553,863	5,152,682
Change in Net Position	1,053,838	554,515	1,608,353
Net Position - Restricted for Pension			
and Other Post Employment Benefits			
Net Position at July 1	35,751,442	6,571,435	42,322,877
Net Position at June 30	\$ 36,805,280	\$ 7,125,950	\$ 43,931,230

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION AND OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT TRUST FUNDS - PENSION FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019 (Expressed in Thousands)

	Emp Retir Sys	tucky loyees ement stem	County Employees Retirement System			
	Non-Hazardous	Hazardous	Non-Hazardous	Hazardous		
Assets						
Cash and Short-Term Investments:						
Cash	\$ 674	\$ 50	\$ 626	\$ 247		
Short-term investments	204,981	41,553	251,806	103,445		
Total Cash and Short-Term Investments	205,655	41,603	252,432	103,692		
Receivables:						
Investments - accounts receivable Interest receivable	49,827	14,168	150,043	50,111		
Contributions/Accounts receivable	109,878	4,993	57,879	16,520		
Total Receivables	159,705	19,161	207,922	66,631		
nvestments at Fair Value:						
Corporate and government bonds	1,483,479	485,378	5,204,371	1,728,510		
Common stocks	241,317	72,047	794,203	268,412		
Alternatives						
Derivatives	(108)	(48)	(551)	(184		
Real estate	78,615	25,583	270,036	86,620		
Other	183,112	62,507	691,281	234,789		
Total Investments at Fair Value	1,986,415	645,467	6,959,340	2,318,147		
nvested security collateral	58,078	18,230	191,613	64,393		
Capital assets, net	953	76	1,537	112		
Prepaid expenses						
Total Assets	2,410,806	724,537	7,612,844	2,552,975		
iabilities						
nvestments - accounts payable	62,740	16,332	172,472	57,585		
Accounts payable	3,363	2,098	5,784	1,384		
Dbligations under securities lending	58,078	18,230	191,613	64,393		
Total Liabilities	124,181	36,660	369,869	123,362		
let Position Restricted for Pensions and						
Other Post Employment Benefits	\$ 2,286,625	\$ 687,877	\$ 7,242,975	\$ 2,429,613		

State PoliceKentuckyState PoliceTeachersRetirementRetirementSystemSystem		Teachers Retirement	Judicial Retirement Plan		Legislators Retirement Plan		Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority		Totals June 30, 2019		
	143 22,069	\$	86,226 678,617	\$	98	\$	64	\$	8,747 4,092	\$	96,875 1,306,563
	22,212		764,843		98		64		12,839		1,403,438
	6,648		64,070		161 929		36 201				335,064 1,130
	8,154		40,276		106		8		46,325		284,139
	14,802		104,346		1,196		245		46,325		620,333
2	200,353		3,227,944		82,580		19,295		664,630		13,096,540
	23,368		12,288,884 1,359,374		251,923		57,339		2,351,377		16,348,870 1,359,374 (912)
	10,595		1,223,062								1,694,511
	24,863		1,432,019		11		119		9,993		2,638,694
2	259,158		19,531,283		334,514		76,753		3,026,000		35,137,077
	7,465		44.007								339,779
	(1)		14,087 67								16,764 67
3	803,636		20,414,626		335,808		77,062		3,085,164		37,517,458
	8,315		35,040								352,484
	614		6,476						196		19,915
	7,465										339,779
	16,394		41,516						196		712,178
5 2	287,242	s	20,373,110	\$	335,808	\$	77,062	\$	3,084,968	¢	36.805.280

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION AND OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT TRUST FUNDS - PENSION FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Empl Retire	tucky oyees ement stem	Cou Emplo Retire Syst	oyees ment
	Non-Hazardous	Hazardous	Non-Hazardous	Hazardous
Additions				
Contributions:	• • • • • • • • •	•	•	•
Employer	\$ 948,866	\$ 55,229	\$ 393,302	\$ 137,664
Member	93,759	17,118	159,064	58,661
Total Contributions	1,042,625	72,347	552,366	196,325
ther Contributions:				
Participant fees				
Other receipts	92,596	967	11,996	2,859
Total Other Contributions	92,596	967	11,996	2,859
nvestment Income:				
Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments	82,408	25,279	274,803	92,245
Interest	45,566	15,903	168,631	56,881
Dividends				
Real estate operating income, net				
Securities lending income, net	1,531	546	5,908	1,986
Total Investment Income	129,505	41,728	449,342	151,112
Less: Investment expense	13,377	4,589	50,068	16,559
Less: Securities lending expense	1,210	435	4,716	1,583
Net Investment Income	114,918	36,704	394,558	132,970
Total Additions	1,250,139	110,018	958,920	332,154
eductions lenefit payments	988,349	69,527	766,221	259,008
lefunds	12,342	2,684	14,387	2,854
Administrative expenses	12,342	1,103	21,659	1,726
Total Deductions	1,012,403	73,314	802,267	263.588
	1,012,400	10,014	002,201	200,000
hange in Net Position	237,736	36,704	156,653	68,566
let Position - Restricted for Pension				
and Other Post Employment Benefits				
let Position at July 1	2,048,889	651,173	7,086,322	2,361,047
let Position at June 30	\$ 2,286,625	\$ 687,877	\$ 7,242,975	\$ 2,429,613

State Police Retirement System		Kentucky Teachers Retirement System		Teachers Judicial Retirement Retirement		Legislators Retirement Plan		tucky Public oyees Deferred mpensation Authority	Totals June 30, 2019	
;	58,947 5,062	\$	1,123,303 321,172	\$	8,732 1,550	\$ 198	\$	131,770_	\$	2,726,043 788,354
	64,009		1,444,475		10,282	 198		131,770		3,514,397
								8,003		8,003
	1,280				650	 191		0.000		110,539
	1,280				650	 191		8,003		118,542
	9,983 6,523		651,530 159,763 304,126 28,403		31,438 2,114 4,976	7,086 460 1,125		182,761 16,891		1,357,533 472,732 310,227 28,403
	219		15,699			 				25,889
	16,725		1,159,521		38,528	 8,671		199,652		2,194,784
	1,686 176		61,182 13,095		1			6,389		153,851 21,215
	14,863		1,085,244		38,527	8,671		193,263		2,019,718
	80,152		2,529,719		49,459	 9,060		333,036		5,652,657
	60,948		2,094,608		23,909	4,729		208,049		4,475,348
	162 225		32,403 12,353		331 658	79		8,793		65,163 58,308
	61,335		2,139,364		24,898	 4,808		216,842		4,598,819
	18,817		390,355		24,561	 4,252		116,194		1,053,838
	10,017		000,000		24,001	7,202		110,104		1,000,000
	268,425		19,982,755		311,247	 72,810		2,968,774		35,751,442
i	287,242	\$	20,373,110	\$	335,808	\$ 77,062	\$	3,084,968	\$	36,805,280

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION AND OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT TRUST FUNDS - INSURANCE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Kentucky Employees Retirement System			County Employees Retirement System				
	Non-	Hazardous	Hazardous		Nor	n-Hazardous	Hazardous	
Assets								
Cash and Short-Term Investments: Cash	¢	178	¢	19	¢	109	¢	22
Short-term investments	\$		\$		\$		\$	22 56,236
		83,000		18,489		125,262		,
Total Cash and Short-Term Investments		83,178		18,508		125,371		56,258
Receivables:								
Investments - accounts receivable		18,374		10,185		47,335		25,259
Interest receivable								
Contributions/Accounts receivable		16,200		615		14,944		4,655
Total Receivables		34,574		10,800		62,279		29,914
nvestments at Fair Value:								
Corporate and government bonds		671.559		376.604		1.701.666		911.399
Common stocks		61,948		62,130		323,306		182,101
Alternatives		,		,		,		,
Derivatives		(59)		(37)		(168)		(91)
Real estate		28,406		20,821		90,370		49,497
Other		84,327		50,317		239,996		125,561
Total Investments at Fair Value		846,181		509,835		2,355,170		1,268,467
nvested security collateral		27,151		15,532		72,695		38,886
Total Assets		991,084		554,675		2,615,515		1,393,525
iabilities								
nvestments - accounts payable		21,579		12,026		55,797		29,793
Accounts payable		218		9		565		37
Obligations under securities lending		27,151		15,532		72,695		38,886
Total Liabilities		48,948		27,567		129,057		68,716
let Position Restricted for Pensions and								
Other Post Employment Benefits	¢	942,136	\$	527,108	*	2,486,458	•	1,324,809

State Police Retirement System	Kentucky Teachers Retirement System	Judicial Retirement Plan	Legislators Retirement Plan	Totals June 30, 2019	
\$ 20 10,328	\$ 35,760 87,556	\$ 28	\$ 42	\$ 36,178 380,871	
10,348	123,316	28	42	417,049	
3,765	3,827	46 264	24 131	108,815 395	
1,206	51,376	25	6	89,027	
4,971	55,203	335	161	198,237	
136,087 27,637	132,490 816,268	23,449 71,535	12,567 37,335	3,965,821 1,582,260	
(13)	102,202			102,202 (368	
7,950 17,611	77,403 204,876	3	78	274,447 722,769	
189,272	1,333,239	94,987	49,980	6,647,131	
5,851				160,115	
210,442	1,511,758	95,350	50,183	7,422,532	
4,461	4,207			127,863	
2	7,773			8,604	
5,851 10,314	11,980			160,115 296,582	
10,314	11,980			290,382	
\$ 200,128	\$ 1,499,778	\$ 95,350	\$ 50,183	\$ 7,125,950	

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION AND OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT TRUST FUNDS - INSURANCE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (Expressed in Thousands)

		Kent Emple Retire Sys	oyees ement		County Employees Retirement System				
	Non-Haz	zardous	На	zardous	Non	-Hazardous	H	azardous	
Additions	la construction de la constructi								
Contributions:									
Employer	\$	173,576	\$	3,725	\$	135,570	\$	61,106	
Member						_			
Non-Employer		3				6			
Total Contributions		173,579		3,725		135,576		61,106	
Other Contributions:									
Other Receipts		8,654		1,441		8,284		1,624	
Total Other Contributions		8,654		1,441		8,284		1,624	
Investment Income:									
Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments		26,541		19,154		92,027		50,693	
Interest		21,935		12,789		60,153		32,141	
Dividends									
Securities lending income, net		690		384		1,752		944	
Total Investment Income		49,166		32,327		153,932		83,778	
Less: Investment expense		5,431		3,981		18,886		10,469	
Less: Securities lending expense		533		297		1,349		729	
Net Investment Income		43,202	-	28,049		133,697		72,580	
Total Additions		225,435		33,215		277,557		135,310	
Deductions Benefit payments									
Administrative expenses		875		117		877		434	
Self funding insurance cost		1,962		94		3,979		149	
Healthcare Premiums Subsidies		127,221		19,280		133,005		78,190	
Other deductions, net		3				5			
Total Deductions		130,061		19,491		137,866		78,773	
Change in Net Position		95,374		13,724		139,691		56,537	
Net Position - Restricted for Pension and Other Post Employment Benefits									
Net Position at July 1		846,762	.	513,384		2,346,767		1,268,272	
Net Position at June 30	\$	942,136	\$	527,108	\$	2,486,458	\$	1,324,809	

State Police Retirement System	Police Teachers Retirement Retirement		cial ment n	Legislators Retirement Plan		Totals June 30, 2019	
\$ 13,281	\$ 184,567 131,677	\$	43	\$	13	\$	571,825 131,733 9
 13,281	316,244		43		13		703,567
138			191		123		20,455
 138			191		123		20,455
7,542 4,789	67,543 9,884 7,452		8,933 600		4,640 300 733		277,073 142,591
 143	7,452 353 85,232		1,413		5,673		9,598 4,266 433,528
 1,597	5,468	-	10,040		0,010		45,832 3,340
 10,766 24,185	79,443 395,687		10,946 11,180		5,673 5,809		384,356 1,108,378
	5,153						5,153
69 40	1,833		176		59		4,440 6,224
 13,942	163,666		1,967		767		374,372 163,674
 14,051	170,652	_	2,143		826		553,863
10,134	225,035		9,037		4,983		554,515
189,994	1,274,743		86,313	4	5,200		6,571,435
\$ 200,128	\$ 1,499,778				0,183	\$	7,125,950

AGENCY FUNDS

Agency Funds account for monies held by the Commonwealth for custodial purposes only. Kentucky uses the following Agency Funds:

Commonwealth Choice Program - accounts for flexible benefits spending accounts.

County Fees Trust Fund - accounts for monies held by the Commonwealth for those counties with a population greater than 70,000.

Special Deposit Trust Fund - accounts for monies held by the Commonwealth that are marked for specific purposes such as employee withholdings.

Coal Workers' Pneumoconiosis Fund - accounts for monies held for coal workers pneumoconiosis claims incurred after December 12, 1996 which are filed on or before June 30, 2017.

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AGENCY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019 (Expressed in Thousands)

	 nonwealth e Program	unty Fees ust Fund	 cial Deposit rust Fund	Pneur	Workers' noconiosis Fund	Jur	Totals ne 30, 2019
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Investments, net of amortization Invested security collateral	\$	\$ 415	\$ 263,873 13,982 349,450	\$	5,027	\$	269,315 13,982 349,450
Receivables, net	4,913	70,290	15,671		1,663		92,537
Total Assets	\$ 4,913	\$ 70,705	\$ 642,976	\$	6,690	\$	725,284
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$ 4,913	\$	\$ 162,863	\$		\$	167,776
Amounts held in custody for others		70,705	130,663		6,690		208,058
Obligations under securities lending			349,450				349,450
Total Liabilities	\$ 4,913	\$ 70,705	\$ 642,976	\$	6,690	\$	725,284

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (Expressed in Thousands)

=

	Balances			Balances
	June 30, 2018	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2019
COMMONWEALTH CHOICE PROGRAM				
Assets	¢ 4.250	¢ EC4	*	¢ 4.042
Accounts receivable Total Assets	\$ 4,352 \$ 4,352	\$ 561 \$ 561	<u>\$</u>	\$ 4,913 \$ 4,913
	φ 4,332	9 501	.	9 4,915
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Accounts payable	\$ 4,352	\$ 561	\$	\$ 4,913
Total Liabilities	\$ 4,352 \$ 4,352	\$ 561	<u>\$</u>	\$ 4,913
COUNTY FEES TRUST FUND				
Assets	• • • • •	•	•	A (15
Cash & cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$ 415 61,172	\$ 175,655	\$ 166,537	\$ 415 70,290
Total Assets	\$ 61,587	\$ 175,655	\$ 166,537	\$ 70,705
	ψ 01,007	ψ 170,000	y 100,007	ψ 10,100
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Amounts held in custody for others	\$ 61,587	\$ 9,118	\$	\$ 70,705
Total Liabilities	\$ 61,587	\$ 9,118	\$	\$ 70,705
SPECIAL DEPOSIT TRUST FUND				
Assets	c 111 500	¢ 045 004	¢ 660.060	¢ 060.070
Cash & cash equivalents Investments	\$ 111,520 161,817	\$ 815,221 5,445	\$ 662,868 153,280	\$ 263,873 13,982
Invested security collateral	237,371	112,079	135,200	349,450
Accounts receivable	7,616	8,055		15,671
Total Assets	\$ 518,324	\$ 940,800	\$ 816,148	\$ 642,976
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 147,180	\$ 15,683	\$	\$ 162,863
Amounts held in custody for others	133,773	9,669	12,779	130,663
Obligations under securities lending Total Liabilities	237,371 \$ 518,324	112,079 \$ 137,431	\$ 12,779	349,450 \$ 642,976
	φ 510,524	ψ 157,451	ψ 12,113	ψ 042,970
COAL WORKERS' PNEUMOCONIOSIS FUND				
Assets				
Cash & cash equivalents	\$ 1,710	\$ 3,317	\$	\$ 5,027
Investments	290		290	
	3,986	A 0.017	2,323	1,663
Total Assets	\$ 5,986	\$ 3,317	\$ 2,613	\$ 6,690
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 958	\$	\$ 958	\$
Amounts held in custody for others	5,028	1,662		6,690
Total Liabilities	\$ 5,986	\$ 1,662	\$ 958	\$ 6,690
ALL AGENCY FUNDS				
Assets	• 440.045	* 040 500	^	* 000 045
Cash & cash equivalents Investments	\$ 113,645 162,107	\$ 818,538 5,445	\$ 662,868 153,570	\$ 269,315 13,982
Invested security collateral	237,371	5,445 112,079	100,070	349,450
Accounts receivable	77,126	184,271	168,860	92,537
Total Assets	\$ 590,249	\$ 1,120,333	\$ 985,298	\$ 725,284
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 152,490	\$ 16,244	\$ 958	\$ 167,776
Amounts held in custody for others	200,388	20,449	12,779	208,058
Obligations under securities lending Total Liabilities	237,371 \$ 590,249	112,079 \$ 148,772	\$ 13,737	349,450 \$ 725,284
	¥ 000,240	¥ 170,112	¥ 10,707	¥ 120,20 1

NON-MAJOR COMPONENT UNITS - COMBINING

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NON-MAJOR COMPONENT UNITS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Non-Major Component Units -	Non-Major Component Units -	Totals
	Authorities	Universities	June 30, 2019
Assets			
Current assets:	*	A (10 700	A 500 705
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 96,923	\$ 412,782	\$ 509,705
Restricted cash	11,668	11,206	22,874
Investments, net of amortization	316,257	o / oo=	316,257
Accounts receivable, net	140,367	84,037	224,404
Interest receivable	2,032	91	2,123
Inventories	546	6,049	6,595
Prepaid expenses	1,868	11,087	12,955
Other current assets	71,304	3,560	74,864
Total Current Assets	640,965	528,812	1,169,777
Noncurrent assets:			
Restricted cash	62,660	121,708	184,368
Long-term investments	23,645	206,264	229,909
Restricted long-term investments	110,276	347,242	457,518
Long-term receivables, net	1,086,716	19,200	1,105,916
Land	121,359	81,953	203,312
Improvements other than buildings	77,506	195,875	273,381
Buildings	923,582	2,822,645	3,746,227
Machinery and equipment	151,008	390,930	541,938
Other capital assets	9,734	111,331	121,065
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(404.040)	(4 0 4 4 0 7)	(0.000.500)
and amortization	(421,342)	(1,641,197)	(2,062,539)
Construction in progress	36,427	102,551	138,978
Total Capital Assets	898,274	2,064,088	2,962,362
Other assets	4,648	13,765	18,413
Total Noncurrent Assets	2,186,219	2,772,267	4,958,486
Total Assets	2,827,184	3,301,079	6,128,263
Deferred outflows of resources	40,213	252,507	292,720
Liabilities			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accruals	30,002	77,061	107,063
Current portion of long-term debt:	00,002	11,001	,
Notes payable	3,672	1,328	5,000
Bonds payable	27,729	40,359	68,088
Capital lease obligations	6,491	3,345	9,836
Compensated absences	1,623	19,832	21,455
Unearned revenues	13,970	48,187	62,157
Payable from restricted assets	10,010	3,784	3,784
Other current liabilities	10,092	14,929	25,021
Total Current Liabilities	93,579	208,825	302,404
Noncurrent liabilities:	4.050	0.070	10.000
Notes payable	4,856	9,070	13,926
Bonds payable	233,238	539,680	772,918
Capital lease obligations	445,089	59,237	504,326
Compensated absences	540	277	817
Net pension liability	172,254	1,280,186	1,452,440
Net OPEB liability	29,995	248,728	278,723
Other long-term liabilities	7,200	70,764	77,964
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	893,172	2,207,942	3,101,114
Total Liabilities	986,751	2,416,767	3,403,518
Deferred inflows of resources	9,996	698,635	708,631
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	471,956	1,276,483	1,748,439
Restricted for:	471,000	1,210,400	1,740,409
Debt service		573	573
Capital projects	35,972	80,433	116,405
Other purposes	35,972 1,292,125	572,817	1,864,942
Unrestricted			
	70,597	(1,492,122)	(1,421,525)
Total Net Position	\$ 1,870,650	\$ 438,184	\$ 2,308,834

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY COMBINING STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES NON-MAJOR COMPONENT UNITS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (Expressed in Thousands)

	Non-Major Component Units - Authorities		Non-Major Component Units - Universities	Totals June 30, 2019	
Expenses:	• • • • • • • •		4 400 400		4 000 004
Operating and other expenses	\$ 446,		1,180,482	\$	1,626,994
Total expenses	446,	512	1,180,482		1,626,994
Program Revenues:					
Charges for services	149,	960	649,519		799,479
Operating grants and contributions	275,	396	102,966		378,362
Capital grants and contributions			8,332		8,332
Total Program Revenues	425,	356	760,817		1,186,173
Net Program (Expense) Revenue	(21,	156)	(419,665)		(440,821)
General Revenues:					
Unrestricted grants and contributions	67,	932	526,852		594,784
Unrestricted investment earnings	8,	153	19,210		27,363
Gain on sale of capital assets			(2,089)		(2,089)
Miscellaneous general	15,9	964	(9,571)		6,393
Transfers	5,	786			5,786
Total General Revenues	97,	335	534,402		632,237
Change in Net Position	76,	579	114,737		191,416
Net Position at July 1, As Restated	1,793,	971	323,447		2,117,418
Net Position at June 30	\$ 1,870,0	650 \$	438,184	\$	2,308,834



NON-MAJOR COMPONENT UNITS - AUTHORITIES

Kentucky River Authority – is responsible for the maintenance of the Commonwealth's locks and dams on the Kentucky River.

Kentucky Higher Education Assistance Authority - was established by KRS 164.742 to improve higher education opportunities by insuring eligible student loans and providing grants and scholarship awards to eligible students.

Bluegrass State Skills Corporation - established to improve and promote the employment opportunities of the citizens of the Commonwealth by assisting the Economic Development Cabinet in creating and expanding programs of skill, training and education.

Kentucky State Fair Board - accounts for the revenues earned and expenses incurred in the commercial operations of the State Fair Board.

Kentucky Center for the Arts Corporation - established by the General Assembly to promote the growth and development of the arts, convention trade, tourism and hotel industries within Jefferson County and the Commonwealth. The Center has the responsibility of maintaining, operating and insuring the Kentucky Center for the Arts building.

Kentucky Authority for Educational Television - established by KRS 168.030 to produce and transmit educational television programming to the citizens of the Commonwealth.

Kentucky Economic Development Finance Authority - established in 1958 under KRS Chapter 154 to promote industrial development, and authorized to issue industrial revenue bonds that do not constitute a legal or moral obligation of the Commonwealth.

Kentucky Artisan Center - established to celebrate Kentucky's artisan heritage and encourage Kentuckians and those traveling in Kentucky to enjoy artisan products and activities.

Kentucky Infrastructure Authority - established in 1988 by KRS 224A.030, and amended, to assume all powers, duties and obligations of the Kentucky Pollution Abatement and Water Resources Finance Authority in assisting governmental agencies within the Common-wealth in constructing and acquiring infrastructure projects.

Kentucky Agricultural Finance Corporation - created by the 1984 General Assembly to "improve and promote the health, welfare and prosperity of the people of the Commonwealth through stimulation of existing agricultural ventures." This corporation helps banks and other financial institutions assist eligible farmers in receiving low interest loans through the issuance of tax-exempt agricultural revenue bonds.

Kentucky Grain Insurance Corporation - provides protection to grain producers in the event of the failure of a grain dealer or grain warehouseman.

Louisville Arena Authority – The Louisville Arena Authority was created in 2005 and oversees the financial process of the KFC Yum! Center. The Arena Authority guided the development, financing and construction process of the \$238 million arena. It also selected the financing, construction, design and management partners, which includes AEG Facilities as the current managing and operating entity.

Kentucky Horse Park Foundation – is a legally separate tax-exempt Kentucky corporation that receives, holds, and administers gifts and grants in the name of the Kentucky Horse Park.

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NON-MAJOR COMPONENT UNITS - AUTHORITIES JUNE 30, 2019

	Kentucky River Authority	Kentucky Higher Education Assistance Authority	Bluegrass State Skills Corporation	Kentucky State Fair Board	
Assets			<u>.</u>		
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 599	\$ 30,068	\$ 156	\$ 6,553	
Restricted cash	8,331	v 3,337	Ψ 100	ψ 0,000	
Investments, net of amortization	,	,			
Accounts receivable, net	1,642	43,148	474	3,729	
Interest receivable		460			
Inventories Prepaid expenses				842	
Other current assets		450		042	
Total Current Assets	10,572	77,463	630	11,124	
Noncurrent assets:					
Restricted cash				40	
Long-term investments	20	00.000	1,211		
Restricted long-term investments Long-term receivables, net	18,012	82,002 8,630			
Land	546	0,000		27.835	
Improvements other than buildings	71,397			6,109	
Buildings	371	12,075		566,800	
Machinery and equipment	348	4,151		45,089	
Other capital assets Less: Accumulated depreciation				3,443	
and amortization	(17,936)	(10,198)		(207,052)	
Construction in progress	10,934			13,570	
Total Capital Assets	65,660	6,028		455,794	
Other assets					
Total Noncurrent Assets, Net	83,692	96,660	1,211	455,834	
Total Assets	94,264	174,123	1,841	466,958	
Deferred outflows of resources	521	1,459		15,203	
Liabilities					
Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accruals	536	1,368	835	5,259	
Current portion of long-term debt:	550	1,500	655	5,255	
Notes payable					
Bonds payable				3,695	
Capital lease obligations	2,126	710		3,621	
Compensated absences	94	336			
Unearned revenues Other current liabilities		6		3,835 1,431	
Total Current Liabilities	2,756	2,420	835	17,841	
	2,100	2,120			
Noncurrent liabilities: Notes payable					
Bonds payable				15,323	
Capital lease obligations	46,476			20,251	
Compensated absences	3			-, -	
Net pension liability	3,102	9,423		73,092	
Net OPEB liability	540	1,641		12,728	
Other long-term liabilities	50.404	173		6,778	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	50,121	11,237	0.05	128,172	
Total Liabilities Deferred inflows of resources	52,877 155	13,657 2,006	835	146,013 2,215	
Detendu IIIIlows of resources	100	2,000		2,215	
Net Position					
Net investment in capital assets	17,058	5,318		406,126	
Restricted for: Capital projects	26,343			40	
Other purposes	20,343	154,601	1,006	(72,233)	
Unrestricted	(1,648)	101,001	1,000	(12,200)	
Total Net Position	\$ 41,753	\$ 159,919	\$ 1,006	\$ 333,933	

ĸ	entucky	Kentucky Kentucky Economic								к	entucky
Center for the Arts Corporation		Authority for Educational Television		Development Finance Authority		Kentucky Artisan Center		Kentucky Infrastructure Authority		Agricultural Finance Corporation	
	1,712	\$	4,950	\$	21,457	\$	80	\$	3,836	\$	18,132
	(990)		17,502				366		299,379		
	628		11,667		1		13		8,185		69,709
	13		32		73				1,454		
	93		562				453				
	307		115		2,031				68,705		
	1,763		34,828		23,562		912		381,559		87,84
	15,756		1,547		367						
	15,750		9,831		307				431		
	63				17,341				1,060,682		
	129		76				1,167				
	36,485		16,919				6,706				
	39,596		37,244				979		16		
	(54,964)		(47,580)				(2,226)				
	2,601		9,322								
	23,847		15,981				6,626		16		
	4,623 44,289		25 27,384		17,708		6,626		1,061,129		
	46,052		62,212		41,270		7,538		1,442,688		87,84
	40,002		13,702		2,349		752		6,227		07,04
									,		
	1,811		10,991		192		158		4,064		
	3,038		134						24,034		
	34								21,001		
	253		739		112		89				
	1,062 23		7,639						8,632		
	6,221		19,503		304		247		36,730		
	1,203		778						217,915		
	97								217,313		
			484		48		5				
			67,911 11,825		9,481 1,651		4,562 794		4,683 816		
	200		11,025		1,001		734		49		
	1,500		80,998		11,180		5,361		223,463		
	7,721		100,501		11,484		5,608		260,193		
			4,461		279		193		687		
	21,563		15,070				6,627		16		
			9,589		0.070				4 400 5 45		
	4,917		10,028 (63,735)		3,352 28,504		(4,138)		1,188,019		87,84
	11,851										

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NON-MAJOR COMPONENT UNITS - AUTHORITIES JUNE 30, 2019

•	Kentucky Grain Insurance Corporation		Louisville Arena Authority, Inc.		The Kentucky Horse Park Foundation, Inc.		Totals June 30, 2019	
Assets Current assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,004	\$	3,126	\$	1,250	\$	96,923
Restricted cash	Ψ	-,	Ŧ	-,	•	-,	•	11,668
Investments, net of amortization								316,257
Accounts receivable, net				1,171				140,367
Interest receivable								2,032
Inventories Prepaid expenses				135		22		546 1,868
Other current assets				155		3		71,304
Total Current Assets		5,004		4,432		1,275		640,965
Noncurrent assets:								
Restricted cash				59,493		1,580		62,660
Long-term investments						6,291		23,645
Restricted long-term investments								110,276
Long-term receivables, net								1,086,716
Land				91,606				121,359
Improvements other than buildings Buildings				284,210		16		77,506 923,582
Machinery and equipment				22,098		1,487		151,008
Other capital assets				6,291		.,		9,734
Less: Accumulated depreciation								
and amortization Construction in progress				(80,061)		(1,325)		(421,342) 36,427
Total Capital Assets				324,144		178		898,274
Other assets				- ,				4,648
Total Noncurrent Assets, Net				383,637		8,049		2,186,219
Total Assets		5,004		388,069		9,324		2,827,184
Deferred outflows of resources								40,213
Liabilities								
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable and accruals				4,341		447		30,002
Current portion of long-term debt: Notes payable				500				3,672
Bonds payable				500				27,729
Capital lease obligations								6,491
Compensated absences								1,623
Unearned revenues				1,426		8		13,970
Other current liabilities Total Current Liabilities				6,267		455		10,092 93,579
				0,207		400		56,675
Noncurrent liabilities: Notes payable				2,875				4,856
Bonds payable				2,010				233,238
Capital lease obligations				378,265				445,089
Compensated absences								540
Net pension liability								172,254
Other long-term liabilities								29,995 7,200
Total Noncurrent Liabilities				381,140				893,172
Total Liabilities				387,407		455		986,751
Deferred inflows of resources				001,101		100		9,996
Net Position								
Net investment in capital assets						178		471,956
Restricted for:								
Capital projects						0.105		35,972
Other purposes Unrestricted		5,004		662		2,435 6,256		1,292,125 70,597
Unicatilited		5,004		002		0,200		10,597


COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY COMBINING STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES NON-MAJOR COMPONENT UNITS - AUTHORITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

(Expressed in Thousands)

		entucky River uthority	E	čentucky Higher ducation ssistance suthority	Sta	uegrass ite Skills poration	St	entucky tate Fair Board
Expenses: Operating and other expenses	\$	3,425	\$	278,927	\$	2,420	\$	70,047
Total expenses	·	3,425		278,927		2,420		70,047
Program Revenues: Charges for services Operating grants and contributions		6,418 282		26,748 258,850				46,726
Total Program Revenues Net Program (Expense) Revenue		6,700 3,275		285,598 6,671		(2,420)		46,726 (23,321)
,		3,275		0,071		(2,420)		(23,321)
General Revenues: Unrestricted grants and contributions Unrestricted investment earnings Miscellaneous general		(1,216)				1,944		2,928 34 9,414
Transfers		(
Total General Revenues		(1,216)				1,944		12,376
Change in Net Position		2,059		6,671		(476)		(10,945)
Net Position at July 1, As Restated		39,694		153,248		1,482		344,878
Net Position at June 30	\$	41,753	\$	159,919	\$	1,006	\$	333,933

Ce tř	entucky nter for ne Arts poration	Aut Ed	entucky hority for ucational elevision	Ec Deve Fi	entucky onomic elopment inance uthority	A	entucky rtisan Center	Infra	entucky astructure uthority	Agri Fi	ntucky cultural nance poration
\$	19,805	\$	34,696	\$	4,270	\$	2,874	\$	16,344	\$	27
	19,805		34,696		4,270		2,874		16,344		27
	11,806 2,559		2,112 10,522		694		1,596 544		19,502		1,650
	14,365		12,634		694		2,140		19,502		1,650
	(5,440)		(22,062)		(3,576)		(734)		3,158		1,623
	3,641 371 809		17,448 2,011 5,250		353 482		478		40,843 6,485		
			-,								5,786
	4,821		24,709		835		478		47,328		5,786
	(619)		2,647		(2,741)		(256)		50,486		7,409
	38,950		(31,695)		34,597		2,745		1,137,549		80,432
\$	38,331	\$	(29,048)	\$	31,856	\$	2,489	\$	1,188,035	\$	87,841

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY COMBINING STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES NON-MAJOR COMPONENT UNITS - AUTHORITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

(Expressed in Thousands)

_	Gi Insu	tucky rain rance oration	_	ouisville Arena hority, Inc.	Ног	Kentucky rse Park ndation, Inc.	Jun	Totals ne 30, 2019
Expenses: Operating and other expenses	¢	2	¢	11,837	¢	1,838	¢	446,512
Total expenses	¥	2	÷	11,837	<u> </u>	1,838		446,512
Program Revenues: Charges for services Operating grants and contributions Total Program Revenues				33,490		868 989 1,857		149,960 275,396 425,356
Net Program (Expense) Revenue		(2)		21,653		1,037		(21,156)
General Revenues: Unrestricted grants and contributions Unrestricted investment earnings Miscellaneous general Transfers		115		650 129		(120)		67,932 8,153 15,964 5,786
Total General Revenues		115		779		(120)		97,835
Change in Net Position		113		22,432		(101)		76,679
Net Position at July 1, As Restated Net Position at June 30	\$	4,891 5,004	\$	(21,770) 662	\$	8,970 8,869	\$	1,793,971 1,870,650

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NON-MAJOR COMPONENT UNITS-AUTHORITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (Expressed in Thousands)

	Ag F	entucky ricultural Finance rporation	Ins	entucky Grain surance rporation		Totals e 30, 2019
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	\$	(13)	\$	(2)	\$	(15)
Cash payments for employee salaries and benefits	ų	(13)	φ	(2)	φ	(13)
Cash payments to other sources		(9,218)				(9,218)
Cash payments from other sources		7,436				7,436
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		(1,809)		(2)		(1,811)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities						
Proceeds from the sale of investment securities		2,898		711		3,609
Interest and dividends on investments				115		115
Net Cash Provided (Used) in Investing Activities		2,898		826		3,724
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		1,089		824		1,913
Cash and Cash Equivalents at July 1		17,043		4,180		21,223
Cash and Cash Equivalents at June 30	\$	18,132	\$	5,004	\$	23,136
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:						
Operating income (loss)	\$	1,623	\$	(2)	\$	1,621
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Change in assets and liabilities: (Increase) Decrease in assets:						
Receivables, net		(3,432)				(3,432)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	(1,809)	\$	(2)	\$	(1,811)



NON-MAJOR COMPONENT UNITS - UNIVERSITIES, COLLEGES, AND RELATED ENTITIES

Universities, Colleges, and Related Entities

The Universities, Colleges, and Related Entities Funds account for all transactions relating to the State supported universities and the community colleges and technical schools. These institutions maintain their own financial records and are not part of the central accounting system operated by the Finance and Administration Cabinet. The non-major component units-universities are:

Eastern Kentucky University Western Kentucky University Morehead State University Murray State University Northern Kentucky University Kentucky State University

Kentucky Council on Postsecondary Education – established in 1997 by the Postsecondary Education Improvement Act to coordinate changes and improvements within Kentucky's postsecondary education system.

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NON-MAJOR COMPONENT UNITS - UNIVERSITIES, COLLEGES, AND RELATED ENTITIES JUNE 30, 2019

(Expressed in Thousands)

	Eastern Kentucky University	Western Kentucky University	Morehead State University
Assets			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 47,816	\$ 119,261	\$ 29,404
Restricted cash			3,792
Accounts receivable, net	28,691	15,248	8,600
Interest receivable	070	68	1.000
Inventories	273	702	1,963
Prepaid expenses	1,395	4,122	16
Other current assets	173	274	1,547
Total Current Assets	78,348	139,675	45,322
loncurrent assets:			
Restricted cash	40,482	282	
Long-term investments	77,692	41,036	52,753
Restricted long-term investments	,	116,246	02,100
Long-term receivables, net	4,463	7,353	3,387
Land	8,436	18,132	23,721
Improvements other than buildings	62,823	71,127	_0,
Buildings	599,892	775,235	378,254
Machinery and equipment	31,023	168,258	33,152
Other capital assets	50,337		34,71
Less: Accumulated depreciation			
and amortization	(287,992)	(468,206)	(205,247
Construction in progress	49,374	18,261	92
Total Capital Assets	513,893	582,807	264,683
Other assets	50	5,606	5,267
Total Noncurrent Assets, Net	636,580	753,330	326,090
Total Assets	714,928	893,005	371,412
Deferred outflows of resources	60,343	58,320	28,594
iabilities Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accruals Current portion of long-term debt:	19,758	19,685	4,588
Notes payable	0.055	913	2.644
Bonds payable	9,055	15,096 606	3,646
Capital lease obligations	2.011	2,793	1,796
Compensated absences Unearned revenues	2,911 12,264	18,976	2,584 4,439
Payable from restricted assets	12,204	10,970	4,433
Other current liabilities		6,245	1,333
Total Current Liabilities	43,988	64,314	18,507
oncurrent liabilities:		2,400	
Notes payable	107 220	2,490	60.30
Bonds payable Capital lease obligations	107,330 25,500	202,780 14.521	69,394 14,824
Compensated absences	25,500	14,521	14,02-
Net pension liability	297,710	279,540	126,216
Net OPEB liability	59,910	55,312	27,879
Other long-term liabilities	26,893	18,939	5,63
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	517,343	573,582	243,944
Total Liabilities	561,331	637,896	243,344
eferred inflows of resources	261,926	177,937	262,45
	201,920	111,931	50,340
et Position et investment in capital assets estricted for:	264,327	320,296	173,088
Debt service			
Capital projects	51,536	13,140	
Other purposes	78,139	163,784	61,434
Inrestricted	(441,988)	(361,728)	(193,31)
otal Net Position	\$ (47,986)	\$ 135,492	\$ 41,210

 Murray State Jniversity	к	lorthern entucky niversity	Kentucky State Iniversity	C Pos	Kentucky ouncil on tsecondary ducation	 Totals ne 30, 2019
 Jinversity		Inversity	 Inversity		ducation	 ine 30, 2013
\$ 96,812	\$	114,031	\$ 3,709	\$	1,749	\$ 412,782
9,589		5,136 14,602	6,631		2,278 676	11,206 84,037
3,503		23	0,001		070	91
2,743		368				6,049
2,263		2,919			372	11,087
 1,566		407.070	 40.040		F 075	 3,560
 112,973		137,079	 10,340		5,075	 528,812
62,691		18,253				121,708
404.077		3,281	28,243		3,259	206,264
124,977		105,816	00		203	347,242
2,245 15,420		1,670 9,969	82 6,275			19,200 81,953
19,027		42,898	0,210			195,875
374,821		538,531	155,912			2,822,645
36,336		91,837	30,234		90	390,930
13,977			12,306			111,331
(232,312)		(307,192)	(140,169)		(79)	(1,641,197)
18,831		5,311	10,682			102,551
246,100		381,354	 75,240		11	2,064,088
 2,553		251	38			 13,765
438,566		510,625	103,603		3,473	 2,772,267
 551,539		647,704	113,943		8,548	 3,301,079
42,402		43,545	15,180		4,123	252,507
11,576		12,742	7,414		1,298	77,061
						(
415 4,246		8,070	246			1,328 40,359
4,240		346	573			3,345
6,277		3,111	1,727		429	19,832
2,978		9,346	184		120	48,187
		3,663				3,784
3,782		1,359	 2,210			 14,929
 29,298		38,637	 12,354		1,727	 208,825
6,580						9,070
61,934		96,234	2,008			539,680
51		3,744	597			59,237
		-,			277	277
181,970		315,412	54,556		24,782	1,280,186
35,705		54,454	10,962		4,506	248,728
 5,104		13,639	 558			 70,764
 291,344		483,483	 68,681		29,565	2,207,942
 320,642		522,120	 81,035		31,292	 2,416,767
 104,773		13,622	 40,522		3,510	 698,635
170,682		278,342	69,737		11	1,276,483
96F		200				570
365 14,567		208 1,190				573 80,433
137,597		112,005	17,407		2,451	572,817
(154,685)		(236,238)	(79,578)		(24,593)	(1,492,122)
\$ 168,526	\$	155,507	\$ 7,566	\$	(22,131)	\$ 438,184

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY COMBINING STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES NON-MAJOR COMPONENT UNITS - UNIVERSITIES, COLLEGES, AND RELATED ENTITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

(Expressed in Thousands)

	ŀ	Eastern Kentucky Iniversity	ł	Western Kentucky Iniversity	 lorehead State Iniversity
Expenses:					
Operating and other expenses	\$	242,799	\$	305,007	\$ 118,906
Total Expenses		242,799		305,007	 118,906
Program Revenues:					
Charges for services		131,506		197,490	59,478
Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions		40,864		10,497	 11,683
Total Program Revenues		172,370		207,987	 71,161
Net Program (Expense) Revenue		(70,429)		(97,020)	 (47,745)
General Revenues:					
Unrestricted grants and contributions		111,113		143,359	68,457
Unrestricted investment earnings		4,804		(7,174)	2,633
Gain on sale of capital assets				(52)	
Miscellaneous general		272		1,656	 7,059
Total General Revenues		116,189		137,789	 78,149
Change in Net Position		45,760		40,769	 30,404
Net Position at July 1, As Restated		(93,746)		94,723	10,806
Net Position at June 30	\$	(47,986)	\$	135,492	\$ 41,210

Murray State niversity	ĸ	Northern Kentucky Iniversity	entucky State niversity	Co Post	entucky ouncil on secondary ducation	Ju	Totals ne 30, 2019
\$ 168,948	\$	251,150	\$ 70,720	\$	22,952	\$	1,180,482
168,948		251,150	 70,720		22,952		1,180,482
103,399		140,655	14,137		2,854		649,519
6,887		8,484	20,836		3,715		102,966
		7,534	 151		647		8,332
110,286		156,673	35,124		7,216		760,817
(58,662)		(94,477)	 (35,596)		(15,736)		(419,665
74,259		85,434	29,715		14,515		526,852
10,454 (508) (2,425)		7,071 (1,529) (16,133)	1,422				19,210 (2,089 (9,571
81,780		74,843	 31,137		14,515		534,402
23,118		(19,634)	 (4,459)		(1,221)		114,737
145,408		175,141	 12,025		(20,910)		323,447
\$ 168,526	\$	155,507	\$ 7,566	\$	(22,131)	\$	438,184



STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the Commonwealth of Kentucky's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the Commonwealth's overall financial health.

Financial Trends

The schedules presented in this section contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Commonwealth's financial performance and fiscal health has changed over time. Fund perspective statements are presented for the last ten fiscal years, except where noted.

Revenue Capacity

The schedules presented in this section contain information to help the reader assess the Commonwealth's most significant revenue source, which is personal income tax.

Debt Capacity

The schedules presented in this section contain information to help the reader assess the affordability of the Commonwealth's current levels of outstanding debt, and the Commonwealth's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic Information

The schedules presented in this section offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within the Commonwealth and the financial impact of those activities.

Operating Information

The schedules presented in this section offer operating data to help the reader understand how the information in the Commonwealth's financial report relates to the services it provided and the activities performed by the governmental agencies.

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Expressed in Thousands)

	2	019	2018	2017	2016
General Fund					
Nonspendable:					
Inventories	\$	7,373	\$ 5,769	\$ 6,219	\$ 5,465
Assigned		74,258		55	30,765
Unassigned		151,129	(64,909)		318,790
Total General Fund		232,760	 (59,140)	 6,274	 355,020
All Other Governmental Funds					
Nonspendable:					
Inventories		64,767	59,340	75,234	75,254
Cash with Fiscal Agents			47,367	15,576	16,136
Restricted		1,924,119	2,218,345	1,901,478	1,822,185
Committed		140,030	177,916	74,876	133,075
Assigned		95,113	21,442	17,039	18,014
Unassigned		(33,102)	(50,026)	(765)	(98,045)
Total All Other Governmental Funds		2,190,927	 2,474,384	 2,083,438	 1,966,619
Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	2,423,687	\$ 2,415,244	\$ 2,089,712	\$ 2,321,639

2015	2014		2013	 2012	 2011	 2010
6,230	\$ 6	.505 \$,	\$ 5,515	\$ 6,099	\$ 5,079
27,069	(107	205)	34,700	35,563	57,456	71,975
71,060	(137		159,198	 54,035	 249,482	 9,150
104,359	(130)	790)	201,197	 95,113	 313,037	 86,204
74,105	54	006	81,264	86,240	49,078	54,290
18,954	13	503	17,918	29,045	67,469	80,576
1,706,764	2,068	293	2,373,349	2,452,952	2,165,308	1,833,356
160,804	188	706	175,676	183,414	148,636	161,548
15,033	13	054	7,019	13,157	27,034	15,641
(56,950)	(2,	582)	(596,756)	(420,183)	(120,235)	(65,628)
1,918,710	2,334	980	2,058,470	 2,344,625	 2,337,290	 2,079,783

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Expressed in Thousands)

Revnues s 12,988,613 s 12,945,610 s 11,988,139 s 11,730,500 Learnes, fees, and permits 11,922,200 11,922,200 10,922,200 10,922,200 10,922,200 10,922,200 10,922,200 10,922,200 10,922,200 10,922,200 10,922,200 10,922,200 10,922,200 10,922,200 10,922,200 10,924,200 10,116 6,616 3,470 3,1501 10,922,200 10,922,200 10,924,200 10,116,80 16,140 10,924,120 10,924,120 10,924,120 10,924,120 10,924,120 10,924,120 10,924,120 10,924,120 10,924,120 10,924,120 10,924,120 10,924,120 10,924,120 10,924,120 10,924,120 10,924,120 10,924,120 10,924,120 10,924,120 10,924,120 10,924,120 10,924,120 10,924,120 10,924,120 10,924,120 10,924,120 10,924,120 10,924,120 10,924,120 10,924,120 10,924,120 10,924,120 10,924,120 10,924,120 10,924,120 10,924,120 10,924,120 10,924,120 10,924		2019	2018	2017	2016
Licenses, fees, and permits 1444,403 1391 (615 382,398 380,075 Thiragovernmental 11,052,659 11,004,224 01,972,729 12,27,13 1,002,451 Theresan dorber investment income 143,378 32,557 21,463 31,501 Interesan differences (Sectores) In fair value 7550 (13,800) (6,037) (6,140) Securities lending accome 092,070 (50,007) (54,844 544,087) Total Revenues 27,091,469 25,692,615 25,044,364 24,913,063 Expenditures (Sectores) In fair value 7550 (13,800) (6,037) (54,844 544,782) Total Revenues 27,091,469 25,692,615 25,044,364 24,913,063 Expenditures (Sectore 10,865 42,865,763 2,341,583 2,263,041 10,847,882) Total Revenues 10,263,964 2,269,763 2,341,583 2,263,041 10,840 10,946 144,087 144,087 144,087 144,087 144,087 144,087 144,087 144,087 144,087 144,087 144,087 144,087 144,087 144,087 144,087 144,087 144,087 144,087 144,087 144,087 144,087 144,087 144,087 144,087 144,087 144,087 144,087 144,087 144,087 144,087 144,087 144,087 144,087 144,087 144,087 144,087 144,087 144,087 144,087 144,087 144,087 144,087 144,087 144,087 144,087 144,087 144,087 144,087 144,087 144,087 144,087 145,088 149 1,009,506 967,790 874,897 145,088 149 1,009,506 967,790 874,897 145,088 149 1,009,506 967,790 874,897 145,088 149 1,009,506 967,790 874,897 145,088 149 1,009,506 967,790 874,897 145,088 149 1,009,506 967,790 874,897 145,088 149 1,009,506 967,790 874,897 145,088 149 1,009,506 967,790 874,897 145,088 149 1,009,506 967,790 874,897 145,088 149 1,009,506 967,790 874,897 145,088 149 1,009,506 967,790 874,897 145,088 149 1,009,506 967,790 874,897 145,088 149 1,009,506 967,790 874,897 145,088 149 1,009,506 967,790 874,897 145,088 149 1,009,506 967,790 874,897 145,088 149 1,009,506 967,790 874,897 145,088 149 1,009,506 967,790 874,897 145,088 149 1,009,506 967,790 874,897 145,088 149 1,008,515 145,088 145 145,088 149 1,009,506 967,790 874,897 145,55 82,590,599 145,341 146,55 145,59 845,503 145,55 82,500,599 145,341 146,55 145,59 845,503 145,55 845,503 145,55 845,503 145,55 845,55 845,503 145,55 845,503 145,55 845,55 845,55 845,503 145,56 845,		A	* 40.045.040	A 44 000 400	A A A A A A A A A A
Intergovermental 11,592,696 11,004,224 10,792,470 10,824,674 Charges for services 11,343,980 1,257,259 1,272,133 13,025,417 Fines and forfeits 63,378 22,557 21,463 31,501 Interest and formes 63,378 22,557 21,463 31,501 Ginvestments 17,550 (13,980) 6,0371 (6,140) Securities lending income 630,170 634,834 5934,702 Total Revenues 27,091,469 25,699,615 25,044,354 24,913,063 Expanditures 6,035,464 6,020,339 6,016,531 5,568,814 Legislative and judicial 480,405 445,112 442,646 444,087 Commerce 10,08,165 93,765 11,009 10,480 Legislative and judicial 10,08,166 10,09,906 19,1889 12,205,643 Justice 1,034,316 1,209,613 5,568,614 11,090 110,48 10,62,15 101,050 Justice 1,038,165 7,009,509 937,79		,		, ,,	
Charges for services 1.343,980 1.257,269 1.272,133 1.302,541 Fines and forfeits 58,366 54,469 52,338 61,660 Increase (dcrease) in fair value 17,550 (13,640) (6,037) (6,140) Socurities lending income 10,540 11,158 0,616 34,700 Other revenues 27,091,469 25,622,615 25,044,354 24,4173,028 Expenditures 2,001,469 2,401,300 10,400 11,158 0,516 34,702 Commerce 106,165 93,765 111,080 110,490 110,490 Education and humanities 6,183,644 6,003,39 6,016,531 55,558,414 Human resources and 1,908,196 1,009,956 12,227,415 12,006,613 Juetice 1,088,196 100,995 181,889 102,226 101,490 Public protection and regulation 122,569 110,748 106,215 101,500 Transportaling proteines 738,455 728,825 611,006,215 101,500 Principal		,	,	,	,
Fines and forfiels 68,366 54,469 52,338 161,660 Increase (dccrease) in fair value of investment investme					
Interest and other investment income 43,378 32,557 21,463 31,501 Increase (dereval) 10,540 11,153 6,616 3,470 Securities lending income 602,070 602,070 604,434 544,472 Char revenues 27,091,469 25,602,615 25,044,354 24,4933,063 Expenditures 2,63,864 2,269,763 2,341,563 2,260,443 Current: 2,63,864 2,269,763 2,341,563 2,260,441 Legistative and judical 489,405 433,715 2,441,863 2,420,641 Legistative and judical 489,405 443,376 12,269,660 10,049 Legistative and judical 499,405 443,376 12,269,673 6,016,531 15,058,641 Legistative and judical 10,043,166 10,09,506 12,277,415 12,096,613 10,463 16,263 Lesistative and fiscal charges 1,043,316 12,506,650 12,277,415 12,096,613 Juatice 1,048,316 10,9506 181,889 162,266 10,950 <tr< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr<>					
Increase (decrease) in fair value of investments 17,550 (13,960) (6.037) (6,140) Securities lending income 10,540 11,158 6,616 3,470 Other revenues 622,070 609,0703 6534,834 224,913,063 Expenditures 27,091,469 25,692,615 25,044,354 24,913,063 Current: General government 2,263,964 6,0233 2,341,583 2,230,041 Legistitive and judicial 480,405 445,112 442,646 444,087 Commerce 106,165 93,765 111,080 110,490 Education and humanities 6,133,644 6,020,339 6,016,531 5,556,814 Human resources 13,043,316 12,506,660 12,227,415 12,045,615 Juatice 10,043,316 10,0506 667,789 10,150 Transportation 29,5765 2,290,599 2,339,776 2,566,675 Principal retirement 739,455 776,825 611,066 616,643 Socurities 6,672 14,863 36,67					,
of investments 17,550 (13,980) (6,037) (6,140) Other revenues 02,070 609,703 634,834 554,782 Total Revenues 27,091,469 25,692,615 25,044,354 24,913,063 Expenditures 6616 3,470 649,205 25,044,354 24,913,063 Current: General government 2,263,964 2,260,763 2,341,583 2,263,041 Legislative and judicial 480,405 445,112 442,646 444,067 Corrent: General government 1,08,844 6,020,339 6,016,531 5,558,814 Human resources and 1,089,166 1,009,506 967,790 874,867 Public protection and regulation 120,568 170,995 181,889 182,296 Principal real femantic 2,369,765 2,230,599 2,339,776 2,566,755 Details protection 120,568 170,995 181,889 182,296 Principal real femantic 2,369,775 2,230,599 2,339,776 2,566,755 Detal Service		10,010	02,001	21,100	01,001
Securities lending income 10.540 11.156 6.616 3.470 Total Revenues 27.091.469 25.692.615 25.044.354 24.913.063 Expanditures 27.091.469 25.692.615 25.044.354 24.913.063 Current: General government 2.269.644 2.269.763 2.341.583 2.263.041 Legislative and juncial 480.405 445.112 442.646 444.067 Commerce 106.165 33.765 11.1080 110.400 Education and humanities 6.133.644 6.020.339 6.016.531 5.558.814 Human resources 13.043.316 12.506.650 12.227.415 12.095.613 Justice 1.095.568 170.995 18.889 182.296 Public protection and regulation 123.569 110.748 106.215 101.590 Transportation 2.395.765 2.200.599 2.339.776 2.566.675 Debt Service 9.710 9.359 4.792 2.424 Capital outlay: 2.201.599 2.339.776 12.56.645.03 <td></td> <td>17 550</td> <td>(13 980)</td> <td>(6 037)</td> <td>(6 140)</td>		17 550	(13 980)	(6 037)	(6 140)
Other revenues 692,070 609,703 634,834 584,782 Total Revenues 27,091,469 25,692,615 25,044,354 24,913,063 Current: General government 2,263,964 2,269,763 2,241,583 2,203,041 Legislative and judicial 480,405 445,112 442,646 444,005 110,480 Commerce 106,165 33,765 111,080 110,490 5568,814 6,020,339 6,016,531 5,558,814 Justice 1,089,196 1,009,506 967,790 874,867 12,005,613 12,005,613 10,025,613 10,025,613 10,025,613 10,025,613 10,025,613 10,025,613 10,025,613 10,025,613 10,025,613 10,025,613 10,025,613 10,025,613 10,025,613 10,025,613 10,025,613 10,025,613 10,025,613 10,025,613 10,025,613 10,025,613 10,025,613 10,025,613 10,025,613 10,025,613 10,025,613 10,025,613 10,025,613 10,025,613 10,025,613 10,025,613 10,025,613,613,616,613,613,613,613,613,613,613					
Total Revenues 27,091,469 25,692,615 25,044,354 24,913,063 Expanditures Current: General government 2,263,964 2,269,763 2,341,583 2,263,041 Legislative and judicial 480,405 445,112 442,646 444,067 Commerce 106,165 93,765 111,080 110,490 Education and humanities 6,483,644 6,200,339 6,016,513 5,558,814 Human resources 1,043,316 12,506,650 12,227,415 12,095,613 5,558,814 Human resources and environmental protection 195,068 170,995 181,899 182,296 Public protection and regulation 12,395,755 2,290,599 2,339,776 2,566,675 Debt Service: 2,395,755 2,290,599 2,339,776 2,566,675 Principal retirement 739,455 726,825 611,066 616,543 Securities lending expense 9,710 9,339 4,792 2,421 Capital outlay: 289,598 338,373 353,165 477,916 Total Expenditures				,	
Current: 2283,964 2.269,763 2.241,583 2.283,041 Legislative and judical 480,405 445,112 442,646 444,087 Commerce 106,165 93,765 111,080 110,490 Education and humanities 6,183,644 6,020,339 6,016,531 5,558,814 Human resources and 13,043,316 12,2506,850 12,227,415 12,085,613 Justice 1,089,196 1,009,506 967,790 874,867 Public protection and regulation 129,569 110,744 106,215 101,590 Transportation 2,357,765 2,290,599 2,339,776 2,566,672 14,663 Securities lending expense 9,710 9,359 4,792 2,421 Capital outlay: 2 2 6,672 14,663 26,642 5,6672 14,663 Securities lending expense 9,710 9,359 4,792 2,421 26,645,033 2,120,376 12,256,450,03 Total Expenditures (180,675) (618,952) (996,897) (732,54					
Current: 2283,964 2.269,763 2.241,583 2.283,041 Legislative and judical 480,405 445,112 442,646 444,087 Commerce 106,165 93,765 111,080 110,490 Education and humanities 6,183,644 6,020,339 6,016,531 5,558,814 Human resources and 13,043,316 12,2506,850 12,227,415 12,085,613 Justice 1,089,196 1,009,506 967,790 874,867 Public protection and regulation 129,569 110,744 106,215 101,590 Transportation 2,357,765 2,290,599 2,339,776 2,566,672 14,663 Securities lending expense 9,710 9,359 4,792 2,421 Capital outlay: 2 2 6,672 14,663 26,642 5,6672 14,663 Securities lending expense 9,710 9,359 4,792 2,421 26,645,033 2,120,376 12,256,450,03 Total Expenditures (180,675) (618,952) (996,897) (732,54				<u>.</u>	
General government 2.283,964 2.287,9783 2.241,883 2.283,041 Legislative and judicial 480,405 445,112 442,464 444,087 Commerce 106,165 93,765 111,080 110,490 Education and humanities 6,183,644 6,020,339 6,016,531 5,558,814 Human resources 13,043,316 12,506,650 12,227,415 12,095,613 Jusice 1,089,196 1,009,056 967,790 874,867 Natural resources and 195,068 170,095 181,899 182,296 Public protection and regulation 129,559 2,200,599 2,339,776 2,566,675 Dett Service 738,455 728,825 611,066 616,543 Interest and fiscal charges 350,072 312,291 330,631 333,655 Other expenditures 9,710 9,359 4,792 2,421 Capital outlay 289,598 338,373 353,165 477,916 Total Expenditures 2,122,124,44 2,631,567 (1,97,707)					
Legislative and judical 480,405 445,112 442,646 444,087 Commerce 106,165 93,765 111,080 110,490 Education and humanities 6,183,644 6,020,339 6,016,531 5,558,814 Human resources 10,043,316 12,506,650 12,227,415 12,095,613 Justice 1,080,196 1,009,506 967,790 874,867 Natural resources and 195,068 170,095 181,889 182,296 Public protection and regulation 123,559 110,748 106,215 101,590 Delt Service: 7 72,6825 611,066 616,543 Principal retirement 739,455 726,825 611,066 616,543 Securities lending expense 9,710 9,359 4,792 2,421 Capital outly: 2 2 6,672 14,683 Capital outly: 2 33,333 353,165 477,916 Total Expenditures 27,272,144 26,311,607 26,041,251 25,645,003 Expendit		2 262 064	2 260 762	2 244 582	2 262 041
Commerce 106,165 93,765 111,080 110,490 Education and humanities 6,183,644 6,020,339 6,016,531 5,558,814 Human resources 13,043,316 12,009,616 12,227,415 12,009,613 Natural resources and 195,068 170,095 181,889 182,296 Public protection and regulation 129,569 110,748 106,215 101,590 Transportation 2,335,765 2,290,599 2,339,776 2,566,675 Debt Service: 2 2 2,421 6,672 14,683 Principal retirement 739,455 726,825 611,066 616,543 Other expenditures 9,710 9,359 4,792 2,421 Capital outlay: 289,598 338,373 353,165 477,916 Total Expenditures 2,120,876 1,922,969 2,120,376 1,922,969 Transfers in 2,213,843 2,263,303 2,120,376 1,922,969 Transfers out 2,006,424) (2,075,678) (1,912,607) (1,907,70		, ,	, ,		, , ,
Education and humanities 6,183,644 6,023,39 6,016,531 5,558,814 Human resources 10,43,316 12,506,850 12,227,415 120,056,613 Justice 1,088,196 1,009,506 967,790 874,867 Natural resources and 195,068 170,095 181,889 182,296 Public protection and regulation 129,569 110,748 106,215 101,590 Dati Service 739,455 726,825 611,066 616,543 Principal retirement 739,455 726,825 611,066 616,543 Securities lending expense 9,710 9,359 4,792 2,421 Capital outly: 289,598 338,373 353,165 477,916 Total Expenditures (180,675) (618,952) (996,897) (732,540) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 213,843 2,263,303 2,120,376 1,922,968 Transfers in 2,213,843 2,263,303 2,120,376 1,922,968 Transfers out (2,096,464) (2,075,678) (1,912,607)				,	
Human resources 13,043,316 12,026,650 12,227,415 12,005,613 Justico 1,088,196 1,009,506 967,790 874,867 Natural resources and environmental protection 195,068 170,995 181,889 182,296 Public protection and regulation 129,569 110,748 106,215 101,390 Transportation 2,395,765 2,290,599 2,339,776 2,566,672 Principal retirement 739,455 726,825 611,066 616,543 Interest and fiscal charges 300,631 336,657 2,421 Capital outlay: Socurities lending expense 9,710 9,359 4,792 2,421 Capital outlay: Buildings 289,598 338,373 353,165 477,916 Total Expenditures (180,675) (618,952) (996,897) (732,540) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 1 2,213,843 2,263,303 2,120,376 1,922,969 Transfers out 2,206,4644) (2,075,678) (1,912,607) (1,907,707) Capital balabaces		,		,	
Justice 1,089,196 1,099,506 967,790 874,867 Natural resources and public protection and regulation 195,088 170,995 181,889 182,296 Public protection and regulation 129,569 1230,776 2,566,675 Transportation 2,335,776 2,566,675 2,290,599 2,339,776 2,566,675 Debt Service: 7 726,825 611,066 616,543 Interest and fiscal charges 350,972 313,291 330,631 336,567 Contrasting sequences 9,710 9,359 4,792 2,421 Buildings 289,598 338,373 353,165 477,916 Total Expenditures 27,272,144 26,311,567 26,041,251 25,645,003 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues (2,096,464) (2,075,678) (1,912,607) (1,907,070) Gransfers in 2,213,843 2,263,303 2,120,376 1,922,969 Transfers in 2,132 17,311 1,861 2,634 New issues 80,354 644,402 513,545					
Natural resources and environmental protection 195.088 170.995 181.889 182.296 Public protection and regulation 129.569 110.748 106.215 101.590 Transportation 2,395.765 2,290.599 2,339.776 2,566.675 Debt Service: 739.455 726.825 611.066 616.543 Interest and fiscal charges 330.631 336.651 336.651 242.2 Capital outlay: 9,710 9.359 4,792 2,421 Buildings 289.598 338.373 353.165 477.916 Total Expenditures (180,675) (618.952) (996.897) (732.540) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in 2,213,843 2,263.303 2,120.376 1,922.969 Transfers out (2,096.464) (2,075.678) (1,912.607) (1,907.707) Capitalized leases 2,132 17.311 1,861 2,634 Susce of bonds: 80.354 644.402 513,545 266.262 New issues 80.354					
environmental protection 195 (568 170,995 181,889 182,296 Public protection and regulation 129,569 110,748 106,215 101,590 Transportation 2,335,765 2,290,599 2,333,776 2,566,672 Debt Service: 739,455 726,825 611,066 616,543 Interest and fiscal charges 330,671 330,631 336,567 Other expenditures (4,683) 6,242 6,672 14,663 Securities lending expense 9,710 9,359 4,792 2,421 Capital outlay: 326,041,251 225,645,603 225,645,603 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues (180,675) (618,952) (996,897) (732,540) over (under) Expenditures 2,138,43 2,263,303 2,210,376 1,922,669 Transfers out (2,096,464) (2,075,678) (1,912,607) (1,907,707) Capitalized leases 2,132 13,345 826,325 826,325 Refunding issues 6,556 301,786 56,689 988,677		1,069,190	1,009,500	907,790	074,007
Public protection and regulation 129,569 110,748 106,215 101,590 Transportation 2,395,765 2,290,599 2,339,776 2,566,675 Debt Service: 739,455 726,825 611,066 616,543 Interest and fiscal charges 330,631 336,657 14,683 6,242 6,672 14,683 Socurities lending expense 9,710 9,359 4,792 2,421 Capital outlay: 8uildings 289,598 338,373 353,165 477,916 Socurities lending expense 27,272,144 26,311,567 26,041,251 25,645,603 over (under) Expenditures (180,675) (618,952) (996,897) (732,540) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in 2,213,843 2,263,303 2,120,376 1,922,969 Transfers in 2,213,843 2,263,303 2,120,376 1,922,969 Transfers in 2,132 17,311 1,861 2,634 Suarce of bonds: 80,354 644,402 513,455 826,325 Re		105.068	170 005	181 880	182 206
Transportation 2,395,765 2,290,599 2,339,776 2,666,675 Debt Service: 739,455 726,825 611,066 616,543 Interest and fiscal charges 330,972 313,291 330,631 336,637 Other expenditures (4,683) 6,242 6,672 14,683 Securities lending expense 9,710 9,359 4,792 2,421 Capital outlay: 289,598 338,373 353,165 477,916 Total Expenditures (180,675) (618,952) (996,897) (732,540) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 1 2,213,843 2,263,303 2,120,376 1,922,969 Transfers in 2,213,843 2,263,303 2,120,376 1,922,969 Transfers out (2,096,464) (2,075,678) (1912,607) (1907,707) Capitalized leases 2,132 17,311 1,861 2,634 Issuance of bonds: 80,354 644,402 513,545 826,325 Refunding issues 6,556 301,786 56,689 988,677 Issuance of notes: 106,850 (1,161) (2,420)	•	,			
Debt Service: 739,455 726,825 611,066 616,543 Principal retirement 739,455 726,825 611,066 616,543 Other expenditures (4,683) 6,242 6,672 14,683 Securities lending expense (9,710 9,359 4,792 2,421 Capital outlay: 289,598 338,373 355,165 477,916 Total Expenditures 27,272,144 26,311,567 26,041,251 25,645,603 ever (under) Expenditures (180,675) (618,952) (996,897) (732,540) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers out (2,096,464) (2,075,678) (1,912,607) (1,907,707) Capital ealeases 2,132 17,311 1,861 2,634 Issuance of bonds: 0 0 26,644,02 513,545 826,323 213,241 2,610 2,634 Issuance of bonds: 0 0 1,922,969 112,180 36,078 231,610 2,634 Discourts 0,556 301,786 56,689 988,		2 305 765			
Principal retirement 739,455 726,825 611,066 616,643 Interest and fiscal charges 350,972 313,291 330,631 336,567 Other expenditures (4,683) 6,242 6,672 14,683 Securities lending expense 9,710 9,359 4,792 2,421 Buildings 289,598 338,373 553,165 477,916 Total Expenditures 27,272,144 26,311,567 26,041,251 25,645,603 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues 0ver (under) Expenditures (180,675) (618,952) (996,897) (732,540) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 7 2,213,843 2,263,303 2,120,376 1,922,969 Transfers in 2,213,843 2,263,303 2,120,376 1,922,969 1,922,969 Transfers out (2,096,464) (2,075,678) (1,912,607) (1,907,707) Capitalized leases 2,132 17,311 1,861 2,633 Issuance of bonds: 80,354 644,402 513,545 826,325 Refunding issues <td></td> <td>2,393,705</td> <td>2,290,399</td> <td>2,559,770</td> <td>2,500,075</td>		2,393,705	2,290,399	2,559,770	2,500,075
Interest and fiscal charges 350,972 313,291 330,631 336,667 Other expenditures (4,683) 6,242 6,672 14,683 Securities lending expense 9,710 9,359 4,792 2,421 Capital outlay: 9,710 9,359 4,792 2,421 Buildings 289,598 338,373 353,165 477,916 Total Expenditures 27,272,144 26,311,567 26,041,251 25,645,603 ever (under) Expenditures (180,675) (618,952) (996,897) (732,540) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers out 2,213,843 2,263,303 2,120,376 1,922,969 Transfers out (2,096,464) (2,075,678) (1,912,607) (1,907,707) Capitalized leases 2,132 17,311 1,861 2,634 Issuance of bonds: 0 313,545 826,325 826,325 New issues 6,556 301,766 56,689 988,677 Premiums (725) 112,180 36,078 231,610		730 /55	726 825	611.066	616 5/3
Other expenditures (4,683) 6,242 6,672 14,683 Securities lending expense 9,710 9,359 4,792 2,421 Sublidings 289,598 338,373 353,165 477,916 Total Expenditures 27,272,144 26,311,567 26,041,251 25,645,603 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues (180,675) (618,952) (1996,897) (732,540) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 22,213,843 2,263,303 2,120,376 1,922,969 Transfers in 2,213,843 2,263,303 2,120,376 1,922,969 Transfers out (2,096,464) (2,075,678) (1,912,607) (1,907,707) Capitalized leases 2,13 17,311 1,861 2,634 New issues 80,354 644,402 513,545 826,325 Refunding issues 6,556 301,786 56,689 988,677 Premiums (536) (1,161) (2,420) Certificates of participation (725) 112,180 36,078 231,610 <tr< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>- ,</td><td>,</td></tr<>				- ,	,
Securities lending expense 9,710 9,359 4,792 2,421 Capital outlay: 289,598 338,373 353,165 477,916 Total Expenditures 27,272,144 26,311,567 26,041,251 25,645,603 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures (180,675) (618,952) (996,897) (732,540) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 2,213,843 2,263,303 2,120,376 1,922,969 Transfers in 2,213,843 2,263,303 2,120,376 1,922,969 Transfers out (2,096,464) (2,075,678) (1,912,607) (1,907,707) Capitalized leases 2,13 2 17,311 1,861 2,634 Issuance of bonds: 0 0 0 0 0 0 New issues 80,354 644,402 513,545 826,325 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0					
Capital outlay: 289,598 338,373 353,165 477,916 Total Expenditures 27,272,144 26,311,567 26,041,251 25,645,603 excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures (180,675) (618,952) (996,897) (732,540) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in 2,213,843 2,263,303 2,120,376 1,922,969 Transfers out (2,096,464) (2,075,678) (1,912,607) (1,907,707) Capitalized leases 2,132 17,311 1,861 2,634 Issuance of bonds: 80,354 644,402 513,545 826,325 Refunding issues 6,556 301,786 56,689 988,677 Premiums (536) (1,161) (2,420) Issuance of notes: (536) (1,161) (2,420) New issues (183,998 957,047 764,287 1,052,622 Net Change in Fund Balances § 3,323 \$ 338,095 \$ (232,610) \$ 320,082 Debt service as a percentage of					
Buildings 289,598 338,373 353,165 477,916 Total Expenditures 27,272,144 26,311,567 26,041,251 25,645,603 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures (180,675) (618,952) (996,897) (732,540) Other Financing Sources (Uses) (2,096,464) (2,075,678) (1,912,607) (1,907,707) Capitalized leases 2,13,243 2,132 17,311 1,861 2,634 Issuance of bonds: 0 2,132 17,311 1,861 2,634 New issues 80,354 644,402 513,545 826,325 Refunding issues 6,556 301,786 56,689 988,677 Premiums (725) 112,180 36,078 231,610 Discounts (536) (1,161) (2,420) Permiums (21,162) (306,257) (50,494) (1,116,316) Issuance of notes: 106,850 106,850 106,850 New issues 106,850 106,850 105,2622 Net Change in Fund Ba	0 1	5,710	5,555	4,752	2,721
Total Expenditures 27,272,144 26,311,567 26,041,251 25,645,603 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures (180,675) (618,952) (996,897) (732,540) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in Transfers out 2,213,843 2,263,303 2,120,376 1,922,969 Issuance of bonds: 2,132 17,311 1,861 2,634 Issuance of bonds: 80,354 644,402 513,545 826,325 Refunding issues 6,556 301,786 56,689 988,677 Premiums (1,161) (2,420) 231,610 (1,161) (2,420) Certificates of participation (536) (1,161) (2,420) 231,610 (1,161) (2,420) Premiums (1,161) (2,162) (306,257) (50,494) (1,116,316) 106,850 Refunding issues 183,998 957,047 764,287 1,052,622 Net Change in Fund Balances \$ 3,323 \$ 338,095 \$ (232,610) \$ 320,082		289 598	338 373	353 165	477 916
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures (180,675) (618,952) (996,897) (732,540) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in 2,213,843 2,263,303 2,120,376 1,922,969 Transfers out (2,096,464) (2,075,678) (1,912,607) (1,907,707) Copitalized leases 2,132 17,311 1,861 2,634 Issuance of bonds: 80,354 644,402 513,545 826,325 New issues 6,556 301,786 56,689 998,677 Premiums (725) 112,180 36,078 231,610 Discounts (536) (1,161) (2,420) Certificates of participation 9 7 764,287 1,052,622 Premiums 183,998 957,047 764,287 1,052,622 Net Change in Fund Balances \$ 3,323 \$ 338,095 \$ (232,610) \$ 320,082 Debt service as a percentage of \$ 332,3 \$ 338,095 \$ (232,610) \$ 320,082	5				
over (under) Expenditures (180,675) (618,952) (996,897) (732,540) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in 2,213,843 2,263,303 2,120,376 1,922,969 Transfers out (2,096,464) (2,075,678) (1,912,607) (1,907,707) Capitalized leases 2,132 17,311 1,861 2,634 Issuance of bonds: New issues 80,354 644,402 513,545 826,325 Refunding issues 6,556 301,786 56,689 988,677 Premiums (725) 112,180 36,078 231,610 Issuance of notes: (536) (1,161) (2,420) Certificates of participation 112,180 36,078 231,610 Premiums Issuance of notes: 106,850 106,850 New issues 106,850 106,850 106,850 Refunding issues 106,850 106,850 106,850 Payments to refunded bond (21,162) (306,257) (50,494) (1,116,316) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		21,212,144	20,311,307	20,041,231	23,043,003
Other Financing Sources (Uses) 2,213,843 2,263,303 2,120,376 1,922,969 Transfers out (2,096,464) (2,075,678) (1,912,607) (1,907,707) Capitalized leases 2,132 17,311 1,861 2,634 Issuance of bonds: 0 0 0 0 0 New issues 80,354 644,402 513,545 826,325 826,325 Refunding issues 6,556 301,786 56,689 988,677 Premiums (725) 112,180 36,078 231,610 Discounts (536) (1,161) (2,420) Certificates of participation (536) (1,161) (2,420) Premiums Issuance of notes: 106,850 0 New issues 106,850 0 0 0 Refunding issues 106,850 0 0 0 0 Payments to refunded bond (21,162) (306,257) (50,494) (1,116,316) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 183,998 957,04		(190.675)	(619.052)	(006 807)	(722 540)
Transfers in 2,213,843 2,263,303 2,120,376 1,922,969 Transfers out (2,096,464) (2,075,678) (1,912,607) (1,907,707) Capitalized leases 2,132 17,311 1,861 2,634 Issuance of bonds: 80,354 644,402 513,545 826,325 Refunding issues 6,556 301,786 56,689 988,677 Premiums (725) 112,180 36,078 231,610 Discounts (536) (1,161) (2,420) Certificates of participation (536) (1,161) (2,420) Premiums (536) (1,161) (2,420) Issuance of notes: 94 988,677 106,850 New issues 106,850 106,850 106,850 Refunding issues 106,850 106,850 106,850 Payments to refunded bond (21,162) (306,257) (50,494) (1,116,316) otal Other Financing Sources (Uses) 183,998 957,047 764,287 1,052,622 Net Change in Fund Balances \$ 3,323 338,095 (232,610) \$ 320,082	over (under) Expenditures	(100,075)	(010,952)	(990,097)	(732,540)
Transfers out (2,096,464) (2,075,678) (1,912,607) (1,907,707) Capitalized leases 2,132 17,311 1,861 2,634 Issuance of bonds: 2,132 17,311 1,861 2,634 New issues 80,354 644,402 513,545 826,325 Refunding issues 6,556 301,786 56,689 988,677 Premiums (725) 112,180 36,078 231,610 Discounts (536) (1,161) (2,420) Certificates of participation (536) (1,161) (2,420) Premiums Issuance of notes: 106,850 106,850 New issues 231,610 24,200 106,850 Refunding issues 106,850 106,850 106,850 Payments to refunded bond 24,162 230,027 250,494) (1,116,316) escrow agent (21,162) (306,257) 764,287 1,052,622 Net Change in Fund Balances \$ 3,323 338,095 232,610) \$ 320,082 Debt service as a percentage of 232,082 106 1,052,622 100 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
Capitalized leases 2,132 17,311 1,861 2,634 Issuance of bonds: 80,354 644,402 513,545 826,325 Refunding issues 6,556 301,786 56,689 988,677 Premiums (725) 112,180 36,078 231,610 Discounts (536) (1,161) (2,420) Certificates of participation (536) (1,161) (2,420) Premiums Issuance of notes: 106,850 106,850 New issues 106,850 106,850 106,850 Refunding issues 106,850 106,850 106,850 Payments to refunded bond (21,162) (306,257) (50,494) (1,116,316) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 183,998 957,047 764,287 1,052,622 Net Change in Fund Balances \$ 3,323 338,095 \$ (232,610) \$ 320,082 Debt service as a percentage of 232,610 \$ 320,082 \$ 320,082		, ,	, ,		
Issuance of bonds: 80,354 644,402 513,545 826,325 Refunding issues 6,556 301,786 56,689 988,677 Premiums (725) 112,180 36,078 231,610 Discounts (536) (1,161) (2,420) Certificates of participation (536) (1,161) (2,420) Premiums Issuance of notes: 106,850 New issues 106,850 106,850 Payments to refunded bond (21,162) (306,257) (50,494) (1,116,316) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 183,998 957,047 764,287 1,052,622 Net Change in Fund Balances \$ 3,323 338,095 (232,610) \$ 320,082 Debt service as a percentage of 5 3,323 338,095 \$ (232,610) \$ 320,082					
New issues 80,354 644,402 513,545 826,325 Refunding issues 6,556 301,786 56,689 988,677 Premiums (725) 112,180 36,078 231,610 Discounts (536) (1,161) (2,420) Certificates of participation (536) (1,161) (2,420) Premiums Issuance of notes: 106,850 106,850 New issues 106,850 106,850 106,850 Payments to refunded bond escrow agent (21,162) (306,257) (50,494) (1,116,316) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 183,998 957,047 764,287 1,052,622 Net Change in Fund Balances \$ 3,323 \$ 338,095 \$ (232,610) \$ 320,082 Debt service as a percentage of 1 5 320,082 1 1	•	2,132	17,311	1,861	2,634
Refunding issues 6,556 301,786 56,689 988,677 Premiums (725) 112,180 36,078 231,610 Discounts (536) (1,161) (2,420) Certificates of participation Premiums 106,850 Premiums 106,850 106,850 Refunding issues 106,850 Payments to refunded bond (21,162) (306,257) (50,494) (1,116,316) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 183,998 957,047 764,287 1,052,622 Net Change in Fund Balances \$ 3,323 338,095 \$ (232,610) \$ 320,082 Debt service as a percentage of 320,082				- / / -	
Premiums (725) 112,180 36,078 231,610 Discounts (536) (1,161) (2,420) Certificates of participation Premiums 106,850 Premiums 106,850 106,850 Refunding issues 106,850 Payments to refunded bond (21,162) (306,257) (50,494) (1,116,316) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 183,998 957,047 764,287 1,052,622 Net Change in Fund Balances \$ 3,323 \$ 338,095 \$ (232,610) \$ 320,082 Debt service as a percentage of Estimate of the service as a percentage of Estimate of the service as a percentage of 106,850					,
Discounts(536)(1,161)(2,420)Certificates of participation Premiums Issuance of notes: New issues Refunding issues106,850Payments to refunded bond escrow agent(21,162)(306,257)(50,494)(1,116,316)Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)183,998957,047764,2871,052,622Net Change in Fund Balances\$ 3,323\$ 338,095\$ (232,610)\$ 320,082Debt service as a percentage of </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>,</td> <td></td>				,	
Certificates of participation Premiums Issuance of notes: New issues 106,850 Refunding issues Payments to refunded bond escrow agent (21,162) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 183,998 957,047 764,287 1,052,622 Net Change in Fund Balances \$ 3,323 \$ 3,323 \$ 338,095 Debt service as a percentage of			112,180		
Premiums Issuance of notes: 106,850 New issues 106,850 Refunding issues 106,850 Payments to refunded bond (21,162) (306,257) (50,494) (1,116,316) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 183,998 957,047 764,287 1,052,622 Net Change in Fund Balances \$ 3,323 \$ 338,095 \$ (232,610) \$ 320,082 Debt service as a percentage of		(536)		(1,161)	(2,420)
Issuance of notes: New issues 106,850 Refunding issues Payments to refunded bond (21,162) (306,257) (50,494) (1,116,316) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 183,998 957,047 764,287 1,052,622 Net Change in Fund Balances \$ 3,323 \$ 338,095 \$ (232,610) \$ 320,082 Debt service as a percentage of					
New issues Refunding issues 106,850 Payments to refunded bond escrow agent (21,162) (306,257) (50,494) (1,116,316) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 183,998 957,047 764,287 1,052,622 Net Change in Fund Balances \$ 3,323 \$ 338,095 \$ (232,610) \$ 320,082 Debt service as a percentage of					
Refunding issues Payments to refunded bond escrow agent (21,162) (306,257) (50,494) (1,116,316) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 183,998 957,047 764,287 1,052,622 Net Change in Fund Balances \$ 3,323 \$ 338,095 \$ (232,610) \$ 320,082 Debt service as a percentage of					100.050
Payments to refunded bond (21,162) (306,257) (50,494) (1,116,316) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 183,998 957,047 764,287 1,052,622 Net Change in Fund Balances \$ 3,323 \$ 338,095 \$ (232,610) \$ 320,082 Debt service as a percentage of					106,850
escrow agent (21,162) (306,257) (50,494) (1,116,316) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 183,998 957,047 764,287 1,052,622 Net Change in Fund Balances \$ 3,323 \$ 338,095 \$ (232,610) \$ 320,082 Debt service as a percentage of					
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 183,998 957,047 764,287 1,052,622 Net Change in Fund Balances \$ 3,323 \$ 338,095 \$ (232,610) \$ 320,082 Debt service as a percentage of \$ 3,323 \$ 338,095 \$ (232,610) \$ 320,082		(04.400)	(000.057)	(50.404)	(4 440 0 10)
Net Change in Fund Balances \$ 3,323 \$ 338,095 \$ (232,610) \$ 320,082 Debt service as a percentage of ••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••					
Debt service as a percentage of	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	183,998	957,047	764,287	1,052,622
	Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 3,323	\$ 338,095	\$ (232,610)	\$ 320,082
noncapital expenditures <u>4.05%</u> <u>3.94%</u> <u>3.71%</u> <u>3.71%</u>	1 0				· · ·
	noncapital expenditures	4.05%	3.94%	3.71%	3.71%

Note: Information is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
\$ 11,492,919	\$ 10,954,839	\$ 10,813,909	\$ 10,403,782	\$ 10,113,502	\$ 9,366,17
386,757	350,454	337,431	339,642	330,263	330,38
10,135,711	9,008,083	7.143.403	7,098,675	8,016,458	8,381,54
1,173,174	1,276,821	1,175,388	1,117,177		803,96
				911,202	
64,755 30,590	69,531 26,785	80,227 13,403	80,132 30,822	82,856 29,092	86,98 45,21
50,590	20,705	13,403	50,022	29,092	45,21
(13,544)	(9,410)	(7,661)	(18,705)	795	(15
2,664	2,696	4,198	3,121	1,966	1,71
520,001	627,647	678,358	562,394	822,936	492,50
23,793,027	22,307,446	20,238,656	19,617,040	20,309,070	19,508,33
2,107,483	2,067,170	2,282,198	2,390,204	2,302,228	2,592,28
437,109	419,461	406,800	409,685	392,791	378,47
98,826	97,811	92,312	112,139	86,506	92,43
5,347,187	5,317,501	5,384,681	5,322,439	6,125,603	5,104,04
11,437,873	10,399,966	7,963,372	7,984,895	8,088,667	8,124,83
839,455	804,747	825,194	802,108	789,602	782,44
186,641	185,547	201.049	212 202	200 800	102.1
,	,	201,048	213,283	200,899	193,11
103,448 2,661,224	92,600 2,566,382	158,617 2,263,175	157,846 2,109,125	163,438 1,959,030	115,85 2,014,49
2,001,224	2,000,002	2,200,170	2,109,125	1,939,030	2,014,48
571,281	547,610	534,078	306,504	308,484	386,2
352,558	355,438	354,688	367,966	351,539	306,1
20,431	9,858	12,763	55,983	8,002	27,33
1,190	1,058	2,362	1,593	1,163	90
231,483	203,514	330,795	253,894	466,335	609,30
24,396,189	23,068,663	20,812,083	20,487,664	21,244,287	20,727,90
(603,162)	(761,217)	(573,427)	(870,624)	(935,217)	(1,219,57
2,058,253	2,021,428	1,810,448	1,539,696	1,852,945	1,955,23
(2,009,118)	(2,013,769)	(1,833,096)	(1,530,423)	(1,675,200)	(1,776,17
17,070	27	10,007	9,546	6,864	10,18
222,922	256,887	221,310	419,700	472,123	873,32
373,712	141,631	127,644	527,118	240,590	347,83
76,777	80,769	27,295	74,049	34,035	37,44
(972) 68,575 1,621	(689)	(408)	(927)	(2,022)	(2,6
	383,000 39,765	163,290	82,717	737,370	89,71
(409,405)	(189,883)	(127,035)	(455,473)	(233,642)	(186,60
399,435	719,166	399,455	666,003	1,433,063	1,358,25
(2002 707)	¢ (40.054)	¢ (172.072)	¢ (204.624)		
\$ (203,727)	<u>\$ (42,051)</u>	<u>\$ (173,972)</u>	\$ (204,621)	<u>\$ 497,846</u>	<u>\$ 138,67</u>

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY NET POSITION BY COMPONENT FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Expressed in Thousands)

	2019	2018	2017	2016
Governmental Activities: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted Total Governmental	\$ 23,433,11 1,487,31 (40,050,21	3 1,208,350	\$ 22,688,638 954,449 (40,157,358)	\$ 21,955,878 847,543 (37,867,160)
Activities Net Position	(15,129,78	4) (17,694,588)	(16,514,271)	(15,063,739)
Business-Type Activities: Invested in Capital Assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted Total Business-Type Activities Net Position	261,10 779,73 (133,39 907,44	6 688,144 6) (116,858)	287,610 562,392 (100,405) 749,597	293,958 369,431 (190,882) 472,507
Primary Government: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted Total Primary Government Net Position	23,694,22 2,267,04 (40,183,61) \$ (14,222,33	9 1,896,494 2) (42,374,108)	22,976,248 1,516,841 (40,257,763) \$ (15,764,674)	22,249,836 1,216,974 (38,058,042) \$ (14,591,232)

NOTE: This schedule is presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

 2015	 2014	 2013	 2012	 2011	 2010
\$ 21,288,572 984,229 (36,414,312)	\$ 20,986,040 1,099,649 (11,812,580)	\$ 20,195,976 1,167,435 (10,315,863)	\$ 19,616,044 1,480,299 (9,731,379)	\$ 19,153,511 1,286,431 (8,071,118)	\$ 18,418,874 1,206,293 (6,803,987)
 (14,141,511)	 10,273,109	 11,047,548	 11,364,964	 12,368,824	 12,821,180
 303,571 212,629 (403,957)	315,131 63,847 (594,125)	 328,382 913 (876,277)	 334,611 729 (1,014,186)	350,505 326 (1,199,294)	 341,172 9,646 (1,151,091)
 112,243	 (215,147)	 (546,982)	 (678,846)	 (848,463)	 (800,273)
 21,592,143 1,196,858 (36,818,269)	 21,301,171 1,163,496 (12,406,705)	 20,524,358 1,168,348 (11,192,140)	 19,950,655 1,481,028 (10,745,565)	 19,504,016 1,286,757 (9,270,412)	 18,760,046 1,215,939 (7,955,078)
\$ (14,029,268)	\$ 10,057,962	\$ 10,500,566	\$ 10,686,118	\$ 11,520,361	\$ 12,020,907

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY GOVERNMENT-WIDE EXPENSES, PROGRAM REVENUES, AND NET (EXPENSE)/REVENUE FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Expressed in Thousands)

		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
Function/Program Revenues										
Primary Government:										
Governmental Activities: Charges for Services:										
General government	\$	770,183	\$	799,460	\$	805,329	\$	818,313	\$	626,337
Legislative and judicial	Ŧ	46.607	÷	27,852	Ŷ	28,079	Ŧ	27,802	Ŧ	25.866
Commerce		83,983		73,820		52,894		51,991		58,617
Education and humanities		53,789		59,137		58,831		59,712		64,776
Human Resources		199,566		221,671		166,820		208,967		164,793
Justice		28,603		27,348		26,185		30,880		22,755
Natural resources and										
environmental protection		44,249		40,587		38,673		41,941		17,014
Public protection and regulation		97,604		93,860		92,734		92,908		87,134
Transportation		313,715		297,202		283,545		288,126		299,446
Operating Grants and Contributions Capital Grants and Contributions		10,704,976		10,211,396 825,730		9,956,021		9,956,639		9,270,753 865,320
Total Governmental Activities		<u>914,965</u> 13,258,240		12,678,063		837,491 12,346,602		872,127 12,449,406		11,502,811
Total Governmental Activities		13,230,240		12,070,003		12,340,002		12,449,400		11,502,611
Business-Type Activities:										
Charges for Services:										
State Parks		52,503		53,320		52,526		51,424		47,931
Kentucky Lottery Corporation		44.400		0 5 40		10.110		10.000		10 107
Kentucky Horse Park		11,488		9,542		12,416		12,930		12,407
Insurance Administration		118,189		116,676		125,299		130,825		124,106
Kentucky Public Employees' Health Plan		1,822,296		1,795,381		1,759,562		1,739,913		1,712,136
Unemployment Compensation Operating Grants and Contributions		359,080 13,106		395,464		545,335		598,144 954		743,369
Capital Grants and Contributions		13,100		9,946		5,578		954		149
Total Business-Type Activities		2,376,662		2,380,329		2,500,716		2,534,190		2,640,098
51	¢		*		*		¢	, ,	¢	14,142,909
Total Primary Government	Þ	15,634,902	þ	15,058,392	þ	14,847,318	þ	14,983,596	þ	14, 142,909
Expenses										
Primary Government:										
Governmental Activities:										
General government	\$	363,782	\$	3,112,212	\$	2,771,326	\$	4,544,453	\$	2,557,827
Legislative and judicial		468,775		489,661		489,343		446,233		433,354
Commerce		152,031		151,184		299,840		122,430		110,041
Education and humanities		6,213,059		7,138,207		7,328,124		4,970,560		5,822,980
Human Resources		12,938,155		12,488,174		11,988,867		12,088,721		11,098,078
Justice		1,426,465		1,360,214		1,216,143		1,006,195		952,071
Natural resources and		229,066		000.040		101 666		100.010		100 522
environmental protection		229,066		232,219 148,967		191,666 150,344		190,919 97,921		190,532 107,258
Public protection and regulation Transportation		1,932,570		1,864,030		1,674,300		1.602.621		1,819,570
Interest expense		287,577		306,124		210,456		372,787		341,922
Total Governmental Activities		24,166,791		27,290,992		26,320,409		25,442,840		23,433,633
Total Oovernimental Activities		24,100,731		21,230,332		20,320,403		20,442,040		20,400,000
Business-Type Activities:										
State Parks		140,307		153,913		124,685		113,679		110,220
Kentucky Lottery Corporation										
Kentucky Horse Park		19,538		20,310		21,143		21,049		19,278
Insurance Administration		(6,593)		(85,034)		39,370		189,476		116,723
Kentucky Public Employees' Health Plan		1,812,826		1,614,792		1,510,884		1,498,925		1,420,292
Unemployment Compensation		288,755		282,583		345,909		343,857		340,223
Total Business-Type Activities	<u>_</u>	2,254,833	*	1,986,564	*	2,041,991	<u>_</u>	2,166,986	*	2,006,736
Total Primary Government	\$	26,421,624	\$	29,277,556	\$	28,362,400	\$	27,609,826	\$	25,440,369
Net (Expense)/Revenue										
Governmental Activities	\$	(10,908,551)	\$	(14,612,929)	\$	(13,973,807)	\$	(12,993,434)	\$	(11,930,822)
								007 004		000 000
Business-Type Activities		<u>121,829</u> (10,786,722)	\$	<u>393,765</u> (14,219,164)	\$	<u>458,725</u> (13,515,082)	\$	367,204 (12,626,230)	\$	<u>633,362</u> (11,297,460)

	2014		2013		2012		2011		2010
\$	699,518	\$	681,819	\$	668,709	\$	438,993	\$	384,050
Ŷ	25,584	÷	25,676	÷	21,750	Ŧ	21,177	Ŷ	20,226
	44,538		41,337		53,375		36,774		40,657
	43,192		67,290		66,246		78,996		55,926
	230,057		.,		16,593		484,958		103,025
	23,434		27,369		21,500		22,121		21,641
	45,334		308,890		12,451		43,338		41,123
	83,516		93,172		92,806		83,816		73,066
	269,701		238,296		249,231		218,846		230,918
	8,211,316 801,353		6,294,292 806,675		6,381,991 836,370		7,071,327 697,927		7,621,275 773,661
	10,477,543		8,584,816		8,421,022		9,198,273		9,365,568
	10,477,040		0,004,010		0,421,022		3,130,275		0,000,000
	49,016		48,774		50,064		49,437		50,802
	43,010		40,774		50,004		772,349		772,497
	10,679		9,981		9,161		7,798		6,880
	113,248		112,177		122,962		110,829		121,445
	1,692,801		1,680,011		1,681,642		1,752,908		1,548,458
	561,692		532,298		521,893		471,876		1,556,290
	174,235		408,125		705,465		953,112		3,849
	378		155		1,032		2,326		
	2,602,049	<u> </u>	2,791,521	-	3,092,219	-	4,120,635	-	4,060,221
\$	13,079,592	\$	11,376,337	\$	11,513,241	\$	13,318,908	\$	13,425,789
\$	2,840,370	\$	3,333,535	\$	3,002,882	\$	3,212,093	\$	4,377,373
	420,929		406,949		411,579		400,786		376,743
	112,067		112,296		132,078		113,156		124,263
	5,539,119		5,214,551		5,818,383		6,036,864		5,148,482
	10,000,356		7,618,717		7,623,348		7,652,130		7,725,161
	933,126		936,118		923,628		887,611		876,065
	192,059		229,245		221,822		198,067		192,518
	00 700				450 755				113,558
	92,798		160,071		156,755		164,052		4 475 040
	2,127,851		160,071 1,720,513		1,496,753		1,340,012		
	2,127,851 355,842		160,071 1,720,513 369,773		1,496,753 403,534		1,340,012 377,725		332,639
	2,127,851		160,071 1,720,513		1,496,753		1,340,012		332,639
	2,127,851 355,842	_	160,071 1,720,513 369,773		1,496,753 403,534		1,340,012 377,725 20,382,496 92,777		<u>332,639</u> 20,442,012 101,861
	2,127,851 355,842 22,614,517 96,587		160,071 1,720,513 <u>369,773</u> 20,101,768 92,724		1,496,753 403,534 20,190,762 93,925	_	1,340,012 377,725 20,382,496 92,777 566,117		332,639 20,442,012 101,861 568,183
	2,127,851 355,842 22,614,517 96,587 19,511		160,071 1,720,513 369,773 20,101,768 92,724 15,856		1,496,753 403,534 20,190,762 93,925 13,970		1,340,012 377,725 20,382,496 92,777 566,117 14,804		332,639 20,442,012 101,861 568,183 13,521
	2,127,851 355,842 22,614,517 96,587	_	160,071 1,720,513 369,773 20,101,768 92,724 15,856 93,876		1,496,753 403,534 20,190,762 93,925 13,970 38,081		1,340,012 377,725 20,382,496 92,777 566,117 14,804 232,100		<u>332,639</u> 20,442,012 101,861 568,183 13,521 107,286
	2,127,851 355,842 22,614,517 96,587 19,511 86,063	_	160,071 1,720,513 369,773 20,101,768 92,724 15,856		1,496,753 403,534 20,190,762 93,925 13,970		1,340,012 377,725 20,382,496 92,777 566,117 14,804		332,639 20,442,012 101,861 568,183 13,521 107,286 1,497,656
	2,127,851 355,842 22,614,517 96,587 19,511 86,063 1,642,048	_	160,071 1,720,513 369,773 20,101,768 92,724 15,856 93,876 1,677,143	_	1,496,753 403,534 20,190,762 93,925 13,970 38,081 1,687,322		1,340,012 377,725 20,382,496 92,777 566,117 14,804 232,100 1,624,444	_	332,639 20,442,012 101,861 568,183 13,521 107,286 1,497,656 1,958,414
\$	2,127,851 355,842 22,614,517 96,587 19,511 86,063 1,642,048 1,092,231	\$	160,071 1,720,513 <u>369,773</u> 20,101,768 92,724 15,856 93,876 1,677,143 1,287,408	\$	1,496,753 403,534 20,190,762 93,925 13,970 38,081 1,687,322 1,193,572	\$	1,340,012 377,725 20,382,496 92,777 566,117 14,804 232,100 1,624,444 1,521,994	\$	1,175,210 332,639 20,442,012 101,861 568,183 13,521 107,286 1,497,656 1,958,414 4,246,921 24,688,933
	2,127,851 355,842 22,614,517 96,587 19,511 86,063 1,642,048 1,092,231 2,936,440 25,550,957		160,071 1,720,513 369,773 20,101,768 92,724 15,856 93,876 1,677,143 1,287,408 3,167,007 23,268,775		1,496,753 403,534 20,190,762 93,925 13,970 38,081 1,687,322 1,193,572 3,026,870 23,217,632		1,340,012 377,725 20,382,496 92,777 566,117 14,804 232,100 1,624,444 1,521,994 4,052,236 24,434,732		332,639 20,442,012 101,861 568,183 13,521 107,286 1,497,656 1,958,414 4,246,921 24,688,933
<u>\$</u> \$	2,127,851 355,842 22,614,517 96,587 19,511 86,063 1,642,048 1,092,231 2,936,440	\$	160,071 1,720,513 369,773 20,101,768 92,724 15,856 93,876 1,677,143 1,287,408 3,167,007	<u> </u>	1,496,753 403,534 20,190,762 93,925 13,970 38,081 1,687,322 1,193,572 3,026,870	<u> </u>	1,340,012 377,725 20,382,496 92,777 566,117 14,804 232,100 1,624,444 1,521,994 4,052,236	\$	332,639 20,442,012 101,861 568,183 13,521 107,256 1,497,656 1,958,414 4,246,921

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY GOVERNMENT-WIDE EXPENSES, PROGRAM REVENUES, AND NET (EXPENSE)/REVENUE FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Expressed in Thousands)

		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
eneral Revenues and other Changes in Net Position Sovernmental Activities:						2011				2010
axes:										
Sales and gross receipt	\$	6,543,315	\$	6,062,029	\$	5,905,042	\$	5,787,853	\$	5,714,300
Individual income		4,561,557		4,604,710		4,405,457		4,311,015		4,064,705
Corporate income		580,131		500,315		458,227		490,033		540,132
Property		648,739		628,810		596,752		584,823		570,998
License and privilege		54,022		38,001		29,310		39,563		13,742
Severance		149,852		142,095		145,487		156,245		235,068
Inheritance and estate		42,903		50,093		45,827		48,789		52,616
Miscellaneous taxes		194,494		208,344		202,836		196,941		190,700
Inrestricted grants and contributions		12,221		9,798		11,449		10,403		10,348
Inrestricted investment earnings								1,650		4,264
Sain on sale of capital assets		22,007		16,562		8,318		7,689		7,259
liscellaneous general		548,567		505,243		522,299		403,065		413,140
ransfers				271.843		192,425		41,497		108,470
Total General Revenues and Transfers		13,357,808		13.037.843		12,523,429		12.079.566		11.925.742
Change in Net Position		2,563,819		(1,575,086)		(1,450,378)		(913,868)		(5,080)
let Position at July 1, as Restated		(17,693,603)		(16,119,502)		(15,063,893)		(14,149,871)		(14,136,431)
let Position at June 30	\$	(15,129,784)	\$	(17,694,588)	\$	(16,514,271)	\$	(15,063,739)	\$	(14,141,511)
usiness-Type Activities:										
Unrestricted grants and contributions	\$		\$		\$	5.534	\$		\$	
Unrestricted investment earnings	Ψ	54.938	Ψ	20.086	Ψ	(1,329)	Ψ	29.381	Ψ	14.971
Gain on sale of capital assets		54,550		20,000		(1,020)		25,501		14,571
Miscellaneous general		1.751		6.943		6.075		5.176		5.693
Transfers		(115,891)		(271,848)		(192,425)		(41,497)		(108,470)
Total General Revenues and Transfers		· · /				<u>, , ,</u>				()
		(59,202)		(244,819)		(182,145)		(6,940)		(87,806)
Change in Net Position		62,627		148,946		276,580		360,264		545,556
let Position at July 1, as Restated		844,822	-	696,861		473,017	-	112,243		(433,313)
let Position at June 30	\$	907,449	\$	845,807	\$	749,597	\$	472,507	\$	112,243
hange in Net Position										
overnmental Activities	\$	2,563,819	\$	(1,575,086)	\$	(1,450,378)	\$	(913,868)	\$	(5,080)
usiness-Type Activities		62,627		148,946		276,580		360,264		545,556
otal Primary Government Changes									-	
Net Position	•	2.626.446	•	(1.426.140)		(1.173.798)		(553,604)	•	540,476

NOTE: This schedule is presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

	2014		2013		2012		2011		2010
5	5,575,312	\$	5,292,465	\$	5,505,336	\$	5,152,345	\$	4,880,831
	3,752,868		3,748,008		3,474,027		3,451,268		3,125,824
	456,601		423,093		370,485		317,578		235,654
	553,339		556,986		534,189		509,961		504,189
	21,170		21,091		26,792		29,690		29,198
	251,231		461,866		170,980		366,633		325,077
	51,513		20,503		68,119		45,144		38,058
	184,605		203,467		148,305		168,847		152,016
	12,663		16,332		14,640		14,071		9,365
	(37)		2,179		(21,439)		7,146		9,531
	10,969		8,885		10,363		9,727		22,682
	496,504		544,186		493,133		444,309		388,144
	(4,214)		(22,093)		(12,293)		206,078		172,007
	11,362,524		11,276,968		10,782,637		10,722,797		9,892,576
	(774,450)		(239,984)		(987,103)		(461,426)		(1,183,868
	11,047,559	_	11,287,532	-	12,352,067		12,830,250	-	14,005,048
_	10,273,109	\$	11,047,548	\$	11,364,964	\$	12,368,824	\$	12,821,180
5		\$		\$		\$	208	\$	
	13,546		(16,154)				56,203		47,657
	32				55,123		597		1,844
	648,434		501,411				21,902		35,792
	4,214		22,093				(206,078)		(172,007
	666,226		507,350		55,123		(127,168)		(86,714
	331.835		131,864		192,756		(58,769)		(273,414
			(678,846)		(871,602)		(789,694)		(526,859
						\$	(848,463)	\$	(800,273
	(546,982) (215,147)	\$	(546,982)	\$	(678.846)				
\$	(546,982)	\$		\$	(678,846)	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	(000,270
<u>\$</u> \$	(546,982)	<u> </u>			(678,846)		(461,426)		(1,183,868
14 14	(546,982) (215,147)	<u>\$</u> \$	(546,982)	<u>\$</u>		\$	(461,426) (58,769)	\$	

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY PERSONAL INCOME TAX INFORMATION CALENDAR YEARS 2008 and 2017

Personal Income Tax Filers and Liability by Income Level (C)

	Calendar Year 2017										
Ky Federal AGI (from Ky Form 740) Income Level	Number of Filers	Percentage of Total	Pers	onal Income Tax Liability	Percentage of Total						
Resident Taxpayer											
Less than \$25,001	679,697	37.75%	\$	126,601,727	3.13%						
\$25,001-\$50,000	450,899	25.05%		591,973,790	14.64%						
\$50,001-\$100,000	415,804	23.10%		1,084,765,847	26.82%						
\$100,001-\$200,000	199,436	11.07%		1,058,966,332	26.19%						
\$200,001-\$500,000	44,957	2.50%		607,727,128	15.03%						
Greater than \$500,000	9,562	0.53%		573,934,537	14.19%						
Total Resident	1,800,355	100.00%		4,043,969,361	100.00%						
Non-Resident Taxpayer											
Less than \$25,001	59,266	32.60%		7,011,862	3.15%						
\$25,001-\$50,000	34,736	19.10%		17,886,532	8.03%						
\$50,001-\$100,000	34,941	19.22%		32,245,157	14.47%						
\$100,001-\$200,000	23,527	12.94%		36,046,490	16.18%						
\$200,001-\$500,000	14,575	8.01%		35,201,825	15.80%						
Greater than \$500,000	14,777	8.13%		94,400,496	42.37%						
Total Non-Resident	181,822	100.00%		222,792,362	100.00%						
Totals	1,982,177		\$	4,266,761,723							

Personal Income Tax Rates Tax Years 2008 - 2017

Tax Rate Income Bracket	<u>2%</u> \$0-3,000	<u>3%</u> \$3,001-4,000	<u>4%</u> \$4,001-5,000	<u>5%</u> \$5,001-8,000
	2017		2008	
Personal Income Tax Revenue Personal Income Average Effective Rate	\$ 4,266,761,723 124,551,000,000 2.9%	(A) (B)	\$ 3,330,317,552 101,288,250,000 3.0%	

Source of Tax Information:

(A) Kentucky Department of Revenue

(B) See Schedule of Personal Income

(C) This information is presented on a cash basis.

Percentage of Tota	sonal Income Tax Liability	Pe	Percentage of Total	Number of Filers
7.35	232,408,458	\$	43.92%	761,355
17.10	540,503,162		24.51%	424,732
31.79	1,004,755,017		22.34%	387,313
21.46	678,208,736		7.41%	128,450
11.06	349,569,002		1.48%	25,578
11.23	355,036,647		0.34%	5,934
100.00	3,160,481,022		100.00%	1,733,362
7.09	12,042,116		36.08%	47,981
7.16	12,151,840		17.54%	23,333
13.17	22,361,246		19.11%	25,424
14.07	23,895,478		12.06%	16,045
12.80	21,738,606		7.32%	9,737
45.71	77,647,244		7.89%	10,501
100.00	169,836,530		100.01%	133,021

5.8% \$8,001 -75,000 6.0% \$75,001 and Up



COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY FOR CALENDAR YEARS 2009-2018 (Expressed in Thousands, Except Ratio Data)

	 Real Pr	oper	ty	Persona	l Pro		То	tals		Ratio of Total Assessed to Total
For the Year Ended December 31	 Assessed Value		Estimated Actual Value	 Assessed Value		Estimated Actual Value	 Assessed Value		Estimated Actual Value	Estimated Actual Value
2009 2010 2011 2012 2013	\$ 226,213,765 226,833,829 229,344,568 232,286,735 233,534,113	\$	240,652,941 241,312,584 243,983,583 247,113,548 248,440,546	\$ 160,898,648 169,307,231 169,933,206 176,724,331 173,138,368	\$	160,898,648 169,307,231 169,933,206 176,724,331 173,138,368	\$ 387,112,413 396,141,060 399,277,774 409,011,066 406,672,481	\$	401,551,589 410,619,815 413,916,789 423,837,879 421,578,914	96.4% 96.5% 96.5% 96.5% 96.5%
2014 2015 2016 2017 2018	237,120,455 243,570,236 251,467,439 260,311,049 268,267,507		252,255,803 259,117,272 267,518,552 276,926,647 285,390,965	174,481,430 182,300,234 189,581,582 195,483,003 202,736,591		174,481,430 182,300,234 189,581,582 195,483,003 202,736,591	411,601,885 425,870,470 441,049,021 455,794,052 471,004,098		426,737,233 441,417,506 457,100,134 472,409,650 488,127,556	96.5% 96.5% 96.5% 96.5% 96.5%

SOURCE: Kentucky Department of Revenue

NOTE: Assessed values are established through the utilization of an annual ad valorem tax based on the fair value of property.

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS FOR CALENDAR YEARS 2009-2018 (Expressed in Thousands, Except Percentages)

For the Year Ended June 30	Total Levied	Current Tax Collections	P	ercent of Levy Collected	D	elinquent Tax Collections	Total Tax Collections	Percent of Total Tax Collections to Tax Levy	Weighted Average State Rate **
2009	\$ 530,822	\$ 491,218	\$	92.5%	\$	24,952	\$ 516,170	97.2%	64.26
2010	536,828	486,675		90.7%		28,141	514,816	95.9%	65.35
2011	545,501	512,879		94.0%		16,688	529,567	97.1%	66.27
2012	561,041	531,406		94.7%		26,972	558,378	99.5%	66.01
2013	566,500	541,152		95.5%		21,277	562,429	99.3%	64.98
2014	575,958	547,198		95.0%		16,237	563,435	97.8%	64.37
2015	600,161	565,557		94.2%		11,991	577,548	96.2%	64.32
2016	624,237	586,129		93.9%		15,966	602,095	96.5%	65.71
2017	641,169	604,986		94.4%		16,274	621,260	96.9%	64.10
2018	654,251	626,911		95.8%		20,098	647,009	98.9%	63.95

SOURCE: Kentucky Department of Revenue NOTE: Property taxes are assessed as of

Property taxes are assessed as of January 1 of each year in one of two ways: 1) by the 120 Property Valuation Administrators within the State, or 2) by the Revenue Cabinet. The tax rates are set by the various taxing jurisdictions and applied to the particular assessment. Tax bills are delivered by September 15 of each year. Also, the "Total Tax Levy" in this table has been re-specified for the years shown to adjust for the fact that the receipts for motor vehicles involve two different assessment years.

* Delinquent tax collections in excess of the current year levy have been allocated to prior years.

** The weighted average state rate includes state and local rates and are expressed in cents per \$100 of assessed value.

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Expressed in Thousands, Except Ratio Data)

	2019	2018	2017	2016
Governmental Activities Debt Revenue Bonds (2) Unamortized premiums (2) (3) Unamortized discounts (2) (3) Notes (2) Capital Leases (2) Certificate of Participation (2) (4) KWIC (2) (5) Total Government Activities Debt	\$ 5,820,641 473,786 (8,078) 835,109 82,647 175,735 304,488 7,684,328	\$ 6,310,244 526,979 (8,401) 1,008,140 51,002 176,940 297,016 8,361,920	\$ 6,276,003 513,879 (9,492) 1,196,130 46,256 67,425 283,870 8,374,071	\$ 6,227,678 534,099 (10,330) 1,399,140 58,064 68,575 267,494 8,544,720
Business-Type Activities Debt Notes (2)				
Capital Leases (2)	21,766	23,881	10,219	7,730
Total Business-Type Activities Debt	21,766	23,881	10,219	7,730
Total Primary Government Debt	\$ 7,706,094	\$ 8,385,801	\$ 8,384,290	\$ 8,552,450
Total Debt Ratios				
Ratio of Total Debt to Personal Income	5.96%	6.73%	7.00%	7.15%
Total Debt Per Capita (1)	<u>\$ 1,724.57</u>	<u>\$ 1,882.68</u>	<u>\$ 1,889.64</u>	<u>\$ 1,932.50</u>
Net Bonded Debt				
Net General Bonded Debt	\$ 6,286,349	\$ 6,828,822	\$ 6,780,390	\$ 6,751,447
Less: Debt Service Funds Net Bonded Debt	156,295 \$ 6,130,054	175,892 \$ 6,652,930	140,670 \$ 6,639,720	136,673 \$ 6,614,774
Net Bonded Debt Ratios Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to				
Governmental Funds Revenues	22.63%	25.92%	29.76%	26.55%
Net Bonded Debt Per Capita (1)	\$ 1,371.87	\$ 1,493.63	\$ 1,496.45	\$ 1,494.66

(1) Per Capita calculations are based on the population figures for the prior year. (See Demographics Schedule on page 274)(2) See Note 16 for Debt Amounts

(3) Reflection of unamortized bond premiums/discounts for revenue bonds

(4) Inclusion of Certificate of Participation for debt incurred beginning fiscal year 2015

(5) Inclusion of KWIC for debt incurred beginning fiscal year 2016

 2015	 2014	2013	2012	2011	 2010
\$ 6,154,942 369,790 (10,875) 1,467,573 71,493 68,575	\$ 6,291,646 355,817 (11,577) 1,868,377 55,444	\$ 6,427,591 309,708 (12,792) 1,648,642 58,311	\$ 6,555,730 311,222 (13,830) 1,669,372 46,069	\$ 6,241,628 264,392 (15,820) 1,715,915 30,877	\$ 5,959,846 253,509 (14,988) 1,089,740 32,341
 8,121,498	 8,559,707	 8,431,460	 8,568,563	 8,236,992	 7,320,448
 12,262 12,262	 13,065 13,065	 <u>13,748</u> 13,748	 1,172 14,119 15,291	 3,542 3,542	 127 127
\$ 8,133,760	\$ 8,572,772	\$ 8,445,208	\$ 8,583,854	\$ 8,240,534	\$ 7,320,575
 7.04%	 7.65%	 7.82%	 8.25%	 8.05%	 7.33%
\$ 1,842.95	\$ 1,950.44	\$ 1,927.95	\$ 1,964.56	\$ 1,896.00	\$ 1,696.89
\$ 6,513,857 138,192	\$ 6,635,886 125,732	\$ 6,724,507 124,951	\$ 6,853,122 120,304	\$ 6,490,200 137,921	\$ 6,198,367 197,802
\$ 6,375,665	\$ 6,510,154	\$ 6,599,556	\$ 6,732,818	\$ 6,352,279	\$ 6,000,565
 26.80%	 29.18%	 32.61%	 34.32%	 31.28%	 30.76%
\$ 1,444.60	\$ 1,481.16	\$ 1,506.61	\$ 1,540.92	\$ 1,461.55	\$ 1,390.92

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY UNIVERSITY AND COLLEGE REVENUE BOND COVERAGE FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Expressed in Thousands, Except Ratio Data)

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Revenue Stream Available For Debt Service	Debt Service Requirement	Coverage Ratio
2010	\$ 308,774 *	\$ 61,448	5.02
2011	418,370 *	56,920	7.35
2012	3,930,749 **	1,531,031	2.57
2013	4,031,429 **	1,485,309	2.71
2014	4,235,184 **	1,777,303	2.38
2015	4,598,823 **	1,958,552	2.35
2016	4,793,559 **	2,020,476	2.37
2017	4,913,519 **	2,003,912	2.45
2018	5,014,700 **	2,136,250	2.35
2019	5,249,807 **	2,031,070	2.58

SOURCE:

Commonwealth of Kentucky Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports; State Universities' audited financial statements

* Calculated using net operating revenue and short-term bond liability

** Calculated using Gross revenue stream, state appropriation, current and long-term bond and capital lease liablities

TOP 10 MANUFACTURERS/SUPPORTIVE SERVICE FIRMS (Ranked by Number of Employees) CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2018			2009	
Company	Number of Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Employment	Number of Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Employment
Ford Motor Company	12,960	1	0.66%	5,600	5	0.29%
United Parcel Service, Inc.	12,907	2	0.65%	7,584	3	0.40%
Amazon.com	12,250	3	0.62%			
Humana Inc.	10,293	4	0.52%	9,342	2	0.49%
Toyota Motor Corp	9,819	5	0.50%	9,879	1	0.52%
Haier US Appliances Solutions, Inc.	6,300	6	0.32%			
FMR LLC	4,500	7	0.23%	4,673	6	0.25%
Conduent, Inc.	3,488	8	0.18%			
Deutsche Post AG	3,109	9	0.16%			
Citigroup	2,840	10	0.14%	4,257	7	0.23%
General Electric Co				6,816	4	0.36%
Johnson Controls, Inc.				3,718	8	0.20%
Affiliated Computer Services, Inc.				3,360	9	0.18%
Delta Air Lines, Inc				3,290	10	0.17%
	78,466		3.98%	58,519		3.08%
OURCE:						

http://www.thinkkentucky.com

DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS FOR CALENDAR YEARS 2009-2018

For the Year	Estimated	Per Capita	Unemployment
Ended December 31	Population	Income	Rate
2009	4,314,113	\$ 32,306	10.3%
2010	4,346,266	32,376	10.2%
2011	4,369,356	33,667	9.4%
2012	4,380,415	35,041	8.2%
2013	4,395,295	36,214	8.0%
2014	4,413,457	37,654	6.5%
2015	4,425,592	39,181	5.4%
2016	4,436,974	38,926	5.1%
2017	4,454,189	40,597	4.9%
2018	4,468,402	42,458	4.4%

SOURCE: http://www.bea.gov https://kcews.ky.gov

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY SOURCES OF PERSONAL INCOME FOR CALENDAR YEARS 2009-2018 (Expressed in Thousands, Except Percent Data)

	2009*		2010*			2011*		2012*		2013*	
Source	 Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent		Amount	Percent	 Amount	Percent	 Amount	Percent
Farm	\$ 1,364,000	1.4%	\$ 1,208,000	1.2%	\$	811,000	0.8%	\$ 1,062,000	1.0%	\$ 1,954,000	1.7%
Agriculture services,											
forestry, fisheries											
and others	319,250	0.3%	316,000	0.3%		280,000	0.3%	330,000	0.3%	346,000	0.3%
Mining	2,121,000	2.1%	2,353,000	2.3%		2,256,000	2.2%	2,224,000	2.1%	1,853,000	1.7%
Manufacturing	13,446,500	13.5%	14,293,000	14.0%		12,563,000	12.1%	15,736,000	14.6%	15,937,000	14.2%
Construction	5,045,000	5.1%	4,726,000	4.6%		5,101,000	4.9%	5,568,000	5.2%	5,938,000	5.3%
Wholesale and retail											
trade	11,548,500	11.6%	11,456,000	11.3%		12,021,000	11.6%	12,306,000	11.4%	12,328,000	11.0%
Finance, insurance and											
real estate	5,979,500	6.0%	5,956,000	5.8%		6,507,000	6.3%	6,931,000	6.4%	7,269,000	6.5%
Transportation and											
public utilities	6,062,250	6.1%	6,130,000	6.0%		6,199,000	6.0%	6,529,000	6.0%	6,402,000	5.7%
Services	31,714,500	29.4%	32,939,000	32.3%	3	34,521,000	31.6%	34,471,000	32.1%	36,784,000	32.8%
Government and											
government enterprises	22,249,500	22.3%	23,014,000	22.5%	2	23,727,000	22.8%	22,879,000	21.2%	23,180,000	20.8%
Earnings by Place of Work	\$ 99,850,000	100.0%	\$ 102,391,000	100.0%	\$ 1(03.986.000	100.0%	\$ 108.036.000	100.0%	\$ 111,991,000	100.0%

	2014*		2015**		2016**	*	2017**	•		2018**	*
Source	 Amount	Percent	 Amount	Percent	 Amount	Percent	 Amount	Percent	-	Amount	Percent
Farm	\$ 1,790,000	1.5%	\$ 1,490,000	1.2%	\$ 106,000	0.1%	\$ 1,049,000	0.8%	\$	1,153,000	0.9%
Agriculture services,											
forestry, fisheries											
and others	399,000	0.3%	397,000	0.3%	525,000	0.4%	504,000	0.4%		542,000	0.4%
Mining	1,809,000	1.6%	1,570,000	1.3%	698,000	0.6%	531,000	0.4%		791,000	0.6%
Manufacturing	16,682,000	14.4%	17,371,000	14.5%	18,019,000	15.1%	18,397,000	14.8%		19,236,000	14.9%
Construction	6,662,000	5.8%	6,864,000	5.7%	7,062,000	5.9%	7,432,000	6.0%		7,668,000	5.9%
Wholesale and retail											
trade	12,727,000	11.0%	13,181,000	11.0%	13,271,000	11.1%	13,436,000	10.8%		13,760,000	10.6%
Finance, insurance and											
real estate	7,567,000	6.6%	10,020,000	8.4%	10,009,000	8.4%	10,802,000	8.7%		11,072,000	8.6%
Transportation and											
public utilities	6,745,000	5.8%	7,220,000	6.0%	7,847,000	6.6%	8,387,000	6.7%		8,923,000	6.9%
Services	38,138,000	33.0%	38,121,000	31.9%	39,312,000	32.8%	41,157,000	33.0%		43,013,000	33.3%
Government and											
government enterprises	22,994,000	20.0%	23,432,000	19.6%	22,856,000	19.1%	22,856,000	18.4%		23,078,000	17.9%
Earnings by Place of Work	\$ 115,513,000	100.0%	\$ 119,666,000	100.0%	\$ 119,705,000	100.0%	\$ 124,551,000	100.0%	\$	129,236,000	100.0%

SOURCE: NOTE:

U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis (http://www.bea.gov) Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding. * Annual estimates computed with BEA table SQ5 by adding 4 quarters of each year and dividing by 4. Quarterly charts show each quarter as an annualized amount based on amounts to date. ** Starting in 2015 Annual estimates computed with BEA table SA5N. *** Starting in 2018 Annual estimates computed with BEA table SAINC5N. Industrial classifications are based on the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS).

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY **OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION** LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Personnel										
Number of Full Time Employees-										
Executive Branch	28,913	30,216	31,104	31,977	32,547	31,819	31,961	32,270	32,365	32,309
Health Insurance Expenditures -										
Percentage Increase/(decrease)	0.00%	0.42%	1.1%	2.0%	2.5%	2.0%	7.4%	(3.5%)	4.5%	18.7%
Education										
K-12 Enrollment	669,449	671,899	655,475	679,686	680,519	678,884	677,394	647,827	644,963	636,188
K-12 Attendance Rate	94.20%	94.40%	94.50%	94.50%	94.50%	94.60%	94.52%	94.05%	94.05%	94.18%
K-12 Graduation Rate	90.60%	89.70%	89.50%	88.60%	87.90%	87.40%	86.10%	76.68%	80.5%**	83.91%
Average ACT Score	19.8	20.2	20.1	20	20	19.9	19.6	19.8	19.6	19.4
GED Graduates	3,332	3,404	3,299	3,091	1,663	7,083	8,890	9,469	10,294	9,357
College Going Rate for 9th Graders	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	47%	39%	42%	42%	42%
Postsecondary Education Enrollment	202,076	204,506	207,671	208,251	215,509	220,963	225,415	235,833	232,318	223,893
Bachelor's and Higher Degrees Awarded	37,621	35,880	34,326	34,110	32,706	32,374	32,237	30,034	29,911	28,798
Justice and Public Safety										
Incarcerated Population-Daily Average	23,888	23,585	23,168	22,012	21,106	20,446	21,542	21,471	20,785	20,798
Probation and Parole Population - Daily Average	49,421	47,540	46,046	45,956	46,008	45,755	43,196	41,790	41,534	39,364
Health and Family Services										
Medicaid Enrollment-Average	1,383,929	1,427,523	1,404,625	1,375,071	1,243,432	997,556	829,826	825,648	815,460	788,236
Food Stamp Recipents-Monthly Average	515,918	631,686	685,771	686,773	788,485	843,164	869,035	843,939	814,176	761,654
Temporary Assistance for Needy										
Families (TANF)-Monthly Average	38.047	41,298	45.874	38,823	42.995	47.996	49.148	48.817	50,583	48,894
Children with substantiated incidences	21,752	24,783	22,526	20,031	19,858	15,193	17,884	15,699	15,721	15,092
Environmental and Public Protection										
Air Pollution Source Inspections	3,270	3,647	3,724	3,652	3,448	3,939	3,919	3,355	3,390	5,910
Waste Management Inspections	6,706	7,178	6,394	6,761	6,866	6,484	6,239	6,062	6,155	7,060
Acres of Land Reforested	8,748	1,565	6,081	2,626	5,472	3,573	8,309	10,396	4,827	4,520
Mine Permits Issued	334	317	170	381	446	515	606	719	691	608
Mine Reclamation and Enforcement										
Inspections	17.988	16,803	16,682	18,551	20,011	21,450	23,003	26,942	25,392	25,686
Mine Safety-Completed Inspections	514	509	924	1,529	2,651	3,023	3,546	3,203	3,102	4,611
Transportation										
Percentage of Total Road System										
Needing Improvement	25.10%	19.6%	17%	17%	17%	19%	19%	19%	15%	18%
Statewide Road Maintainance										
Rating (Target Score = 80)	81.0	84.5	82.6	84	83.7	82.5	80.5	80.1	81.5	79.7
Daily Miles Traveled-Percentage										
Changed (as compared to 2005 Data)	4.46%	3.90%	3.82%	1.52%	(0.31%)	(2.09%)	(1.98%)	0.17%	0.20%	(0.1%)
State-Maintained Lane Miles-										
Annual Percent Change	0.07%	0.25%	0.25%	0.08%	0.13%	0.33%	0.03%	0.10%	0.30%	0.10%
Kentucky Road Construction Cost										
Index-Percent Increase (1987 Base Year)	81.3%	64.0%	47.9%	49.5%	45.4%	43.6%	34.9%	10.7%	35.2%	13.9%

* First graduating class in which all students were required to take the ACT. A reduction was expected. **First year using Average Freshman Graduation Rate NA Information is not available

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
General Government										
Number of Buildings	313	367	367	324	312	312	313	310	292	326
Number of Vehicles	328	295	321	341	299	303	305	377	394	365
Land (Acres)	15,304	15,313	15,307	15,307	15,264	15,263	15,251	15,041	14,968	14,614
Commerce										
Number of Resort Parks	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17
Number of Recreation Parks	23	23	23	23	23	21	21	21	23	23
Number of Historic Sites	8	11	11	11	11	11	11	9	10	10
Area of State Parks (Acres)	45,370	45,464	45,426	45,409	45,409	45,180	45,180	45,180	42,397	42,035
Education and Humanities										
Number of Buildings	60	61	77	64	65	65	65	65	66	73
Number of Vehicles	56	56	58	65	64	68	83	89	105	101
Land (Acres)	383	384	385	385	385	387	387	387	388	388
Human Resources										
Number of Buildings	136	139	163	167	160	182	182	182	182	200
Number of Vehicles	19	19	17	17	19	18	24	23	45	46
Land (Acres)	1,166	1,167	1,192	1,206	1,206	1,206	1,206	1,206	1,206	1,206
Justice										
Number of Buildings	438	443	517	455	447	449	452	459	465	508
Number of Vehicles	1,937	1,878	1,760	1,803	1,720	1,715	1,753	2,043	2,102	1,863
Land (Acres)	8,735	8,735	8,735	8,735	8,735	8,735	8,735	8,685	8,865	8,867
Natural Resources and										
Environmental Protection										
Number of Buildings	25	25	30	30	22	20	20	20	21	26
Number of Vehicles	840	815	825	832	807	797	793	847	827	916
Land (Acres)	67,142	66,473	66,401	66,187	66,187	65,609	64,585	62,661	60,003	59,149
Public Protection and										
Regulation										
Number of Vehicles	220	183	179	157	146	140	149	132	118	121
Transportation										
Number of Lane Miles -State										
Maintained Highways	63,836	63,836	63,753	63,586	64,187	63,407	63,196	63,175	63,135	62,913
Number of State maintained Bridges	9,033	9,027	8,928	9,016	9,011	9,000	8,976	8,972	8,957	8,933
Land (Acres)	1,665	1,656	1,656	1,656	1,656	1,700	1,653	1,653	1,653	1,981

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY OPERATING INFORMATION STATE GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

FULL-TIME EMPLOYEES	2019	2018	2017	2016
FUNCTION				
General government	4,552	4.771	4,565	4,570
Legislative and judicial	3,651	4,038	3,772	3,553
Commerce	1,478	1,684	1,685	1,696
Education and humanities	1,910	2,192	2,392	2,363
Human resources	6,389	7,142	7,197	7,176
Justice	7,457	7,755	7,784	7,735
Natural resources and environmental protection	1,225	1,329	1,396	1,383
Public protection and regulation	947	982	1,019	1,005
Transportation	4,153	4,528	4,571	4,551
Total full-time employees	31,762	34,421	34,381	34,032
PART-TIME and TEMPORARY EMPLOYEES FUNCTION				
General government	683	657	666	665
Legislative and judicial	379	542	422	404
Commerce	645	578	518	538
Education and humanities	191	154	153	156
Human resources	401	138	158	197
Justice	61	30	12	13
Natural resources and environmental protection	169	18	15	14
Public protection and regulation	29	24	15	16
Transportation	71	104	124	138
Total part-time and temporary employees	2,629	2,245	2,083	2,141
Total Employees	34,391	36,666	36,464	36,173

2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
4,671	4,775	5,089	4,669	4,738	4,841
3,578	3,540	4,159	3,503	3,502	3,597
1,633	1,699	1,520	1,914	1,972	2,023
2,613	2,671	2,671	2,701	2,696	2,712
7,466	7,523	7,470	7,481	7,517	7,482
7,832	7,896	8,054	8,070	8,016	7,938
1,387	1,445	1,608	1,614	1,648	1,675
1,124	1,120	1,034	1,097	1,113	1,127
4,629	4,650	4,690	4,682	4,670	4,713
34,933	35,319	36,295	35,731	35,872	36,108
650 421 479 200 123 16	662 445 494 212 137 19	649 426 488 211 126 21	663 484 498 227 119 24	657 476 384 198 108 26	483 1,370 300 124 39
421 479 200 123 16 13	445 494 212 137 19 13	426 488 211 126 21 18	484 498 227 119 24 26	476 384 198 108 26 31	662 483 1,377 300 124 35 56
421 479 200 123 16 13 17	445 494 212 137 19 13 13	426 488 211 126 21 18 18	484 498 227 119 24 26 20	476 384 198 108 26 31 30	483 1,376 300 124 36 56 3 ⁷
421 479 200 123 16 13 17 77	445 494 212 137 19 13 14 68	426 488 211 126 21 18 18 88	484 498 227 119 24 26 20 40	476 384 198 108 26 31 30 138	483 1,376 300 124 39 56 33 31 31
421 479 200 123 16 13 17	445 494 212 137 19 13 13	426 488 211 126 21 18 18	484 498 227 119 24 26 20	476 384 198 108 26 31 30	48 1,37 30 12 3 5 5 3

_

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The Commonwealth of Kentucky's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report was prepared by the Finance and Administration Cabinet, Office of the Controller, Office of Statewide Accounting Services, Financial Reporting Branch and the Fixed Assets Branch:

Jackie Green Pam Howarah Jason Mach Dee Dee McCrosky Joe McDaniel Phil Nally Jessica Pinkston Gina Shall Christina Shuffett Donald Sweasy Brittany Wise

Special acknowledgment goes to:

All fiscal and accounting personnel throughout Kentucky State Government, along with the Auditor of Public Accounts' staff, whose dedicated efforts and cooperation contributed to the compilation of financial information that appears in the report.

The Kentucky Transportation Cabinet's Division of Graphic Design and Printing staff provided printing services.